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Social inequalities in health in Estonia

TECHNICAL DOCUMENT

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Foreword

This document serves as a background to the main report on the study “Health and Equity in Estonia”. It has two main purposes:

1. to give detailed documentation on the data sources, indicators and methods that were used in the study;
2. to present detailed tabulations on social inequalities in morbidity, mortality, health-related behaviour and health care utilisation in Estonia.

These two purposes are addressed in, respectively, Part 1 and Part 2 of this document.

We hope that the tabulations presented in Part 2 will provide a rich source of information to those interested in social inequalities in health in Estonia. We in addition hope that the methodology developed in the project, and presented in Part 1, will provide valuable guidance to those who will analyse in more depth the social inequalities that we have started to document in this project.

We would like to express our thanks to Maie Thetloff from the Estonian Health Insurance Fund (HIF), for providing us advice on the use of the HIF database and who prepared the data set for analysis. Also we would like to acknowledge all officers of the Ministry of Social Affairs (Ene Palo, Ülle Marksoo and others) and Estonian Statistical Office (Anne Herm, Urve Kask, Mari Kreitzberg, Ebu Tamm and others) who have provided us with overviews of different data sources in Estonia, and who made some of these data sets available to our study. Without their invaluable help, it would have been impossible to complete our study successfully.

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December 2001

The authors

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PART 1. METHODOLOGY

Chapter 1. Introduction

1.1. *Objectives*

The general aim of the “Health and Equity in Estonia” study is to provide detailed documentation of social inequalities in health within the Estonian population. At the start of the project, a number of decisions were made to give a specific focus to this general aim.

First, it was decided to focus on inequalities in four of the different domains that are relevant to the health sector: self-reported morbidity, mortality by cause of death, health-related behaviour, and health care utilisation. There were two main reasons to focus on these domains. First, these domains correspond to specific fields of expertise that the different team members have. Second, these areas correspond to different fields of policy making. This especially applies to health-related behaviour (relevant to preventive policies) and health care utilisation (relevant to health care reform).

Second, it was decided to describe, for each domain separately, in much detail the existing social inequalities. Several social indicators had to be examined, including the conventional indicators of socio-economic position (income, education and employment) and indicators that might be used to identify specific disadvantaged groups within the Estonian situation (age, gender, place of residence, ethnicity). By utilising and combining these different indicators, this project aimed to identify those subgroups of the Estonian population that are most disadvantaged in terms of health, health-related behaviour or health care utilisation.

Third, it was decided to give special attention to changes over time, in order to assess whether the dramatic changes that occurred in Estonia since independence (in 1991) have affected some population groups more than others. More generally, an assessment of trends over time would help to determine whether health inequalities have increased during recent years, and whether they are likely to increase further if no immediate action is undertaken.

Thus, at the start of the project it was decided that our general overview would (a) include and compare several health indicators, including on indicators on health-related behaviour and health care, (b) use several social indicators simultaneously in order to identify the most disadvantaged groups and (c) document changes in social inequalities in health since independence.

1.2. *General approach*

After that the aims of the project were specified, the general approach of the project was worked out. This approach consisted of three steps.

First, for each domain separately, an inventory was made of the available data sources and, based on this inventory, it was decided which data sources would be used, and which specific health indicators would be studied.

Second, the selected health indicators were analysed by producing a series of detailed tabulations that showed how the occurrence of these indicators varied according to social indicators. In order to maintain coherence within the entire project, nearly identical methods were applied to the analyses within each

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domain. The resulting tabulations are given in Part 2 of this document.

Finally, these detailed tabulations were analysed by means of summary overviews, graphical representations, and other types of explorations. Based on these additional analysis, general patterns were identified and summarised in terms of a series of ‘key findings’. These key findings are formulated and illustrated in the main report to our project.

1.3. *Structure of the technical document*

In Part 1 of this document, we will present in more detail the methodology that was applied. Data sources are discussed in chapter 2, the health indicators in chapter 3, and the social indicators in chapter 4. Chapter 5 discusses the statistical methods that were used to analyse these data and to prepare the basic tabulations given in Part 2. In chapter 6 and 7, we discuss some of the issues that we had to consider when we had to interpret and summarise the detailed information in all tabulations for use in the main report. These chapters are also relevant to those who aim to use the detailed tabulations for other purposes.

Chapter 2. Data sources

In this chapter, overviews are given of the data sources that are available in Estonia to describe social inequalities in self-reported morbidity (section 2.1), mortality (section 2.2), health-related behaviour (section 2.3) and health care utilisation (section 2.4).

Based on these inventories, it was decided to utilise the following sources of information for the present project: the mortality registry coupled with the population censuses of 1989 and 2000 (for mortality), the Estonian Health Interview Survey of 1996/97 (for self-reported morbidity), the FINBALT surveys (Health Behaviour among Estonian Adult Population) of 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1998 and 2000 (for health-related behaviour), the NORBALT surveys (Living Conditions Survey in Estonia) of 1994 and 1999 (for health care utilisation in general) and the Health Insurance Fund database (for regional differences in health care utilisation).

The choice for these data sources was based on the following considerations. First, data sources had to be nationally representative. Second, we aimed to gain practical experiences with several data sources in order to be able to judge the usefulness of each of these sources for monitoring inequalities in health in Estonia. Third, at least some data sources should enable the assessment of time trends in inequalities in some health indicators.

2.1. Self-reported morbidity

In our inventory, we identified three surveys that can be used to study the association of socio-demographic factors and self-reported morbidity in Estonia in some depth. These three are the Living Conditions Surveys I and II (NORBALT, in 1994 and 1999 respectively), and the Estonian Health Interview Survey conducted in 1996 and 1997. These surveys have the advantages that (a) they are representative to the Estonian population, (b) they have large enough sample sizes to allow stratified analysis, (c) they all cover at least some of the health indicators that have proved to be useful in monitoring health inequalities in other European countries, and (d) they also cover a wide range of socio-economic and other social and demographic indicators to study causal relationships.

The use of some identical survey questions in the two subsequent Living Condition Surveys allows to evaluate changes from 1994 to 1999 in inequalities in self-reported morbidity. None the less, we considered the Estonian Health Interview Survey to be the most valuable data source for the present project because this data set was the most complete on both physical and mental health indicators. The methodology of Estonian Health Interview Survey is published in detail elsewhere.¹

The next table presents the general information of three surveys and gives the list of items about socio-demographic background and health status that were included.

¹ Leinsalu M, Grintšak M, Noorköiv R, Silver B. Estonian health interview survey. Methodological report. Tallinn: Institute of Experimental and Clinical Medicine, 1998.

| | NORBALT I – Living Conditions in the Baltic Countries | NORBALT II – Living Conditions in the Baltic Countries | The Estonian Health Interview Survey |
|---|---|---|---|
| General | | | |
| Year of survey | 1994 | 1999 | 1996/1997 |
| Number of respondents | 4883 | 4726 | 4711 |
| Response rate | 91.2% | 91.8% | 78.3% |
| Age of respondents | 18+ | 18+ | 15–79 |
| Inclusion of institutionalised population | No | No | Yes |
| Sampling procedure | Two stage stratified sample of individuals and households | Two stage stratified sample of individuals and households | Multistage random sampling of individuals |
| Method of data collection | Face-to-face interviews | Face-to-face interviews | Face-to-face interviews |
| Follow-up possibilities | No | No | Yes |
| Socio-economic variables | | | |
| Education: completed educational level, plus vocational education | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Income: personal and household | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Occupation: ISCO-88 scheme | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Status of employment (supervisors etc) | Yes | Yes | No |
| Economic activity | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Other variables of interest | | | |
| Ethnicity | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Marital status | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Urban/rural residence | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Gender | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Health indicators | | | |
| Self-rated general health | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Mental health | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Injuries | No | No | Yes |
| Any long-standing illness | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Reproductive health | No | No | Yes |
| Long-term disabilities: | | | |
| Mobility disabilities | No | No | Yes |
| Limitations in activities of daily living | No | No | Yes |
| Seeing disabilities | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Hearing disabilities | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Speaking disabilities | No | No | Yes |

2.2. Mortality

The national mortality database covers all individual death records since 1983. Since 1992 the death records are computerised with name and identification code. The individual records for years 1983–1985 and 1989–1991 were complemented with personal identification variables in co-operation with the Institute of Experimental and Clinical Medicine. The usefulness of mortality database for health equity studies could be significantly increased electronic data linkage to population census records.

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At present, however, linkage is not possible, and estimates of inequalities in mortality can only be made by means of ‘unlinked’ cross-sectional mortality studies. In this kind of study, deaths are classified by relevant social categories (e.g. age group, gender and educational level) based on the information given on death certificates. These tabulations are then combined with tabulations on the number of persons-at-risk, classified by the same social categories, as known from the population census. By combining these two tabulations, estimates can be made of death rates according to the social categories that are distinguished.

The use of this method is limited to those socio-demographic categories that are registered both in death certificates and at population censuses. In Estonia, this applies to the variable given in the table below. Another implication of the ‘unlinked’ approach is that mortality analysis can only be made for periods around two population censuses. In our study, we study inequalities in mortality for the periods surrounding the censuses of 1989 (1987–1990) and 2000 (1999–2000). For both census, it was possible to study inequalities in mortality in relation to education, ethnicity and urban/rural residence. In section 6, we will evaluate in detail to what extent the ‘unlinked’ cross-sectional method has enabled us to estimate accurately the magnitude of social inequalities in mortality in Estonia in 1989 and 2000.

| | Mortality database |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| General | |
| Subject of registration | Deaths in Estonia, date and cause of death |
| Registration period | 1983–2000 (1986–1988 without identification possibilities) |
| Authorised processor | Statistical Office |
| Reporting sources | Civil Registration Offices |
| Number of cases | n=346 000 |
| Is data reporting mandatory? | Yes |
| Personal data | |
| Name and surname | Yes |
| ID | Yes (since 1992) |
| Date of birth | Yes |
| Address | Yes |
| Socio-economic data | |
| Education: highest completed level* | Yes |
| Occupation* | Yes (since 1994) |
| Field of activity* | Yes (since 1994) |
| Other demographic data | |
| Ethnicity* | Yes |
| Marital status* | Yes |
| Gender | Yes |

* Up to six years of age these indicators are reported for the mother

2.3. Health-related behaviour

Analysis of health-related behaviour is based on the cross-sectional Finbalt surveys *Health Behaviour among Estonian Adult Population (1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1998, 2000)*.² This survey includes questions on wide ring of health-related behaviours (nutrition, physical activity, alcohol use, smoking, traffic behaviour, dental hygiene, sexual behaviour etc.). The surveys, which are carried out biannually, use comparable questions, what allows us to identify trends in health behaviour among different socio-economical groups. Sample size was 1500 in the years 1990 to 1994 and 2000 in the years 1996 to 2000. The response rate has varied from 63% (1994) to 82% (1996). The table below gives an overview of the database.

² Kasmel et al., Health Behaviour among Estonian Adult Population, 2000, Tallinn 2001.

| | FINBALT- Health Behavior Among Estonian Adult Population |
|--|--|
| General | |
| Years of survey | 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1998, 2000 |
| Number of respondents | 1085(1990), 948(1992), 1243(1994), 1507(1996), 1321(1998), 1376(2000) |
| Response rate | (1990) 72,3%, (1992) 63,2%, (1994) 82,9%, (1996) 77,4%, (1998) 66,0%, (2000) 67,0% |
| Age of respondents | 16-64 |
| Sampling procedure | Stratified random sample of individuals |
| Method of data collection | Postal questionnaire |
| Reminders | Two |
| Socioeconomic variables | |
| Education: highest completed | 1. Lower secondary education (1-9) 2. Higher secondary education (10-12) 3. Vocational training (12+) 4. University |
| Income | Per household member |
| Occupation | Yes |
| Status of employment | Yes |
| Economic activity | Yes |
| Other variables of interest | |
| Ethnicity | Estonian; Russian; Other |
| Marital status | Married or cohabiting; Single Divorced or separated; Widowed |
| Urban/rural residence | Tallinn; Large town (6 towns); Small town; Rural area |
| Gender | Yes |
| Health behaviour indicators | |
| Smoking; Have you ever smoked | Yes; No |
| Smoking; frequency | 1. Daily smoking 2. Occasional smoking 3. Quitter 1-12 month ago 4. Quitter over year ago 5. Non-smoking |
| Use of strong alcohol, frequency Use of vine Use of beer | 1. Daily 2. 2-3 times a week 3. Once a week 4. 2-3 times a month 5. Few times a year 6. Never |
| Knowing anyone amongst his/her friends tried narcotics | Do not know anybody Know one 2-5 persons Know more than 5 persons |
| Physical activity during leisure time at least half an hour | Daily 4-6 times a week 2-3 times a week Once a week 2-3 times a month A few times a year |

| | |
|---|--|
| Time spent a day to walking or cycling to work or other physical activity | Not working outside home I go by car or by bus Less than 15 minutes 15-30 minutes 30-60 minutes More than 60 minutes |
| Type of fats mostly used for cooking | Vegetable oil Margarine Butter Lard or other animal fat No fat at all |
| Type of fat mostly used on bread | Not fat at all Reduced fat margarine Regular margarine Butter products with mainly butter Butter Lard or other animal fat |
| Use of fresh vegetables during the previous week | Never; 1-2 days; 3-5 days; 6-7 days |
| Use of fresh fruits during the previous week | Never; 1-2 days; 3-5 days; 6-7 days |
| Adding of salt to food at the table | Never When the food is not salty enough Almost always before tasting |
| Use of reflectors when walking on unlighted streets | Nearly always; Sometimes; Never; Never walk on unlighted streets |
| Use of seatbelt on front seat | Nearly always; Sometimes; Never; Never use a private car |
| Use of oral contraceptives | Yes; No |
| Use of contraceptives (condoms) if having more than one sexual partner | Never; Sometimes; Almost always; Always |

2.4. Health care utilisation

Analysis of health care utilisation is based on two data sources. One is a household survey (NORBALT 1994 and 1999), and the other the Health Insurance Fund registries.

The NORBALT surveys give detailed data about several health and utilisation indicators (health status, contact with health institutions, coverage with medical insurance etc) of the respondents. The choice of using these surveys is based on the fact that this is the most recent interview survey which includes questions about utilisation of different health care services. In addition, the survey sample size is large enough to make distinctions between subgroups of the Estonian population. A detailed description of the methodology of the NORBALT 1999 is published elsewhere.³ The data set used in this study describes health care utilisation in the 25 to 74-year old population. The sample size was 3864 individuals in 1994 and 3990 individuals in 1999.

The table below gives an overview of the different questions on health care utilisation that were available from the surveys of 1994 and 1999. General information on the NORBALT surveys is given in the table on health indicators in section 2.1.

³ Living Conditions Survey in Estonia 1999 – Baseline report. Tartu 2000.

| | NORBALT I – Living Conditions in the Baltic Countries 1994 | NORBALT II – Living Conditions in the Baltic Countries 1999 |
|--|--|--|
| Contact with health care institutions | | |
| Have you ... | <p>... during the past 2 weeks had a ...</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Consultation with doctor by telephone 2. Visit to/by a general practitioner/family doctor, local polyclinic, other non-specialist 3. Visit to a firm doctor 4. Visit to a specialist 5. Visit to a hospital/specialised clinic 6. Visit by a nurse 7. Visit to a healer or practitioner of folk medicine | <p>... during the past 6 months had a ...</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Consultation with doctor by telephone 2. Visit to/by a general practitioner/family doctor, local polyclinic, other non-specialist 3. Visit to a specialist, except dentist 4. Visit to dentist 5. Visit to a hospital/specialised clinic 6. Visit by a nurse 7. Visit to a healer or practitioner of folk medicine 8. Other kind of health service |
| Type of institution | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Public 2. Private | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Public 2. Private |
| Reason for the consultation | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Preventive, check-up 2. Preventive, check-up, incl. X-ray, laboratory services 3. Because of illness or injury 4. Because of illness or injury incl. X-ray, laboratory services 5. Follow-up | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Preventive, check-up, vaccination etc. incl. X-ray, laboratory services 2. Because of illness or injury incl. X-ray, laboratory services 3. Follow-up 4. Other reason |
| Payment for the services | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Did not pay, services for free 2. Did not pay, covered entirely by insurance 3. Paid a user charge, part free 4. Paid total cost of consultation | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Did not pay, services for free 2. Did not pay, covered entirely by insurance 3. Paid a user charge, part free 4. Paid user charge, total cost of consultation 5. Other type of payment |
| Hospitalisation | | |
| Have you during the last 12 months been hospitalised in a health institution | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Yes 2. No | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Yes 2. No |
| How many days have you been hospitalised in total, for all visits | Number of days | Number of days |
| Insurance Coverage | | |
| Are all or some members of the household covered by health insurance | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Yes, all 2. No | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Yes, all 2. Yes, some 3. None of them |
| Are you covered by any kind of health insurance yourself | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. No 2. Health Insurance 3. Additional insurance by firm | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Yes 2. No |

DATA SOURCES

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| Do you have to pay you health insurance yourself | 1. No 2. Yes, but only part of the cost 3. Yes, the total cost | 1. No 2. Yes, but only part of the cost 3. Yes, the total cost |
| Other | | |
| Nearest health care institution from your residence | In kilometres | - |
| Satisfaction with availability of primary health care services | - | 1. Very satisfied 2. Mainly satisfied 3. Not satisfied 4. Not at all 5. Not important |
| Have you had to refrain from using any of these services, because of lack of money or no health insurance coverage? | - | 1. Long treatment in hospital 2. Operation 3. Teeth cured 4. Make dentures 5. Contact a very good doctor |

The second data set used in this study is based on registries of the Estonian Health Insurance Fund. The next table gives an overview of the database. The data cover all insured persons and their health care use in as far as the latter is covered by the insurance scheme. A drawback is that there is no socio-economic information included to the data forms, because the registry is maintained for accounting purposes only. However, thanks to information on the address of the insured, this data source can be used to study geographical differences in health care utilisation. The data set was started in 1994 and it covers all counties since year 2000, so in the present study it was possible for the first time to describe regional variations in health care utilisation in Estonia.

| | Health Insurance Database |
|---|--|
| General | |
| Subject of registration | Cases of health care use covered by the Health Insurance system in Estonia |
| Registration period | First electronic database created in 1994, complete coverage in 2000 |
| Authorised processor | Health Insurance Fund |
| Reporting sources | Medical institutions (GP, hospitals etc) who have contracts with Health Insurance Fund |
| Number of cases | Approximately 6 million bills in year (1,28 million insured persons, 94% of Estonian population) |
| Owner | Health Insurance Fund |
| Is data reporting mandatory? | Yes |
| Electronic linkage capability | Yes |
| Personal data | |
| Name and surname | Yes |
| ID | Yes (from 1998) |
| Address | Yes |
| Gender | Yes |
| Other (marital status, ethnicity, education, etc) | No |

2.5. Data sources not utilised in this study

In our inventory of data sources we also identified other registry-based data sets that could be utilised for monitoring of health inequalities. Two such data sources are the National Birth Registry and the Estonian Cancer Registry.

The Birth Registry covers since 1992 all live and stillbirths in Estonia, and documents for each birth the reproductive history, data related to the delivery, and social and demographic data of the mother and father. This data source enables to analyse the association of parents' socio-economic status, marital status or ethnicity with different birth outcomes. Inequalities in infant mortality can be studied through linkage with the mortality registry.

The Cancer Registry registers since 1968 all cases of cancer in Estonia and documents for each case detailed diagnostic information, including date of diagnosis, topography, morphology, and diagnostic methods used. Unfortunately, the Registry itself does not include complete data on social, demographic and economic status. However, possibilities exist for electronic data linkage, which would make it possible to analyse social-demographic differences in cancer incidence, prevalence, survival and treatment.

Chapter 3. Health indicators

In this chapter, definitions are given of the health indicators that were used in this project to describe social inequalities in self-reported morbidity (section 3.1), mortality (section 3.2), health-related behaviour (section 3.3) and health care utilisation (section 3.4).

The choice for these indicators was guided by several considerations. A general consideration was that, for each of the domains separately, a fairly broad range of indicators should be covered, so that this would yield a comprehensive overview of the current situation in Estonia. Data appeared to be available for many health indicators. In order to reduce the total amount of work, a selection had to be made among these indicators. Preference was given to indicators that (a) did not present particular problems of validity or reliability, (b) were considered to be especially relevant to preventive or health care policies, and/or (c) were often used in studies on social inequalities in health in other European countries.

3.1. Indicators on self-reported morbidity

The choice for particular indicators on self-reported morbidity was based on the following considerations. The indicators had to cover both physical and mental health conditions, they had to be reliable measures, and they had to represent a frequent health problem in general population.

The overall health is measured by self-rated general health, that has proved to be a reliable and useful concept in research and prevention. The physical health problems are captured by the indicator of ‘any long-term physical health problem’. Emotional distress and depression represent the most frequent mental disorders in the general population. Three disability indicators: the problems with instrumental activities of daily living, the problems with mobility, and the problems with vision, hearing or speaking were intended to assess the health differences among elderly. For disability indicators the data analysis was restricted to ages above 60. Injuries were included to the selection of indicators as it comprises an important health problem in Estonia and therefore is relevant to preventive health policies.

The definition and measurement for each indicator are presented in following table.

| Series | Indicator | Definition, measurement |
|---------------|--|---|
| A | Self-rated general health bad or average | Self-rated general health was measured by a single question: “how would you evaluate your overall health status?” The possible answer categories were: very good, good, average/satisfactory, bad and very bad. The categories average/satisfactory, bad and very bad are combined together to measure the proportion of persons having bad or average self-rated general health. |
| B | Self-rated general health bad | The same question as above, but only the categories of bad and very bad health are combined together to measure the proportion of persons having bad self-rated general health. |
| C | Any long-term physical health problem | A combined indicator, based on open questions about the presence of any long-term substantial health problem during the previous 12 months. Questions were asked in relation to different body areas. Having at least one long-term physical health problem was the criteria to measure the proportion of persons with long-term physical health problems. |

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| D | Emotional distress | Emotional distress was measured by means of the Emotional State Questionnaire (EST-Q) ⁴ , a self-rating scale consisting of 33 items covering the symptoms of depression and anxiety. Frequency scores on a five-point scale (0–4) were summarized and respondents whose score was 40 or above were classified as having an emotional distress. |
| E | Depression | Depression was assessed with the EST-Q <i>Depression subscale</i> , which included 8 items reflecting symptoms of depressive disorder according to ICD-10 and DSM-IV. Respondents were divided into depressive and non-depressive groups with a cut-off score of 12. |
| F | Self-report of any injuries | The indicator is based on a single question: "have you ever had traumas or injuries that caused you to give up working, studying or other daily activities?" The positive answers were intended to measure the proportion of persons who have had substantial injuries during the life-course. |
| G | Any problem with instrumental activities of daily living | Problems with instrumental activities of daily living were measured with the question: "do the health problems significantly limit your self-managing with activities of daily living such as eating, washing yourself, dressing, using toilet etc." The answer categories: yes, but mainly can manage by myself, and yes, I need help continuously were put together to measure the proportion of persons having problems with instrumental activities of daily living. |
| H | Any problem with mobility | Mobility problems were addressed by the question whether the health problems significantly limited moving around. The answer categories: yes, I have to stay close to home, and yes, I do not leave home/flat were combined together to measure the proportion of persons with mobility problems. |
| I | Any problem with speaking, hearing or vision | The indicator measures the proportion of persons who have problems either with vision, hearing or speaking. Persons who answered negatively to the question whether their eyesight is good enough (with glasses, lenses if one wears) to recognize people at distance of four meters, or who answered negatively to the question whether their hearing is good enough to listen radio/TV programs played at normal volume, or for whom the interviewer recorded a speaking disability were classified to have the problem with vision, hearing or speaking. |

3.2. Indicators on mortality

Mortality indicators include total and cause-specific mortality items. The quantitatively most important ICD chapters are distinguished. The further distinction within these broad cause-of-death categories was aimed to provide clues to the explanation of inequalities in mortality. For each indicator, the appropriate ICD code is given in following table.

⁴ Aluoja A, Shlik J, Vasar V, Luuk K, Leinsalu M. Development and psychometric properties of the Emotional State Questionnaire, a self-report questionnaire for depression and anxiety. Nordic Journal of Psychiatry 1999; 53: 443-9.

| Series | Indicator | ICD-9 (for years 1987–1990) | ICD-10 (for years 1999–2000) |
|---------------|------------------------------------|--|---|
| A | Total mortality | 001–E999 | A00–Y89 |
| B | Infectious and parasitic diseases | 001–139 | A00–B99 |
| C | All neoplasms | 140–239 | C00–D48 |
| D | Diseases of the circulatory system | 390–459 | I00–I99 |
| E | Diseases of the respiratory system | 460–519 | J00–J99 |
| F | All other diseases | rest (001–799) | rest (A00–U89) |
| G | Injuries and poisonings | E800–E999 | V01–Y89 |
| H | Stomach cancer | 151 | C16 |
| I | Lung cancer | 162–163, 165 | C33–C34; C39 |
| J | Breast cancer | 174–175 | C50 |
| K | Ischaemic heart disease | 410–414 | I20–I25 |
| L | Cerebrovascular disease | 430–438 | I60–I69 |
| M | Chronic respiratory disease | 490–494; 496 | J40–J47 |
| N | Transport accidents | E800–E848 | V01–V99 |
| O | Alcohol poisoning | E860 | X45 |
| P | Suicide | E950–E959 | X60–X84 |
| Q | Homicide | E960–E978 | X85–Y09, Y35, Y36 |

3.3. Indicators on health-related behaviours

As it was not possible, within the short time span of the study, to include all behavioural indicators, we decided to concentrate on behavioural risk factors of the three disease groups that are main causes of mortality in Estonia: circulatory diseases, cancer and injuries. Four main behavioural risk factors (nutrition, physical activity, use of alcohol and smoking) were selected, with special attention to nutritional indicators. In addition, two indicators were used on preventive behaviour relevant for circulatory diseases (cholesterol test) and injuries (use of seat-belt). The latter indicator was used to reflect traffic behaviour. It was agreed to limit analysis with to nine indicators.

The indicators are described in the table below. Note that categories of indicators are selected for analysis reflect the ‘negative’ type or ‘health-destructive’ behaviour. For example, the indicator on seat belt use identify those who fail to use seat belts, instead of those who do use it.

| Series | Indicator | Definition, measurement |
|---------------|---|---|
| A | Main fat consumed on bread – butter | This variable is based on the survey question “What kind of fat do you mostly use on bread?” Six categories are available: None, low fat margarine, ordinary margarine, butter product consisting mainly of butter, lard or other animal fat, butter. The amount of fat is not given for this indicator. |
| B | Fresh vegetables – 0-2 days a week | This variable is based on the survey question “How often during the last week have you consumed fresh vegetables?” Four categories are available: never, 1-2 days, 3-5 days, 6-7 days. |
| C | Fresh fruits – 0-2 days a week | This variable is based on the survey question “How often during the last week you consumed fresh fruits?” Four categories are available: never, 1-2 days, 3-5 days, 6-7 days. |
| D | Physical exercise – less than once a week | The variable is based on the survey question “How often do you do physical exercise at leisure lasting at least 30 min. making you at least mildly short of breath or perspire?” Eight categories are available: daily, 4-6 times a week, 2-3 times a week, once a week, 2-3 times a month, a few times a year or less, I cannot exercise because of an illness, or disability. |

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| E | Smoking index | This variable is calculated from three survey questions: 1) "Have you ever smoked in your life?" Two categories are available: yes, no. 2) Have you ever smoked regularly (almost every day for at least one year)? How many years?" Two categories are available: no, yes, I have smoked regularly ... years (open question). 3) "When did you smoke last?" Seven categories are available: yesterday or today, 2 days- 1 month ago, 1 month-half a year ago, half a year to 1 year ago, 1-5 years ago, 5-10 years ago, more than 10 years ago. This indicator measures respondent's daily. |
| F | Strong spirits – once or more in week | This variable is based on the survey question "How often do you usually have strong spirits?" Six categories are available: never, a few times a year, 2-3 times a month, once a week, 2-3 times a week, daily. The amount of spirits is not given for this indicator. |
| G | Rate of BMI (Body Mass Index) – 25 or more | Variable is based on two questions "How tall are you now?" (assessment in cm is asked) and "How much do you weight in light clothing?" (assessment in kg is asked). Weight and tallness are self-assessed. BMI higher than 25,00 is assessed as overweight. |
| H | Cholesterol test – never or more than five years ago | Variable is based on the survey question "Has your blood cholesterol ever been measured?" Five categories are available: during the previous year, 1-5 years ago, more than 5 years ago, never, I do not know. This indicator measures proportion of respondents who have/have not measured their blood cholesterol during given time-period. |
| I | Use of seatbelt – never, sometimes | Variable is based on the survey question "Do you use a seat-belt when driving or when as a passenger on the front seat?" Four categories are available: nearly always, sometimes, never, I never use a private car. |

3.4. Indicators on health care utilisation

From the NORBALT study (Living Conditions Survey in Estonia) 1994 and 1999.

In the selection of indicators, we concentrated ourselves to give an overview of utilisation of different types of health care services. The 1999 study gives sufficient response rate to analyse five different aspects, but comparison with 1994 survey is possible only for the hospitalisation indicator. The names of indicators and descriptions are in next table.

| Series | Indicator | Definition, measurement |
|--------|---|--|
| A | Telephone consultation with doctor during last 6 months | This variable is made from survey question "Have you during the past 6 months had a consultation with doctor by telephone?". It measures the proportion of persons who have had a consultation during the last 6 months. The <i>amount</i> of consultations is not given for this indicator (nor any of the other indicators below). |
| B | Visit to doctor during last 6 months | This variable bases on the survey question "Have you during the past 6 months had a visit to/by a general practitioner/family doctor, local polyclinic?". This indicator measures the proportion of persons who have used this type of first stage health care during the last 6 months. |

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| | | |
|---|--|---|
| C | Visit to specialist during last 6 months | This variable combines following questions: (a) "Have you during the past 6 months had a visit to a specialist, except dentist?" and (b) "Have you during the past 6 months had a visit to a hospital/specialised clinic?". This indicator shows measures proportion of persons who have used second stage (specialist) health care. |
| D | Visits to dentist during last 6 months | This variable is made from survey question "Have you during the past 6 months had a visit to dentist?". It measures the proportion of persons who have used dental care. |
| E | Hospitalisation during last year, 1999 | It is based on the 1999 survey question "Have you during the last 12 months been hospitalised in a health institution i.e. public hospital, private clinic or psychiatric hospital? (Do not include ordinary child birth, or stays at homes for elderly people.)". This variable shows the proportion of people who have used hospital care in last year. |
| F | Hospitalisation during last year, 1994 | It is based on the 1994 survey question "Have you during the last 12 months been hospitalised in a health institution i.e. public hospital, private clinic or psychiatric hospital? (Do not include ordinary child birth, or stays at homes for elderly people.)". This variable shows the proportion of people who have used hospital care in last year |

From the Health Insurance Fund database (HIFd)

In this project we use the HIF data base for 2000, that includes all persons who have been covered by insurance during the whole year 2000 or at least part of this year. Approximately 4% of Estonian population was out of insurance scheme in the year 2000. The data set covers only these services that are provided under the insurance scheme. For example: when a person had health insurance only in part of the year (for example three months), then only those services used by him/her during this period are included to the present data set. The outcome variables are based on the bills that are reported from health care service facilities to insurance fund. The distinction between different health care specialities is based on different price list codes. The number of visits is based on the number of the bills. It is assumed that in most cases the number of bills equals to the number of visits. The next table gives the list of the indicators and a short explanation.

| Series | Indicator | Definition, measurement |
|--------|--|--|
| A | Proportion of insured persons who have visited a general practitioner | This indicator shows the proportion of persons who have visited a general practitioner under the insurance scheme. For distinguishing general practitioners from other doctors, information is used on the different price list codes used by GPs (when they have licence). Private doctors who do not have contract with Estonian Health Insurance Fund are not included. |
| B | Proportion of insured persons who have visited a general practitioners at least four times | [a] |

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| | | |
|---|--|--|
| C | Proportion of insured persons who have made ambulatory care visit | This indicator shows the proportion of persons who have used ambulatory care under the insurance scheme. Not included are private doctors who do not have contract with Estonian Health Insurance Fund. Included are both first stage specialists (who have not yet obtained a general practitioner licence) and specialists from hospitals who work in ambulatory care facilities (as out-patient clinics). In the 2000 year data, it was not possible to distinguish between these two previous groups |
| D | Proportion of insured persons who have made at least five ambulatory care visits | [a] |
| E | Proportion of insured persons who have made at least one GP or ambulatory care visit | This indicator shows the proportion of persons who have seen general practitioners or/and used ambulatory care under insurance scheme. This is a combination of indicators A and C (see details there). |
| F | Proportion of insured persons who have made at least six GP or/and ambulatory care visit | [a] |
| G | Proportion of insured persons who have been hospitalised | This indicator shows the proportion of persons who have been hospitalised at least one day in the year 2000. It is based on bills which include costs for bed days or complex prices where bed day costs are included. |
| H | Proportion of insured persons hospitalised at least 12 days | [a] |
| I | Proportion of insured persons who have used prescription drugs | This indicator shows the proportion of persons who have used prescription drugs that are covered by Estonian Health Insurance Fund. It does not include all kind of drugs because if a person is paying all charges out-of-pocket, the information is not forwarded to HIF |
| J | Proportion of insured persons who have used prescription drugs, with at least five prescriptions | [a] |
| K | Proportion of insured persons who have visited a dentist under insurance scheme | This indicator shows the proportion of persons who have used dental care services that are financed by the Estonian Health Insurance Fund. Because most of dental services are in private sector and patients cover most of costs by themselves, this indicator shows only one part of dental services covered by insurance system. As a result, this indicator is not comparable to the dental care indicator from the NORBALT study |

- [a] Indicators B, D, F, H, J are based on the same approach as the other indicators from the Health Insurance Fund database. The difference is that they are indicating the proportion of persons who use health care services more than once, the so called “heavy users”. The indicators are generated to describe approximately the 30 percent of those who have used most often that specific health care type.

Chapter 4. Social indicators

4.1. *Selection of social indicators*

For each health indicator, inequalities were assessed in relation to age, gender, three socio-economic indicators (educational level, income level and employment status) and two other variables delimiting specific sub-groups of the Estonian population (rural vs. urban residence, and ethnicity). Additional analyses were made of differences in health care utilisation in relation to insurance region and county of residence. The choice for these social indicators was based on the following considerations.

First, the project aims to link up with the European tradition to look at variations in outcome indicators according to each of the three core indicators of socio-economic status (educational level, income level and occupational class). It is increasingly recognised, however, that the use of occupational class runs into many practical difficulties, especially when applied to women and older men. Therefore, only education and income level are used as the core socio-economic indicators. They are supplemented with another type of occupation-related variable: employment status (i.e. being (self) employed, unemployed or economically inactive).

Second, the overview will give attention to other subgroups of the Estonian population that to our initial judgement might require special attention by the health sector. These are rural residents (as compared to urban residents) and ethnic non-Estonians (as compared to those who consider themselves as being ethnic Estonians). In the analysis of health care utilisation, it is in addition considered important to look at differences between geographical regions, because of there might perhaps be large regional differences in the access to, and quality of, health care services.

Finally, the overview aimed to identify specific sub-groups of the population that may score especially bad on health conditions, health-related behaviour or access to health care. Therefore, the available data had to be analysed in some depth. In the tabulations of Part 2, inequalities in health indicators are not only assessed for the total Estonian population at large, but also for men and women separately, for different age groups, and for both urban and rural areas. In this way, we hoped to accurately identify those subgroups of the Estonian population that were worst off in terms of health, health-related behaviour or health care use.

It may be noted that we excluded a few social variables that were not expected to be of particular interest to policy making. An example is marital status, which is an interesting social determinant of health from a scientific point of view, but for which the relevance to policy making is far less obvious.

4.2. *Measurement of social indicators*

The seven social and demographic variables were classified as follows.

Age

Standard: 25–44, 45–59 and 60–79 years

Note 1. For health related behaviour, a slightly different classification was applied (16–24, 25–39, 40–54 and 55–69 years) as no data were available for the 70+ group, and because it was judged important to distinguish the youngest age group.

Note 2. In mortality analyses, data were available for all age groups. They were classified as follows: 0–14, 15–24, 25–39, 40–54, 55–69 and 70+ years. In mortality analysis by educational level, age is included from 20 years and above.

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- Note 3. In health care utilisations analyses from survey data age groups were classified as follows: 25-44, 45-59, 60-74.
- Note 4. In the Health Insurance database, information was available for all age groups. They were classified as follows: 0–14, 15–24, 25–44, 45–59, 60–74 and 75+ years. Age is taken from for a fixed date: 31.12.2000.

Gender

Standard: Men; Women

Place of residence

Standard Tallinn; Other urban areas; Rural areas

Ethnicity

Standard Estonian, Russian, Other

Note 1. This variable is based on self-identification and is identical in all analyses.

Note 2. ‘Other’ were not distinguished in the analyses of health-related behaviour because number of respondents were too small.

Educational level

Standard Up to lower secondary education; Upper secondary education; University education.

Note Educational classification is based on highest achieved educational level and is identical in all analyses.

Household income

Standard Four quartiles (i.e. each covering about 25 percent of the population) based on household adjusted income.

Note 1. Household adjusted income is calculated as the net household income (after adjustment for tax and social security premiums) divided by the number of household members. These members are given the same weights as in recent UNDP study ⁵: first member = 1, every next member = 0.8.

Note 2. In the survey data on health-related behaviour (the FINBALT surveys), household income was measured as the household income divided by the number of household members, as estimated and reported by the respondents themselves.

Personal income

Standard Four quartiles (i.e. each covering about 25 percent of the population) based on personal income.

Note As a rule, the net income (after adjustment for tax and social security premiums) was measured. Different income sources (income, rent, etc) were included.

Employment status

Standard Employed (or self employed); Unemployed; Economically inactive

Note 1. The ‘inactive’ group comprises students, housewives, pensioners and those who are work disabled. Distinction is made according to ILO classification.

Note 2. This variable was not used for the age group 60 years and older, because nearly all men and women older than 60 years are economically inactive, and the few who are still active are too small in number to be interesting for statistical analysis.

Region; country

Standard By counties or insurance regions

Note 1. In the Health Insurance data base, the ‘county’ refers to the place where persons say they live when they are applying for insurance coverage. According to this administrative classification, Estonia is divided into 15 counties.

Note 2. Insurance region is the local health insurance region where person is insured. Seven regions are distinguished. Each insurance region combines some of counties, except Harjumaa.

Note 3. Insurance regions do not always coincide with regions where a person is living. If a person has moved from one region to another during the study year, then the region is chosen where he/she had the highest costs in this particular year.

⁵United Nations Development Program. 1999. Poverty reduction in Estonia. Tartu: UNDP.

Chapter 5. Statistical methods

For each of the health indicators separately, the basic tabulations provide a detailed description of differences in the occurrence of this indicator according to age, gender, rural/urban residence, ethnicity, education, income, and employment status. In most tabulations, these differences are described by means of two statistical measures. In sections 5.1 and 5.2, we will describe these two measures. In section 5.3, we will discuss a few other measures that are used in some of the tabulations. We conclude in section 5.4 with a few notes on the interpretation of these measures.

5.1. *The standardised prevalence / mortality rate*

In all tabulations, the occurrence of a health indicator is measured by means of age-sex standardised rates. These rates are prevalence rates (for most outcome indicators) or mortality rates (for mortality). These rates are standardised according to age and sex in order to control for differences between populations in age-sex structures.

Standardisation is done by means of the ‘direct’ method. In this method, the prevalence rates by sex and 5-year age group that is observed for a specific population is applied to the age-sex structure of a reference population. In all calculations, this reference population was the mean annual Estonian population in the year 2000 (based on 2000 Population and Housing Census). In this reference population, the same age-structure was assumed for men and women, in order to maintain comparability between the two sexes across all tabulations.

The mean annual population by age group in Estonia according to 2000 Population and Housing Census, and as published in the ESA publication *Population 2000*.

| Age group | No of persons | Age group | No of persons |
|-----------|---------------|-----------|---------------|
| 0 | 12513 | 45–49 | 95297 |
| 1–4 | 48954 | 50–54 | 86431 |
| 5–9 | 78115 | 55–59 | 73569 |
| 10–14 | 106823 | 60–64 | 82300 |
| 15–19 | 104062 | 65–69 | 69419 |
| 20–24 | 95020 | 70–74 | 61183 |
| 25–29 | 94290 | 75–79 | 39739 |
| 30–34 | 89676 | 80–84 | 18455 |
| 35–39 | 95972 | 85+ | 17556 |
| 40–44 | 99366 | Total | 1368740 |

The resulting rate is a ‘directly’ standardised rate. It can be interpreted as the rate that would be observed for a population if this population would have the same composition by age and sex as the total Estonian population in year 2000. Thus, this rate is not the ‘real’ rate that is actually observed for a group, but it is an estimate that improves comparability with other groups by removing any differences between these groups in their composition by age and sex.

5.2. The Odds Ratio

Tabulations with standardised prevalence rates are complemented with another statistical measure: the Odds Ratio. This measure is added for two reasons. First, the Odds Ratio directly compares one population to another, and expresses the prevalence differences between these populations in a single measure. Second, this measure gives information on the precision (or statistical power) of the observed prevalence differences, by including 95 percent confidence intervals around its estimates.

Odds Ratios and their confidence intervals are calculated by means of logistic regression. The regression model includes the following independent variables: the variable of interest (e.g. education), age (a series of dummy variables with one for each 5-year age group), sex, and the interaction between age and sex. No control is made for any of the other social variables. (The age-sex interaction term was not included in the morbidity analyses; sensitivity analysis showed that its exclusion did not substantially affect the results).

The tabulations in Part 2 specify which group serves as the reference category. This is the group with the Odds Ratio set at 1.00. As a reference group, we selected the group that in general is most favourable in terms of health. These are, respectively, the 25–44 years old, men, Tallinn residents, those with Estonian ethnicity, those with university education, those in the upper income quartile, and the employed.

If the Odds Ratio for a group is above 1, this implies that the outcome indicator is higher for this group than for the reference group. If an Odds Ratio is lower than 1, this implies that the outcome indicator is lower for a population as compared to the reference group.

Unfortunately, the *magnitude* of the Odds Ratio does not have a concrete interpretation. We must warn that in general the Odds Ratio cannot be interpreted as a Rate Ratio. For example, the Odds ratio for 'bad/average' health equals 3.35 for those with lower secondary education (see table A.1 for morbidity). If this estimate would be interpreted in terms of rate ratios, one would conclude that the prevalence of 'bad/average' health is 3.35 times the prevalence of the reference group (those with university education). However, the differences are much smaller: the proportion of person with 'bad/average' health is 78 percent among those with low education as compared to 51 percent among those with university education. Thus, the Odds Ratio cannot be used to have a concrete impression of the magnitude of inequalities. For such an impression, we recommend to look at the standardised prevalence rates rather than Odds Ratios.

Important information is contained in the 95 percent confidence intervals to the Odds Ratios. If these intervals are wide, this implies low precision or statistical power: the variations in prevalence rates cannot be determined accurately due to large chance fluctuations. If the confidence intervals include the 1.00-value, this implies that the difference with the reference group might be entirely due to chance fluctuations. In other words, in that case these differences are not 'statistically insignificant'. In chapter 7 we discuss the interpretation and use of the 95 confidence intervals in more detail.

5.3. Other statistical measures

In the mortality analyses, differences between populations are expressed by means of Rate Ratios instead of Odds Ratios. Rate Ratios and their 95% confidence intervals were calculated by means of loglinear (Poisson) regression analysis. The regression model includes the same variables as in the model used to calculate Odds Ratios. Also, the same reference groups are distinguished, except that for gender, where women (instead of men) are the reference group.

Other than the Odds Ratio, however, the Rate Ratio does have a concrete interpretation. It measures the mortality level of a group as a ratio to the mortality level of the reference group. Thus, a Rate Ratio of 1.5 implies that the level of mortality is 1.5 times that of the reference group, thus a 50% higher mortality rate. Similarly, a Rate Ratio of 0.5 implies a 50% lower mortality rate. As in all other measures, the Rate Ratio controls for differences between groups in age and sex composition.

In the last series of tabulations of this report, on regional differences in health care utilisation, we decided not to calculate Odds Ratios but instead to present Standardised Prevalence Ratios (SPR). This measure is simply calculated as the standardised prevalence rate in a region divided by the rate for Estonia as a whole (done for each region separately) The SPR can be interpreted in ways similar to the Rate Ratios. It expresses the prevalence rate of a specific region as a percentage of the prevalence rate for Estonia at large. Thus, for example, a SPR of 1.8 indicates a 80 % higher prevalence, while a SPR of 0.8 indicates a 20 % lower prevalence. In this last series of tabulations, Odds Ratios were not calculated because chance fluctuations were very small since the entire regional populations were covered by the data. We judged that there was no strong need to evaluate the statistical precision of the estimates. Instead, we judged it to be important to apply a measure that was able to express regional differences in health care utilisation in a straightforward way, taking the entire country as a reference.

5.4. Discrepancies between prevalence / mortality rates and odds / rate ratios

In general, one may expect a close correspondence between the patterns that are observed on the basis of standardised prevalence rates and patterns that are observed by using regression-based measures (Odds Ratios and Rate Ratios). As a rule, if prevalence rates are higher in group A than in the reference group, the Odds Ratio for A should be larger than 1. In addition, if prevalence rates are higher for group A than for group B, the Odds Ratios for A should be larger than the Odds Ratios for B. The same applies to mortality rates and Rate Ratios.

However, in some cases, these basic rules do not apply. For example, in some tabulations, the Rate Ratios for A are slightly *lower* than those for B, even though the standardised mortality rates for A are slightly *higher* than those for B. One example can be found in table A of chapter 10. In the period 1987 to 1990, the age-standardised mortality rate (ASMR) of Russian men was higher than those of Estonian men: their ASMR's were 1891,6 and 1818,9 respectively, suggesting a 4 percent higher mortality among Russians. However, the Rate Ratio of Russians vs. Estonians was 0.98, suggesting that mortality among Russians was 2 percent lower. Even though such discrepancies are usually not large, they can create confusion and raise the question how such anomalous patterns can arise and how they should be dealt with.

As a general rule, these discrepancies are due to subtle differences in calculation procedures. While standardised prevalence rates (such as the ASMR) are standardised to age by means of the 'direct' method (which means applying the age-specific rates for A to the age-sex composition of the reference population) the Rate Ratios control for age in a way that is equivalent to the 'indirect' method (which means applying the age-specific rates of the reference population to the age composition of A). These different approaches give different weights to specific age groups. In the example above, it is important that the relative mortality of Russian men as compared to Estonian men varies by age. Russian mortality was relatively low between 0 and 39 years, and relatively high at older ages (see Tables A.1 to A.6 of chapter 10). The ASMRs yielded a less favourable picture for Russian men because they give greater weight to older ages, while Rate Ratios are a bit more determined by the inverse differences observed at younger ages.

The same kind of discrepancies can be found in the tabulations for morbidity, health behaviours and health care utilisation. Also here, one may generally expect a strong correspondence between the patterns revealed by standardised prevalence rates, and the patterns that are observed by looking at Odds Ratios. But also here, there may be some discrepancies due to the inherent differences between 'direct' and 'indirect' approach to standardisation. These discrepancies are usually small and the choice between either statistical measure would not substantially affect the conclusions to be drawn from the analysis.

However, especially in chapter 11 on health-related behaviours, large discrepancies were sometimes observed between the patterns observed on the basis of standardised prevalence rates and those observed with Odds Ratios. Closer inspection of these cases suggested that the problem mainly was with the calculation of standardised prevalence rates. In order to calculate these standardised rates, age-specific rates had first to be estimated for each substratum of the population (e.g. by both education and gender). When some of the cells are empty and age-stratum-specific rates cannot be estimated in all cases, standardised prevalence rates

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cannot be accurately estimated. This problem was found to occur especially in the relatively small FINBALT survey used in chapter 11, particularly when the study population was stratified by gender, age group or place of residence (tables ... 2 to ...9). Therefore, when there are major discrepancies between the standardised prevalence rates and the Odds Ratios, we recommend to rely on the latter measure.

Chapter 6. Evaluation of data problems

The data presented in this report are not perfect. In order to make national representative estimates of inequalities in a wide array of health indicators, we had to use data that might be biased in a number of ways. In this respect the situation in Estonia is similar to that elsewhere. Estimates of social inequalities in health are surrounded by uncertainty in most member states of the European Union.⁶ Only a few member states, especially the Scandinavian countries, enjoy the advantages of having powerful data sources that are based on data linkage between different registries.

In this chapter, we briefly discuss the most important problems with the type of data that are available for Estonia. We have evaluated whether these data problems may have biased the results in important ways. By means of this evaluation, we aimed to determine which of our findings could be an artefact, and which findings were likely to reflect ‘true’ inequalities in Estonia. Our specific purpose was to assess whether the data provide sufficient empirical support for the key findings that are presented in the main report.

We concentrate the discussion below on a number of data problems that, to our judgement and our experience with similar data sets in other European countries, have the potential to bias the estimates of health inequalities in important ways.

6.1. Problems common to the use of interview surveys

Interview survey data are an important source of information on social inequalities in both morbidity, health behaviours and health care utilisation. As demonstrated by means of this project, surveys can be used to enable a detailed assessment of the situation at one moment in time. In addition, when surveys are repeated at regular intervals, they offer a means to monitor changes over time. None the less, the use of interview surveys to monitor inequalities in health poses a number of problems. In this section, we discuss the probably most influential problems.

One major problem is the low statistical power of most interview surveys. Estimates of the magnitude of health inequalities were found to have generally low levels of precision (large confidence intervals). This implies that, even though we can be sure that the surveys have demonstrated that health inequalities do exist in Estonia, we are much less sure about their precise magnitude. In addition, we had to be aware that remarkable patterns, e.g. strong interactions between two social variables, might often be entirely due to chance fluctuations. In order to assess the potential role of chance fluctuations, we have invested considerable effort in calculating Odds Ratios together with their 95 percent confidence intervals. When drawing general conclusions on the basis of our results, we have taken these (sometimes wide) confidence intervals to these summary measures into account, and we checked that chance fluctuations cannot be the sole explanation of the patterns that are highlighted in the main report.

A second problem relates to non response to interview surveys. Fortunately, the interview surveys held in Estonia have fairly high response rates (see chapter 2). Non response can however affect estimates of the overall prevalence rates, if non response is relatively high among specific subpopulations such as those who are most disabled, or those with high levels of alcohol consumption. However, the aim of the present report is not to estimate *overall* prevalence rates, but to describe *social inequalities* in these rates. The latter

⁶ Kunst AE, Mackenbach JP, Bos V, EU Working Group on Inequalities in Health. Monitoring socioeconomic inequalities in health in the European Union: guidelines and illustrations. Rotterdam, 2001.

estimates are biased only if non-response is strongly related to the health indicators and, in addition, non-response is strongly related to the respective social indicators. More detailed evaluation from the Estonian Health Interview Survey suggested no large differences in response rates according to educational level (the response rate was highest for those with university education – 79.7% and lowest for those with upper secondary education – 77.9%). Therefore, we judge it is unlikely that non response has seriously affected our estimates of inequalities in health, health behaviour or health care utilisation.

A more important problem, and one that is inherent to the use of any interview survey, relates to the reliance on self reports by respondents. The answers that respondents give to survey questions may not accurately reflect the ‘true’ situation, as it may be determined by other factors as well. For example, reports on the respondents’ own health status may be influenced by for example the expectations that people have with regard to their health, and the awareness of health problems due to improved detection of diseases. Similarly, replies to questions on alcohol usage might be biased by for example the wish to give socially desired answers. If the extent of this reporting bias differs according to education and other social variables, this would affect estimates of inequalities in health and health behaviours. It is difficult to measure the extent of this bias. Even this bias should not be ignored, we feel that nor should it be exaggerated. For example, a Swedish study⁷ showed that large social inequalities in self assessed general health (cf. tables A and B of chapter 9) are also observed in in-depth interviews that ask the respondents in much detail about the health-related experiences.

Related to the previous problem are problems with self reports on the socio-demographic variables, and especially the reporting on income. The respondents’ reports of their own income may be seriously biased because respondents cannot accurately estimate their total income (from all sources and all family members) or they may be reluctant to reveal their true income. As a result, the income variable may suffer from considerable misclassification, with some respondents being assigned to a too high income quartile, while others end too low. The most likely result of this misclassification is to underestimate the true size of income-related inequalities in health. Thus, our estimates of income-related inequalities in morbidity should probably be regarded as conservative.

A fourth problem relates to changes over time in survey designs and questionnaires. Even though both the NORBALT and FINBALT surveys were carried with the aim to maintain a high degree of continuity and comparability over time, a number of changes have occurred that could have influenced our estimates of trends over time. In the NORBALT surveys, questions on health care utilisation were changed, reflecting in part the real changes occurring within the Estonian health sector. Due to these changes, we considered it prudent to make comparisons over time only for the indicator for which survey questions remained identical over time: hospitalisation (see chapter 13, tables series E and F). With the FINBALT surveys, for similar reasons, we decided to focus on health behaviours that were measured in an identical way for each survey year. For example, for alcohol consumption we included the only indicator (frequent consumption of strong spirits) that was strictly comparable across all survey years. On the side of the social indicators, we excluded income from the trends tables (chapter 12) due to problems with comparability over time. We should finally note that the measurement of employment status and educational level for the first FINBALT survey of 1990 was slightly different from that in later years. In order to cope with this problem, we assessed time trends in educational or employment-related differences in health-related behaviours by starting at the year 1992 instead of 1990.

To conclude, the data problems discussed above warn that results from interview surveys should be taken with some reserve. Even though these data problem may have biased the results to some extent, we feel that they cannot explain our general finding that inequalities in health, health-related behaviour and health utilisation are generally large, with often pronounced patterns. It is this general finding that we emphasize in the main report.

⁷ Manderbacka K. Questions on survey questions on health. Stockholm: Swedish Institute for Social Research, 1998.

6.2. Problems of ‘unlinked’ cross-sectional mortality studies

The analysis of social inequalities in mortality, of which the results are presented in chapter 10, faces entirely different problems. Ideally, inequalities in mortality are monitored using longitudinal studies. Such studies can be performed in for example all Scandinavian countries, thanks to the linkage between the population census and the death registry. When this is possible, the socio-demographic characteristics of persons are measured at the time of the population census, and they are followed over time to observe their mortality experience.

In Estonia, however, a linkage between death registry and population censuses cannot yet be made. Fortunately, an alternative source of data is available for Estonia: ‘unlinked’ cross-sectional studies. In this type of study, the number of deaths during a time interval is related to the number of persons who during that same time interval were exposed to the risk of dying. The term ‘unlinked’ refers to the fact that the socio-demographic information on the deceased and that on the living population are derived from two different sources: (a) the death registry, which provides numbers of deaths according to socio-demographic characteristics as registered on the death certificates, and (b) the population census, which provides the corresponding population numbers according to the same socio-demographic characteristics as determined during the census.

Unfortunately, the validity of data from unlinked cross-sectional studies can be compromised due to poor comparability of the data from the death registry and the data from the population census. This ‘numerator/denominator’ bias can take various forms. A classical example is ‘promoting the dead’ by which is meant the possible propensity among relatives to describe the deceased’s social status in favourable terms. This propensity may result in a shift of deaths from lower to higher education. If a parallel shift does not occur in the population census, the end result would be to increase the mortality rates of higher educational levels, to decrease the rate of lower classes, and thus to underestimate the mortality difference between high and low classes.

We need to discuss the ‘numerator/denominator’ bias in some more depth, because one of the most remarkable findings from our study are the large differences in mortality according to educational level in the years 1999–2000. Especially large differences are observed between those with university education, and all those with lower levels of education. These differences are much larger than those observed for the period 1987–1990. In fact, between these periods, mortality rates of men with university education strongly declined while other men experienced substantial increases in mortality. An equally strong divergence can be observed among women (chapter 10, table A).

We have carefully checked whether this remarkable trend could be due to an artefact. More specifically, we assessed the possibility that the educational differences in mortality in 1999–2000 might have been overestimated due to numerator/denominator bias. In theory, the death registry and population census could have lacked comparability differed in four respects.

1. The coverage of the Estonian population.

If the death registry includes persons not covered by the population census, this would result in an overestimation of mortality rates. If, in addition, this overestimate was larger among the lower educated, this would have the effect to overestimate educational differences in mortality. However, the population counts and the deaths included in this study refer to the same population of Estonia. For the years 1999 to 2000 these are the people who reside legally and permanently (more than 6 months) in Estonia. Considering that 2000 Population and Housing Census figures cover only persons who reside legally in the country and therefore have a permanent address, those without a permanent address in Estonia were excluded also from the death counts. However, there is also possibility that census did not cover all legal residents (the under-coverage of census estimates). The same problem may apply to the death registry. In any case, we judge that any discrepancies that might perhaps remained in population coverage are unlikely to have a substantial effect on our mortality estimates, may be with somewhat less certainty about those for upper secondary education.

2. The reporting of educational level

While the educational level in the population censuses is reported by the people for themselves, the educational level of those who died is reported at death certificates by relatives or other people who know the deceased to some degree. This difference may introduce some bias in the inequality estimates. It is uncertain whether this bias occurs and how large it can be. The most likely bias is ‘promoting the dead’, which would result in an overestimate of the number of deaths among those with tertiary education. If so, this cannot explain that we observed exceptionally *low* mortality among those with tertiary education.

3. The classification of educational information.

Another bias might have occurred if, at the statistical offices, the rules for classifying educational information would have been different for death certificates than for population census records. A potentially problematic group are those who have followed some university education but did not complete this. However, we were assured by the statistical office that this group of people was classified in the same way (i.e. as having completed upper secondary education) both for the death registry (both in 1999 and 2000) and the population census of 2000.

4. Education unknown

For about 0.3 percent of all deceased in 1987–1990 and about 2.1% in 1999–2000, the death certificates lacked information on their education level. If a relatively large share of these people had university education, that would have had the effect to underestimate the mortality rates for this group in particular. However, the proportion of deceased is much too small to explain the very low mortality of those with university education. In addition, there are indications that deceased with unknown mortality mostly have lower or upper secondary education instead of university education.

The same applies to the population census: non-response to census questions about education could be higher for some educational groups. As long as no special analysis for census coverage and non-response has been made it is difficult to give a definite evaluation of this problem. The expert opinion from Statistical Office says that non-response to particular items was not related to any specific educational group. However based on data from National Surveys, it is more common that the non-response is somewhat higher among those with upper secondary education.

In conclusion, a systematic review of the available evidence does not give support to our initial suspicion that the educational differences in mortality in 1999–2000 might have been overestimated due to numerator/denominator bias. Even though we cannot exclude the possibility that this kind of bias may have played a role in unforeseen ways (a possibility that can only be ruled out definitely when longitudinal mortality studies become available for Estonia), all evidence indicates that educational differences in mortality have become huge indeed.

Parallel to the evaluations that we made for education, we have evaluated whether the numerator/denominator bias could have biased the observed mortality differences according to ethnicity or rural/urban place of residence. As with education, we did not find evidence that results have seriously been biased.

6.3. Conclusion

As stated in the introduction to this chapter, the specific purpose of this chapter was to assess whether the data provide sufficient empirical support for the key findings that are presented in the main report. From the analyses above, and especially those in section 6.1, a few conclusions may be drawn. First, there is little doubt that the large differences observed in this project are reflecting true inequalities existing within the Estonian population. Second, due to chance fluctuations and some other data problems, the magnitude of these inequalities cannot be estimated with much precision for many indicators. Third, several specific patterns that were observed in this project are difficult to explain by data problems and therefore are very likely to reflect true patterns. Examples include (a) the relatively large effect of education and income as compared to other social indicators, (b) the larger differences observed for some health indicators as compared to others, e.g. in the analyses of specific causes of death, and (c) some particular patterns, such as the fact that the association between education and overweight is positive for men, but inverse for women. Whenever we judged that such particular patterns could be attributed to specific data problems, they are not mentioned in the main report.

Chapter 7. Preparation of overviews

The purpose of this chapter is to give the potential users a brief advice on ways to process and interpret the wealth of information given in the tabulations in Part 2 of this report. We expect that the processing of this large amount of information is facilitated by the use of a standard lay out and common statistical measures used in nearly all tabulations. Detailed documentation on the data and indicators is given in chapters 2, 3 and 4, while chapter 5 explains the calculation and interpretation of the few statistical measures that we used.

Despite this detailed background information, users of Part 2 may still face some problems. The main problem may be how to process the enormous amount of information that is contained in all the tabulations. An additional problem is that there is much noise in most of the information due to large chance fluctuations. These fluctuations are especially large in tabulations on self-reported morbidity, health-related behaviour and health care utilisation (general part), which all are based on interview surveys with fairly small sample sizes.

Our first recommendation may be obvious but may nevertheless be important to make: any search through all tables should be guided by specific questions or hypotheses. The questions that are to be addressed will greatly determine the way in which the tabulations are used. As an example, someone who wants to use these data to describe the health and health care utilisation of the elderly rural population, will process these data in an entirely different way than someone who wants to assess trends in educational differences in both smoking and in smoking-related causes of death. Our general experience with these tabulations is that it makes little sense to go through the tabulations without formulating specific questions to be answered, or hypotheses to be tested.

Our second recommendation relates specifically to the ways in which to deal with the often large chance fluctuations. A common practice in such cases is to summarise the observed differences exclusively in terms of statistical significance, or p-values. Even though this is a straightforward and easy way of summarising the results, we have to warn that this may produce misleading results. Compare a relatively small group A, with an Odds Ratio of 1.40 and 95% confidence interval from 0.90 to 1.90, to a larger group B, with an Odds Ratio of 1.30 and 95% confidence from 1.10 to 1.50. If these results are summarised in terms of statistical significance only, one would conclude that a statistically significant relationship is observed for B, and no such a relationship is observed for A. This statement can easily lead to the conclusion that there is an association in B, and not in A. This conclusion would be erroneous. The only difference between A and B is that the observation for B has more statistical power (smaller confidence intervals) than the observation for A, thanks to a larger sample. The conclusion one should draw is that chance fluctuations can perhaps explain all differences observed in A, but they are unlikely to explain all differences observed in B. This is something very different from suggesting that there is a relationship in B, but not in A. There is no empirical evidence to make the latter suggestion, which therefore should be avoided.

An alternative approach to summarise the information is illustrated in Table 1. This +/- table summarises the information on social differences in frequent spirit consumption that is given in chapter 12. This kind of table is useful when a broad overview is needed across different social and/or outcome indicators. The '+' and '-' signs identify large positive or inverse social inequalities. To these signs, we added parentheses where the differences were not statistically significant, i.e. where one cannot exclude the possibility that the observed differences might perhaps be entirely due to chance fluctuations. Naturally, much information is lost by summarising the basic tabulations in this way. However, the resulting table gives a general overview of the results that is difficult to obtain otherwise. For example, table 1 shows that income differences in spirit consumption vary between age groups, with the usual gradients (more consumption in lower groups) in

younger generations, but opposite gradients in older generations.

We recognise that overview tables can be constructed in many different ways, and that alternative overviews may need to be constructed when different questions are posed or specific hypotheses are to be tested. We hope that this example gives ideas on how to make such overviews.

Table. An overview of inequalities in Frequent spirit consumption

| Social groups compared | Difference in the total population | Departures from general difference | | |
|----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|---|
| | | Among males or among females | At age 25-39, 40-54 or 55-69 years | In Tallinn, other urban, or rural areas |
| Women vs. men | --- | | | |
| Rural vs. Tallinn | - | 0 (f) | 0 (40) | |
| Russians vs. Estonians | 0 | + (m) | + (25,55) | + (u) |
| Lowest vs. upper education | 0 | | ++ (25,40) -- (55) | + (u) |
| Lowest vs. upper income | (-) | -- (m) 0 (f) | 0 (25) -- (40,55) | 0 (T,u) -- (r) |
| Unemployed vs. employed | 0 | | + (25) | |
| Inactive vs. employed | --- | 0 (f) | 0 (55) | |

Meaning of symbols

- ++ : Prevalence rates higher by 10 % points or more
- + : Prevalence rates higher by 5 to 10 % points
- 0 : Difference less than 5 % points
- : Prevalence rates lower by 5 to 10 % points
- : Prevalence rates lower by 10 % points or more
- (+)(-) : Difference in Odds Ratios not statistically significant (column 1 only)

PART 2. TABULATIONS

Chapter 8. Introduction

8.1. Chapters and table series

Detailed tabulations are given in chapters 9 to 15. Within each chapter, one series of tables is given for each health indicator. These series are denoted by A, B, C etc. The chapters and table series are:

| | | |
|-----|---|-----|
| 9. | Morbidity | |
| | A. Self-rated general health bad or average | 39 |
| | B. Self-rated general health bad | 48 |
| | C. Any long-term physical health problem | 57 |
| | D. Emotional distress | 66 |
| | E. Depression | 75 |
| | F. Self-report of any injuries | 84 |
| | G. Any problem with instrumental activities of daily living | 93 |
| | H. Any problem with mobility | 99 |
| | I. Any problem with speaking, hearing or vision | 105 |
| 10. | Mortality and mortality trends | |
| 1. | Overview across age groups | 111 |
| 2. | Overview across causes of death | 112 |
| | A. Total mortality | 113 |
| | B. Infectious and parasitic diseases | 120 |
| | C. All neoplasms | 121 |
| | D. Diseases of the circulatory system | 122 |
| | E. Diseases of the respiratory system | 123 |
| | F. All other diseases | 124 |
| | G. Injuries and poisonings | 125 |
| | H. Stomach cancer | 126 |
| | I. Lung cancer | 127 |
| | J. Breast cancer | 128 |
| | K. Ischaemic heart disease | 129 |
| | L. Cerebrovascular disease | 130 |
| | M. Chronic respiratory disease | 131 |
| | N. Transport accidents | 132 |
| | O. Alcohol poisoning | 133 |
| | P. Suicide | 134 |
| | Q. Homicide | 135 |
| 11. | Health-related behaviour | |
| | A. Fat consumption | 137 |
| | B. Consumption of fresh vegetables | 147 |
| | C. Consumption of fresh fruit | 157 |
| | D. Physical exercise | 167 |
| | E. Current smoking | 177 |
| | F. Consumption of strong spirits | 187 |

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| | | |
|-----|---|-----|
| G. | Overweight (body mass index) | 197 |
| H. | Use of cholesterol test | 207 |
| I. | Use of seatbelts | 217 |
| 12. | Health-related behaviour (trends) | |
| A. | Fat consumption | 227 |
| B. | Consumption of fresh vegetables | 229 |
| C. | Consumption of fresh fruit | 231 |
| D. | Physical exercise | 233 |
| E. | Current smoking | 235 |
| F. | Consumption of strong spirits | 237 |
| G. | Overweight (body mass index) | 239 |
| H. | Use of cholesterol test | 241 |
| I. | Use of seatbelts | 243 |
| 13. | Health care utilisation | |
| A. | Telephone consultation with doctor during last 6 months | 245 |
| B. | Visit to doctor during last 6 months | 254 |
| C. | Visit to specialist during last 6 months | 263 |
| D. | Visits to dentist during last 6 months | 272 |
| E. | Hospitalisation during last year, 1999 | 281 |
| F. | Hospitalisation during last year, 1994 | 290 |
| 14. | Health care utilisation (regional differences). | |
| A. | Visits to the general practitioner | 299 |
| B. | Visits to the general practitioner at least 4 times | 301 |
| C. | Ambulatory care visit | 303 |
| D. | Ambulatory care visits at least 5 times | 305 |
| E. | Visits to GP or ambulatory care | 307 |
| F. | Visits to GP or/and ambulatory care at least 6 times | 309 |
| G. | Hospitalisation | 311 |
| H. | Hospitalisation for at least 12 days | 313 |
| I. | Use of prescription drugs | 315 |
| J. | Use of prescription drugs, with at least five prescriptions | 317 |
| K. | Visits to dentist under insurance scheme | 319 |

8.2. *Tables given per series*

In chapters 9 and 13, each series contains 9 tables:

- Table ..1 - the total population, age 25–79
- Table ..2 - men, age 25–79
- Table ..3 - women, age 25–79
- Table ..4 - the total population, age 25–44
- Table ..5 - the total population, age 45–59
- Table ..6 - the total population, age 60–79
- Table ..7 - Tallinn, age 25–79
- Table ..8 - other urban areas, age 25–79
- Table ..9 - rural areas, age 25–79

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In chapter 11 each series contains 10 tables:

- Table ..1 - the total population, age 16–69
- Table ..2 - men, age 16–69
- Table ..3 - women, age 16–69
- Table ..4 - the total population, age 16–24
- Table ..5 - the total population, age 25–39
- Table ..6 - the total population, age 40–54
- Table ..7 - the total population, age 55–69
- Table ..8 - Tallinn, age 16–69
- Table ..9 - other urban areas, age 16–69
- Table ..10 - rural areas, age 16–69

The series G to I (on disability) only refer to the 60+ years old. Therefore, tables 4 to 6 are not distinguished in these tables.

In chapter 10, each series consists of two tables: table 1 for men and table 2 for women. Six extra tables are given for series A (Total mortality) because a distinction is made between six age groups:

- Table A.1 - age 0–14
- Table A.2 - age 15–24
- Table A.3 - age 25–39
- Table A.4 - age 40–54
- Table A.5 - age 55–69
- Table A.6 - age 70+.

All mortality analyses were for men and women separately and therefore gender differences in mortality are presented in two extra overview tables at the beginning (series 1 and 2). In all tables, comparable results are presented for periods 1987–1990 and 1999–2000.

In chapter 12, each series contains only two tables: table 1 with prevalence rates by socio-demographic group and year, and table 2 with corresponding number of respondents. We refer to this chapter for details.

In chapter 14, each series contains only three tables: one table on the total population and with a distinction between men and women, and two tables with a distinction between age groups (0–14; 15–24; 25–44; 45–59; 60–74; 75+). We refer to this chapter for details.

Chapter 9. Self-reported Morbidity

Table A.1
Self-rated health bad or average (instead of good)
Total population, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 3983 | 64,7 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 1429 | 47,5 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 969 | 70,9 | 2,71 | 2,27 – 3,22 |
| 60–79 | 1585 | 84,4 | 6,45 | 5,42 – 7,69 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 1760 | 63,4 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 2223 | 66,0 | 1,12 | 0,97 – 1,30 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 1170 | 60,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1657 | 65,4 | 1,32 | 1,11 – 1,57 |
| Rural area | 1156 | 67,2 | 1,37 | 1,13 – 1,66 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 2620 | 62,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 1053 | 70,3 | 1,69 | 1,42 – 2,01 |
| Other | 310 | 64,5 | 1,19 | 0,91 – 1,57 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 581 | 51,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1962 | 64,1 | 1,82 | 1,49 – 2,22 |
| Lower secondary | 1439 | 78,6 | 3,35 | 2,65 – 4,24 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 1027 | 54,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 963 | 64,7 | 1,49 | 1,23 – 1,80 |
| 2 quartile | 1014 | 72,0 | 1,87 | 1,48 – 2,36 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 968 | 73,2 | 2,29 | 1,85 – 2,83 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 988 | 55,2 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 992 | 64,9 | 1,41 | 1,16 – 1,71 |
| 2 quartile | 1004 | 68,4 | 1,74 | 1,40 – 2,15 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 956 | 70,4 | 1,89 | 1,54 – 2,31 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1890 | 54,3 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 221 | 60,6 | 1,63 | 1,21 – 2,19 |
| Economically not active | 287 | 74,2 | 1,87 | 1,39 – 2,51 |

* Age 25–59

Table A.2
Self-rated health bad or average (instead of good)
Men, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1760 | 63,4 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 700 | 45,7 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 460 | 71,7 | 3,13 | 2,43 – 4,03 |
| 60–79 | 600 | 81,8 | 5,63 | 4,35 – 7,29 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 503 | 59,7 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 733 | 61,8 | 1,10 | 0,85 – 1,41 |
| Rural area | 524 | 68,9 | 1,56 | 1,18 – 2,07 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1152 | 61,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 437 | 66,8 | 1,49 | 1,16 – 1,92 |
| Other | 171 | 63,8 | 1,13 | 0,79 – 1,63 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 273 | 50,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 865 | 61,5 | 1,55 | 1,15 – 2,08 |
| Lower secondary | 622 | 76,3 | 3,11 | 2,23 – 4,35 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 651 | 56,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 429 | 64,5 | 1,40 | 1,07 – 1,83 |
| 2 quartile | 373 | 72,0 | 1,66 | 1,17 – 2,34 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 298 | 73,6 | 2,37 | 1,70 – 3,29 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 521 | 52,6 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 480 | 62,3 | 1,24 | 0,95 – 1,63 |
| 2 quartile | 390 | 68,7 | 1,63 | 1,19 – 2,25 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 343 | 69,9 | 1,96 | 1,45 – 2,65 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 968 | 54,0 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 121 | 62,4 | 1,59 | 1,05 – 2,39 |
| Economically not active | 71 | 81,8 | 3,52 | 1,73 – 7,13 |

* Age 25-59

Table A.3
Self-rated health bad or average (instead of good)
Women, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2223 | 66,1 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 729 | 49,3 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 509 | 70,1 | 2,37 | 1,87 – 3,01 |
| 60–79 | 985 | 87,1 | 7,13 | 5,62 – 9,06 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 667 | 61,7 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 924 | 69,0 | 1,55 | 1,23 – 1,97 |
| Rural area | 632 | 65,6 | 1,21 | 0,94 – 1,57 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1468 | 62,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 616 | 73,7 | 1,88 | 1,49 – 2,38 |
| Other | 139 | 65,1 | 1,26 | 0,83 – 1,91 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 308 | 51,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1097 | 66,5 | 2,11 | 1,61 – 2,76 |
| Lower secondary | 817 | 80,8 | 3,59 | 2,57 – 5,02 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 376 | 53,2 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 534 | 64,9 | 1,60 | 1,21 – 2,11 |
| 2 quartile | 641 | 71,9 | 2,07 | 1,51 – 2,85 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 670 | 72,8 | 2,33 | 1,74 – 3,11 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 467 | 57,7 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 512 | 67,5 | 1,60 | 1,21 – 2,12 |
| 2 quartile | 614 | 67,9 | 1,84 | 1,37 – 2,46 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 613 | 70,9 | 1,88 | 1,43 – 2,47 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 922 | 54,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 100 | 58,9 | 1,65 | 1,06 – 2,55 |
| Economically not active | 216 | 66,6 | 1,57 | 1,13 – 2,19 |

* Age 25-59

Table A.4
Self-rated health bad or average (instead of good)
Total population, age 25–44

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1429 | 47,5 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 700 | 45,6 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 729 | 49,3 | 1,16 | 0,94 – 1,43 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 420 | 43,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 616 | 48,8 | 1,24 | 0,96 – 1,60 |
| Rural area | 393 | 48,5 | 1,25 | 0,94 – 1,66 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 910 | 43,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 415 | 56,1 | 1,69 | 1,33 – 2,14 |
| Other | 104 | 45,1 | 1,30 | 0,75 – 1,71 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 250 | 36,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1055 | 47,6 | 1,64 | 1,23 – 2,19 |
| Lower secondary | 123 | 70,2 | 4,39 | 2,73 – 7,08 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 602 | 38,7 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 429 | 50,1 | 1,66 | 1,28 – 2,16 |
| 2 quartile | 110 | 54,8 | 1,99 | 1,30 – 3,04 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 278 | 60,9 | 2,49 | 1,83 – 3,38 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 423 | 38,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 370 | 47,2 | 1,42 | 1,06 – 1,89 |
| 2 quartile | 206 | 50,4 | 1,79 | 1,27 – 2,53 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 411 | 55,0 | 1,99 | 1,50 – 2,64 |
| Economic activity | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1172 | 45,5 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 145 | 60,2 | 1,74 | 1,21 – 2,48 |
| Economically not active | 112 | 64,1 | 1,56 | 1,04 – 2,34 |

Table A.5
Self-rated health bad or average (instead of good)
Total population, age 45–59

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 969 | 70,9 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 460 | 71,7 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 509 | 70,1 | 0,89 | 0,67 – 1,17 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 298 | 66,9 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 401 | 70,7 | 1,25 | 0,90 – 1,73 |
| Rural area | 270 | 75,2 | 1,52 | 1,05 – 2,20 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 633 | 69,8 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 254 | 71,0 | 1,26 | 0,90 – 1,75 |
| Other | 82 | 73,6 | 1,15 | 0,68 – 1,93 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 172 | 50,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 495 | 71,9 | 2,47 | 1,72 – 3,55 |
| Lower secondary | 302 | 81,6 | 4,00 | 2,63 – 6,07 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 331 | 62,6 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 271 | 67,6 | 1,25 | 0,89 – 1,77 |
| 2 quartile | 134 | 84,7 | 2,63 | 1,58 – 4,36 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 232 | 78,8 | 2,38 | 1,60 – 3,54 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 384 | 64,6 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 233 | 70,9 | 1,38 | 0,97 – 1,97 |
| 2 quartile | 137 | 77,3 | 1,70 | 1,08 – 2,67 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 201 | 77,6 | 2,03 | 1,36 – 3,03 |
| Economic activity | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 718 | 67,3 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 76 | 61,3 | 1,33 | 0,78 – 2,27 |
| Economically not active | 175 | 89,3 | 2,90 | 1,81 – 4,66 |

Table A.6
Self-rated health bad or average (instead of good)
Total population, age 60–79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1585 | 84,4 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 600 | 81,8 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 985 | 87,1 | 1,41 | 1,05 – 1,87 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 452 | 80,2 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 640 | 85,2 | 1,56 | 1,11 – 2,18 |
| Rural area | 493 | 87,5 | 1,47 | 1,03 – 2,11 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1077 | 82,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 384 | 91,0 | 2,40 | 1,60 – 3,61 |
| Other | 124 | 84,5 | 1,26 | 0,74 – 2,14 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 159 | 73,9 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 412 | 81,0 | 1,73 | 1,12 – 2,67 |
| Lower secondary | 1014 | 88,3 | 2,99 | 2,00 – 4,48 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 94 | 71,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 263 | 83,7 | 1,84 | 1,03 – 3,27 |
| 2 quartile | 770 | 85,0 | 1,95 | 1,17 – 3,27 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 458 | 86,3 | 2,35 | 1,33 – 4,14 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 181 | 71,1 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 389 | 85,6 | 1,72 | 1,10 – 2,68 |
| 2 quartile | 661 | 86,4 | 2,10 | 1,38 – 3,20 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 344 | 86,5 | 1,89 | 1,17 – 3,07 |

Table A.7
Self-rated health bad or average (instead of good)
Tallinn, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1170 | 60,8 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 420 | 43,8 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 298 | 66,9 | 2,55 | 1,87 – 3,47 |
| 60–79 | 452 | 80,2 | 5,68 | 4,17 – 7,73 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 503 | 59,7 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 667 | 61,7 | 1,06 | 0,82 – 1,37 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 575 | 53,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 457 | 67,5 | 2,13 | 1,60 – 2,83 |
| Other | 138 | 62,4 | 1,67 | 1,09 – 2,56 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 253 | 54,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 645 | 59,2 | 1,32 | 0,97 – 1,81 |
| Lower secondary | 272 | 79,4 | 2,77 | 1,78 – 4,31 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 441 | 52,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 229 | 65,2 | 1,58 | 1,11 – 2,25 |
| 2 quartile | 265 | 64,2 | 1,69 | 1,14 – 2,53 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 233 | 67,0 | 1,90 | 1,28 – 2,82 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 444 | 53,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 302 | 65,8 | 1,69 | 1,22 – 2,34 |
| 2 quartile | 223 | 66,5 | 1,51 | 1,03 – 2,24 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 191 | 61,6 | 1,52 | 1,03 – 2,24 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 609 | 51,2 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 40 | 53,3 | 1,20 | 0,62 – 2,31 |
| Economically not active | 69 | 78,2 | 1,98 | 1,11 – 3,52 |

* Age 25-59

Table A.8
Self-rated health bad or average (instead of good)
Other urban areas, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1657 | 65,4 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 420 | 48,8 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 298 | 70,7 | 2,57 | 1,96 – 3,37 |
| 60–79 | 452 | 85,2 | 6,86 | 5,16 – 9,10 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 733 | 61,8 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 924 | 69,0 | 1,48 | 1,18 – 1,86 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 979 | 61,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 539 | 71,7 | 1,91 | 1,47 – 2,48 |
| Other | 139 | 65,6 | 1,24 | 0,82 – 1,89 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 227 | 50,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 858 | 67,5 | 2,35 | 1,70 – 3,24 |
| Lower secondary | 571 | 69,5 | 2,88 | 1,95 – 4,23 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 409 | 56,1 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 418 | 64,9 | 1,36 | 1,01 – 1,83 |
| 2 quartile | 437 | 77,3 | 1,89 | 1,30 – 2,77 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 389 | 69,9 | 1,88 | 1,34 – 2,65 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 387 | 56,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 401 | 64,4 | 1,24 | 0,91 – 1,69 |
| 2 quartile | 472 | 68,7 | 1,53 | 1,10 – 2,13 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 376 | 72,6 | 1,95 | 1,40 – 2,72 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 808 | 55,9 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 94 | 59,6 | 1,41 | 0,89 – 2,22 |
| Economically not active | 115 | 73,0 | 1,73 | 1,08 – 2,76 |

* Age 25-59

Table A.9
Self-rated health bad or average (instead of good)
Rural areas, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1156 | 67,2 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 393 | 48,5 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 270 | 75,2 | 3,24 | 2,30 – 4,56 |
| 60–79 | 493 | 87,5 | 7,23 | 5,18 – 10,07 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 524 | 68,9 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 632 | 65,6 | 0,82 | 0,62 – 1,08 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1066 | 66,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 57 | 71,1 | 1,91 | 0,94 – 3,87 |
| Other | 33 | 41,4 | 1,38 | 0,55 – 3,46 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 101 | 46,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 459 | 63,6 | 2,11 | 1,34 – 3,33 |
| Lower secondary | 596 | 82,1 | 4,91 | 3,03 – 7,95 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 177 | 52,8 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 316 | 64,8 | 1,45 | 0,98 – 2,16 |
| 2 quartile | 312 | 63,7 | 1,75 | 1,94 – 2,81 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 346 | 78,2 | 3,00 | 1,97 – 4,58 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 157 | 56,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 289 | 64,4 | 1,25 | 0,81 – 1,93 |
| 2 quartile | 309 | 70,0 | 2,02 | 1,27 – 3,21 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 389 | 71,7 | 1,85 | 1,23 – 2,78 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 473 | 54,9 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 87 | 66,1 | 2,10 | 1,25 – 3,52 |
| Economically not active | 103 | 75,6 | 1,91 | 1,14 – 3,19 |

* Age 25-59

Table B.1
Self-rated health bad (instead of good or average)
Total population, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 3983 | 12,7 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 1429 | 3,6 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 969 | 12,2 | 3,73 | 2,67 – 5,23 |
| 60–79 | 1585 | 26,8 | 10,60 | 7,87 – 14,28 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 1760 | 11,6 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 2223 | 13,7 | 1,16 | 0,96 – 1,40 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 1170 | 9,4 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1657 | 13,1 | 1,51 | 1,20 – 1,91 |
| Rural area | 1156 | 15,2 | 1,72 | 1,35 – 2,19 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 2620 | 12,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 1053 | 13,2 | 1,24 | 1,01 – 1,53 |
| Other | 310 | 14,7 | 1,18 | 0,85 – 1,65 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 581 | 7,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1962 | 12,3 | 1,99 | 1,38 – 2,87 |
| Lower secondary | 1439 | 16,5 | 2,66 | 1,86 – 3,81 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 1027 | 4,4 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 963 | 10,6 | 2,68 | 1,77 – 4,06 |
| 2 quartile | 1014 | 17,7 | 3,61 | 2,40 – 5,42 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 968 | 20,2 | 5,68 | 3,80 – 8,48 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 988 | 7,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 992 | 10,3 | 1,40 | 1,01 – 1,93 |
| 2 quartile | 1004 | 16,8 | 2,10 | 1,55 – 2,85 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 956 | 17,5 | 2,64 | 1,94 – 3,60 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1890 | 5,1 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 221 | 7,7 | 1,77 | 1,04 – 3,02 |
| Economically not active | 287 | 29,3 | 3,65 | 2,49 – 5,33 |

* Age 25-59

Table B.2
Self-rated health bad (instead of good or average)
Men, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1760 | 11,6 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 700 | 3,2 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 460 | 11,0 | 4,01 | 2,40 – 6,70 |
| 60–79 | 600 | 25,0 | 10,92 | 6,88 – 17,33 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 503 | 8,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 733 | 11,5 | 1,50 | 1,02 – 2,21 |
| Rural area | 524 | 15,0 | 2,11 | 1,42 – 3,14 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1152 | 11,8 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 437 | 10,7 | 0,98 | 0,69 – 1,39 |
| Other | 171 | 12,4 | 1,13 | 0,70 – 1,82 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 273 | 6,9 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 865 | 11,5 | 1,84 | 1,06 – 3,16 |
| Lower secondary | 622 | 15,7 | 2,59 | 1,54 – 4,34 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 651 | 6,1 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 429 | 9,6 | 2,22 | 1,29 – 3,82 |
| 2 quartile | 373 | 16,9 | 3,24 | 1,90 – 5,51 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 298 | 20,6 | 5,33 | 3,16 – 8,98 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 521 | 5,7 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 480 | 9,2 | 1,43 | 0,87 – 2,35 |
| 2 quartile | 390 | 16,9 | 2,75 | 1,71 – 4,41 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 343 | 16,3 | 3,12 | 1,90 – 5,14 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 968 | 4,2 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 121 | 6,0 | 1,38 | 0,60 – 3,18 |
| Economically not active | 71 | 40,6 | 10,28 | 5,63 – 18,76 |

* Age 25–59

Table B.3
Self-rated health bad (instead of good or average)
Women, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2223 | 13,7 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 729 | 4,1 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 509 | 13,3 | 3,53 | 2,26 – 5,52 |
| 60–79 | 985 | 28,6 | 10,35 | 7,01 – 15,28 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 667 | 10,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 924 | 14,6 | 1,53 | 1,15 – 2,03 |
| Rural area | 632 | 15,3 | 1,51 | 1,11 – 2,06 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1468 | 12,8 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 616 | 15,8 | 1,41 | 1,09 – 1,83 |
| Other | 139 | 17,1 | 1,21 | 0,76 – 1,93 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 308 | 7,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1097 | 13,2 | 2,15 | 1,30 – 3,54 |
| Lower secondary | 817 | 17,3 | 2,82 | 1,71 – 4,64 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 376 | 2,7 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 534 | 11,5 | 3,31 | 1,65 – 6,63 |
| 2 quartile | 641 | 18,3 | 4,16 | 2,11 – 8,23 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 670 | 19,7 | 6,51 | 3,33 – 12,72 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 467 | 8,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 512 | 11,4 | 1,35 | 0,88 – 2,07 |
| 2 quartile | 614 | 16,7 | 1,72 | 1,15 – 2,56 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 613 | 18,7 | 2,33 | 1,57 – 3,46 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 922 | 5,9 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 100 | 9,4 | 2,30 | 1,15 – 4,60 |
| Economically not active | 216 | 17,9 | 2,03 | 1,24 – 3,31 |

* Age 25-59

Table B.4
Self-rated health bad (instead of good or average)
Total population, age 25–44

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1429 | 3,6 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 700 | 3,2 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 729 | 4,1 | 1,30 | 0,74 – 2,29 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 420 | 3,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 616 | 4,2 | 1,40 | 0,71 – 2,75 |
| Rural area | 393 | 3,1 | 1,02 | 0,46 – 2,27 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 910 | 3,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 415 | 4,2 | 1,34 | 0,74 – 2,42 |
| Other | 104 | 4,7 | 1,13 | 0,39 – 3,30 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 250 | 2,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1055 | 3,6 | 1,69 | 0,70 – 4,06 |
| Lower secondary | 123 | 5,3 | 3,22 | 1,07 – 9,65 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 602 | 2,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 429 | 3,2 | 1,58 | 0,70 – 3,53 |
| 2 quartile | 110 | 5,8 | 3,65 | 1,43 – 9,31 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 278 | 7,3 | 3,65 | 1,72 – 7,75 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 423 | 2,7 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 370 | 1,7 | 0,59 | 0,22 – 1,62 |
| 2 quartile | 206 | 3,4 | 1,39 | 0,55 – 3,53 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 411 | 6,9 | 2,52 | 1,23 – 5,16 |
| Economic activity | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1172 | 3,1 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 145 | 3,3 | 1,12 | 0,43 – 2,91 |
| Economically not active | 112 | 19,7 | 4,06 | 1,94 – 8,50 |

Table B.5
Self-rated health bad (instead of good or average)
Total population, age 45–59

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 969 | 12,2 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 460 | 11,0 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 509 | 13,3 | 1,16 | 0,79 – 1,71 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 298 | 7,6 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 401 | 11,7 | 1,54 | 0,92 – 2,59 |
| Rural area | 270 | 17,4 | 2,49 | 1,48 – 4,20 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 633 | 12,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 254 | 10,8 | 0,86 | 0,55 – 1,36 |
| Other | 82 | 13,5 | 0,73 | 0,34 – 1,59 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 172 | 3,0 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 495 | 10,0 | 3,15 | 1,33 – 7,50 |
| Lower secondary | 302 | 21,8 | 7,45 | 3,14 – 17,66 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 331 | 3,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 271 | 8,9 | 2,98 | 1,47 – 6,02 |
| 2 quartile | 134 | 27,9 | 7,50 | 3,64 – 15,45 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 232 | 22,8 | 7,79 | 4,03 – 15,07 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 384 | 7,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 233 | 9,7 | 1,35 | 0,76 – 2,40 |
| 2 quartile | 137 | 23,7 | 2,78 | 1,56 – 4,93 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 201 | 19,3 | 3,25 | 1,95 – 5,42 |
| Economic activity | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 718 | 8,1 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 76 | 14,2 | 2,26 | 1,17 – 4,35 |
| Economically not active | 175 | 43,5 | 4,85 | 3,00 – 7,83 |

Table B.6
Self-rated health bad (instead of good or average)
Total population, age 60–79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1585 | 26,8 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 600 | 25,0 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 985 | 28,6 | 1,15 | 0,92 – 1,45 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 452 | 20,9 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 640 | 27,9 | 1,53 | 1,16 – 2,02 |
| Rural area | 493 | 31,0 | 1,65 | 1,23 – 2,20 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1077 | 25,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 384 | 29,4 | 1,37 | 1,06 – 1,76 |
| Other | 124 | 31,1 | 1,37 | 0,91 – 2,05 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 159 | 18,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 412 | 27,9 | 1,89 | 1,18 – 3,02 |
| Lower secondary | 1014 | 27,8 | 1,99 | 1,28 – 3,09 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 94 | 8,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 263 | 23,4 | 3,14 | 1,44 – 6,88 |
| 2 quartile | 770 | 25,1 | 3,38 | 1,60 – 7,17 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 458 | 36,9 | 5,76 | 2,68 – 12,36 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 181 | 14,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 389 | 23,9 | 1,70 | 1,06 – 2,73 |
| 2 quartile | 661 | 30,0 | 2,29 | 1,46 – 3,58 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 344 | 31,7 | 2,68 | 1,67 – 4,31 |

Table B.7
Self-rated health bad (instead of good or average)
Tallinn, age 25–79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1170 | 9,4 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 420 | 3,1 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 298 | 7,6 | 2,72 | 1,36 – 5,44 |
| 60–79 | 452 | 20,9 | 8,85 | 4,88 – 16,06 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 503 | 8,1 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 667 | 10,8 | 1,32 | 0,89 – 1,94 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 575 | 7,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 457 | 11,7 | 1,86 | 1,25 – 2,77 |
| Other | 138 | 13,0 | 1,61 | 0,88 – 2,98 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 253 | 6,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 645 | 9,9 | 1,94 | 1,08 – 3,47 |
| Lower secondary | 272 | 11,8 | 2,04 | 1,11 – 3,76 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 441 | 3,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 229 | 8,0 | 2,70 | 1,28 – 5,70 |
| 2 quartile | 265 | 12,8 | 4,50 | 2,21 – 9,15 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 233 | 15,3 | 6,18 | 3,03 – 12,62 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 444 | 6,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 302 | 10,5 | 1,78 | 1,02 – 3,08 |
| 2 quartile | 223 | 11,0 | 2,12 | 1,22 – 3,71 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 191 | 11,5 | 2,11 | 1,17 – 3,82 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 609 | 3,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 40 | 9,7 | 2,51 | 0,71 – 8,91 |
| Economically not active | 69 | 22,7 | 3,37 | 1,50 – 7,55 |

* Age 25–59

Table B.8
Self-rated health bad (instead of good or average)
Other urban areas, age 25–79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1657 | 13,1 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 420 | 4,2 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 298 | 11,7 | 2,95 | 1,81 – 4,82 |
| 60–79 | 452 | 27,9 | 9,44 | 6,20 – 14,39 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 733 | 11,5 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 924 | 14,6 | 1,32 | 0,99 – 1,75 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 979 | 12,8 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 539 | 14,0 | 1,23 | 0,91 – 1,67 |
| Other | 139 | 12,1 | 0,93 | 0,55 – 1,59 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 227 | 7,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 858 | 15,3 | 2,43 | 1,36 – 4,37 |
| Lower secondary | 571 | 16,7 | 2,27 | 1,27 – 4,07 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 409 | 5,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 418 | 12,4 | 2,60 | 1,39 – 4,88 |
| 2 quartile | 437 | 22,1 | 2,89 | 1,54 – 5,41 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 389 | 18,4 | 4,32 | 2,33 – 8,02 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 387 | 6,8 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 401 | 10,4 | 1,24 | 0,74 – 2,08 |
| 2 quartile | 472 | 18,1 | 1,78 | 1,10 – 2,87 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 376 | 18,4 | 2,64 | 1,62 – 4,29 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 808 | 5,5 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 94 | 7,0 | 1,44 | 0,63 – 3,32 |
| Economically not active | 115 | 34,5 | 3,19 | 1,78 – 5,75 |

* Age 25–59

Table B.9
Self-rated health bad (instead of good or average)
Rural areas, age 25–79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1156 | 15,2 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 393 | 3,1 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 270 | 17,4 | 6,87 | 3,57 – 13,20 |
| 60–79 | 493 | 31,0 | 15,37 | 8,38 – 28,17 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 524 | 15,1 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 632 | 15,3 | 0,94 | 0,68 – 1,29 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1468 | 14,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 616 | 20,0 | 1,89 | 0,98 – 3,66 |
| Other | 139 | 24,1 | 3,62 | 1,65 – 7,96 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 308 | 12,9 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1097 | 9,5 | 1,19 | 0,53 – 2,69 |
| Lower secondary | 817 | 18,5 | 2,63 | 1,22 – 5,69 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 376 | 2,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 534 | 10,3 | 2,06 | 0,83 – 5,11 |
| 2 quartile | 641 | 16,2 | 2,91 | 1,18 – 7,13 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 670 | 23,8 | 5,46 | 2,28 – 13,12 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 467 | 9,8 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 512 | 10,8 | 0,99 | 0,52 – 1,91 |
| 2 quartile | 614 | 20,1 | 1,76 | 0,95 – 3,28 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 613 | 18,5 | 2,06 | 1,12 – 3,81 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 922 | 6,1 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 100 | 7,9 | 1,56 | 0,67 – 3,62 |
| Economically not active | 216 | 32,8 | 3,91 | 2,02 – 7,57 |

* Age 25–59

Table C.1
Any long-standing physical health problem during the last 12 months
Total population, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 4011 | 39,1 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 1435 | 25,6 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 973 | 41,8 | 2,11 | 1,78 – 2,51 |
| 60–79 | 1603 | 56,8 | 3,94 | 3,37 – 4,60 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 1777 | 38,1 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 2234 | 40,2 | 1,06 | 0,93 – 1,22 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 1179 | 32,5 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1667 | 41,7 | 1,58 | 1,35 – 1,86 |
| Rural area | 1165 | 42,1 | 1,55 | 1,30 – 1,85 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 2636 | 39,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 1061 | 38,7 | 1,00 | 0,86 – 1,16 |
| Other | 314 | 39,7 | 0,97 | 0,76 – 1,24 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 583 | 33,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1966 | 38,8 | 1,25 | 1,03 – 1,54 |
| Lower secondary | 1460 | 46,4 | 1,44 | 1,17 – 1,79 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 1027 | 30,1 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 964 | 38,4 | 1,36 | 1,12 – 1,66 |
| 2 quartile | 1022 | 45,0 | 1,52 | 1,23 – 1,88 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 987 | 44,4 | 1,69 | 1,38 – 2,07 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 991 | 32,7 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 995 | 37,5 | 1,24 | 1,02 – 1,50 |
| 2 quartile | 1015 | 40,6 | 1,43 | 1,17 – 1,73 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 967 | 45,3 | 1,59 | 1,32 – 1,93 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1891 | 31,2 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 221 | 28,0 | 0,94 | 0,69 – 1,28 |
| Economically not active | 296 | 46,3 | 1,44 | 1,11 – 1,87 |

* Age 25-59

Table C.2
Any long-standing physical health problem during the last 12 months
Men, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1777 | 38,1 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 704 | 23,5 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 464 | 40,6 | 2,25 | 1,75 – 2,90 |
| 60–79 | 609 | 57,5 | 4,43 | 3,50 – 5,62 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 509 | 31,3 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 738 | 40,0 | 1,54 | 1,20 – 1,97 |
| Rural area | 530 | 42,0 | 1,68 | 1,29 – 2,19 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1161 | 38,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 442 | 36,1 | 0,94 | 0,74 – 1,19 |
| Other | 174 | 37,3 | 0,94 | 0,67 – 1,32 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 275 | 30,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 868 | 37,2 | 1,29 | 0,95 – 1,74 |
| Lower secondary | 633 | 45,9 | 1,63 | 1,19 – 2,22 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 651 | 32,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 430 | 36,7 | 1,30 | 0,99 – 1,71 |
| 2 quartile | 378 | 44,0 | 1,54 | 1,13 – 2,10 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 309 | 46,1 | 1,89 | 1,40 – 2,54 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 522 | 31,6 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 482 | 35,9 | 1,20 | 0,91 – 1,58 |
| 2 quartile | 395 | 41,9 | 1,54 | 1,15 – 2,07 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 352 | 44,6 | 1,72 | 1,29 – 2,31 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 969 | 28,9 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 121 | 26,6 | 0,86 | 0,56 – 1,33 |
| Economically not active | 78 | 55,9 | 2,81 | 1,72 – 4,58 |

* Age 25-59

Table C.3
Any long-standing physical health problem during the last 12 months
Women, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2234 | 40,2 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 731 | 27,6 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 509 | 43,1 | 2,00 | 1,57 – 2,53 |
| 60–79 | 994 | 56,1 | 3,60 | 2,93 – 4,42 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 670 | 33,6 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 929 | 43,4 | 1,62 | 1,31 – 2,00 |
| Rural area | 635 | 42,2 | 1,46 | 1,16 – 1,84 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1475 | 39,8 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 619 | 41,4 | 1,04 | 0,85 – 1,27 |
| Other | 140 | 42,0 | 1,00 | 0,69 – 1,43 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 308 | 35,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1098 | 40,4 | 1,25 | 0,95 – 1,64 |
| Lower secondary | 827 | 47,0 | 1,33 | 0,99 – 1,80 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 376 | 28,1 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 534 | 40,1 | 1,34 | 1,01 – 1,80 |
| 2 quartile | 644 | 45,9 | 1,44 | 1,06 – 1,94 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 678 | 42,8 | 1,54 | 1,16 – 2,05 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 469 | 33,8 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 513 | 39,2 | 1,25 | 0,95 – 1,63 |
| 2 quartile | 620 | 39,4 | 1,34 | 1,03 – 1,74 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 615 | 45,9 | 1,51 | 1,17 – 1,95 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 922 | 33,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 100 | 29,4 | 1,03 | 0,66 – 1,61 |
| Economically not active | 218 | 36,6 | 1,10 | 0,80 – 1,51 |

* Age 25-59

Table C.4
Any long-standing physical health problem during the last 12 months
Total population, age 25–44

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1435 | 25,6 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 704 | 23,5 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 731 | 27,6 | 1,23 | 0,97 – 1,56 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 422 | 18,0 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 617 | 29,5 | 1,92 | 1,42 – 2,60 |
| Rural area | 396 | 27,3 | 1,69 | 1,21 – 2,36 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 910 | 25,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 420 | 25,1 | 0,98 | 0,75 – 1,28 |
| Other | 105 | 27,7 | 1,14 | 0,73 – 1,79 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 250 | 20,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1056 | 25,2 | 1,24 | 0,89 – 1,72 |
| Lower secondary | 128 | 37,2 | 2,19 | 1,37 – 3,53 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 602 | 23,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 429 | 26,2 | 1,19 | 0,89 – 1,59 |
| 2 quartile | 111 | 31,1 | 1,57 | 1,01 – 2,45 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 283 | 28,0 | 1,23 | 0,88 – 1,71 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 423 | 20,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 370 | 22,1 | 1,12 | 0,80 – 1,58 |
| 2 quartile | 209 | 28,7 | 1,64 | 1,12 – 2,40 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 414 | 32,6 | 1,86 | 1,36 – 2,56 |
| Economic activity | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1173 | 25,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 145 | 26,0 | 0,95 | 0,63 – 1,41 |
| Economically not active | 117 | 32,3 | 1,04 | 0,67 – 1,62 |

Table C.5
Any long-standing physical health problem during the last 12 months
Total population, age 45–59

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 973 | 41,8 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 464 | 40,6 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 509 | 43,1 | 1,10 | 0,85 – 1,42 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 300 | 36,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 401 | 43,5 | 1,35 | 0,99 – 1,84 |
| Rural area | 272 | 45,4 | 1,48 | 1,05 – 2,07 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 636 | 42,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 255 | 40,8 | 0,96 | 0,71 – 1,29 |
| Other | 82 | 41,7 | 0,86 | 0,53 – 1,38 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 173 | 32,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 496 | 41,7 | 1,35 | 0,94 – 1,93 |
| Lower secondary | 303 | 48,5 | 1,62 | 1,10 – 2,39 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 331 | 34,6 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 271 | 37,3 | 1,17 | 0,84 – 1,64 |
| 2 quartile | 135 | 54,3 | 2,03 | 1,34 – 3,08 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 235 | 52,1 | 2,00 | 1,42 – 2,83 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 385 | 38,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 233 | 40,3 | 1,08 | 0,77 – 1,50 |
| 2 quartile | 137 | 40,8 | 1,04 | 0,70 – 1,55 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 204 | 51,8 | 1,68 | 1,19 – 2,37 |
| Economic activity | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 718 | 39,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 76 | 30,9 | 0,91 | 0,55 – 1,48 |
| Economically not active | 179 | 67,1 | 1,85 | 1,30 – 2,64 |

Table C.6
Any long-standing physical health problem during the last 12 months
Total population, age 60–79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1603 | 56,8 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 609 | 57,5 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 994 | 56,1 | 0,93 | 0,76 – 1,15 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 457 | 49,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 649 | 58,3 | 1,54 | 1,21 – 1,97 |
| Rural area | 497 | 61,2 | 1,54 | 1,19 – 1,99 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1090 | 57,0 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 386 | 57,1 | 1,05 | 0,83 – 1,33 |
| Other | 127 | 55,5 | 0,94 | 0,65 – 1,37 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 160 | 52,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 414 | 56,4 | 1,30 | 0,89 – 1,88 |
| Lower secondary | 1029 | 58,2 | 1,30 | 0,92 – 1,82 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 94 | 34,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 264 | 58,0 | 2,44 | 1,48 – 4,00 |
| 2 quartile | 776 | 56,5 | 2,16 | 1,37 – 3,42 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 469 | 61,5 | 2,64 | 1,63 – 4,27 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 183 | 45,4 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 392 | 58,1 | 1,66 | 1,16 – 2,38 |
| 2 quartile | 669 | 58,4 | 1,75 | 1,25 – 2,44 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 349 | 57,9 | 1,58 | 1,08 – 2,29 |

Table C.7
Any long-standing physical health problem during the last 12 months
Tallinn, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1179 | 32,5 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 422 | 18,0 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 300 | 36,8 | 2,59 | 1,84 – 3,64 |
| 60–79 | 457 | 49,8 | 4,49 | 3,30 – 6,11 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 509 | 31,3 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 670 | 33,6 | 1,08 | 0,83 – 1,39 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 578 | 31,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 461 | 33,9 | 1,24 | 0,95 – 1,63 |
| Other | 140 | 32,7 | 1,16 | 0,77 – 1,74 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 254 | 31,0 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 646 | 32,8 | 1,17 | 0,85 – 1,63 |
| Lower secondary | 279 | 36,7 | 1,13 | 0,77 – 1,65 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 441 | 27,4 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 229 | 34,8 | 1,54 | 1,07 – 2,22 |
| 2 quartile | 268 | 30,9 | 1,24 | 0,85 – 1,82 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 239 | 39,1 | 1,42 | 0,96 – 2,10 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 447 | 29,4 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 303 | 30,1 | 1,04 | 0,75 – 1,45 |
| 2 quartile | 227 | 38,4 | 1,23 | 0,86 – 1,76 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 192 | 42,4 | 1,20 | 0,82 – 1,75 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 609 | 25,5 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 40 | 12,5 | 0,27 | 0,08 – 0,89 |
| Economically not active | 73 | 52,0 | 1,56 | 0,92 – 2,64 |

* Age 25-59

Table C.8
Any long-standing physical health problem during the last 12 months
Other urban area, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1667 | 41,7 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 617 | 29,5 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 401 | 43,5 | 1,83 | 1,41 – 2,37 |
| 60–79 | 649 | 58,3 | 3,57 | 2,82 – 4,51 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 738 | 40,0 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 929 | 43,4 | 1,16 | 0,95 – 1,42 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 986 | 41,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 541 | 41,3 | 0,98 | 0,79 – 1,22 |
| Other | 140 | 43,6 | 0,93 | 0,64 – 1,35 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 228 | 33,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 859 | 42,8 | 1,34 | 0,98 – 1,83 |
| Lower secondary | 579 | 49,6 | 1,42 | 1,00 – 2,00 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 409 | 31,4 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 419 | 41,6 | 1,19 | 0,88 – 1,60 |
| 2 quartile | 441 | 49,9 | 1,38 | 0,99 – 1,93 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 394 | 43,6 | 1,47 | 1,07 – 2,02 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 387 | 35,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 403 | 39,9 | 1,16 | 0,86 – 1,56 |
| 2 quartile | 478 | 45,5 | 1,30 | 0,96 – 1,75 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 378 | 48,2 | 1,61 | 1,19 – 2,18 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 809 | 34,5 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 94 | 32,9 | 1,00 | 0,64 – 1,58 |
| Economically not active | 115 | 49,5 | 1,26 | 0,84 – 1,91 |

* Age 25-59

Table C.9
Any long-standing physical health problem during the last 12 months
Rural area, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1165 | 42,1 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 396 | 27,3 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 272 | 45,4 | 2,30 | 1,66 – 3,18 |
| 60–79 | 497 | 61,2 | 4,27 | 3,20 – 5,70 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 530 | 42,0 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 635 | 42,2 | 0,95 | 0,75 – 1,22 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1072 | 41,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 59 | 55,7 | 1,34 | 0,78 – 2,32 |
| Other | 34 | 33,7 | 1,79 | 0,85 – 3,76 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 101 | 34,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 461 | 39,5 | 1,04 | 0,66 – 1,65 |
| Lower secondary | 602 | 47,2 | 1,28 | 0,81 – 2,02 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 177 | 25,1 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 316 | 37,8 | 1,17 | 0,78 – 1,77 |
| 2 quartile | 313 | 42,6 | 1,57 | 1,01 – 2,43 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 354 | 48,8 | 1,74 | 1,16 – 2,62 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 157 | 31,7 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 289 | 41,3 | 1,44 | 0,94 – 2,20 |
| 2 quartile | 310 | 43,7 | 1,54 | 1,01 – 2,36 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 397 | 46,2 | 1,62 | 1,08 – 2,41 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 473 | 32,9 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 87 | 33,2 | 1,03 | 0,63 – 1,69 |
| Economically not active | 108 | 44,5 | 1,47 | 0,94 – 2,32 |

* Age 25-59

Table D.1
Emotional distress during the last four weeks
Total population, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 3979 | 13,6 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 1429 | 10,3 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 969 | 12,3 | 1,18 | 0,91 – 1,53 |
| 60–79 | 1591 | 20,0 | 2,27 | 1,84 – 2,80 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 1759 | 8,0 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 2220 | 19,3 | 2,68 | 2,20 – 3,27 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 1170 | 13,2 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1656 | 14,0 | 1,16 | 0,93 – 1,43 |
| Rural area | 1153 | 13,6 | 1,04 | 0,83 – 1,32 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 2616 | 10,8 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 1053 | 19,1 | 2,19 | 1,81 – 2,66 |
| Other | 310 | 18,0 | 1,85 | 1,34 – 2,55 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 580 | 9,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1962 | 14,0 | 1,62 | 1,18 – 2,21 |
| Lower secondary | 1436 | 17,5 | 1,87 | 1,35 – 2,58 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 1027 | 7,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 963 | 11,3 | 1,38 | 1,00 – 1,89 |
| 2 quartile | 1012 | 16,0 | 2,04 | 1,49 – 2,80 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 966 | 18,6 | 2,49 | 1,84 – 3,37 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 988 | 7,8 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 992 | 11,6 | 1,53 | 1,13 – 2,09 |
| 2 quartile | 1002 | 16,2 | 2,43 | 1,81 – 3,26 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 954 | 18,0 | 2,66 | 1,99 – 3,55 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1890 | 10,0 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 221 | 16,5 | 1,90 | 1,28 – 2,82 |
| Economically not active | 287 | 18,3 | 1,30 | 0,91 – 1,87 |

* Age 25–59

Table D.2
Emotional distress during the last four weeks
Men, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1759 | 8,0 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 700 | 5,2 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 460 | 7,0 | 1,34 | 0,82 – 2,18 |
| 60–79 | 599 | 13,1 | 2,84 | 1,90 – 4,26 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 503 | 8,0 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 733 | 7,7 | 1,08 | 0,71 – 1,64 |
| Rural area | 523 | 8,4 | 1,13 | 0,73 – 1,77 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1151 | 7,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 437 | 9,3 | 1,46 | 1,00 – 2,14 |
| Other | 171 | 9,6 | 1,41 | 0,82 – 2,43 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 273 | 5,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 865 | 8,6 | 1,68 | 0,93 – 3,04 |
| Lower secondary | 621 | 10,4 | 1,76 | 0,98 – 3,17 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 651 | 6,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 429 | 6,0 | 1,29 | 0,74 – 2,25 |
| 2 quartile | 372 | 9,1 | 2,62 | 1,52 – 4,49 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 298 | 11,9 | 2,54 | 1,49 – 4,32 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 521 | 4,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 480 | 6,2 | 1,39 | 0,78 – 2,47 |
| 2 quartile | 389 | 9,7 | 2,93 | 1,70 – 5,04 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 343 | 10,4 | 2,90 | 1,66 – 5,04 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 968 | 4,7 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 121 | 11,4 | 2,46 | 1,28 – 4,70 |
| Economically not active | 71 | 15,3 | 3,52 | 1,68 – 7,36 |

* Age 25-59

Table D.3
Emotional distress during the last four weeks
Women, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2220 | 19,3 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 729 | 15,4 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 509 | 17,7 | 1,13 | 0,83 – 1,53 |
| 60–79 | 982 | 26,8 | 2,09 | 1,64 – 2,66 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 667 | 18,5 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 923 | 20,4 | 1,18 | 0,92 – 1,51 |
| Rural area | 630 | 18,7 | 1,01 | 0,77 – 1,33 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1465 | 14,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 616 | 28,9 | 2,53 | 2,02 – 3,16 |
| Other | 139 | 26,4 | 2,09 | 1,40 – 3,11 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 307 | 12,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1097 | 19,4 | 1,63 | 1,13 – 2,36 |
| Lower secondary | 815 | 24,6 | 1,98 | 1,34 – 2,92 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 376 | 8,7 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 534 | 16,5 | 1,34 | 0,91 – 1,99 |
| 2 quartile | 640 | 22,8 | 1,77 | 1,19 – 2,62 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 668 | 25,2 | 2,35 | 1,62 – 3,41 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 467 | 11,4 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 512 | 16,9 | 1,58 | 1,10 – 2,28 |
| 2 quartile | 613 | 22,6 | 2,23 | 1,57 – 3,16 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 611 | 25,5 | 2,57 | 1,83 – 3,61 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 922 | 15,2 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 100 | 21,6 | 1,68 | 1,02 – 2,77 |
| Economically not active | 216 | 21,3 | 1,03 | 0,69 – 1,55 |

* Age 25-59

Table D.4
Emotional distress during the last four weeks
Total population, age 25–44

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1429 | 10,3 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 700 | 5,2 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 729 | 15,4 | 3,31 | 2,25 – 4,88 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 420 | 10,5 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 616 | 9,6 | 0,92 | 0,61 – 1,39 |
| Rural area | 393 | 11,4 | 1,11 | 0,71 – 1,74 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 910 | 8,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 415 | 14,7 | 1,91 | 1,33 – 2,74 |
| Other | 104 | 9,4 | 1,19 | 0,59 – 2,42 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 250 | 9,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1055 | 9,7 | 1,08 | 0,68 – 1,72 |
| Lower secondary | 123 | 17,2 | 2,47 | 1,28 – 4,75 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 602 | 8,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 429 | 9,1 | 1,14 | 0,73 – 1,79 |
| 2 quartile | 110 | 14,7 | 1,92 | 1,06 – 3,48 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 278 | 13,9 | 1,70 | 1,07 – 2,69 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 423 | 7,6 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 370 | 8,5 | 1,09 | 0,64 – 1,85 |
| 2 quartile | 206 | 10,8 | 1,56 | 0,89 – 2,74 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 411 | 14,2 | 1,95 | 1,23 – 3,10 |
| Economic activity | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1172 | 9,7 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 145 | 15,6 | 1,52 | 0,90 – 2,56 |
| Economically not active | 112 | 15,3 | 1,23 | 0,69 – 2,21 |

Table D.5
Emotional distress during the last four weeks
Total population, age 45–59

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 969 | 12,3 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 460 | 7,0 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 509 | 17,7 | 2,80 | 1,83 – 4,28 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 298 | 10,4 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 401 | 13,3 | 1,41 | 0,88 – 2,26 |
| Rural area | 270 | 13,0 | 1,34 | 0,79 – 2,26 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 633 | 10,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 254 | 15,1 | 1,78 | 1,16 – 2,71 |
| Other | 82 | 18,8 | 1,84 | 0,93 – 3,64 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 172 | 4,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 495 | 13,7 | 3,29 | 1,54 – 7,02 |
| Lower secondary | 302 | 15,0 | 3,65 | 1,65 – 8,04 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 331 | 7,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 271 | 9,9 | 1,43 | 0,79 – 2,58 |
| 2 quartile | 134 | 13,8 | 2,48 | 1,30 – 4,75 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 232 | 20,5 | 3,31 | 1,92 – 5,72 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 384 | 7,1 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 233 | 12,0 | 1,80 | 1,03 – 3,14 |
| 2 quartile | 137 | 17,0 | 2,28 | 1,23 – 4,23 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 201 | 19,3 | 3,32 | 1,96 – 5,62 |
| Economic activity | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 718 | 10,3 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 76 | 18,0 | 2,59 | 1,39 – 4,82 |
| Economically not active | 175 | 22,9 | 1,74 | 1,05 – 2,88 |

Table D.6
Emotional distress during the last four weeks
Total population, age 60–79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1581 | 20,0 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 599 | 13,1 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 982 | 26,8 | 2,30 | 1,75 – 3,02 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 452 | 20,3 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 639 | 21,5 | 1,19 | 0,89 – 1,60 |
| Rural area | 490 | 17,5 | 0,93 | 0,67 – 1,28 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1073 | 15,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 384 | 29,7 | 2,58 | 1,97 – 3,39 |
| Other | 124 | 30,2 | 2,25 | 1,46 – 3,47 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 158 | 12,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 412 | 20,8 | 1,76 | 1,03 – 2,99 |
| Lower secondary | 1011 | 20,6 | 1,78 | 1,08 – 2,93 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 94 | 6,1 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 263 | 15,9 | 2,58 | 0,98 – 6,79 |
| 2 quartile | 768 | 20,2 | 3,61 | 1,43 – 9,12 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 456 | 23,6 | 4,62 | 1,80 – 11,82 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 181 | 8,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 389 | 15,7 | 1,87 | 1,04 – 3,36 |
| 2 quartile | 659 | 23,5 | 3,15 | 1,82 – 5,47 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 342 | 22,3 | 3,13 | 1,76 – 5,57 |

Table D.7
Emotional distress during the last four weeks
Tallinn, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1170 | 13,2 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 420 | 10,5 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 298 | 10,4 | 0,94 | 0,58 – 1,53 |
| 60–79 | 452 | 20,3 | 2,13 | 1,45 – 3,14 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 503 | 8,0 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 667 | 18,5 | 2,72 | 1,86 – 3,97 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 575 | 7,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 457 | 19,6 | 3,62 | 2,48 – 5,29 |
| Other | 138 | 12,2 | 2,68 | 1,51 – 4,76 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 253 | 10,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 645 | 13,5 | 1,45 | 0,90 – 2,34 |
| Lower secondary | 272 | 18,0 | 1,78 | 1,04 – 3,04 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 441 | 7,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 229 | 12,6 | 1,61 | 0,93 – 2,78 |
| 2 quartile | 265 | 14,6 | 2,81 | 1,65 – 4,78 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 233 | 20,5 | 2,61 | 1,53 – 4,44 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 444 | 7,6 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 302 | 11,8 | 1,75 | 1,05 – 2,91 |
| 2 quartile | 223 | 23,7 | 3,47 | 2,10 – 5,72 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 191 | 17,7 | 2,92 | 1,75 – 4,88 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 609 | 9,8 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 40 | 15,7 | 1,79 | 0,71 – 4,53 |
| Economically not active | 69 | 19,3 | 1,21 | 0,58 – 2,54 |

* Age 25-59

Table D.8
Emotional distress during the last four weeks
Other urban areas, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1656 | 14,0 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 616 | 9,6 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 401 | 13,3 | 1,40 | 0,95 – 2,08 |
| 60–79 | 639 | 21,5 | 2,72 | 1,97 – 3,75 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 733 | 7,7 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 923 | 20,4 | 2,90 | 2,14 – 3,94 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 978 | 10,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 539 | 19,4 | 2,28 | 1,71 – 3,04 |
| Other | 139 | 17,0 | 1,62 | 0,98 – 2,69 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 226 | 8,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 858 | 15,2 | 1,75 | 1,07 – 2,89 |
| Lower secondary | 571 | 16,1 | 1,74 | 1,04 – 2,94 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 409 | 8,2 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 418 | 11,4 | 1,41 | 0,85 – 2,32 |
| 2 quartile | 437 | 15,4 | 1,95 | 1,18 – 3,24 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 388 | 18,6 | 2,53 | 1,55 – 4,12 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 387 | 6,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 401 | 12,5 | 1,51 | 0,93 – 2,47 |
| 2 quartile | 471 | 14,2 | 2,20 | 1,39 – 3,49 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 376 | 20,4 | 2,84 | 1,80 – 4,51 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 808 | 9,7 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 94 | 14,9 | 1,83 | 0,99 – 3,39 |
| Economically not active | 115 | 25,5 | 1,57 | 0,92 – 2,69 |

* Age 25-59

Table D.9
Emotional distress during the last four weeks
Rural areas, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1153 | 13,6 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 393 | 11,4 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 270 | 13,0 | 1,15 | 0,71 – 1,87 |
| 60–79 | 490 | 17,5 | 1,88 | 1,27 – 2,76 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 523 | 8,4 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 630 | 18,7 | 2,40 | 1,68 – 3,44 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1063 | 12,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 57 | 14,9 | 1,12 | 0,53 – 2,36 |
| Other | 33 | 18,6 | 3,19 | 1,54 – 6,62 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 101 | 7,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 459 | 12,1 | 1,74 | 0,80 – 3,81 |
| Lower secondary | 593 | 17,5 | 2,40 | 1,10 – 5,24 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 177 | 5,6 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 316 | 10,1 | 1,05 | 0,55 – 2,01 |
| 2 quartile | 310 | 15,7 | 1,36 | 0,70 – 2,64 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 345 | 19,3 | 2,05 | 1,11 – 3,81 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 157 | 9,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 289 | 10,3 | 1,20 | 0,62 – 2,34 |
| 2 quartile | 308 | 15,1 | 1,75 | 0,93 – 3,32 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 387 | 16,0 | 1,98 | 1,07 – 3,66 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 473 | 10,8 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 87 | 17,1 | 1,89 | 1,00 – 3,58 |
| Economically not active | 103 | 18,1 | 1,03 | 0,52 – 2,00 |

* Age 25-59

Table E.1
Depression during the last four weeks
Total population, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 3979 | 11,4 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 1429 | 8,7 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 969 | 11,2 | 1,26 | 0,96 – 1,66 |
| 60–79 | 1591 | 15,5 | 2,14 | 1,71 – 2,68 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 1759 | 7,4 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 2220 | 15,3 | 2,26 | 1,83 – 2,78 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 1170 | 10,7 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1656 | 12,2 | 1,18 | 0,94 – 1,48 |
| Rural area | 1153 | 10,7 | 1,04 | 0,81 – 1,33 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 2616 | 9,0 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 1053 | 16,1 | 1,97 | 1,61 – 2,42 |
| Other | 310 | 14,7 | 1,90 | 1,36 – 2,65 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 580 | 8,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1962 | 11,4 | 1,37 | 0,99 – 1,90 |
| Lower secondary | 1436 | 14,1 | 1,59 | 1,14 – 2,23 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 1027 | 5,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 963 | 9,7 | 1,82 | 1,28 – 2,59 |
| 2 quartile | 1012 | 13,9 | 2,62 | 1,84 – 3,74 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 966 | 16,5 | 3,16 | 2,24 – 4,44 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 988 | 6,8 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 992 | 9,7 | 1,52 | 1,09 – 2,12 |
| 2 quartile | 1002 | 15,2 | 2,51 | 1,83 – 3,44 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 954 | 14,7 | 2,51 | 1,84 – 3,43 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1890 | 8,0 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 221 | 18,5 | 2,87 | 1,96 – 4,20 |
| Economically not active | 287 | 16,6 | 1,49 | 1,01 – 2,19 |

* Age 25-59

Table E.2
Depression during the last four weeks
Men, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1759 | 7,5 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 700 | 5,5 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 460 | 7,6 | 1,39 | 0,87 – 2,24 |
| 60–79 | 599 | 10,2 | 2,06 | 1,36 – 3,12 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 503 | 6,5 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 733 | 8,0 | 1,38 | 0,89 – 2,14 |
| Rural area | 523 | 7,6 | 1,19 | 0,74 – 1,91 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1151 | 6,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 437 | 9,4 | 1,52 | 1,04 – 2,25 |
| Other | 171 | 7,5 | 1,17 | 0,64 – 2,11 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 273 | 4,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 865 | 7,8 | 1,69 | 0,91 – 3,15 |
| Lower secondary | 621 | 10,4 | 2,04 | 1,09 – 3,79 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 651 | 5,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 429 | 5,6 | 1,66 | 0,94 – 2,95 |
| 2 quartile | 372 | 9,5 | 3,38 | 1,90 – 6,00 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 298 | 12,9 | 3,68 | 2,13 – 6,35 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 521 | 4,1 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 480 | 5,9 | 1,42 | 0,78 – 2,57 |
| 2 quartile | 389 | 9,4 | 3,03 | 1,73 – 5,30 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 343 | 10,8 | 3,08 | 1,76 – 5,40 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 968 | 4,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 121 | 16,4 | 4,11 | 2,30 – 7,34 |
| Economically not active | 71 | 16,5 | 4,99 | 2,46 – 10,12 |

* Age 25-59

Table E.3
Depression during the last four weeks
Women, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2220 | 15,3 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 729 | 11,9 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 509 | 14,7 | 1,20 | 0,86 – 1,68 |
| 60–79 | 982 | 20,9 | 2,17 | 1,66 – 2,83 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 667 | 14,9 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 923 | 16,3 | 1,11 | 0,85 – 1,45 |
| Rural area | 630 | 13,8 | 0,99 | 0,74 – 1,33 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1465 | 11,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 616 | 22,7 | 2,19 | 1,72 – 2,79 |
| Other | 139 | 21,8 | 2,47 | 1,64 – 3,71 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 307 | 12,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1097 | 15,0 | 1,25 | 0,85 – 1,83 |
| Lower secondary | 815 | 17,7 | 1,42 | 0,95 – 2,12 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 376 | 5,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 534 | 13,8 | 1,91 | 1,20 – 3,04 |
| 2 quartile | 640 | 18,4 | 2,36 | 1,48 – 3,75 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 668 | 20,1 | 2,93 | 1,87 – 4,58 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 467 | 9,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 512 | 13,5 | 1,57 | 1,04 – 2,35 |
| 2 quartile | 613 | 21,0 | 2,30 | 1,57 – 3,37 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 611 | 18,5 | 2,29 | 1,57 – 3,34 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 922 | 11,7 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 100 | 20,5 | 2,34 | 1,41 – 3,91 |
| Economically not active | 216 | 16,6 | 1,02 | 0,65 – 1,60 |

* Age 25-59

Table E.4
Depression during the last four weeks
Total population, age 25–44

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1429 | 8,7 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 700 | 5,5 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 729 | 11,9 | 2,32 | 1,56 – 3,43 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 420 | 8,7 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 616 | 9,1 | 1,09 | 0,71 – 1,68 |
| Rural area | 393 | 7,9 | 0,92 | 0,56 – 1,52 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 910 | 7,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 415 | 12,2 | 1,75 | 1,19 – 2,59 |
| Other | 104 | 8,9 | 1,40 | 0,69 – 2,84 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 250 | 8,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1055 | 8,3 | 1,05 | 0,64 – 1,73 |
| Lower secondary | 123 | 12,6 | 2,03 | 1,01 – 4,08 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 602 | 4,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 429 | 9,5 | 2,02 | 1,22 – 3,34 |
| 2 quartile | 110 | 11,0 | 2,67 | 1,36 – 5,24 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 278 | 14,0 | 2,95 | 1,76 – 4,95 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 423 | 5,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 370 | 7,5 | 1,31 | 0,74 – 2,34 |
| 2 quartile | 206 | 9,9 | 2,04 | 1,12 – 3,73 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 411 | 12,1 | 2,24 | 1,34 – 3,76 |
| Economic activity | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1172 | 7,9 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 145 | 15,9 | 2,27 | 1,38 – 3,75 |
| Economically not active | 112 | 12,9 | 1,20 | 0,63 – 2,31 |

Table E.5
Depression during the last four weeks
Total population 45–59

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 969 | 11,2 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 460 | 7,6 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 509 | 14,7 | 2,00 | 1,31 – 3,06 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 298 | 9,9 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 401 | 11,4 | 1,15 | 0,70 – 1,88 |
| Rural area | 270 | 12,0 | 1,26 | 0,74 – 2,15 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 633 | 9,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 254 | 14,8 | 1,67 | 1,07 – 2,58 |
| Other | 82 | 13,4 | 1,34 | 0,63 – 2,84 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 172 | 5,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 495 | 11,2 | 2,25 | 1,09 – 4,66 |
| Lower secondary | 302 | 14,7 | 3,11 | 1,46 – 6,60 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 331 | 6,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 271 | 8,4 | 1,48 | 0,79 – 2,78 |
| 2 quartile | 134 | 15,8 | 2,93 | 1,49 – 5,75 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 232 | 18,8 | 3,52 | 1,98 – 6,27 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 384 | 6,1 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 233 | 9,9 | 1,73 | 0,95 – 3,15 |
| 2 quartile | 137 | 20,5 | 3,45 | 1,87 – 6,36 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 201 | 17,0 | 3,00 | 1,70 – 5,28 |
| Economic activity | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 718 | 8,3 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 76 | 22,3 | 3,95 | 2,18 – 7,16 |
| Economically not active | 175 | 22,1 | 2,18 | 1,28 – 3,69 |

Table E.6
Depression during the last four weeks
Total population, age 60–79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1581 | 15,5 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 599 | 10,2 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 982 | 20,9 | 2,26 | 1,68 – 3,06 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 452 | 14,6 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 639 | 17,5 | 1,24 | 0,90 – 1,70 |
| Rural area | 490 | 13,5 | 1,01 | 0,72 – 1,43 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1073 | 11,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 384 | 23,1 | 2,29 | 1,71 – 3,07 |
| Other | 124 | 24,8 | 2,56 | 1,64 – 4,01 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 158 | 12,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 412 | 16,3 | 1,33 | 0,78 – 2,28 |
| Lower secondary | 1011 | 15,6 | 1,31 | 0,79 – 2,17 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 94 | 4,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 263 | 11,5 | 2,42 | 0,83 – 7,07 |
| 2 quartile | 768 | 16,6 | 3,44 | 1,23 – 9,64 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 456 | 18,0 | 3,99 | 1,41 – 11,31 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 181 | 9,4 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 389 | 12,9 | 1,41 | 0,77 – 2,57 |
| 2 quartile | 659 | 17,9 | 2,29 | 1,31 – 4,00 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 342 | 16,2 | 2,15 | 1,20 – 3,87 |

Table E.7
Depression during the last four weeks
Tallinn, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1170 | 10,7 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 420 | 8,7 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 298 | 9,9 | 1,13 | 0,68 – 1,88 |
| 60–79 | 452 | 14,6 | 1,96 | 1,28 – 2,99 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 503 | 6,5 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 667 | 14,9 | 2,66 | 1,77 – 4,02 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 575 | 6,0 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 457 | 16,0 | 2,97 | 1,98 – 4,44 |
| Other | 138 | 13,1 | 2,88 | 1,60 – 5,20 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 253 | 9,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 645 | 9,4 | 0,99 | 0,61 – 1,62 |
| Lower secondary | 272 | 18,0 | 1,69 | 0,98 – 2,92 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 441 | 5,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 229 | 9,3 | 1,61 | 0,87 – 2,99 |
| 2 quartile | 265 | 13,9 | 3,22 | 1,80 – 5,78 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 233 | 19,2 | 3,20 | 1,79 – 5,71 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 444 | 5,6 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 302 | 10,4 | 2,00 | 1,13 – 3,52 |
| 2 quartile | 223 | 19,4 | 4,18 | 2,40 – 7,26 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 191 | 14,7 | 3,05 | 1,72 – 5,43 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 609 | 8,2 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 40 | 23,7 | 4,99 | 2,28 – 10,90 |
| Economically not active | 69 | 9,9 | 0,80 | 0,32 – 1,98 |

* Age 25-59

Table E.8
Depression during the last four weeks
Other urban areas, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1656 | 12,2 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 616 | 9,1 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 401 | 11,4 | 1,18 | 0,78 – 1,78 |
| 60–79 | 639 | 17,5 | 2,23 | 1,59 – 3,11 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 733 | 7,9 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 923 | 16,3 | 2,09 | 1,54 – 2,85 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 978 | 9,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 539 | 17,0 | 2,08 | 1,54 – 2,82 |
| Other | 139 | 13,6 | 1,76 | 1,05 – 2,93 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 226 | 7,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 858 | 13,5 | 1,63 | 0,98 – 2,70 |
| Lower secondary | 571 | 13,2 | 1,40 | 0,82 – 2,40 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 409 | 6,8 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 418 | 10,1 | 1,68 | 0,99 – 2,85 |
| 2 quartile | 437 | 16,4 | 2,46 | 1,44 – 4,22 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 388 | 15,6 | 2,59 | 1,53 – 4,38 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 387 | 8,7 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 401 | 9,4 | 1,12 | 0,67 – 1,86 |
| 2 quartile | 471 | 16,5 | 1,96 | 1,23 – 3,13 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 376 | 17,7 | 2,43 | 1,52 – 3,87 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 808 | 8,7 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 94 | 13,9 | 2,01 | 1,09 – 3,71 |
| Economically not active | 115 | 25,7 | 1,47 | 0,82 – 2,62 |

* Age 25-59

Table E.9
Depression during the last four weeks
Rural areas, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1153 | 10,7 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 393 | 7,9 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 270 | 12,0 | 1,59 | 0,94 – 2,69 |
| 60–79 | 490 | 13,5 | 2,25 | 1,45 – 3,49 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 523 | 7,6 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 630 | 13,8 | 2,19 | 1,49 – 3,21 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1063 | 10,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 57 | 7,9 | 1,03 | 0,45 – 2,34 |
| Other | 33 | 11,0 | 2,30 | 1,05 – 5,03 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 101 | 7,2 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 459 | 11,2 | 1,92 | 0,79 – 4,66 |
| Lower secondary | 593 | 12,9 | 2,41 | 1,00 – 5,81 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 177 | 2,2 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 316 | 9,6 | 3,12 | 1,18 – 8,23 |
| 2 quartile | 310 | 7,9 | 3,13 | 1,17 – 8,41 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 345 | 17,7 | 5,74 | 2,22 – 14,81 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 157 | 6,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 289 | 9,0 | 1,60 | 0,76 – 3,37 |
| 2 quartile | 308 | 13,4 | 2,01 | 0,97 – 4,17 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 387 | 12,0 | 2,06 | 1,01 – 4,20 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 473 | 6,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 87 | 18,8 | 3,38 | 1,74 – 6,53 |
| Economically not active | 103 | 21,0 | 2,36 | 1,20 – 4,65 |

* Age 25-59

Table F.1
Self-report of any injury during the life-time
Total population, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 4011 | 38,3 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 1435 | 33,5 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 973 | 40,8 | 1,39 | 1,17 – 1,65 |
| 60–79 | 1603 | 43,0 | 1,56 | 1,34 – 1,82 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 1777 | 47,0 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 2234 | 29,5 | 0,48 | 0,42 – 0,55 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 1179 | 36,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1667 | 37,2 | 1,02 | 0,87 – 1,19 |
| Rural area | 1165 | 40,9 | 1,22 | 1,03 – 1,45 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 2636 | 38,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 1061 | 37,4 | 0,96 | 0,83 – 1,12 |
| Other | 314 | 38,0 | 0,95 | 0,75 – 1,22 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 583 | 33,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1966 | 37,8 | 1,21 | 0,99 – 1,48 |
| Lower secondary | 1460 | 41,0 | 1,41 | 1,14 – 1,74 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 1027 | 33,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 964 | 38,1 | 1,16 | 0,96 – 1,40 |
| 2 quartile | 1022 | 38,0 | 1,17 | 0,95 – 1,44 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 987 | 44,7 | 1,49 | 1,22 – 1,81 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 991 | 36,1 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 995 | 35,7 | 1,03 | 0,85 – 1,24 |
| 2 quartile | 1015 | 39,3 | 1,30 | 1,08 – 1,58 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 967 | 42,9 | 1,34 | 1,11 – 1,62 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1891 | 34,1 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 221 | 45,6 | 1,82 | 1,36 – 2,43 |
| Economically not active | 296 | 49,3 | 1,53 | 1,17 – 2,00 |

* Age 25–59

Table F.2
Self-report of any injury during the life-time
Men, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1777 | 47,0 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 704 | 43,8 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 464 | 49,3 | 1,25 | 0,99 – 1,58 |
| 60–79 | 609 | 49,6 | 1,25 | 1,01 – 1,55 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 509 | 41,5 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 738 | 47,9 | 1,29 | 1,03 – 1,62 |
| Rural area | 530 | 50,5 | 1,51 | 1,18 – 1,93 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1161 | 48,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 442 | 45,4 | 0,93 | 0,75 – 1,16 |
| Other | 174 | 43,9 | 0,87 | 0,63 – 1,19 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 275 | 37,2 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 868 | 46,4 | 1,43 | 1,08 – 1,90 |
| Lower secondary | 633 | 53,9 | 1,83 | 1,36 – 2,46 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 651 | 42,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 430 | 48,3 | 1,32 | 1,02 – 1,69 |
| 2 quartile | 378 | 49,8 | 1,35 | 1,00 – 1,81 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 309 | 54,7 | 1,71 | 1,29 – 2,27 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 522 | 43,8 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 482 | 43,6 | 1,11 | 0,86 – 1,43 |
| 2 quartile | 395 | 51,6 | 1,61 | 1,22 – 2,12 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 352 | 54,3 | 1,73 | 1,31 – 2,27 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 969 | 43,3 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 121 | 59,2 | 1,98 | 1,34 – 2,91 |
| Economically not active | 78 | 61,8 | 1,79 | 1,11 – 2,89 |

* Age 25–59

Table F.3
Self-report of any injury during the life-time
Women, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2234 | 29,5 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 731 | 23,2 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 509 | 32,3 | 1,60 | 1,24 – 2,06 |
| 60–79 | 994 | 36,3 | 1,93 | 1,56 – 2,39 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 670 | 32,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 929 | 26,4 | 0,82 | 0,66 – 1,02 |
| Rural area | 635 | 31,3 | 1,01 | 0,80 – 1,27 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1475 | 29,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 619 | 29,4 | 1,00 | 0,82 – 1,23 |
| Other | 140 | 32,0 | 1,10 | 0,76 – 1,59 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 308 | 30,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1098 | 29,1 | 0,97 | 0,74 – 1,29 |
| Lower secondary | 827 | 28,1 | 1,01 | 0,74 – 1,37 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 376 | 25,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 534 | 27,7 | 1,02 | 0,75 – 1,38 |
| 2 quartile | 644 | 26,1 | 0,99 | 0,72 – 1,36 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 678 | 34,6 | 1,26 | 0,93 – 1,69 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 469 | 28,4 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 513 | 27,8 | 0,94 | 0,71 – 1,24 |
| 2 quartile | 620 | 27,0 | 1,04 | 0,79 – 1,37 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 615 | 31,5 | 1,04 | 0,79 – 1,35 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 922 | 24,8 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 100 | 31,9 | 1,67 | 1,07 – 2,61 |
| Economically not active | 218 | 36,7 | 1,41 | 1,02 – 1,95 |

* Age 25-59

Table F.4
Self-report of any injury during the life-time
Total population, age 25–44

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1435 | 33,5 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 704 | 43,8 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 731 | 23,2 | 0,38 | 0,30 – 0,48 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 422 | 33,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 617 | 33,8 | 1,02 | 0,78 – 1,34 |
| Rural area | 396 | 32,5 | 0,99 | 0,73 – 1,34 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 910 | 33,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 420 | 35,6 | 1,11 | 0,86 – 1,42 |
| Other | 105 | 29,0 | 0,80 | 0,51 – 1,25 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 250 | 28,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1056 | 34,2 | 1,34 | 0,98 – 1,83 |
| Lower secondary | 128 | 36,8 | 1,65 | 1,04 – 2,62 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 602 | 30,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 429 | 34,7 | 1,28 | 0,97 – 1,69 |
| 2 quartile | 111 | 32,5 | 1,12 | 0,70 – 1,78 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 283 | 40,6 | 1,77 | 1,29 – 2,43 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 423 | 29,6 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 370 | 32,2 | 1,17 | 0,86 – 1,59 |
| 2 quartile | 209 | 34,6 | 1,38 | 0,95 – 1,98 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 414 | 38,8 | 1,56 | 1,15 – 2,10 |
| Economic activity | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1173 | 31,3 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 145 | 46,6 | 1,95 | 1,36 – 2,79 |
| Economically not active | 117 | 44,4 | 1,61 | 1,05 – 2,47 |

Table F.5
Self-report of any injury during the life-time
Total population, age 45–59

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 973 | 40,8 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 464 | 49,3 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 509 | 32,3 | 0,49 | 0,38 – 0,64 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 300 | 38,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 401 | 38,6 | 1,04 | 0,76 – 1,42 |
| Rural area | 272 | 47,3 | 1,55 | 1,11 – 2,18 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 636 | 42,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 255 | 36,8 | 0,81 | 0,60 – 1,10 |
| Other | 82 | 41,0 | 0,85 | 0,53 – 1,37 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 173 | 36,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 496 | 39,9 | 1,15 | 0,80 – 1,66 |
| Lower secondary | 303 | 43,5 | 1,33 | 0,90 – 1,96 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 331 | 37,2 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 271 | 38,1 | 1,03 | 0,73 – 1,44 |
| 2 quartile | 135 | 40,8 | 1,14 | 0,74 – 1,75 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 235 | 51,4 | 1,72 | 1,21 – 2,44 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 385 | 37,4 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 233 | 37,7 | 1,00 | 0,71 – 1,41 |
| 2 quartile | 137 | 38,3 | 1,19 | 0,79 – 1,79 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 204 | 50,4 | 1,72 | 1,21 – 2,44 |
| Economic activity | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 718 | 38,2 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 76 | 44,0 | 1,62 | 1,00 – 2,62 |
| Economically not active | 179 | 56,5 | 1,63 | 1,13 – 2,34 |

Table F.6
Self-report of any injury during the life-time
Total population, age 60–79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1603 | 43,0 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 609 | 49,6 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 994 | 36,3 | 0,58 | 0,47 – 0,71 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 457 | 41,2 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 649 | 40,8 | 0,99 | 0,78 – 1,27 |
| Rural area | 497 | 47,2 | 1,24 | 0,96 – 1,61 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1090 | 43,0 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 386 | 40,8 | 0,93 | 0,73 – 1,19 |
| Other | 127 | 48,6 | 1,15 | 0,79 – 1,67 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 160 | 39,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 414 | 41,1 | 1,10 | 0,75 – 1,60 |
| Lower secondary | 1029 | 44,9 | 1,33 | 0,94 – 1,88 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 94 | 36,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 264 | 43,1 | 1,28 | 0,78 – 2,08 |
| 2 quartile | 776 | 43,3 | 1,21 | 0,77 – 1,91 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 469 | 44,1 | 1,28 | 0,79 – 2,05 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 183 | 44,7 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 392 | 39,1 | 0,93 | 0,64 – 1,33 |
| 2 quartile | 669 | 47,6 | 1,23 | 0,87 – 1,73 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 349 | 41,6 | 0,96 | 0,65 – 1,40 |

Table F.7
Self-report of any injury during the life time
Tallinn, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1179 | 36,8 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 422 | 33,1 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 300 | 38,1 | 1,21 | 0,89 – 1,65 |
| 60–79 | 457 | 41,2 | 1,42 | 1,08 – 1,88 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 509 | 41,5 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 670 | 32,1 | 0,67 | 0,52 – 0,85 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 578 | 35,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 461 | 37,0 | 1,10 | 0,85 – 1,42 |
| Other | 140 | 39,3 | 1,08 | 0,74 – 1,59 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 254 | 36,0 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 646 | 37,6 | 1,12 | 0,82 – 1,52 |
| Lower secondary | 279 | 42,8 | 1,22 | 0,84 – 1,76 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 441 | 36,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 229 | 40,1 | 1,23 | 0,87 – 1,73 |
| 2 quartile | 268 | 31,1 | 0,87 | 0,60 – 1,26 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 239 | 42,3 | 1,34 | 0,93 – 1,93 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 447 | 38,1 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 303 | 35,7 | 0,99 | 0,73 – 1,35 |
| 2 quartile | 227 | 42,2 | 1,02 | 0,72 – 1,44 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 192 | 42,7 | 1,12 | 0,78 – 1,60 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 609 | 33,8 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 40 | 34,2 | 1,28 | 0,66 – 2,48 |
| Economically not active | 73 | 51,2 | 1,47 | 0,88 – 2,46 |

* Age 25-59

Table F.8
Self-report of any injury during the life-time
Other urban areas, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1667 | 37,2 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 617 | 33,8 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 401 | 38,6 | 1,24 | 0,95 – 1,62 |
| 60–79 | 649 | 40,8 | 1,45 | 1,14 – 1,83 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 738 | 47,9 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 929 | 26,4 | 0,42 | 0,34 – 0,51 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 986 | 36,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 541 | 37,4 | 1,06 | 0,85 – 1,32 |
| Other | 140 | 39,4 | 1,05 | 0,72 – 1,51 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 228 | 27,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 859 | 39,1 | 1,61 | 1,16 – 2,23 |
| Lower secondary | 579 | 37,0 | 1,44 | 1,01 – 2,06 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 409 | 31,2 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 419 | 37,6 | 1,09 | 0,81 – 1,47 |
| 2 quartile | 441 | 40,7 | 1,24 | 0,89 – 1,73 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 394 | 41,5 | 1,26 | 0,91 – 1,73 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 387 | 31,7 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 403 | 33,5 | 1,02 | 0,75 – 1,38 |
| 2 quartile | 478 | 37,1 | 1,50 | 1,11 – 2,03 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 378 | 41,8 | 1,39 | 1,02 – 1,90 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 809 | 33,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 94 | 53,8 | 2,53 | 1,61 – 3,97 |
| Economically not active | 115 | 39,2 | 1,12 | 0,72 – 1,76 |

* Age 25-59

Table F.9
Self-report of any injury during the life-time
Rural areas, age 25-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1165 | 40,9 | — | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25–44 | 396 | 32,5 | 1,00 | |
| 45–59 | 272 | 47,3 | 1,92 | 1,39 – 2,65 |
| 60–79 | 497 | 47,2 | 1,90 | 1,43 – 2,52 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 530 | 50,5 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 635 | 31,3 | 0,42 | 0,33 – 0,54 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1072 | 41,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 59 | 25,5 | 0,69 | 0,39 – 1,23 |
| Other | 34 | 25,5 | 1,00 | 0,49 – 2,07 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 101 | 35,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 461 | 35,2 | 0,78 | 0,49 – 1,22 |
| Lower secondary | 602 | 43,3 | 1,18 | 0,75 – 1,87 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 177 | 25,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 316 | 37,6 | 1,22 | 0,81 – 1,83 |
| 2 quartile | 313 | 39,1 | 1,38 | 0,89 – 2,15 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 354 | 48,7 | 1,92 | 1,28 – 2,88 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 157 | 36,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 289 | 37,9 | 1,10 | 0,72 – 1,66 |
| 2 quartile | 310 | 43,2 | 1,35 | 0,89 – 2,05 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 397 | 44,1 | 1,46 | 0,99 – 2,17 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 473 | 35,3 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 87 | 42,2 | 1,49 | 0,92 – 2,43 |
| Economically not active | 108 | 57,0 | 2,01 | 1,26 – 3,20 |

* Age 25-59

Table G.1
Problems with instrumental daily activities
(washing, eating, dressing her/himself or using toilet)
Total population, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1603 | 5,3 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 609 | 5,2 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 994 | 5,4 | 0,95 | 0,62 – 1,48 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 457 | 4,9 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 649 | 6,0 | 1,43 | 0,85 – 2,42 |
| Rural area | 497 | 4,5 | 1,16 | 0,66 – 2,04 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1090 | 4,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 386 | 7,3 | 1,82 | 1,14 – 2,89 |
| Other | 127 | 6,7 | 1,79 | 0,88 – 3,65 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 160 | 1,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 414 | 6,7 | 5,46 | 1,27 – 23,38 |
| Lower secondary | 1029 | 5,2 | 4,72 | 1,14 – 19,61 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 94 | 3,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 264 | 3,6 | 0,91 | 0,25 – 3,37 |
| 2 quartile | 776 | 4,7 | 1,04 | 0,31 – 3,56 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 469 | 7,4 | 1,69 | 0,49 – 5,86 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 183 | 5,1 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 392 | 3,3 | 0,73 | 0,31 – 1,75 |
| 2 quartile | 669 | 6,2 | 1,12 | 0,51 – 2,47 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 349 | 5,6 | 1,06 | 0,45 – 2,46 |

Table G.2
Problems with instrumental daily activities
(washing, eating, dressing her/himself or using toilet)
Men, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 609 | 5,2 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 171 | 4,4 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 250 | 6,1 | 1,60 | 0,64 – 4,01 |
| Rural area | 188 | 4,5 | 1,22 | 0,45 – 3,34 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 411 | 4,8 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 136 | 4,9 | 1,05 | 0,43 – 2,55 |
| Other | 62 | 7,6 | 1,98 | 0,70 – 5,66 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 89 | 0,0 | — | |
| Upper secondary | 145 | 8,3 | — | |
| Lower secondary | 375 | 4,9 | — | |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 70 | 4,8 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 139 | 4,4 | 1,00 | 0,19 – 5,09 |
| 2 quartile | 290 | 4,7 | 1,05 | 0,23 – 4,89 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 110 | 7,5 | 1,83 | 0,37 – 9,07 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 91 | 6,1 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 187 | 3,2 | 0,44 | 0,12 – 1,63 |
| 2 quartile | 249 | 6,0 | 0,85 | 0,26 – 2,76 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 77 | 5,1 | 0,80 | 0,19 – 3,27 |

Table G.3
Problems with instrumental daily activities
(washing, eating, dressing her/himself or using toilet)
Women, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 994 | 5,4 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 286 | 5,3 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 399 | 5,8 | 1,35 | 0,71 – 2,54 |
| Rural area | 309 | 4,5 | 1,13 | 0,57 – 2,24 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 679 | 3,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 250 | 9,7 | 2,28 | 1,31 – 3,97 |
| Other | 65 | 5,8 | 1,62 | 0,60 – 4,33 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 71 | 3,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 269 | 5,1 | 2,03 | 0,45 – 9,18 |
| Lower secondary | 654 | 5,6 | 2,32 | 0,55 – 9,85 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 24 | 3,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 125 | 2,7 | 0,60 | 0,06 – 5,50 |
| 2 quartile | 486 | 4,6 | 0,78 | 0,10 – 6,20 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 359 | 7,3 | 1,25 | 0,16 – 9,94 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 92 | 4,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 205 | 3,4 | 1,00 | 0,31 – 3,29 |
| 2 quartile | 420 | 6,3 | 1,30 | 0,44 – 3,83 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 272 | 6,2 | 1,26 | 0,41 – 3,86 |

Table G.7
Problems with instrumental daily activities
(washing, eating, dressing her/himself or using toilet)
Tallinn, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 457 | 4,9 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 171 | 4,4 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 286 | 5,3 | 1,18 | 0,47 – 2,98 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 234 | 1,8 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 171 | 6,8 | 4,41 | 1,51 – 12,82 |
| Other | 52 | 8,3 | 6,07 | 1,64 – 22,51 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 86 | 1,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 170 | 4,8 | 3,68 | 0,45 – 30,30 |
| Lower secondary | 201 | 6,1 | 5,39 | 0,69 – 42,27 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 50 | 5,1 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 74 | 1,7 | 0,32 | 0,05 – 2,05 |
| 2 quartile | 203 | 3,6 | 0,45 | 0,10 – 1,94 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 130 | 16,2 | 0,86 | 0,19 – 3,95 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 93 | 5,7 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 118 | 1,9 | 0,32 | 0,08 – 1,35 |
| 2 quartile | 155 | 7,3 | 0,73 | 0,24 – 2,18 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 87 | 4,7 | 0,52 | 0,14 – 2,03 |

Table G.8
Problems with instrumental daily activities
(washing, eating, dressing her/himself or using toilet)
Other urban areas, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 649 | 6,0 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 250 | 6,1 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 399 | 5,8 | 0,89 | 0,47 – 1,69 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 400 | 5,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 193 | 7,8 | 1,49 | 0,77 – 2,89 |
| Other | 56 | 4,5 | 0,99 | 0,28 – 3,45 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 54 | 0,0 | — | |
| Upper secondary | 167 | 9,9 | — | |
| Lower secondary | 428 | 5,4 | — | |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 32 | 0,0 | — | |
| 3 quartile | 90 | 4,8 | — | |
| 2 quartile | 341 | 6,9 | — | |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 186 | 4,9 | — | |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 58 | 4,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 135 | 4,0 | 1,55 | 0,18 – 13,47 |
| 2 quartile | 314 | 7,2 | 3,07 | 0,40 – 23,67 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 138 | 5,1 | 2,66 | 0,32 – 21,88 |

Table G.9
Problems with instrumental daily activities
(washing, eating, dressing her/himself or using toilet)
Rural areas, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 497 | 4,5 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 188 | 4,5 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 309 | 4,5 | 0,93 | 0,41 – 2,08 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 456 | 4,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 22 | 11,2 | 1,95 | 0,41 – 9,19 |
| Other | 19 | 6,2 | 1,73 | 0,36 – 8,28 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 20 | 2,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 77 | 4,4 | 0,82 | 0,08 – 8,79 |
| Lower secondary | 400 | 4,6 | 1,03 | 0,13 – 8,37 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 12 | 0,0 | — | |
| 3 quartile | 100 | 2,8 | — | |
| 2 quartile | 232 | 2,3 | — | |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 153 | 10,6 | — | |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 32 | 2,6 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 139 | 3,3 | 1,38 | 0,16 – 11,81 |
| 2 quartile | 200 | 4,4 | 1,08 | 0,13 – 9,06 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 124 | 6,7 | 1,52 | 0,18 – 13,00 |

Table H.1
Mobility limitations (problems with moving around)
Total population, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1603 | 15,9 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 609 | 16,6 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 994 | 15,1 | 0,90 | 0,68 – 1,19 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 457 | 11,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 649 | 18,4 | 1,68 | 1,19 – 2,35 |
| Rural area | 497 | 16,1 | 1,54 | 1,08 – 2,20 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1090 | 16,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 386 | 14,4 | 0,79 | 0,57 – 1,10 |
| Other | 127 | 14,3 | 0,89 | 0,54 – 1,49 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 160 | 8,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 414 | 15,2 | 2,28 | 1,20 – 4,32 |
| Lower secondary | 1029 | 17,7 | 2,54 | 1,39 – 4,65 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 94 | 4,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 264 | 11,4 | 2,36 | 0,80 – 6,93 |
| 2 quartile | 776 | 15,9 | 3,30 | 1,17 – 9,30 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 469 | 21,5 | 4,45 | 1,56 – 12,74 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 183 | 9,7 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 392 | 13,7 | 1,30 | 0,72 – 2,33 |
| 2 quartile | 669 | 18,5 | 1,93 | 1,11 – 3,34 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 349 | 17,7 | 1,52 | 0,85 – 2,75 |

Table H.2
Mobility limitations (problems with moving around)
Men, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 609 | 16,7 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 171 | 11,9 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 250 | 19,7 | 2,10 | 1,18 – 3,76 |
| Rural area | 188 | 16,9 | 1,71 | 0,92 – 3,18 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 411 | 17,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 136 | 13,7 | 0,79 | 0,46 – 1,38 |
| Other | 62 | 16,3 | 1,00 | 0,47 – 2,10 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 89 | 8,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 145 | 15,4 | 2,11 | 0,85 – 5,24 |
| Lower secondary | 375 | 19,0 | 2,63 | 1,15 – 6,04 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 70 | 9,8 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 139 | 13,4 | 1,91 | 0,61 – 5,95 |
| 2 quartile | 290 | 17,3 | 2,47 | 0,84 – 7,24 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 110 | 23,4 | 3,65 | 1,19 – 11,23 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 91 | 6,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 187 | 13,9 | 1,51 | 0,58 – 3,92 |
| 2 quartile | 249 | 19,2 | 2,55 | 1,03 – 6,31 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 77 | 21,1 | 2,94 | 1,07 – 8,05 |

Table H.3
Mobility limitations (problems with moving around)
Women, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 994 | 15,2 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 286 | 11,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 399 | 17,1 | 1,49 | 0,98 – 2,26 |
| Rural area | 309 | 15,3 | 1,47 | 0,95 – 2,28 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 679 | 14,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 250 | 15,0 | 0,79 | 0,53 – 1,19 |
| Other | 65 | 12,3 | 0,81 | 0,40 – 1,63 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 71 | 8,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 269 | 14,9 | 2,38 | 0,95 – 5,95 |
| Lower secondary | 654 | 16,3 | 2,49 | 1,03 – 5,99 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 24 | 0,0 | — | |
| 3 quartile | 125 | 9,3 | — | |
| 2 quartile | 486 | 14,5 | — | |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 359 | 19,6 | — | |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 92 | 12,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 205 | 13,5 | 1,21 | 0,57 – 2,58 |
| 2 quartile | 420 | 17,8 | 1,62 | 0,80 – 3,25 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 272 | 14,4 | 1,13 | 0,55 – 2,36 |

Table H.7
Mobility limitations (problems with moving around)
Tallinn, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 457 | 11,8 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 171 | 11,9 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 286 | 11,8 | 1,09 | 0,59 – 1,99 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 234 | 11,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 171 | 12,0 | 0,83 | 0,45 – 1,52 |
| Other | 52 | 8,2 | 0,84 | 0,32 – 2,21 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 86 | 5,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 170 | 11,2 | 3,13 | 1,03 – 9,54 |
| Lower secondary | 201 | 14,2 | 3,14 | 1,04 – 9,43 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 50 | 2,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 74 | 7,9 | 1,58 | 0,30 – 8,25 |
| 2 quartile | 203 | 13,8 | 2,76 | 0,60 – 12,61 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 130 | 20,9 | 3,11 | 0,64 – 15,10 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 93 | 8,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 118 | 8,7 | 0,92 | 0,34 – 2,44 |
| 2 quartile | 155 | 19,3 | 1,99 | 0,84 – 4,72 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 87 | 9,4 | 0,85 | 0,30 – 2,39 |

Table H.8
Mobility limitations (problems with moving around)
Other urban areas, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 649 | 18,4 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 250 | 19,7 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 399 | 17,1 | 0,80 | 0,53 – 1,20 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 400 | 18,8 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 193 | 17,5 | 0,86 | 0,55 – 1,35 |
| Other | 56 | 13,7 | 0,76 | 0,35 – 1,65 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 54 | 8,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 167 | 20,9 | 3,01 | 1,08 – 8,33 |
| Lower secondary | 428 | 19,5 | 2,69 | 1,02 – 7,12 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 32 | 9,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 90 | 14,4 | 2,26 | 0,48 – 10,73 |
| 2 quartile | 341 | 17,7 | 2,50 | 0,56 – 11,11 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 186 | 23,0 | 3,64 | 0,80 – 16,56 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 58 | 14,9 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 135 | 19,8 | 1,14 | 0,45 – 2,88 |
| 2 quartile | 314 | 19,2 | 1,25 | 0,53 – 2,98 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 138 | 18,0 | 1,13 | 0,44 – 2,86 |

Table H.9
Mobility limitations (problems with moving around)
Rural areas, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 497 | 16,1 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 188 | 16,9 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 309 | 15,3 | 0,96 | 0,59 – 1,56 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 456 | 15,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 22 | 13,9 | 0,67 | 0,19 – 2,40 |
| Other | 19 | 26,0 | 1,71 | 0,59 – 4,90 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 20 | 17,0 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 77 | 10,9 | 0,53 | 0,14 – 2,06 |
| Lower secondary | 400 | 17,2 | 0,87 | 0,26 – 2,83 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 12 | 0,0 | — | |
| 3 quartile | 100 | 9,8 | — | |
| 2 quartile | 232 | 15,7 | — | |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 153 | 22,9 | — | |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 32 | 5,2 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 139 | 12,7 | 2,09 | 0,45 – 9,73 |
| 2 quartile | 200 | 17,5 | 3,19 | 0,71 – 14,40 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 124 | 20,6 | 2,97 | 0,64 – 13,76 |

Table I.1
Problems with speaking, hearing or vision
Total population, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1603 | 11,1 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 609 | 12,7 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 994 | 9,5 | 0,71 | 0,52 – 0,97 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 457 | 8,0 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 649 | 12,8 | 1,70 | 1,15 – 2,52 |
| Rural area | 497 | 11,6 | 1,46 | 0,96 – 2,22 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1090 | 10,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 386 | 13,3 | 1,33 | 0,93 – 1,89 |
| Other | 127 | 12,2 | 1,26 | 0,72 – 2,19 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 160 | 7,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 414 | 8,3 | 1,41 | 0,67 – 2,96 |
| Lower secondary | 1029 | 13,1 | 2,41 | 1,23 – 4,75 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 94 | 7,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 264 | 11,2 | 2,15 | 0,73 – 6,37 |
| 2 quartile | 776 | 10,6 | 2,05 | 0,72 – 5,85 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 469 | 13,3 | 3,06 | 1,06 – 8,84 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 183 | 6,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 392 | 10,9 | 1,74 | 0,85 – 3,57 |
| 2 quartile | 669 | 11,8 | 1,96 | 0,98 – 3,90 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 349 | 12,9 | 2,16 | 1,05 – 4,45 |

Table I.2
Problems with speaking, hearing or vision
Men, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 609 | 12,7 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 171 | 8,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 250 | 14,3 | 1,73 | 0,90 – 3,32 |
| Rural area | 188 | 14,4 | 1,91 | 0,97 – 3,76 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 411 | 11,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 136 | 15,3 | 1,41 | 0,79 – 2,49 |
| Other | 62 | 16,3 | 1,67 | 0,77 – 3,61 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 89 | 7,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 145 | 10,5 | 2,00 | 0,70 – 5,73 |
| Lower secondary | 375 | 15,1 | 2,85 | 1,09 – 7,43 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 70 | 14,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 139 | 12,4 | 1,58 | 0,50 – 4,98 |
| 2 quartile | 290 | 13,5 | 1,77 | 0,59 – 5,24 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 110 | 14,7 | 2,05 | 0,64 – 6,54 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 91 | 5,3 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 187 | 12,6 | 2,28 | 0,75 – 6,93 |
| 2 quartile | 249 | 14,0 | 2,44 | 0,82 – 7,22 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 77 | 15,7 | 2,88 | 0,87 – 9,51 |

Table I.3
Problems with speaking, hearing or vision
Women, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 994 | 9,5 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 286 | 7,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 399 | 11,2 | 1,69 | 1,03 – 2,77 |
| Rural area | 309 | 8,7 | 1,22 | 0,71 – 2,09 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 679 | 9,0 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 250 | 11,2 | 1,28 | 0,81 – 2,01 |
| Other | 65 | 8,2 | 0,94 | 0,41 – 2,17 |
| Education | | | | |
| Lower secondary | 654 | 11,1 | 1,95 | 0,76 – 5,04 |
| Upper secondary | 269 | 6,0 | 0,99 | 0,35 – 2,79 |
| University | 71 | 7,0 | 1,00 | |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 359 | 11,9 | — | |
| 2 quartile | 486 | 7,6 | — | |
| 3 quartile | 125 | 9,9 | — | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 24 | 0,0 | — | |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 272 | 10,1 | 1,75 | 0,70 – 4,37 |
| 2 quartile | 420 | 9,5 | 1,62 | 0,66 – 3,97 |
| 3 quartile | 205 | 9,1 | 1,37 | 0,53 – 3,56 |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 92 | 6,7 | 1,00 | |

Table I.7
Problems with speaking, hearing or vision
Tallinn, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 457 | 8,0 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 171 | 8,1 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 286 | 7,8 | 0,86 | 0,43 – 1,70 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 234 | 4,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 171 | 11,4 | 2,20 | 1,11 – 4,39 |
| Other | 52 | 5,1 | 0,90 | 0,25 – 3,27 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 86 | 5,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 170 | 6,2 | 1,24 | 0,38 – 4,11 |
| Lower secondary | 201 | 10,6 | 2,69 | 0,89 – 8,13 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 50 | 5,5 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 74 | 4,3 | 0,98 | 0,17 – 5,74 |
| 2 quartile | 203 | 8,4 | 2,22 | 0,48 – 10,30 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 130 | 18,4 | 2,25 | 0,44 – 11,39 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 93 | 3,4 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 118 | 5,7 | 1,50 | 0,37 – 6,07 |
| 2 quartile | 155 | 12,7 | 4,55 | 1,31 – 15,85 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 87 | 6,3 | 1,99 | 0,48 – 8,23 |

Table I.8
Problems with speaking, hearing or vision
Other urban areas, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 649 | 12,8 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 250 | 14,3 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 399 | 11,2 | 0,80 | 0,50 – 1,28 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 400 | 11,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 193 | 13,8 | 1,25 | 0,75 – 2,09 |
| Other | 56 | 16,5 | 1,96 | 0,92 – 4,17 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 54 | 9,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 167 | 10,8 | 1,13 | 0,42 – 3,09 |
| Lower secondary | 428 | 14,4 | 1,42 | 0,57 – 3,56 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 32 | 9,0 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 90 | 13,5 | 1,50 | 0,31 – 7,31 |
| 2 quartile | 341 | 11,5 | 1,27 | 0,28 – 5,78 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 186 | 15,3 | 2,32 | 0,50 – 10,80 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 58 | 8,7 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 135 | 13,2 | 1,37 | 0,43 – 4,35 |
| 2 quartile | 314 | 12,0 | 1,21 | 0,40 – 3,66 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 138 | 15,7 | 1,73 | 0,55 – 5,45 |

Table I.9
Problems with speaking, hearing or vision
Rural areas, age 60-79

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 497 | 11,6 | — | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 188 | 14,4 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 309 | 8,7 | 0,54 | 0,31 – 0,94 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 456 | 11,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 22 | 13,6 | 1,06 | 0,29 – 3,79 |
| Other | 19 | 15,3 | 1,24 | 0,34 – 4,57 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 20 | 0,0 | — | |
| Upper secondary | 77 | 7,0 | — | |
| Lower secondary | 400 | 12,9 | — | |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 12 | 0,0 | — | |
| 3 quartile | 100 | 13,1 | — | |
| 2 quartile | 232 | 10,5 | — | |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 153 | 12,4 | — | |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 32 | 8,7 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 139 | 13,8 | 1,27 | 0,34 – 4,73 |
| 2 quartile | 200 | 11,9 | 0,89 | 0,24 – 3,30 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 124 | 13,0 | 1,35 | 0,36 – 5,10 |

Chapter 10. Mortality and mortality trends

Table 1
Total mortality

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|-----------------|-----------|---------|------------|----------------------|-----------|---------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| All ages | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 39871 | 1083,0 | 1,00 | | 18108 | 988,7 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 34945 | 1834,4 | 1,65 | 1,62 – 1,67 | 18336 | 1880,3 | 1,86 | 1,82 – 1,90 |
| 0–14 | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 893 | 101,9 | 1,00 | | 171 | 71,2 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 1296 | 148,9 | 1,40 | 1,29 – 1,53 | 238 | 93,8 | 1,32 | 1,08 – 1,62 |
| 15–24 | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 258 | 62,1 | 1,00 | | 91 | 46,8 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 781 | 174,4 | 2,82 | 2,45 – 3,24 | 358 | 177,0 | 3,79 | 3,01 – 4,76 |
| 25–39 | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 687 | 96,7 | 1,00 | | 311 | 108,6 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 2250 | 322,8 | 3,34 | 3,07 – 3,64 | 1043 | 379,4 | 3,50 | 3,08 – 3,97 |
| 40–54 | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 2092 | 332,4 | 1,00 | | 1210 | 402,9 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 5378 | 964,0 | 2,89 | 2,75 – 3,04 | 3220 | 1 237,9 | 3,07 | 2,87 – 3,28 |
| 55–69 | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 7567 | 1384,9 | 1,00 | | 3350 | 1 259,9 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 11049 | 3152,4 | 2,32 | 2,25 – 2,39 | 6308 | 3 373,6 | 2,68 | 2,57 – 2,79 |
| 70+ | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 28374 | 7503,6 | 1,00 | | 12975 | 6 454,5 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 14191 | 10566,1 | 1,41 | 1,38 – 1,44 | 7169 | 9 771,4 | 1,55 | 1,50 – 1,59 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table 2
Mortality by causes of death, all ages

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Infectious diseases | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 152 | 4,3 | 1,00 | | 91 | 5,8 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 340 | 14,1 | 3,04 | 2,51 – 3,69 | 229 | 19,2 | 3,49 | 2,73 – 4,46 |
| Neoplasms | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 5911 | 175,3 | 1,00 | | 3094 | 179,5 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 6736 | 349,9 | 2,05 | 1,98 – 2,13 | 3563 | 367,4 | 2,11 | 2,01 – 2,21 |
| Circulatory diseases | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 28172 | 747,1 | 1,00 | | 11285 | 594,2 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 18645 | 1095,6 | 1,48 | 1,45 – 1,51 | 8712 | 968,5 | 1,64 | 1,59 – 1,68 |
| Respiratory diseases | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 683 | 19,1 | 1,00 | | 323 | 18,4 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 1181 | 60,4 | 2,88 | 2,62 – 3,17 | 768 | 75,4 | 4,09 | 3,59 – 4,66 |
| Other diseases | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 3062 | 82,7 | 1,00 | | 2350 | 129,5 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 2980 | 126,4 | 1,34 | 1,28 – 1,41 | 1884 | 189,0 | 1,37 | 1,28 – 1,45 |
| Injuries and poisonings | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 1891 | 54,4 | 1,00 | | 956 | 61,2 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 5063 | 188,0 | 3,47 | 3,29 – 3,66 | 3177 | 260,7 | 4,45 | 4,13 – 4,78 |
| Stomach cancer | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 859 | 25,2 | 1,00 | | 347 | 19,8 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 1015 | 53,6 | 2,22 | 2,03 – 2,44 | 415 | 42,6 | 2,25 | 1,94 – 2,59 |
| Lung cancer | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 442 | 13,3 | 1,00 | | 236 | 13,4 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 2198 | 110,7 | 9,19 | 8,29 – 10,18 | 1104 | 110,6 | 8,91 | 7,74 – 10,27 |
| Ischaemic heart disease | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 17214 | 452,0 | 1,00 | | 6653 | 346,2 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 12360 | 728,8 | 1,63 | 1,60 – 1,67 | 5279 | 600,6 | 1,75 | 1,69 – 1,81 |
| Cerebrovascular disease | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 9672 | 258,5 | 1,00 | | 3639 | 191,9 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 4877 | 296,9 | 1,15 | 1,11 – 1,19 | 2221 | 252,7 | 1,33 | 1,26 – 1,40 |
| Chronic respiratory disease | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 392 | 11,4 | 1,00 | | 147 | 8,1 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 633 | 35,4 | 3,15 | 2,77 – 3,58 | 316 | 35,3 | 4,43 | 3,64 – 5,40 |
| Transport accident | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 415 | 12,4 | 1,00 | | 122 | 8,2 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 1128 | 40,3 | 3,33 | 2,97 – 3,73 | 405 | 32,0 | 4,05 | 3,31 – 4,97 |
| Alcohol poisoning | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 108 | 3,3 | 1,00 | | 114 | 7,6 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 457 | 16,7 | 5,81 | 4,70 – 7,17 | 374 | 30,0 | 4,45 | 3,61 – 5,50 |
| Suicide | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 438 | 13,2 | 1,00 | | 180 | 11,3 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 1164 | 45,4 | 3,61 | 3,23 – 4,03 | 664 | 55,6 | 5,00 | 4,24 – 5,90 |
| Homicide | | | | | | | | |
| Women | 116 | 3,5 | 1,00 | | 87 | 5,9 | 1,00 | |
| Men | 358 | 12,5 | 3,77 | 3,05 – 4,65 | 312 | 24,9 | 4,56 | 3,59 – 5,79 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table A
Total mortality, all ages

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 34945 | 1834,4 | — | | 18336 | 1880,3 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 9237 | 1747,4 | 1,00 | | 4738 | 1756,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 12926 | 1769,8 | 1,02 | 0,99 – 1,05 | 7053 | 1931,2 | 1,12 | 1,08 – 1,16 |
| Rural area | 12782 | 1989,7 | 1,21 | 1,18 – 1,24 | 6499 | 1910,8 | 1,09 | 1,05 – 1,13 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 24245 | 1818,9 | 1,00 | | 11616 | 1744,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 7973 | 1891,6 | 0,98 | 0,96 – 1,01 | 5176 | 2284,1 | 1,35 | 1,31 – 1,39 |
| Other | 2721 | 1793,6 | 0,92 | 0,89 – 0,96 | 1480 | 1931,3 | 1,10 | 1,05 – 1,17 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 2160 | 1915,9 | 1,00 | | 1326 | 1438,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 8061 | 2136,0 | 1,34 | 1,27 – 1,40 | 6462 | 2441,5 | 1,91 | 1,80 – 2,03 |
| Lower secondary | 22978 | 2703,6 | 1,73 | 1,65 – 1,81 | 9898 | 3097,6 | 2,38 | 2,25 – 2,53 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 39871 | 1083,0 | — | | 18108 | 988,7 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 11003 | 1071,9 | 1,00 | | 4869 | 948,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 14153 | 1032,0 | 0,96 | 0,94 – 0,98 | 6626 | 968,5 | 1,01 | 0,98 – 1,05 |
| Rural area | 14715 | 1150,7 | 1,12 | 1,09 – 1,15 | 6605 | 1036,2 | 1,13 | 1,09 – 1,17 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 28912 | 1062,7 | 1,00 | | 12313 | 944,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 8419 | 1118,6 | 0,97 | 0,95 – 1,00 | 4704 | 1101,7 | 1,10 | 1,06 – 1,14 |
| Other | 2533 | 1177,6 | 1,02 | 0,98 – 1,06 | 1076 | 993,0 | 0,97 | 0,91 – 1,03 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 1176 | 1201,8 | 1,00 | | 850 | 776,2 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 6847 | 1227,8 | 1,14 | 1,07 – 1,21 | 5044 | 1195,1 | 1,72 | 1,60 – 1,85 |
| Lower secondary | 30781 | 1549,5 | 1,37 | 1,29 – 1,45 | 11897 | 1678,5 | 2,23 | 2,07 – 2,39 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

** Age 20+

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table A.1
Total mortality, age 0–14

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 1296 | 148,9 | — | | 238 | 93,8 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 353 | 140,3 | 1,00 | | 58 | 91,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 469 | 131,6 | 0,92 | 0,80 – 1,06 | 95 | 98,6 | 1,08 | 0,78 – 1,49 |
| Rural area | 474 | 179,7 | 1,22 | 1,06 – 1,40 | 84 | 89,4 | 0,97 | 0,69 – 1,35 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 835 | 156,3 | 1,00 | | 157 | 81,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 376 | 131,8 | 0,82 | 0,72 – 0,92 | 66 | 121,8 | 1,52 | 1,14 – 2,02 |
| Other | 84 | 170,0 | 1,13 | 0,91 – 1,42 | 14 | 212,1 | 2,68 | 1,55 – 4,64 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 893 | 101,9 | — | | 171 | 71,2 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 259 | 102,1 | 1,00 | | 49 | 82,2 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 292 | 81,8 | 0,78 | 0,66 – 0,92 | 59 | 63,8 | 0,77 | 0,53 – 1,13 |
| Rural area | 342 | 127,8 | 1,18 | 1,00 – 1,39 | 63 | 71,7 | 0,86 | 0,59 – 1,25 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 566 | 105,3 | 1,00 | | 124 | 67,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 255 | 87,1 | 0,82 | 0,71 – 0,95 | 40 | 80,7 | 1,19 | 0,83 – 1,70 |
| Other | 70 | 152,5 | 1,42 | 1,11 – 1,83 | 7 | 118,9 | 1,78 | 0,83 – 3,82 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table A.2
Total mortality, age 15–24

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 781 | 174,4 | — | | 358 | 177,0 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 206 | 137,7 | 1,00 | | 95 | 143,6 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 286 | 164,6 | 1,19 | 1,00 – 1,43 | 135 | 181,7 | 1,28 | 0,99 – 1,67 |
| Rural area | 289 | 232,0 | 1,68 | 1,41 – 2,01 | 127 | 210,0 | 1,48 | 1,14 – 1,94 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 462 | 170,3 | 1,00 | | 203 | 147,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 222 | 164,3 | 0,96 | 0,82 – 1,13 | 144 | 265,4 | 1,80 | 1,45 – 2,23 |
| Other | 97 | 239,3 | 1,38 | 1,10 – 1,71 | 11 | 130,7 | 0,88 | 0,48 – 1,62 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 258 | 62,1 | — | | 91 | 46,8 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 74 | 55,9 | 1,00 | | 19 | 28,4 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 93 | 52,8 | 0,94 | 0,70 – 1,28 | 31 | 39,9 | 1,38 | 0,78 – 2,45 |
| Rural area | 91 | 84,8 | 1,51 | 1,11 – 2,05 | 41 | 81,3 | 2,76 | 1,60 – 4,77 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 176 | 64,4 | 1,00 | | 60 | 45,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 64 | 56,5 | 0,88 | 0,66 – 1,17 | 29 | 54,9 | 1,22 | 0,78 – 1,90 |
| Other | 18 | 66,3 | 0,98 | 0,60 – 1,60 | 2 | 24,9 | 0,57 | 0,14 – 2,33 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table A.3
Total mortality, age 25–39

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 2250 | 322,8 | — | | 1043 | 379,4 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 585 | 265,8 | 1,00 | | 269 | 331,4 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 897 | 314,7 | 1,18 | 1,07 – 1,31 | 437 | 428,6 | 1,30 | 1,12 – 1,51 |
| Rural area | 768 | 400,5 | 1,50 | 1,35 – 1,67 | 331 | 363,5 | 1,10 | 0,94 – 1,29 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 1228 | 332,6 | 1,00 | | 556 | 298,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 783 | 316,8 | 0,95 | 0,87 – 1,04 | 407 | 600,6 | 2,01 | 1,77 – 2,29 |
| Other | 239 | 297,9 | 0,90 | 0,78 – 1,03 | 72 | 429,3 | 1,41 | 1,10 – 1,80 |
| Education | | | | | | | | |
| University | 176 | 150,8 | 1,00 | | 38 | 91,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1166 | 265,4 | 1,75 | 1,49 – 2,05 | 712 | 370,8 | 4,08 | 2,95 – 5,66 |
| Lower secondary | 899 | 633,2 | 4,18 | 3,55 – 4,91 | 268 | 792,4 | 8,62 | 6,13 – 12,11 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 687 | 96,7 | — | | 311 | 108,6 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 227 | 96,5 | 1,00 | | 92 | 105,3 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 263 | 86,8 | 0,90 | 0,75 – 1,07 | 124 | 109,7 | 1,05 | 0,80 – 1,37 |
| Rural area | 197 | 114,3 | 1,18 | 0,98 – 1,43 | 94 | 109,8 | 1,06 | 0,79 – 1,41 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 391 | 103,7 | 1,00 | | 179 | 93,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 234 | 89,7 | 0,87 | 0,74 – 1,02 | 107 | 140,0 | 1,50 | 1,18 – 1,91 |
| Other | 62 | 85,0 | 0,83 | 0,63 – 1,08 | 23 | 137,9 | 1,41 | 0,91 – 2,17 |
| Education | | | | | | | | |
| University | 82 | 57,6 | 1,00 | | 39 | 64,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 417 | 85,7 | 1,50 | 1,18 – 1,90 | 200 | 98,7 | 1,55 | 1,10 – 2,19 |
| Lower secondary | 186 | 244,9 | 4,07 | 3,14 – 5,29 | 66 | 389,2 | 5,88 | 3,95 – 8,75 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table A.4
Total mortality, age 40–54

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 5378 | 964,0 | — | | 3220 | 1237,9 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 1575 | 890,8 | 1,00 | | 898 | 1194,6 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 2051 | 911,6 | 1,02 | 0,96 – 1,09 | 1303 | 1346,1 | 1,13 | 1,03 – 1,23 |
| Rural area | 1752 | 1123,1 | 1,26 | 1,18 – 1,35 | 997 | 1132,3 | 0,95 | 0,87 – 1,04 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 3322 | 958,7 | 1,00 | | 1703 | 1053,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 1514 | 997,0 | 1,04 | 0,98 – 1,10 | 1221 | 1635,5 | 1,55 | 1,44 – 1,67 |
| Other | 541 | 909,5 | 0,95 | 0,87 – 1,04 | 263 | 1216,1 | 1,16 | 1,02 – 1,32 |
| Education | | | | | | | | |
| University | 369 | 429,9 | 1,00 | | 205 | 432,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1718 | 815,7 | 1,89 | 1,69 – 2,12 | 1700 | 1174,1 | 2,71 | 2,34 – 3,13 |
| Lower secondary | 3244 | 1259,5 | 2,91 | 2,61 – 3,24 | 1186 | 1981,0 | 4,50 | 3,88 – 5,22 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 2092 | 332,4 | — | | 1210 | 402,9 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 636 | 302,6 | 1,00 | | 390 | 403,0 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 868 | 328,1 | 1,08 | 0,97 – 1,19 | 512 | 433,8 | 1,07 | 0,94 – 1,23 |
| Rural area | 588 | 380,8 | 1,25 | 1,12 – 1,40 | 304 | 354,1 | 0,88 | 0,76 – 1,02 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 1285 | 331,2 | 1,00 | | 595 | 328,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 627 | 335,6 | 1,02 | 0,92 – 1,12 | 520 | 549,5 | 1,67 | 1,49 – 1,88 |
| Other | 180 | 328,9 | 0,98 | 0,84 – 1,15 | 89 | 380,7 | 1,16 | 0,93 – 1,45 |
| Education | | | | | | | | |
| University | 226 | 231,2 | 1,00 | | 117 | 185,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 915 | 303,6 | 1,32 | 1,14 – 1,52 | 762 | 401,1 | 2,19 | 1,80 – 2,66 |
| Lower secondary | 947 | 430,3 | 1,81 | 1,56 – 2,09 | 302 | 813,7 | 4,10 | 3,31 – 5,08 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table A.5
Total mortality, age 55–69

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 11049 | 3152,4 | — | | 6308 | 3373,6 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 3103 | 3071,0 | 1,00 | | 1577 | 3072,4 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 4471 | 3052,5 | 0,98 | 0,94 – 1,03 | 2455 | 3583,0 | 1,17 | 1,09 – 1,24 |
| Rural area | 3475 | 3387,7 | 1,11 | 1,06 – 1,17 | 2262 | 3373,9 | 1,09 | 1,03 – 1,17 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 6967 | 3074,5 | 1,00 | | 3941 | 3066,8 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 3060 | 3368,8 | 1,10 | 1,05 – 1,15 | 1753 | 4283,2 | 1,39 | 1,32 – 1,47 |
| Other | 1020 | 3108,1 | 1,01 | 0,95 – 1,08 | 594 | 3659,8 | 1,19 | 1,09 – 1,29 |
| Education | | | | | | | | |
| University | 797 | 2191,7 | 1,00 | | 533 | 1782,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 2589 | 2887,6 | 1,35 | 1,24 – 1,46 | 2102 | 3304,9 | 1,86 | 1,69 – 2,05 |
| Lower secondary | 7610 | 3395,6 | 1,60 | 1,48 – 1,72 | 3565 | 4013,9 | 2,26 | 2,06 – 2,48 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 7567 | 1384,9 | — | | 3350 | 1259,9 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 2248 | 1389,7 | 1,00 | | 915 | 1177,7 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 3064 | 1361,4 | 0,98 | 0,92 – 1,03 | 1385 | 1331,6 | 1,13 | 1,04 – 1,23 |
| Rural area | 2255 | 1421,5 | 1,02 | 0,97 – 1,09 | 1049 | 1244,8 | 1,06 | 0,97 – 1,16 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 4565 | 1313,4 | 1,00 | | 2008 | 1136,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 2387 | 1514,6 | 1,15 | 1,10 – 1,21 | 1099 | 1604,1 | 1,40 | 1,30 – 1,50 |
| Other | 614 | 1504,2 | 1,14 | 1,05 – 1,24 | 240 | 1240,4 | 1,09 | 0,95 – 1,24 |
| Education | | | | | | | | |
| University | 389 | 1064,6 | 1,00 | | 274 | 716,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1883 | 1267,5 | 1,22 | 1,09 – 1,36 | 1304 | 1206,0 | 1,69 | 1,48 – 1,92 |
| Lower secondary | 5279 | 1462,9 | 1,41 | 1,27 – 1,56 | 1738 | 1582,3 | 2,20 | 1,94 – 2,50 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table A.6
Total mortality, age 70+

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|---------|------------|----------------------|-----------|---------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 14191 | 10566,1 | — | | 7169 | 9771,4 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 3415 | 10135,6 | 1,00 | | 1841 | 9347,7 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 4752 | 10334,0 | 1,01 | 0,97 – 1,06 | 2628 | 9657,0 | 1,05 | 0,99 – 1,11 |
| Rural area | 6024 | 11045,3 | 1,07 | 1,03 – 1,12 | 2698 | 10160,0 | 1,09 | 1,03 – 1,16 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 11431 | 10453,4 | 1,00 | | 5056 | 9384,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 2018 | 11058,9 | 1,08 | 1,03 – 1,13 | 1585 | 11392,5 | 1,25 | 1,18 – 1,32 |
| Other | 739 | 10649,5 | 1,03 | 0,95 – 1,11 | 526 | 10079,9 | 1,07 | 0,98 – 1,18 |
| Education | | | | | | | | |
| University | 803 | 9870,4 | 1,00 | | 543 | 7193,2 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 2278 | 9711,7 | 0,97 | 0,90 – 1,05 | 1819 | 10016,8 | 1,50 | 1,37 – 1,65 |
| Lower secondary | 11088 | 10817,2 | 1,09 | 1,02 – 1,17 | 4780 | 10612,7 | 1,60 | 1,47 – 1,75 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 28374 | 7503,6 | — | | 12975 | 6454,5 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 7559 | 7429,3 | 1,00 | | 3404 | 6311,9 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 9573 | 7095,5 | 0,95 | 0,93 – 0,98 | 4515 | 6191,3 | 0,98 | 0,94 – 1,03 |
| Rural area | 11242 | 7945,3 | 1,08 | 1,04 – 1,11 | 5054 | 6793,2 | 1,08 | 1,04 – 1,13 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 21929 | 7323,7 | 1,00 | | 9347 | 6189,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 4852 | 7985,4 | 1,09 | 1,06 – 1,13 | 2909 | 7388,6 | 1,20 | 1,15 – 1,25 |
| Other | 1582 | 8344,5 | 1,14 | 1,09 – 1,20 | 715 | 6892,6 | 1,12 | 1,04 – 1,21 |
| Education | | | | | | | | |
| University | 474 | 6687,4 | 1,00 | | 416 | 4807,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 3528 | 6505,6 | 0,96 | 0,88 – 1,03 | 2749 | 6331,5 | 1,42 | 1,28 – 1,58 |
| Lower secondary | 24343 | 7682,4 | 1,13 | 1,03 – 1,23 | 9776 | 6975,6 | 1,57 | 1,42 – 1,73 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table B
Mortality from infectious and parasitic diseases, all ages

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 340 | 14,1 | — | | 229 | 19,2 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 79 | 10,7 | 1,00 | | 65 | 18,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 137 | 14,1 | 1,29 | 0,98 – 1,71 | 89 | 19,6 | 1,05 | 0,76 – 1,44 |
| Rural area | 124 | 16,9 | 1,56 | 1,18 – 2,07 | 73 | 18,4 | 0,92 | 0,66 – 1,29 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 242 | 15,3 | 1,00 | | 144 | 18,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 70 | 12,1 | 0,67 | 0,51 – 0,87 | 64 | 20,1 | 1,24 | 0,93 – 1,67 |
| Other | 28 | 11,5 | 0,80 | 0,54 – 1,19 | 17 | 18,5 | 1,10 | 0,67 – 1,82 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 13 | 9,3 | 1,00 | | 7 | 8,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 52 | 10,6 | 1,26 | 0,69 – 2,32 | 79 | 16,6 | 3,33 | 1,53 – 7,22 |
| Lower secondary | 213 | 25,0 | 4,12 | 2,34 – 7,26 | 118 | 49,9 | 7,88 | 3,67 – 16,92 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 152 | 4,3 | — | | 91 | 5,8 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 58 | 5,8 | 1,00 | | 40 | 8,7 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 48 | 3,3 | 0,62 | 0,42 – 0,91 | 28 | 4,5 | 0,54 | 0,33 – 0,87 |
| Rural area | 46 | 4,3 | 0,84 | 0,57 – 1,24 | 22 | 4,5 | 0,52 | 0,31 – 0,87 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 107 | 4,7 | 1,00 | | 49 | 4,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 31 | 3,3 | 0,66 | 0,44 – 0,98 | 31 | 7,4 | 1,61 | 1,03 – 2,53 |
| Other | 14 | 5,7 | 1,12 | 0,64 – 1,95 | 10 | 10,7 | 2,15 | 1,09 – 4,25 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 8 | 6,1 | 1,00 | | 4 | 2,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 40 | 5,4 | 1,29 | 0,60 – 2,75 | 35 | 6,6 | 2,61 | 0,93 – 7,36 |
| Lower secondary | 74 | 6,1 | 1,40 | 0,65 – 3,02 | 41 | 21,9 | 4,98 | 1,74 – 14,29 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

** Age 20+

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table C
Mortality from neoplasms, all ages

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 6736 | 349,9 | — | | 3563 | 367,4 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 2015 | 378,9 | 1,00 | | 943 | 363,0 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 2644 | 345,2 | 0,95 | 0,90 – 1,01 | 1342 | 371,9 | 1,06 | 0,98 – 1,15 |
| Rural area | 2077 | 336,6 | 0,88 | 0,82 – 0,93 | 1275 | 366,8 | 1,06 | 0,97 – 1,15 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 4346 | 330,6 | 1,00 | | 2371 | 355,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 1837 | 424,7 | 1,34 | 1,26 – 1,41 | 934 | 431,8 | 1,24 | 1,15 – 1,34 |
| Other | 551 | 352,0 | 1,09 | 1,00 – 1,19 | 256 | 322,7 | 0,94 | 0,83 – 1,07 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 457 | 365,2 | 1,00 | | 301 | 324,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1719 | 473,2 | 1,35 | 1,21 – 1,49 | 1248 | 539,4 | 1,72 | 1,52 – 1,95 |
| Lower secondary | 4473 | 496,6 | 1,60 | 1,45 – 1,77 | 1986 | 562,7 | 1,90 | 1,68 – 2,15 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 5911 | 175,3 | — | | 3094 | 179,5 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 1976 | 201,2 | 1,00 | | 1046 | 209,6 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 2400 | 181,8 | 0,91 | 0,85 – 0,96 | 1156 | 175,1 | 0,83 | 0,76 – 0,90 |
| Rural area | 1535 | 146,3 | 0,71 | 0,66 – 0,75 | 892 | 159,9 | 0,74 | 0,68 – 0,81 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 3941 | 171,0 | 1,00 | | 2057 | 176,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 1529 | 187,9 | 1,13 | 1,06 – 1,20 | 844 | 194,4 | 1,12 | 1,04 – 1,22 |
| Other | 439 | 190,4 | 1,15 | 1,04 – 1,27 | 192 | 169,9 | 0,99 | 0,85 – 1,15 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 390 | 255,7 | 1,00 | | 286 | 198,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1688 | 261,0 | 1,03 | 0,92 – 1,15 | 1284 | 279,0 | 1,36 | 1,19 – 1,54 |
| Lower secondary | 3763 | 231,9 | 0,92 | 0,82 – 1,02 | 1506 | 261,9 | 1,14 | 1,00 – 1,30 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

**Age 20+

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table D
Mortality from circulatory diseases, all ages

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 18645 | 1095,6 | — | | 8712 | 968,5 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 4618 | 999,2 | 1,00 | | 2171 | 878,6 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 6698 | 1053,4 | 1,04 | 1,00 – 1,08 | 3293 | 976,8 | 1,13 | 1,07 – 1,19 |
| Rural area | 7329 | 1211,4 | 1,22 | 1,18 – 1,27 | 3238 | 1022,3 | 1,16 | 1,10 – 1,22 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 13852 | 1106,4 | 1,00 | | 5692 | 911,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 3496 | 1049,4 | 0,95 | 0,91 – 0,98 | 2265 | 1128,3 | 1,29 | 1,23 – 1,36 |
| Other | 1295 | 1030,4 | 0,93 | 0,88 – 0,99 | 742 | 1026,6 | 1,15 | 1,07 – 1,24 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 1210 | 1240,9 | 1,00 | | 632 | 755,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 3765 | 1260,3 | 1,13 | 1,06 – 1,21 | 2736 | 1260,8 | 1,85 | 1,70 – 2,02 |
| Lower secondary | 13600 | 1584,8 | 1,44 | 1,36 – 1,53 | 5252 | 1553,0 | 2,23 | 2,06 – 2,43 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 28172 | 747,1 | — | | 11285 | 594,2 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 7252 | 702,4 | 1,00 | | 2863 | 542,9 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 9641 | 699,8 | 1,00 | 0,97 – 1,03 | 3978 | 566,1 | 1,03 | 0,98 – 1,08 |
| Rural area | 11279 | 831,5 | 1,19 | 1,15 – 1,22 | 4449 | 661,0 | 1,24 | 1,18 – 1,30 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 21165 | 735,3 | 1,00 | | 7891 | 576,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 5368 | 759,5 | 1,02 | 0,99 – 1,05 | 2736 | 636,0 | 1,06 | 1,02 – 1,12 |
| Other | 1637 | 792,3 | 1,05 | 1,00 – 1,10 | 650 | 588,9 | 0,99 | 0,91 – 1,07 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 549 | 791,7 | 1,00 | | 399 | 448,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 3832 | 790,1 | 1,12 | 1,03 – 1,23 | 2669 | 692,7 | 1,79 | 1,61 – 1,99 |
| Lower secondary | 23736 | 1074,1 | 1,51 | 1,39 – 1,65 | 8171 | 979,9 | 2,42 | 2,18 – 2,68 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

** Age 20+

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table E
Mortality from respiratory diseases, all ages

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 1181 | 60,4 | — | | 768 | 75,4 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 270 | 49,9 | 1,00 | | 184 | 64,7 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 471 | 62,5 | 1,27 | 1,10 – 1,48 | 333 | 86,4 | 1,36 | 1,14 – 1,63 |
| Rural area | 440 | 68,2 | 1,46 | 1,25 – 1,70 | 247 | 71,5 | 1,07 | 0,88 – 1,29 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 779 | 57,5 | 1,00 | | 419 | 61,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 314 | 76,0 | 1,16 | 1,02 – 1,33 | 274 | 110,6 | 1,96 | 1,69 – 2,29 |
| Other | 88 | 63,0 | 0,90 | 0,72 – 1,13 | 68 | 85,4 | 1,41 | 1,09 – 1,82 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 39 | 37,5 | 1,00 | | 40 | 45,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 179 | 52,1 | 1,64 | 1,16 – 2,31 | 261 | 90,1 | 2,48 | 1,77 – 3,46 |
| Lower secondary | 862 | 98,6 | 3,70 | 2,68 – 5,11 | 424 | 135,3 | 3,57 | 2,58 – 4,95 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 683 | 19,1 | — | | 323 | 18,4 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 166 | 16,1 | 1,00 | | 81 | 16,3 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 293 | 21,3 | 1,32 | 1,09 – 1,60 | 124 | 18,7 | 1,15 | 0,87 – 1,52 |
| Rural area | 224 | 20,0 | 1,30 | 1,07 – 1,59 | 118 | 20,2 | 1,27 | 0,95 – 1,68 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 423 | 17,2 | 1,00 | | 202 | 16,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 191 | 23,2 | 1,20 | 1,01 – 1,43 | 101 | 24,2 | 1,37 | 1,08 – 1,74 |
| Other | 69 | 30,9 | 1,56 | 1,21 – 2,02 | 18 | 15,9 | 0,95 | 0,58 – 1,53 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 22 | 19,5 | 1,00 | | 18 | 15,9 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 119 | 19,5 | 1,28 | 0,81 – 2,02 | 91 | 19,5 | 1,53 | 0,92 – 2,53 |
| Lower secondary | 465 | 31,5 | 1,94 | 1,25 – 3,02 | 200 | 33,8 | 2,36 | 1,43 – 3,87 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

** Age 20+

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table F
Mortality from other diseases, all ages

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 2980 | 126,4 | — | | 1884 | 189,0 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 904 | 141,4 | 1,00 | | 573 | 200,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1098 | 120,2 | 0,91 | 0,83 – 0,99 | 711 | 191,9 | 0,94 | 0,84 – 1,05 |
| Rural area | 978 | 127,0 | 1,08 | 0,99 – 1,19 | 599 | 175,2 | 0,84 | 0,75 – 0,94 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 1996 | 125,9 | 1,00 | | 1200 | 175,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 743 | 133,6 | 0,85 | 0,78 – 0,92 | 546 | 241,5 | 1,33 | 1,20 – 1,47 |
| Other | 240 | 138,3 | 0,83 | 0,73 – 0,95 | 130 | 184,9 | 0,95 | 0,79 – 1,14 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 176 | 147,9 | 1,00 | | 152 | 154,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 616 | 149,8 | 1,22 | 1,03 – 1,45 | 621 | 215,4 | 1,54 | 1,29 – 1,85 |
| Lower secondary | 1402 | 168,2 | 1,47 | 1,26 – 1,73 | 941 | 319,4 | 2,10 | 1,76 – 2,50 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 3062 | 82,7 | — | | 2350 | 129,5 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 959 | 89,9 | 1,00 | | 595 | 119,7 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1082 | 75,7 | 0,84 | 0,77 – 0,92 | 931 | 136,6 | 1,17 | 1,06 – 1,30 |
| Rural area | 1021 | 87,6 | 1,09 | 1,00 – 1,19 | 824 | 128,1 | 1,19 | 1,07 – 1,32 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 2074 | 82,2 | 1,00 | | 1588 | 121,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 751 | 84,3 | 0,87 | 0,80 – 0,95 | 628 | 152,1 | 1,10 | 1,00 – 1,21 |
| Other | 236 | 100,8 | 1,01 | 0,88 – 1,16 | 135 | 134,9 | 0,92 | 0,77 – 1,09 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 91 | 65,8 | 1,00 | | 86 | 74,0 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 620 | 91,9 | 1,63 | 1,31 – 2,03 | 576 | 131,7 | 1,95 | 1,56 – 2,45 |
| Lower secondary | 1768 | 118,0 | 1,89 | 1,52 – 2,35 | 1568 | 229,5 | 3,00 | 2,41 – 3,74 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

** Age 20+

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table G
Mortality from injuries and poisonings, all ages

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 5063 | 188,0 | — | | 3177 | 260,7 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 1351 | 167,2 | 1,00 | | 802 | 231,0 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1878 | 174,4 | 1,04 | 0,97 – 1,12 | 1285 | 284,6 | 1,23 | 1,13 – 1,34 |
| Rural area | 1834 | 229,7 | 1,38 | 1,29 – 1,49 | 1067 | 256,6 | 1,10 | 1,00 – 1,21 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 3030 | 183,4 | 1,00 | | 1790 | 222,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 1513 | 195,8 | 1,08 | 1,02 – 1,15 | 1093 | 351,9 | 1,69 | 1,57 – 1,83 |
| Other | 519 | 198,3 | 1,17 | 1,06 – 1,28 | 267 | 293,2 | 1,44 | 1,27 – 1,64 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 265 | 115,1 | 1,00 | | 194 | 150,2 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1730 | 189,9 | 1,75 | 1,54 – 1,99 | 1517 | 319,2 | 2,22 | 1,91 – 2,58 |
| Lower secondary | 2428 | 330,4 | 3,22 | 2,83 – 3,66 | 1177 | 477,3 | 2,95 | 2,53 – 3,44 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 1891 | 54,4 | — | | 956 | 61,2 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 592 | 56,5 | 1,00 | | 244 | 51,7 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 689 | 50,0 | 0,87 | 0,78 – 0,97 | 409 | 67,5 | 1,28 | 1,09 – 1,50 |
| Rural area | 610 | 60,9 | 1,08 | 0,96 – 1,20 | 300 | 62,6 | 1,16 | 0,98 – 1,37 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 1202 | 52,3 | 1,00 | | 519 | 49,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 549 | 60,4 | 1,06 | 0,96 – 1,18 | 364 | 87,8 | 1,79 | 1,56 – 2,05 |
| Other | 138 | 57,4 | 1,00 | 0,84 – 1,19 | 71 | 72,7 | 1,44 | 1,13 – 1,85 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 116 | 63,0 | 1,00 | | 57 | 37,0 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 548 | 60,0 | 1,24 | 1,01 – 1,51 | 389 | 65,6 | 2,03 | 1,54 – 2,69 |
| Lower secondary | 975 | 87,8 | 1,61 | 1,32 – 1,98 | 411 | 151,5 | 3,59 | 2,70 – 4,78 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

** Age 20+

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table H
Mortality from stomach cancer, all ages

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 1015 | 53,6 | — | | 415 | 42,6 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 331 | 63,2 | 1,00 | | 117 | 44,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 390 | 52,3 | 0,85 | 0,74 – 0,99 | 164 | 44,0 | 1,05 | 0,82 – 1,33 |
| Rural area | 294 | 47,5 | 0,74 | 0,63 – 0,87 | 134 | 39,6 | 0,89 | 0,70 – 1,15 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 591 | 45,6 | 1,00 | | 252 | 38,0 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 332 | 80,4 | 1,86 | 1,62 – 2,13 | 132 | 59,8 | 1,66 | 1,34 – 2,05 |
| Other | 92 | 59,0 | 1,39 | 1,11 – 1,73 | 31 | 38,3 | 1,07 | 0,74 – 1,56 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 71 | 55,1 | 1,00 | | 31 | 31,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 251 | 71,8 | 1,27 | 0,98 – 1,65 | 154 | 63,1 | 2,07 | 1,40 – 3,04 |
| Lower secondary | 690 | 76,3 | 1,55 | 1,21 – 1,98 | 229 | 63,2 | 2,12 | 1,45 – 3,10 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 859 | 25,2 | — | | 347 | 19,8 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 271 | 27,8 | 1,00 | | 109 | 21,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 371 | 27,9 | 1,02 | 0,87 – 1,20 | 141 | 20,8 | 0,97 | 0,75 – 1,24 |
| Rural area | 217 | 19,5 | 0,70 | 0,59 – 0,84 | 97 | 17,0 | 0,76 | 0,58 – 1,00 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 517 | 21,8 | 1,00 | | 203 | 17,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 271 | 35,0 | 1,64 | 1,41 – 1,90 | 118 | 26,6 | 1,62 | 1,29 – 2,04 |
| Other | 70 | 30,5 | 1,49 | 1,16 – 1,91 | 26 | 23,1 | 1,38 | 0,92 – 2,08 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 38 | 24,9 | 1,00 | | 24 | 16,0 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 208 | 33,3 | 1,27 | 0,90 – 1,79 | 124 | 27,4 | 1,55 | 1,00 – 2,40 |
| Lower secondary | 613 | 35,8 | 1,37 | 0,97 – 1,92 | 199 | 31,8 | 1,68 | 1,09 – 2,61 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

** Age 20+

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table I
Mortality from lung cancer, all ages

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 2198 | 110,7 | — | | 1104 | 110,6 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 633 | 112,5 | 1,00 | | 253 | 94,4 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 907 | 114,5 | 1,04 | 0,94 – 1,15 | 408 | 109,8 | 1,20 | 1,03 – 1,41 |
| Rural area | 658 | 106,3 | 0,88 | 0,79 – 0,99 | 441 | 123,7 | 1,36 | 1,17 – 1,59 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 1340 | 100,2 | 1,00 | | 722 | 105,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 666 | 144,8 | 1,58 | 1,44 – 1,74 | 291 | 134,2 | 1,27 | 1,11 – 1,46 |
| Other | 192 | 112,6 | 1,24 | 1,06 – 1,44 | 89 | 107,1 | 1,08 | 0,86 – 1,34 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 100 | 76,6 | 1,00 | | 60 | 61,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 506 | 132,4 | 1,79 | 1,45 – 2,22 | 351 | 150,7 | 2,41 | 1,83 – 3,17 |
| Lower secondary | 1589 | 170,2 | 2,74 | 2,24 – 3,36 | 686 | 188,0 | 3,34 | 2,56 – 4,36 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 442 | 13,3 | — | | 236 | 13,4 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 182 | 19,1 | 1,00 | | 82 | 16,2 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 159 | 12,3 | 0,65 | 0,53 – 0,81 | 92 | 13,6 | 0,84 | 0,62 – 1,13 |
| Rural area | 101 | 9,8 | 0,49 | 0,38 – 0,63 | 62 | 11,3 | 0,64 | 0,46 – 0,89 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 282 | 12,6 | 1,00 | | 158 | 13,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 130 | 15,9 | 1,41 | 1,14 – 1,73 | 60 | 13,6 | 1,07 | 0,79 – 1,44 |
| Other | 30 | 12,8 | 1,14 | 0,78 – 1,67 | 18 | 16,3 | 1,18 | 0,76 – 2,01 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 22 | 17,4 | 1,00 | | 18 | 15,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 135 | 24,3 | 1,42 | 0,90 – 2,23 | 94 | 22,1 | 1,55 | 0,94 – 2,57 |
| Lower secondary | 285 | 17,4 | 1,10 | 0,70 – 1,72 | 124 | 21,9 | 1,27 | 0,76 – 2,11 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

** Age 20+

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table J
Mortality from breast cancer, all ages

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 794 | 23,8 | — | | 520 | 31,5 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 297 | 29,5 | 1,00 | | 182 | 37,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 328 | 24,5 | 0,83 | 0,71 – 0,97 | 206 | 32,6 | 0,86 | 0,70 – 1,04 |
| Rural area | 169 | 17,3 | 0,54 | 0,45 – 0,66 | 132 | 24,8 | 0,65 | 0,52 – 0,81 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 511 | 23,4 | 1,00 | | 327 | 29,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 208 | 23,5 | 1,09 | 0,93 – 1,29 | 148 | 34,2 | 1,20 | 0,99 – 1,46 |
| Other | 75 | 30,4 | 1,42 | 1,11 – 1,81 | 45 | 39,0 | 1,43 | 1,05 – 1,95 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 97 | 47,6 | 1,00 | | 46 | 24,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 273 | 36,2 | 0,71 | 0,56 – 0,89 | 258 | 50,4 | 1,72 | 1,26 – 2,35 |
| Lower secondary | 423 | 29,2 | 0,55 | 0,44 – 0,70 | 214 | 45,1 | 1,33 | 0,95 – 1,84 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

** Age 20+

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table K
Mortality from ischaemic heart disease, all ages

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 12360 | 728,8 | — | | 5279 | 600,6 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 2786 | 602,4 | 1,00 | | 1138 | 473,6 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 4565 | 721,1 | 1,18 | 1,12 – 1,23 | 2121 | 645,5 | 1,38 | 1,28 – 1,48 |
| Rural area | 5009 | 827,1 | 1,37 | 1,31 – 1,44 | 2017 | 647,8 | 1,37 | 1,27 – 1,47 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 9260 | 740,1 | 1,00 | | 3461 | 563,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 2256 | 682,9 | 0,93 | 0,88 – 0,97 | 1363 | 710,9 | 1,31 | 1,23 – 1,39 |
| Other | 843 | 674,1 | 0,92 | 0,86 – 0,99 | 449 | 631,0 | 1,16 | 1,05 – 1,28 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 823 | 838,9 | 1,00 | | 375 | 466,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 2421 | 809,7 | 1,07 | 0,99 – 1,16 | 1584 | 760,4 | 1,84 | 1,65 – 2,06 |
| Lower secondary | 9085 | 1056,8 | 1,39 | 1,30 – 1,50 | 3279 | 955,5 | 2,25 | 2,02 – 2,50 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 17214 | 452,0 | — | | 6653 | 346,2 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 3799 | 366,1 | 1,00 | | 1433 | 270,2 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 6158 | 445,7 | 1,22 | 1,17 – 1,27 | 2500 | 352,5 | 1,29 | 1,21 – 1,38 |
| Rural area | 7257 | 523,9 | 1,44 | 1,38 – 1,50 | 2723 | 396,1 | 1,49 | 1,40 – 1,59 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 13162 | 449,5 | 1,00 | | 4734 | 339,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 3108 | 446,7 | 0,98 | 0,95 – 1,02 | 1542 | 359,1 | 1,03 | 0,97 – 1,09 |
| Other | 942 | 460,1 | 1,00 | 0,93 – 1,07 | 375 | 339,3 | 0,98 | 0,88 – 1,09 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 310 | 470,7 | 1,00 | | 222 | 262,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 2131 | 449,9 | 1,05 | 0,93 – 1,18 | 1444 | 385,5 | 1,67 | 1,45 – 1,93 |
| Lower secondary | 14749 | 649,9 | 1,50 | 1,34 – 1,68 | 4961 | 563,8 | 2,36 | 2,06 – 2,70 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

** Age 20+

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table L
Mortality from cerebrovascular disease, all ages

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 4877 | 296,9 | — | | 2221 | 252,7 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 1375 | 315,9 | 1,00 | | 695 | 291,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1616 | 266,2 | 0,84 | 0,78 – 0,91 | 705 | 213,7 | 0,75 | 0,68 – 0,83 |
| Rural area | 1886 | 317,5 | 1,02 | 0,95 – 1,10 | 818 | 262,0 | 0,91 | 0,82 – 1,00 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 3643 | 297,0 | 1,00 | | 1479 | 240,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 912 | 290,6 | 1,00 | 0,93 – 1,07 | 551 | 285,4 | 1,24 | 1,12 – 1,36 |
| Other | 321 | 287,5 | 0,93 | 0,83 – 1,04 | 187 | 269,5 | 1,13 | 0,97 – 1,31 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 294 | 328,5 | 1,00 | | 164 | 206,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 972 | 358,8 | 1,20 | 1,05 – 1,36 | 705 | 348,8 | 1,88 | 1,59 – 2,23 |
| Lower secondary | 3594 | 423,4 | 1,45 | 1,28 – 1,63 | 1331 | 387,1 | 2,07 | 1,76 – 2,44 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 9672 | 258,5 | — | | 3639 | 191,9 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 3038 | 294,3 | 1,00 | | 1148 | 217,0 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 2999 | 218,7 | 0,74 | 0,70 – 0,78 | 1101 | 156,8 | 0,71 | 0,65 – 0,77 |
| Rural area | 3635 | 273,8 | 0,92 | 0,87 – 0,96 | 1392 | 209,9 | 0,96 | 0,89 – 1,04 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 7183 | 252,7 | 1,00 | | 2541 | 186,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 1899 | 268,3 | 1,05 | 1,00 – 1,11 | 888 | 206,3 | 1,08 | 1,00 – 1,16 |
| Other | 590 | 284,5 | 1,11 | 1,02 – 1,20 | 211 | 192,3 | 1,00 | 0,87 – 1,15 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 199 | 284,8 | 1,00 | | 136 | 148,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1423 | 296,6 | 1,17 | 1,01 – 1,36 | 918 | 240,3 | 1,80 | 1,51 – 2,16 |
| Lower secondary | 8036 | 369,3 | 1,45 | 1,26 – 1,67 | 2572 | 306,2 | 2,22 | 1,86 – 2,64 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

** Age 20+

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table M
Mortality from chronic respiratory disease, all ages

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 633 | 35,4 | — | | 316 | 35,3 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 154 | 30,1 | 1,00 | | 62 | 25,2 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 243 | 35,9 | 1,14 | 0,93 – 1,39 | 120 | 35,9 | 1,43 | 1,05 – 1,95 |
| Rural area | 236 | 39,5 | 1,24 | 1,01 – 1,52 | 134 | 42,3 | 1,66 | 1,23 – 2,25 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 422 | 33,4 | 1,00 | | 207 | 33,0 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 165 | 45,2 | 1,35 | 1,13 – 1,63 | 81 | 43,2 | 1,30 | 1,01 – 1,69 |
| Other | 46 | 35,3 | 1,01 | 0,75 – 1,38 | 28 | 39,8 | 1,21 | 0,81 – 1,79 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 23 | 22,9 | 1,00 | | 16 | 20,2 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 93 | 29,4 | 1,46 | 0,93 – 2,31 | 85 | 43,3 | 2,33 | 1,36 – 3,98 |
| Lower secondary | 506 | 57,5 | 3,28 | 2,16 – 5,00 | 211 | 59,1 | 3,32 | 2,00 – 5,54 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 392 | 11,4 | — | | 147 | 8,1 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 97 | 9,9 | 1,00 | | 28 | 5,6 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 162 | 12,3 | 1,25 | 0,97 – 1,60 | 53 | 7,6 | 1,41 | 0,89 – 2,23 |
| Rural area | 133 | 12,1 | 1,19 | 0,92 – 1,55 | 66 | 10,8 | 1,97 | 1,26 – 3,06 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 249 | 10,4 | 1,00 | | 108 | 8,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 103 | 14,2 | 1,31 | 1,04 – 1,65 | 35 | 8,1 | 0,93 | 0,64 – 1,37 |
| Other | 40 | 18,5 | 1,78 | 1,27 – 2,49 | 4 | 3,8 | 0,41 | 0,15 – 1,12 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 9 | 7,9 | 1,00 | | 8 | 6,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 78 | 12,5 | 2,01 | 1,01 – 4,01 | 35 | 8,0 | 1,28 | 0,59 – 2,76 |
| Lower secondary | 302 | 17,9 | 2,87 | 1,46 – 5,66 | 103 | 13,5 | 2,18 | 1,04 – 4,56 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

** Age 20+

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table N
Mortality from transport accident, all ages

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 1128 | 40,3 | — | | 405 | 32,0 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 274 | 33,9 | 1,00 | | 60 | 17,4 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 390 | 35,3 | 1,07 | 0,92 – 1,25 | 137 | 28,7 | 1,75 | 1,29 – 2,37 |
| Rural area | 464 | 56,1 | 1,75 | 1,51 – 2,03 | 206 | 48,4 | 2,86 | 2,14 – 3,81 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 726 | 42,6 | 1,00 | | 287 | 33,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 296 | 36,0 | 0,85 | 0,74 – 0,97 | 85 | 25,2 | 0,82 | 0,64 – 1,04 |
| Other | 105 | 43,4 | 0,98 | 0,80 – 1,20 | 32 | 42,7 | 1,18 | 0,82 – 1,70 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 65 | 26,2 | 1,00 | | 22 | 17,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 432 | 41,9 | 1,68 | 1,29 – 2,18 | 191 | 38,3 | 2,18 | 1,40 – 3,40 |
| Lower secondary | 441 | 64,5 | 2,64 | 2,03 – 3,44 | 142 | 59,8 | 3,44 | 2,20 – 5,40 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 415 | 12,4 | — | | 122 | 8,2 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 147 | 14,5 | 1,00 | | 26 | 5,5 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 143 | 10,4 | 0,73 | 0,58 – 0,92 | 37 | 6,5 | 1,09 | 0,66 – 1,80 |
| Rural area | 125 | 13,3 | 0,91 | 0,72 – 1,16 | 59 | 13,6 | 2,17 | 1,37 – 3,44 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 271 | 12,5 | 1,00 | | 91 | 9,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 116 | 12,4 | 0,95 | 0,76 – 1,18 | 19 | 4,8 | 0,53 | 0,33 – 0,87 |
| Other | 28 | 11,6 | 0,87 | 0,59 – 1,29 | 12 | 11,3 | 1,51 | 0,82 – 2,76 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 31 | 18,5 | 1,00 | | 11 | 6,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 139 | 12,7 | 1,18 | 0,80 – 1,73 | 52 | 8,3 | 1,34 | 0,70 – 2,57 |
| Lower secondary | 177 | 17,4 | 1,42 | 0,94 – 2,13 | 37 | 20,1 | 2,42 | 1,20 – 4,86 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

** Age 20+

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table O
Mortality from alcohol poisoning, all ages

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 457 | 16,7 | — | | 374 | 30,0 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 137 | 16,3 | 1,00 | | 112 | 30,7 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 194 | 17,5 | 1,06 | 0,85 – 1,31 | 169 | 37,2 | 1,16 | 0,91 – 1,47 |
| Rural area | 126 | 16,2 | 0,92 | 0,72 – 1,17 | 89 | 20,7 | 0,65 | 0,50 – 0,87 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 215 | 12,8 | 1,00 | | 176 | 21,8 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 182 | 24,1 | 1,98 | 1,62 – 2,41 | 154 | 47,8 | 2,44 | 1,96 – 3,03 |
| Other | 60 | 21,1 | 1,95 | 1,46 – 2,59 | 40 | 39,5 | 2,15 | 1,53 – 3,04 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 22 | 7,8 | 1,00 | | 18 | 10,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 139 | 14,9 | 1,69 | 1,07 – 2,65 | 200 | 39,9 | 3,14 | 1,94 – 5,10 |
| Lower secondary | 282 | 34,6 | 4,54 | 2,93 – 7,04 | 137 | 59,9 | 3,71 | 2,26 – 6,07 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 108 | 3,3 | — | | 114 | 7,6 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 27 | 2,5 | 1,00 | | 35 | 7,5 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 48 | 3,6 | 1,33 | 0,83 – 2,13 | 54 | 9,2 | 1,18 | 0,77 – 1,81 |
| Rural area | 33 | 3,9 | 1,28 | 0,77 – 2,13 | 24 | 5,2 | 0,65 | 0,39 – 1,09 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 43 | 2,2 | 1,00 | | 43 | 4,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 54 | 5,5 | 2,96 | 1,98 – 4,44 | 65 | 15,7 | 3,85 | 2,62 – 5,66 |
| Other | 11 | 4,1 | 2,24 | 1,16 – 4,35 | 6 | 5,3 | 1,48 | 0,63 – 3,49 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 1 | 0,3 | 1,00 | | 6 | 2,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 31 | 2,8 | 7,81 | 1,07 – 57,24 | 57 | 8,7 | 2,73 | 1,18 – 6,34 |
| Lower secondary | 74 | 8,4 | 32,43 | 4,45 – 236,48 | 45 | 25,1 | 4,91 | 2,05 – 11,73 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

** from age 20

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table P
Mortality from suicide, all ages

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 1164 | 45,4 | — | | 664 | 55,6 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 287 | 37,0 | 1,00 | | 167 | 48,3 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 429 | 42,1 | 1,12 | 0,96 – 1,30 | 266 | 60,3 | 1,22 | 1,01 – 1,48 |
| Rural area | 448 | 59,1 | 1,57 | 1,35 – 1,82 | 229 | 56,5 | 1,13 | 0,93 – 1,38 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 726 | 46,2 | 1,00 | | 399 | 50,8 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 322 | 43,6 | 1,00 | 0,88 – 1,14 | 212 | 68,9 | 1,48 | 1,25 – 1,74 |
| Other | 116 | 44,9 | 1,10 | 0,90 – 1,34 | 52 | 58,0 | 1,25 | 0,94 – 1,68 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 65 | 25,5 | 1,00 | | 48 | 33,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 380 | 43,5 | 1,58 | 1,21 – 2,06 | 335 | 71,5 | 1,99 | 1,47 – 2,69 |
| Lower secondary | 646 | 89,4 | 3,45 | 2,67 – 4,47 | 238 | 94,7 | 2,40 | 1,76 – 3,28 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 438 | 13,2 | — | | 180 | 11,3 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 130 | 12,7 | 1,00 | | 41 | 8,7 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 165 | 12,4 | 0,95 | 0,75 – 1,19 | 88 | 14,1 | 1,64 | 1,13 – 2,37 |
| Rural area | 143 | 16,0 | 1,13 | 0,89 – 1,43 | 51 | 10,5 | 1,16 | 0,77 – 1,75 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 288 | 13,6 | 1,00 | | 102 | 9,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 114 | 13,0 | 0,95 | 0,77 – 1,19 | 66 | 15,4 | 1,66 | 1,22 – 2,26 |
| Other | 36 | 14,4 | 1,11 | 0,79 – 1,57 | 12 | 11,5 | 1,23 | 0,68 – 2,23 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 38 | 10,8 | 1,00 | | 16 | 9,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 163 | 16,8 | 1,13 | 0,79 – 1,60 | 71 | 11,9 | 1,34 | 0,78 – 2,30 |
| Lower secondary | 224 | 21,1 | 1,28 | 0,89 – 1,85 | 80 | 20,7 | 2,20 | 1,25 – 3,85 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

** Age 20+

MORTALITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS

Table Q
Mortality from homicide, all ages

Men

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 358 | 12,5 | — | | 312 | 24,9 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 135 | 14,5 | 1,00 | | 106 | 28,7 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 127 | 11,1 | 0,71 | 0,56 – 0,90 | 139 | 29,9 | 1,01 | 0,78 – 1,30 |
| Rural area | 96 | 11,8 | 0,73 | 0,56 – 0,95 | 62 | 15,3 | 0,49 | 0,35 – 0,66 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 158 | 9,5 | 1,00 | | 118 | 14,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 152 | 17,2 | 2,02 | 1,62 – 2,53 | 152 | 47,7 | 3,56 | 2,80 – 4,52 |
| Other | 48 | 16,6 | 2,06 | 1,49 – 2,84 | 35 | 37,7 | 2,98 | 2,04 – 4,35 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 12 | 6,5 | 1,00 | | 21 | 14,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 149 | 13,0 | 2,90 | 1,61 – 5,24 | 169 | 30,8 | 2,13 | 1,35 – 3,36 |
| Lower secondary | 156 | 24,1 | 5,71 | 3,16 – 10,30 | 90 | 38,1 | 2,21 | 1,37 – 3,56 |

Women

| | 1987–1990 | | | | 1999–2000 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|----------------------|
| | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval | N | ASMR* | Rate ratio | 95% confid. interval |
| Total | 116 | 3,5 | — | | 87 | 5,9 | — | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 41 | 4,1 | 1,00 | | 23 | 5,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 43 | 3,2 | 0,78 | 0,51 – 1,20 | 45 | 7,7 | 1,50 | 0,91 – 2,47 |
| Rural area | 32 | 3,4 | 0,85 | 0,53 – 1,34 | 18 | 4,0 | 0,75 | 0,40 – 1,38 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 57 | 2,7 | 1,00 | | 31 | 3,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 51 | 5,3 | 1,96 | 1,34 – 2,86 | 47 | 11,2 | 3,86 | 2,45 – 6,08 |
| Other | 6 | 2,0 | 0,89 | 0,38 – 2,05 | 9 | 9,2 | 3,26 | 1,55 – 6,86 |
| Education** | | | | | | | | |
| University | 4 | 1,5 | 1,00 | | 5 | 3,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 44 | 3,6 | 2,80 | 1,01 – 7,79 | 37 | 5,6 | 2,05 | 0,81 – 5,22 |
| Lower secondary | 54 | 8,6 | 5,40 | 1,90 – 15,37 | 34 | 22,1 | 5,46 | 2,09 – 14,25 |

* Age-standardised mortality rate

** Age 20+

Chapter 11. Health-related behaviour

Table A.1
Main fat used on bread - butter
Total population, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2486 | 29,2 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 443 | 30,8 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 744 | 25,2 | 0,70 | 0,47 - 1,05 |
| 40-54 | 783 | 29,8 | 0,73 | 0,48 - 1,11 |
| 55-69 | 516 | 32,0 | 0,79 | 0,35 - 1,76 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 1031 | 30,5 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 1455 | 28,0 | 0,93 | 0,78 - 1,11 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 684 | 27,3 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1056 | 30,5 | 1,19 | 0,96 - 1,48 |
| Rural area | 725 | 28,7 | 1,05 | 0,83 - 1,33 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1744 | 23,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 742 | 41,8 | 2,41 | 2,00 - 2,90 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 423 | 21,9 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1554 | 29,9 | 1,13 | 0,88 - 1,44 |
| Lower secondary | 460 | 28,0 | 1,13 | 0,83 - 1,54 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 418 | 26,3 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 441 | 29,6 | 1,44 | 1,06 - 1,95 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 823 | 31,4 | 1,43 | 1,09 - 1,88 |
| ... - 1000 | 718 | 27,7 | 1,25 | 0,94 - 1,66 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1482 | 27,0 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 157 | 30,4 | 1,11 | 0,77 - 1,61 |
| Economically not active | 289 | 30,3 | 1,14 | 0,84 - 1,54 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 1234 | 29,5 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 1252 | 28,6 | 0,99 | 0,83 - 1,18 |

* Age 20-59

Table A.2
Main fat used on bread - butter
Men, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|------|
| Total | 1031 | 30,5 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 202 | 32,0 | 1,00 | | |
| 25-39 | 314 | 26,2 | 0,66 | 0,36 - | 1,21 |
| 40-54 | 307 | 29,5 | 0,83 | 0,44 - | 1,59 |
| 55-69 | 208 | 35,6 | 1,22 | 0,39 - | 3,76 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 269 | 27,4 | 1,00 | | |
| Other urban area | 407 | 32,4 | 1,21 | 0,85 - | 1,70 |
| Rural area | 346 | 30,2 | 1,19 | 0,83 - | 1,70 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 741 | 24,9 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 290 | 44,2 | 2,46 | 1,84 - | 3,29 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 140 | 20,6 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 628 | 32,2 | 1,55 | 1,00 - | 2,40 |
| Lower secondary | 252 | 29,9 | 1,56 | 0,95 - | 2,56 |
| Household income | | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 174 | 23,9 | 1,00 | | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 192 | 29,7 | 1,23 | 0,77 - | 1,97 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 341 | 34,1 | 1,54 | 1,01 - | 2,34 |
| ... - 1000 | 289 | 29,9 | 1,27 | 0,82 - | 1,97 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 649 | 28,0 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 73 | 24,3 | 0,81 | 0,46 - | 1,43 |
| Economically not active | 66 | 33,7 | 1,50 | 0,86 - | 2,61 |
| Study year | | | | | |
| 1988 | 527 | 32,0 | 1,00 | | |
| 2000 | 504 | 27,9 | 0,87 | 0,67 - | 1,15 |

* Age 20-59

Table A.3
Main fat used on bread - butter
Woman, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Total | 1455 | 28,0 | ---- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 241 | 29,7 | 1,00 | | |
| 25-39 | 430 | 24,3 | 0,73 | 0,43 | - 1,25 |
| 40-54 | 476 | 30,1 | 0,67 | 0,38 | - 1,16 |
| 55-69 | 308 | 28,3 | 0,51 | 0,16 | - 1,68 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 415 | 27,2 | 1,00 | | |
| Other urban area | 649 | 28,6 | 1,19 | 0,90 | - 1,56 |
| Rural area | 379 | 27,2 | 0,95 | 0,69 | - 1,30 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 1003 | 23,0 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 452 | 39,3 | 2,37 | 1,86 | - 3,02 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 283 | 23,3 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 926 | 27,5 | 0,96 | 0,71 | - 1,29 |
| Lower secondary | 208 | 26,2 | 0,93 | 0,62 | - 1,42 |
| Household income | | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 244 | 28,7 | 1,00 | | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 249 | 29,5 | 1,62 | 1,08 | - 2,43 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 482 | 28,8 | 1,35 | 0,94 | - 1,95 |
| ... - 1000 | 429 | 25,5 | 1,24 | 0,85 | - 1,80 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 833 | 26,1 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 84 | 36,6 | 1,44 | 0,89 | - 2,33 |
| Economically not active | 223 | 26,9 | 1,03 | 0,72 | - 1,48 |
| Study year | | | | | |
| 1988 | 707 | 26,9 | 1,00 | | |
| 2000 | 748 | 29,3 | 1,08 | 0,86 | - 1,36 |

* Age 20-59

Table A.4
Main fat used on bread - butter
Total population, age 16-24

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|------|
| Total | 443 | 30,8 | ----- | | |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 202 | 32,0 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 241 | 29,7 | 0,87 | 0,57 - | 1,31 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 117 | 28,4 | 1,00 | | |
| Other urban area | 202 | 30,0 | 1,11 | 0,66 - | 1,87 |
| Rural area | 119 | 34,7 | 1,37 | 0,78 - | 2,43 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 326 | 27,1 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 117 | 41,8 | 1,93 | 1,23 - | 3,03 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 28 | 13,3 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 267 | 31,5 | 1,13 | 0,46 - | 2,79 |
| Lower secondary | 136 | 30,6 | 1,11 | 0,43 - | 2,91 |
| Household income | | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 82 | 35,0 | 1,00 | | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 71 | 24,3 | 0,87 | 0,41 - | 1,83 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 120 | 31,4 | 1,11 | 0,58 - | 2,11 |
| ... - 1000 | 135 | 30,9 | 1,12 | 0,59 - | 2,10 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 127 | 27,3 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 19 | 20,8 | 0,95 | 0,32 - | 2,87 |
| Economically not active | 100 | 25,1 | 0,80 | 0,42 - | 1,53 |
| Study year | | | | | |
| 1988 | 216 | 28,3 | 1,00 | | |
| 2000 | 227 | 33,0 | 1,14 | 0,75 - | 1,72 |

* Age 20-59

Table A.5
Main fat used on bread - butter
Total population, age 25-39

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|------|
| Total | 744 | 25,2 | ----- | | |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 314 | 26,2 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 430 | 24,3 | 0,92 | 0,66 - | 1,28 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 211 | 23,1 | 1,00 | | |
| Other urban area | 308 | 28,4 | 1,40 | 0,93 - | 2,10 |
| Rural area | 216 | 22,8 | 1,04 | 0,66 - | 1,64 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 520 | 19,6 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 224 | 38,9 | 2,66 | 1,88 - | 3,77 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 150 | 22,5 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 532 | 26,1 | 1,31 | 0,84 - | 2,03 |
| Lower secondary | 52 | 20,6 | 1,23 | 0,58 - | 2,60 |
| Household income | | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 146 | 19,9 | 1,00 | | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 132 | 28,6 | 1,54 | 0,88 - | 2,69 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 219 | 28,6 | 1,59 | 0,96 - | 2,63 |
| ... - 1000 | 229 | 25,9 | 1,23 | 0,74 - | 2,06 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 594 | 23,8 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 47 | 30,9 | 1,52 | 0,80 - | 2,90 |
| Economically not active | 76 | 23,6 | 1,23 | 0,70 - | 2,15 |
| Study year | | | | | |
| 1988 | 386 | 25,8 | 1,00 | | |
| 2000 | 358 | 24,6 | 1,01 | 0,72 - | 1,40 |

* Age 20-59

Table A.6
Main fat used on bread - butter
Total population, age 40-54

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|------|
| Total | 783 | 29,8 | ----- | | |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 307 | 29,5 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 476 | 30,1 | 1,04 | 0,76 - | 1,42 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 218 | 30,3 | 1,00 | | |
| Other urban area | 343 | 30,0 | 1,02 | 0,70 - | 1,47 |
| Rural area | 218 | 28,9 | 0,90 | 0,59 - | 1,36 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 516 | 23,2 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 267 | 42,1 | 2,42 | 1,76 - | 3,33 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 154 | 22,1 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 514 | 30,1 | 1,12 | 0,75 - | 1,68 |
| Lower secondary | 100 | 30,5 | 1,29 | 0,74 - | 2,25 |
| Household income | | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 122 | 24,4 | 1,00 | | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 143 | 32,6 | 1,51 | 0,88 - | 2,59 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 245 | 30,8 | 1,37 | 0,84 - | 2,25 |
| ... - 1000 | 253 | 30,9 | 1,37 | 0,84 - | 2,23 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 616 | 29,4 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 73 | 35,8 | 1,04 | 0,61 - | 1,77 |
| Economically not active | 67 | 36,5 | 1,25 | 0,73 - | 2,14 |
| Study year | | | | | |
| 1988 | 385 | 31,2 | 1,00 | | |
| 2000 | 398 | 28,6 | 0,92 | 0,68 - | 1,25 |

* Age 20-59

Table A.7
Main fat used on bread - butter
Total population, age 55-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|------|
| Total | 516 | 32,0 | ----- | | |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 208 | 35,6 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 308 | 28,3 | 0,85 | 0,59 - | 1,25 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 138 | 27,9 | 1,00 | | |
| Other urban area | 203 | 34,3 | 1,35 | 0,85 - | 2,17 |
| Rural area | 172 | 30,5 | 1,08 | 0,66 - | 1,77 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 382 | 27,5 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 134 | 44,9 | 2,49 | 1,65 - | 3,75 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 91 | 28,7 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 241 | 32,7 | 0,92 | 0,55 - | 1,54 |
| Lower secondary | 172 | 31,9 | 0,90 | 0,52 - | 1,55 |
| Household income | | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 68 | 28,9 | 1,00 | | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 95 | 31,7 | 1,72 | 0,86 - | 3,44 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 239 | 35,7 | 1,59 | 0,86 - | 2,93 |
| ... - 1000 | 101 | 23,0 | 1,16 | 0,57 - | 2,34 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 145 | 30,3 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 18 | 20,8 | 0,60 | 0,18 - | 1,98 |
| Economically not active | 46 | 38,9 | 1,23 | 0,60 - | 2,53 |
| Study year | | | | | |
| 1988 | 247 | 32,8 | 1,00 | | |
| 2000 | 269 | 29,8 | 0,96 | 0,66 - | 1,40 |

* Age 20-59

Table A.8
Main fat used on bread - butter
Tallinn, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|------|
| Total | 684 | 27,3 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 117 | 28,4 | 1,00 | | |
| 25-39 | 211 | 23,1 | 0,40 | 0,17 - | 0,98 |
| 40-54 | 218 | 30,3 | 0,67 | 0,28 - | 1,60 |
| 55-69 | 138 | 27,9 | 0,74 | 0,13 - | 4,35 |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 269 | 27,4 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 415 | 27,2 | 1,01 | 0,71 - | 1,43 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 377 | 17,4 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 307 | 39,8 | 2,59 | 1,81 - | 3,72 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 194 | 20,3 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 417 | 27,6 | 1,01 | 0,68 - | 1,51 |
| Lower secondary | 65 | 28,2 | 1,17 | 0,60 - | 2,29 |
| Household income | | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 196 | 22,3 | 1,00 | | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 145 | 21,1 | 1,10 | 0,66 - | 1,84 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 211 | 30,6 | 1,36 | 0,86 - | 2,16 |
| ... - 1000 | 106 | 30,8 | 1,51 | 0,88 - | 2,60 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 456 | 24,4 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 28 | 20,3 | 1,69 | 0,72 - | 3,93 |
| Economically not active | 63 | 21,3 | 1,42 | 0,75 - | 2,66 |
| Study year | | | | | |
| 1988 | 346 | 29,74 | 1,00 | | |
| 2000 | 338 | 22,50 | 0,78 | 0,55 - | 1,11 |

* Age 20-59

Table A.9
Main fat used on bread - butter
Other urban areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|------|
| Total | 1056 | 30,5 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 202 | 30,0 | 1,00 | | |
| 25-39 | 308 | 28,4 | 1,03 | 0,57 - | 1,87 |
| 40-54 | 343 | 30,0 | 0,80 | 0,43 - | 1,49 |
| 55-69 | 203 | 34,3 | 0,73 | 0,21 - | 2,53 |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 407 | 32,4 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 649 | 28,6 | 0,97 | 0,74 - | 1,28 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 672 | 23,2 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 384 | 44,9 | 3,19 | 2,41 - | 4,22 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 149 | 19,4 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 724 | 31,7 | 1,38 | 0,91 - | 2,09 |
| Lower secondary | 162 | 25,1 | 1,38 | 0,82 - | 2,35 |
| Household income | | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 142 | 22,7 | 1,00 | | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 195 | 31,5 | 1,57 | 0,95 - | 2,62 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 351 | 35,9 | 1,86 | 1,17 - | 2,95 |
| ... - 1000 | 339 | 27,5 | 1,33 | 0,83 - | 2,13 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 651 | 29,6 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 63 | 37,3 | 1,10 | 0,62 - | 1,96 |
| Economically not active | 127 | 30,8 | 1,06 | 0,66 - | 1,69 |
| Study year | | | | | |
| 1988 | 517 | 30,61 | 1,00 | | |
| 2000 | 539 | 30,49 | 0,97 | 0,74 - | 1,27 |

* Age 20-59

Table A.10
Main fat used on bread - butter
Rural areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|---|
| Total | 725 | 28,7 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 119 | 34,7 | 1,00 | | |
| 25-39 | 216 | 22,8 | 0,63 | 0,31 | - |
| 40-54 | 218 | 28,9 | 0,71 | 0,33 | - |
| 55-69 | 172 | 30,5 | 0,91 | 0,24 | - |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 346 | 30,2 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 379 | 27,2 | 0,82 | 0,59 | - |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 676 | 28,0 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 49 | 31,1 | 1,84 | 1,00 | - |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 76 | 23,0 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 401 | 29,5 | 0,97 | 0,56 | - |
| Lower secondary | 230 | 28,4 | 0,96 | 0,52 | - |
| Household income | | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 74 | 29,3 | 1,00 | | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 99 | 33,7 | 1,61 | 0,81 | - |
| 1001 - 2000 | 256 | 26,3 | 1,07 | 0,58 | - |
| ... - 1000 | 265 | 24,3 | 1,01 | 0,54 | - |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 369 | 25,1 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 64 | 27,5 | 0,89 | 0,47 | - |
| Economically not active | 93 | 25,0 | 1,38 | 0,79 | - |
| Study year | | | | | |
| 1988 | 355 | 27,9 | 1,00 | | |
| 2000 | 370 | 28,8 | 1,16 | 0,83 | - |
| | | | | 1,61 | |

* Age 20-59

Table B.1
Consumption of fresh vegetables 0-2 days a week
Total population, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2154 | 60,2 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 414 | 70,1 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 681 | 54,5 | 0,50 | 0,39 - 0,65 |
| 40-54 | 658 | 58,1 | 0,58 | 0,45 - 0,76 |
| 55-69 | 401 | 61,1 | 0,68 | 0,51 - 0,91 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 864 | 67,1 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 1290 | 53,3 | 0,57 | 0,47 - 0,68 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 628 | 45,7 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 898 | 64,7 | 2,11 | 1,70 - 2,61 |
| Rural area | 611 | 66,8 | 2,49 | 1,97 - 3,16 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1501 | 62,8 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 653 | 53,5 | 0,73 | 0,61 - 0,89 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 402 | 52,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1358 | 61,1 | 1,62 | 1,29 - 2,04 |
| Lower secondary | 358 | 66,1 | 1,84 | 1,34 - 2,53 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 382 | 45,3 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 389 | 61,6 | 1,56 | 1,17 - 2,09 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 711 | 60,4 | 1,69 | 1,30 - 2,19 |
| ... - 1000 | 598 | 67,4 | 2,10 | 1,60 - 2,75 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1322 | 57,8 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 112 | 72,3 | 1,77 | 1,16 - 2,71 |
| Economically not active | 247 | 57,0 | 0,96 | 0,71 1,30 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 1031 | 61,5 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 1123 | 58,8 | 0,91 | 0,76 - 1,08 |

* Age 20-59

Table B.2
Consumption of fresh vegetables 0-2 days a week
Men, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 864 | 67,1 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 190 | 74,7 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 282 | 60,7 | 0,51 | 0,34 - 0,77 |
| 40-54 | 246 | 65,1 | 0,61 | 0,40 - 0,93 |
| 55-69 | 146 | 70,7 | 0,79 | 0,48 - 1,28 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 241 | 52,5 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 327 | 70,7 | 1,94 | 1,36 - 2,77 |
| Rural area | 289 | 72,1 | 2,19 | 1,51 - 3,16 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 616 | 71,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 248 | 57,1 | 0,53 | 0,38 - 0,72 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 130 | 56,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 537 | 66,2 | 1,73 | 1,17 - 2,58 |
| Lower secondary | 192 | 75,3 | 2,33 | 1,41 - 3,84 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 156 | 51,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 161 | 66,4 | 1,33 | 0,84 - 2,10 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 285 | 65,8 | 1,54 | 1,02 - 2,32 |
| ... - 1000 | 232 | 74,4 | 2,44 | 1,56 - 3,82 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 562 | 64,0 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 49 | 82,7 | 2,29 | 1,11 - 4,73 |
| Economically not active | 52 | 68,1 | 1,30 | 0,66 - 2,57 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 419 | 69,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 445 | 64,9 | 0,82 | 0,61 - 1,09 |

* Age 20-59

Table B.3
Consumption of fresh vegetables 0-2 days a week
Woman, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1290 | 53,3 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 224 | 65,5 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 399 | 48,4 | 0,50 | 0,35 - 0,69 |
| 40-54 | 412 | 51,2 | 0,57 | 0,40 - 0,79 |
| 55-69 | 255 | 51,4 | 0,63 | 0,44 - 0,91 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 387 | 38,9 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 571 | 58,6 | 2,22 | 1,70 - 2,90 |
| Rural area | 322 | 61,4 | 2,73 | 2,00 - 3,72 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 885 | 54,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 405 | 50,0 | 0,89 | 0,70 - 1,13 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 272 | 49,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 821 | 55,9 | 1,57 | 1,18 - 2,08 |
| Lower secondary | 166 | 57,0 | 1,55 | 1,02 - 2,34 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 226 | 39,5 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 228 | 56,7 | 1,74 | 1,19 - 2,54 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 426 | 55,1 | 1,80 | 1,29 - 2,51 |
| ... - 1000 | 366 | 60,5 | 1,95 | 1,38 - 2,75 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 760 | 51,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 63 | 62,0 | 1,52 | 0,89 - 2,59 |
| Economically not active | 195 | 45,9 | 0,88 | 0,62 - 1,24 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 612 | 53,9 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 678 | 52,7 | 0,96 | 0,77 - 1,20 |

* Age 20-59

Table B.4
Consumption of fresh vegetables 0-2 days a week
Total population, age 16-24

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 414 | 70,1 | ---- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 190 | 74,7 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 224 | 65,5 | 0,61 | 0,40 - 0,94 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 116 | 58,7 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 183 | 68,7 | 1,86 | 1,14 - 3,04 |
| Rural area | 110 | 84,7 | 4,42 | 2,32 - 8,43 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 306 | 74,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 108 | 56,7 | 0,53 | 0,33 - 0,84 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 28 | 67,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 248 | 71,0 | 1,69 | 0,74 - 3,85 |
| Lower secondary | 128 | 68,9 | 1,50 | 0,62 - 3,66 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 77 | 64,2 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 70 | 79,5 | 2,43 | 1,16 - 5,09 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 113 | 63,7 | 1,21 | 0,66 - 2,22 |
| - 1000 | 120 | 74,6 | 1,97 | 1,04 - 3,70 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 116 | 67,5 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 12 | 81,3 | 1,72 | 0,42 - 6,93 |
| Economically not active | 93 | 75,1 | 1,47 | 0,77 - 2,78 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 194 | 71,2 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 220 | 69,0 | 0,88 | 0,58 - 1,35 |

* Age 20-59

Table B.5
Consumption of fresh vegetables 0-2 days a week
Total population, age 25-39

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 681 | 54,5 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 282 | 60,7 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 399 | 48,4 | 0,60 | 0,44 - 0,81 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 196 | 40,2 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 281 | 60,0 | 2,32 | 1,59 - 3,39 |
| Rural area | 196 | 60,4 | 2,36 | 1,57 - 3,56 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 474 | 56,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 207 | 50,1 | 0,76 | 0,55 - 1,06 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 144 | 44,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 485 | 56,2 | 1,56 | 1,06 - 2,28 |
| Lower secondary | 43 | 56,7 | 1,74 | 0,86 - 3,54 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 133 | 44,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 122 | 52,4 | 1,33 | 0,81 - 2,19 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 206 | 55,9 | 1,71 | 1,10 - 2,68 |
| ... - 1000 | 203 | 60,7 | 1,88 | 1,20 - 2,96 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 553 | 54,8 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 38 | 65,5 | 1,38 | 0,70 - 2,72 |
| Economically not active | 67 | 52,3 | 0,89 | 0,53 - 1,50 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 340 | 56,4 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 341 | 52,6 | 0,88 | 0,65 - 1,20 |

* Age 20-59

Table B.6
Consumption of fresh vegetables 0-2 days a week
Total population, age 40-54

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 658 | 58,1 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 246 | 65,1 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 412 | 51,2 | 0,56 | 0,40 - 0,77 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 199 | 44,0 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 281 | 63,1 | 2,15 | 1,48 - 3,13 |
| Rural area | 176 | 65,9 | 2,50 | 1,64 - 3,82 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 424 | 59,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 234 | 54,4 | 0,83 | 0,60 - 1,14 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 145 | 47,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 437 | 59,6 | 1,56 | 1,06 - 2,28 |
| Lower secondary | 65 | 74,1 | 2,27 | 1,21 - 4,28 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 107 | 39,2 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 121 | 57,8 | 2,24 | 1,30 - 3,83 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 211 | 60,3 | 2,26 | 1,40 - 3,66 |
| - 1000 | 204 | 67,7 | 3,25 | 1,98 - 5,31 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 533 | 56,9 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 52 | 71,5 | 1,88 | 1,00 - 3,53 |
| Economically not active | 53 | 53,9 | 0,63 | 0,36 - 1,13 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 314 | 61,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 344 | 55,4 | 0,76 | 0,56 - 1,04 |

* Age 20-59

Table B.7
Consumption of fresh vegetables 0-2 days a week
Total population, age 55-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 401 | 61,1 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 146 | 70,7 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 255 | 51,4 | 0,49 | 0,32 - 0,76 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 117 | 43,0 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 153 | 68,9 | 1,86 | 1,12 - 3,07 |
| Rural area | 129 | 60,0 | 1,75 | 1,04 - 2,95 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 297 | 64,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 104 | 53,9 | 0,78 | 0,49 - 1,23 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 85 | 56,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 188 | 60,1 | 1,75 | 1,03 - 2,96 |
| Lower secondary | 122 | 65,5 | 2,01 | 1,13 - 3,58 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 65 | 36,9 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 76 | 61,8 | 0,89 | 0,45 - 1,76 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 181 | 63,4 | 1,45 | 0,81 - 2,61 |
| ... - 1000 | 71 | 69,2 | 1,27 | 0,63 - 2,55 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 120 | 60,1 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 10 | 90,0 | 6,37 | 0,77 - 52,56 |
| Economically not active | 34 | 63,7 | 1,45 | 0,65 - 3,23 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 183 | 59,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 218 | 61,8 | 1,29 | 0,86 - 1,94 |

* Age 20-59

Table B.8
Consumption of fresh vegetables 0-2 days a week
Tallinn, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 628 | 45,7 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 116 | 58,7 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 196 | 40,2 | 0,50 | 0,31 - 0,79 |
| 40-54 | 199 | 44,0 | 0,59 | 0,37 - 0,95 |
| 55-69 | 117 | 43,0 | 0,84 | 0,50 - 1,42 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 241 | 52,5 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 387 | 38,9 | 0,50 | 0,36 - 0,70 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 346 | 46,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 282 | 41,7 | 0,90 | 0,65 - 1,26 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 183 | 38,9 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 377 | 45,0 | 1,39 | 0,95 - 2,03 |
| Lower secondary | 60 | 56,4 | 2,16 | 1,12 - 4,18 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 186 | 39,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 132 | 45,9 | 1,29 | 0,81 - 2,06 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 191 | 43,4 | 1,04 | 0,67 - 1,61 |
| ... - 1000 | 96 | 50,0 | 1,67 | 0,99 - 2,81 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 423 | 44,3 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 23 | 43,2 | 1,98 | 0,82 - 4,76 |
| Economically not active | 60 | 35,8 | 1,10 | 0,61 - 2,00 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 312 | 43,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 316 | 49,0 | 1,15 | 0,82 - 1,59 |

* Age 20-59

Table B.9
Consumption of fresh vegetables 0-2 days a week
Other urban areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 898 | 64,7 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 183 | 68,7 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 281 | 60,0 | 0,63 | 0,42 - 0,94 |
| 40-54 | 281 | 63,1 | 0,69 | 0,47 - 1,04 |
| 55-69 | 153 | 68,9 | 0,82 | 0,52 - 1,30 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 327 | 70,7 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 571 | 58,6 | 0,58 | 0,43 - 0,78 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 571 | 67,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 327 | 60,1 | 0,85 | 0,64 - 1,14 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 142 | 47,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 617 | 66,0 | 1,53 | 1,04 - 2,25 |
| Lower secondary | 125 | 64,5 | 1,45 | 0,85 - 2,49 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 123 | 42,7 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 170 | 72,8 | 2,35 | 1,43 - 3,87 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 295 | 63,4 | 1,83 | 1,18 - 2,86 |
| ... - 1000 | 287 | 64,0 | 2,20 | 1,40 - 3,46 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 569 | 64,2 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 44 | 68,8 | 1,17 | 0,60 - 2,29 |
| Economically not active | 110 | 41,3 | 0,85 | 0,52 - 1,39 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 419 | 68,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 479 | 61,2 | 0,73 | 0,55 - 0,97 |

* Age 20-59

Table B.10
Consumption of fresh vegetables 0-2 days a week
Rural areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 611 | 66,8 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 110 | 84,7 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 196 | 60,4 | 0,28 | 0,15 - 0,50 |
| 40-54 | 176 | 65,9 | 0,36 | 0,20 - 0,66 |
| 55-69 | 129 | 60,0 | 0,35 | 0,18 - 0,66 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 289 | 72,1 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 322 | 61,4 | 0,65 | 0,46 - 0,93 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 569 | 66,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 42 | 59,9 | 1,02 | 0,51 - 2,02 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 73 | 57,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 354 | 67,5 | 1,44 | 0,84 - 2,47 |
| Lower secondary | 171 | 66,7 | 1,35 | 0,73 - 2,49 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 68 | 62,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 86 | 59,4 | 0,72 | 0,36 - 1,42 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 221 | 70,3 | 1,44 | 0,79 - 2,63 |
| ... - 1000 | 208 | 67,0 | 1,26 | 0,69 - 2,32 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 325 | 65,2 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 44 | 74,8 | 2,19 | 1,00 - 4,81 |
| Economically not active | 71 | 53,5 | 0,71 | 0,39 - 1,29 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 287 | 69,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 324 | 66,2 | 0,87 | 0,61 - 1,25 |

* Age 20-59

Table C.1
Use of fresh fruits 0-2 days a week
Total population, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2107 | 57,3 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 412 | 53,1 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 680 | 51,6 | 0,95 | 0,74 - 1,21 |
| 40-54 | 646 | 60,3 | 1,39 | 1,08 - 1,79 |
| 55-69 | 369 | 64,5 | 1,61 | 1,20 - 2,15 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 840 | 66,1 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 1267 | 48,5 | 0,47 | 0,39 - 0,57 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 612 | 50,3 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 904 | 58,9 | 1,67 | 1,35 - 2,06 |
| Rural area | 573 | 63,2 | 1,91 | 1,50 - 2,42 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1490 | 56,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 617 | 59,6 | 1,18 | 0,97 - 1,43 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 403 | 43,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1327 | 59,9 | 2,01 | 1,59 - 2,55 |
| Lower secondary | 338 | 70,9 | 3,08 | 2,22 - 4,27 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 383 | 39,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 392 | 47,8 | 1,31 | 0,98 - 1,76 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 684 | 60,5 | 2,17 | 1,67 - 2,83 |
| ... - 1000 | 580 | 66,5 | 3,57 | 2,70 - 4,73 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1304 | 54,2 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 113 | 76,8 | 2,89 | 1,83 - 4,56 |
| Economically not active | 237 | 60,3 | 1,19 | 0,88 1,62 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 990 | 59,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 1117 | 54,8 | 0,79 | 0,67 - 0,95 |

* Age 20-59

Table C.2
Use of fresh fruits 0-2 days a week
Men, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 840 | 66,1 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 187 | 64,5 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 282 | 59,8 | 0,84 | 0,57 - 1,22 |
| 40-54 | 237 | 67,4 | 1,16 | 0,77 - 1,74 |
| 55-69 | 134 | 73,8 | 1,71 | 1,04 - 2,80 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 241 | 62,4 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 328 | 67,1 | 1,46 | 1,03 - 2,07 |
| Rural area | 264 | 69,8 | 1,64 | 1,13 - 2,39 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 607 | 66,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 233 | 65,2 | 0,97 | 0,70 - 1,34 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 129 | 50,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 527 | 71,8 | 2,94 | 1,96 - 4,41 |
| Lower secondary | 179 | 72,0 | 3,06 | 1,84 - 5,07 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 156 | 46,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 157 | 58,5 | 1,30 | 0,83 - 2,04 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 275 | 69,9 | 2,00 | 1,32 - 3,02 |
| ... - 1000 | 225 | 74,7 | 3,07 | 1,96 - 4,80 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 553 | 62,9 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 49 | 81,7 | 2,56 | 1,21 - 5,41 |
| Economically not active | 50 | 75,1 | 1,53 | 0,78 - 3,00 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 403 | 69,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 437 | 62,2 | 0,74 | 0,56 - 0,99 |

* Age 20-59

Table C.3
Use of fresh fruits 0-2 days a week
Woman, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1267 | 48,5 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 225 | 41,7 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 398 | 43,4 | 1,04 | 0,75 - 1,45 |
| 40-54 | 409 | 53,2 | 1,56 | 1,12 - 2,17 |
| 55-69 | 235 | 55,2 | 1,61 | 1,11 - 2,33 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 371 | 38,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 576 | 50,6 | 1,81 | 1,38 - 2,37 |
| Rural area | 309 | 56,6 | 2,11 | 1,54 - 2,88 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 883 | 46,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 384 | 54,0 | 1,31 | 1,03 - 1,68 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 274 | 36,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 800 | 48,0 | 1,65 | 1,24 - 2,20 |
| Lower secondary | 159 | 69,8 | 3,42 | 2,21 - 5,28 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 227 | 32,3 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 235 | 37,2 | 1,33 | 0,90 - 1,96 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 409 | 51,0 | 2,30 | 1,63 - 3,26 |
| ... - 1000 | 355 | 58,3 | 3,92 | 2,74 - 5,63 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 751 | 45,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 64 | 71,8 | 3,07 | 1,73 - 5,43 |
| Economically not active | 187 | 45,5 | 1,12 | 0,79 - 1,59 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 587 | 49,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 680 | 47,5 | 0,83 | 0,66 - 1,04 |

* Age 20-59

Table C.4
Use of fresh fruits 0-2 days a week
Total population, age 16-24

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 412 | 53,1 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 187 | 64,5 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 225 | 41,7 | 0,41 | 0,27 - 0,61 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 108 | 37,4 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 188 | 57,6 | 2,27 | 1,37 - 3,74 |
| Rural area | 111 | 60,4 | 2,66 | 1,51 - 4,68 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 307 | 52,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 105 | 55,4 | 1,11 | 0,70 - 1,75 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 26 | 45,2 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 252 | 53,7 | 1,65 | 0,71 - 3,85 |
| Lower secondary | 123 | 62,4 | 2,34 | 0,94 - 5,84 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 76 | 34,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 70 | 48,7 | 1,91 | 0,96 - 3,80 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 115 | 48,4 | 1,90 | 1,02 - 3,52 |
| - 1000 | 119 | 69,4 | 4,88 | 2,56 - 9,29 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 113 | 48,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 18 | 66,7 | 2,58 | 0,87 - 7,69 |
| Economically not active | 91 | 55,8 | 1,40 | 0,77 - 2,56 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 196 | 53,9 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 216 | 52,2 | 0,93 | 0,63 - 1,39 |

* Age 20-59

Table C.5
Use of fresh fruits 0-2 days a week
Total population, age 25-39

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 680 | 51,6 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 282 | 59,8 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 398 | 43,4 | 0,51 | 0,37 - 0,69 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 196 | 40,6 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 288 | 57,3 | 2,13 | 1,46 - 3,10 |
| Rural area | 188 | 56,8 | 2,00 | 1,32 - 3,02 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 480 | 50,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 200 | 54,4 | 1,19 | 0,85 - 1,66 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 146 | 32,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 481 | 54,2 | 2,08 | 1,41 - 3,09 |
| Lower secondary | 44 | 72,3 | 4,56 | 2,14 - 9,72 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 141 | 41,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 123 | 38,4 | 0,91 | 0,55 - 1,50 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 196 | 55,8 | 1,77 | 1,13 - 2,77 |
| ... - 1000 | 203 | 61,4 | 2,35 | 1,49 - 3,70 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 550 | 50,0 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 37 | 77,3 | 3,44 | 1,58 - 7,51 |
| Economically not active | 69 | 58,8 | 1,13 | 0,67 - 1,90 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 336 | 56,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 344 | 47,1 | 0,72 | 0,53 - 0,97 |

* Age 20-59

Table C.6
Use of fresh fruits 0-2 days a week
Total population, age 40-54

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 646 | 60,3 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 237 | 67,4 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 409 | 53,2 | 0,54 | 0,39 - 0,76 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 199 | 55,9 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 284 | 60,0 | 1,29 | 0,89 - 1,87 |
| Rural area | 160 | 64,8 | 1,52 | 0,99 - 2,34 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 426 | 57,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 220 | 64,5 | 1,26 | 0,90 - 1,76 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 145 | 46,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 427 | 62,9 | 1,79 | 1,22 - 2,63 |
| Lower secondary | 62 | 74,1 | 2,36 | 1,24 - 4,49 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 108 | 41,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 126 | 48,1 | 1,43 | 0,84 - 2,42 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 212 | 62,5 | 2,47 | 1,52 - 4,00 |
| - 1000 | 190 | 74,3 | 4,71 | 2,82 - 7,87 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 532 | 58,8 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 49 | 79,4 | 2,82 | 1,37 - 5,81 |
| Economically not active | 44 | 60,0 | 0,89 | 0,48 - 1,66 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 298 | 62,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 348 | 58,5 | 0,79 | 0,57 - 1,09 |

* Age 20-59

Table C.7
Use of fresh fruits 0-2 days a week
Total population, age 55-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 369 | 64,5 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 134 | 73,8 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 235 | 55,2 | 0,38 | 0,24 - 0,61 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 109 | 66,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 144 | 60,5 | 1,20 | 0,71 - 2,01 |
| Rural area | 114 | 71,6 | 1,87 | 1,06 - 3,29 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 277 | 65,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 92 | 63,8 | 1,05 | 0,63 - 1,73 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 86 | 52,0 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 167 | 68,8 | 2,45 | 1,42 - 4,25 |
| Lower secondary | 109 | 72,6 | 3,49 | 1,89 - 6,46 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 58 | 38,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 73 | 58,5 | 1,70 | 0,83 - 3,47 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 161 | 74,5 | 3,08 | 1,63 - 5,81 |
| ... - 1000 | 68 | 60,6 | 3,42 | 1,60 - 7,31 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 109 | 59,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 9 | 77,5 | 2,33 | 0,45 - 12,03 |
| Economically not active | 33 | 73,1 | 1,73 | 0,75 - 3,99 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 160 | 65,3 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 209 | 62,2 | 0,84 | 0,54 - 1,30 |

* Age 20-59

Table C.8
Use of fresh fruits 0-2 days a week
Tallinn, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 612 | 50,3 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 108 | 37,4 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 196 | 40,6 | 1,08 | 0,66 - 1,79 |
| 40-54 | 199 | 55,9 | 2,13 | 1,30 - 3,49 |
| 55-69 | 109 | 66,8 | 2,41 | 1,38 - 4,23 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 241 | 62,4 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 371 | 38,1 | 0,38 | 0,27 - 0,54 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 350 | 46,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 262 | 48,0 | 1,24 | 0,88 - 1,74 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 188 | 33,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 366 | 52,7 | 2,22 | 1,50 - 3,27 |
| Lower secondary | 50 | 47,3 | 3,08 | 1,48 - 6,40 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 185 | 32,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 129 | 42,0 | 1,27 | 0,78 - 2,07 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 184 | 53,4 | 2,14 | 1,36 - 3,36 |
| ... - 1000 | 89 | 59,6 | 4,22 | 2,39 - 7,43 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 420 | 46,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 21 | 52,9 | 3,92 | 1,42 - 10,80 |
| Economically not active | 56 | 40,8 | 2,20 | 1,18 - 4,12 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 300 | 50,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 312 | 47,5 | 0,99 | 0,70 - 1,39 |

* Age 20-59

Table C.9
Use of fresh fruits 0-2 days a week
Other urban areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 904 | 58,9 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 188 | 57,6 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 288 | 57,3 | 1,04 | 0,72 - 1,52 |
| 40-54 | 284 | 60,0 | 1,22 | 0,83 - 1,78 |
| 55-69 | 144 | 60,5 | 1,26 | 0,81 - 1,98 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 328 | 67,1 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 576 | 50,6 | 0,51 | 0,39 - 0,68 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 589 | 56,0 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 315 | 64,3 | 1,51 | 1,13 - 2,02 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 141 | 38,9 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 622 | 61,6 | 1,98 | 1,35 - 2,92 |
| Lower secondary | 126 | 64,1 | 2,91 | 1,68 - 5,02 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 127 | 42,2 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 177 | 46,7 | 1,20 | 0,75 - 1,93 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 298 | 60,9 | 1,99 | 1,29 - 3,08 |
| ... - 1000 | 282 | 68,0 | 2,99 | 1,91 - 4,68 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 575 | 56,3 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 48 | 89,3 | 6,30 | 2,59 - 15,33 |
| Economically not active | 109 | 38,1 | 0,99 | 0,62 - 1,59 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 417 | 59,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 487 | 58,5 | 0,88 | 0,67 - 1,15 |

* Age 20-59

Table C.10
Use of fresh fruits 0-2 days a week
Rural areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 573 | 63,2 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 111 | 60,4 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 188 | 56,8 | 0,84 | 0,52 - 1,36 |
| 40-54 | 160 | 64,8 | 1,24 | 0,75 - 2,06 |
| 55-69 | 114 | 71,6 | 1,69 | 0,96 - 2,97 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 264 | 69,8 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 309 | 56,6 | 0,51 | 0,36 - 0,72 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 535 | 62,8 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 38 | 68,2 | 1,40 | 0,68 - 2,90 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 70 | 39,9 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 329 | 62,3 | 1,46 | 0,84 - 2,52 |
| Lower secondary | 160 | 73,6 | 2,10 | 1,12 - 3,93 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 65 | 44,3 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 85 | 55,1 | 1,33 | 0,67 - 2,63 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 198 | 63,1 | 1,93 | 1,06 - 3,52 |
| ... - 1000 | 202 | 65,6 | 3,20 | 1,72 - 5,96 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 303 | 61,7 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 43 | 55,8 | 1,10 | 0,55 - 2,21 |
| Economically not active | 66 | 59,4 | 0,84 | 0,46 - 1,52 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 259 | 70,2 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 314 | 56,1 | 0,49 | 0,34 - 0,71 |

* Age 20-59

Table D.1
Leisure time physical activity at least 30 minutes - less than once a week
Total population, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2395 | 50,2 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 445 | 30,7 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 731 | 52,8 | 2,23 | 1,75 - 2,85 |
| 40-54 | 750 | 60,8 | 2,97 | 2,32 - 3,79 |
| 55-69 | 469 | 50,7 | 2,06 | 1,57 - 2,69 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 986 | 50,3 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 1409 | 50,0 | 0,92 | 0,78 - 1,09 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 669 | 54,0 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1019 | 50,9 | 1,02 | 0,83 - 1,25 |
| Rural area | 687 | 47,1 | 0,83 | 0,67 - 1,04 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1689 | 49,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 706 | 49,9 | 1,04 | 0,87 - 1,25 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 417 | 50,2 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1500 | 50,5 | 1,06 | 0,85 - 1,32 |
| Lower secondary | 430 | 54,4 | 1,12 | 0,83 - 1,50 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 413 | 48,4 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 430 | 52,6 | 1,07 | 0,81 - 1,42 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 780 | 49,7 | 1,01 | 0,79 - 1,30 |
| ... - 1000 | 688 | 49,4 | 1,04 | 0,80 - 1,33 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1444 | 57,8 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 149 | 51,5 | 0,75 | 0,53 - 1,06 |
| Economically not active | 278 | 36,5 | 0,50 | 0,38 0,67 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 1158 | 47,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 1237 | 52,0 | 1,26 | 1,07 - 1,49 |

* Age 20-59

Table D.2
Leisure time physical activity at least 30 minutes - less than once a week
Men, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 986 | 50,3 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 205 | 27,2 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 309 | 51,4 | 2,44 | 1,68 - 3,55 |
| 40-54 | 290 | 64,4 | 4,19 | 2,85 - 6,14 |
| 55-69 | 182 | 51,8 | 3,01 | 1,98 - 4,57 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 262 | 58,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 388 | 49,1 | 0,85 | 0,61 - 1,18 |
| Rural area | 328 | 47,6 | 0,75 | 0,53 - 1,05 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 714 | 50,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 272 | 49,9 | 1,01 | 0,75 - 1,36 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 135 | 45,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 602 | 51,5 | 1,41 | 0,96 - 2,07 |
| Lower secondary | 239 | 54,8 | 1,53 | 0,97 - 2,41 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 168 | 45,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 187 | 56,1 | 1,33 | 0,86 - 2,06 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 325 | 46,1 | 0,99 | 0,67 - 1,47 |
| ... - 1000 | 272 | 54,0 | 1,31 | 0,87 - 1,97 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 626 | 57,7 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 70 | 63,0 | 1,22 | 0,72 - 2,06 |
| Economically not active | 61 | 32,7 | 0,40 | 0,22 - 0,72 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 483 | 48,4 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 503 | 51,4 | 1,22 | 0,94 - 1,58 |

* Age 20-59

Table D.3
Leisure time physical activity at least 30 minutes - less than once a week
Woman, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1409 | 50,0 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 240 | 34,3 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 422 | 54,2 | 2,05 | 1,48 - 2,84 |
| 40-54 | 460 | 57,2 | 2,31 | 1,67 - 3,18 |
| 55-69 | 287 | 49,6 | 1,56 | 1,10 - 2,21 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 407 | 49,9 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 631 | 52,7 | 1,14 | 0,88 - 1,47 |
| Rural area | 359 | 46,7 | 0,89 | 0,67 - 1,19 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 975 | 49,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 434 | 50,0 | 1,05 | 0,84 - 1,33 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 282 | 54,9 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 898 | 49,6 | 0,92 | 0,69 - 1,21 |
| Lower secondary | 191 | 53,9 | 0,92 | 0,62 - 1,36 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 245 | 51,7 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 243 | 49,2 | 0,92 | 0,64 - 1,32 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 455 | 53,2 | 1,03 | 0,75 - 1,42 |
| ... - 1000 | 416 | 44,9 | 0,89 | 0,65 - 1,23 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 818 | 57,9 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 79 | 40,0 | 0,50 | 0,31 - 0,81 |
| Economically not active | 217 | 40,3 | 0,53 | 0,38 - 0,73 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 675 | 47,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 734 | 52,7 | 1,29 | 1,04 - 1,60 |

* Age 20-59

Table D.4
Leisure time physical activity at least 30 minutes - less than once a week
Total population, age 16-24

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 445 | 30,7 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 205 | 27,2 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 240 | 34,3 | 1,35 | 0,90 - 2,03 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 119 | 30,3 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 201 | 29,1 | 1,02 | 0,62 - 1,66 |
| Rural area | 120 | 32,6 | 1,12 | 0,64 - 1,96 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 327 | 30,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 118 | 29,8 | 1,04 | 0,66 - 1,64 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 28 | 61,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 268 | 28,3 | 0,62 | 0,28 - 1,38 |
| Lower secondary | 137 | 32,3 | 0,71 | 0,30 - 1,69 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 81 | 30,7 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 73 | 29,7 | 1,11 | 0,56 - 2,17 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 119 | 31,4 | 1,07 | 0,58 - 1,97 |
| - 1000 | 137 | 33,2 | 1,18 | 0,65 - 2,16 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 126 | 47,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 20 | 29,2 | 0,47 | 0,17 - 1,31 |
| Economically not active | 100 | 40,2 | 0,70 | 0,40 - 1,23 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 213 | 34,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 232 | 27,6 | 0,68 | 0,45 - 1,02 |

* Age 20-59

Table D.5
Leisure time physical activity at least 30 minutes - less than once a week
Total population, age 25-39

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 731 | 52,8 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 309 | 51,4 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 422 | 54,2 | 1,12 | 0,83 - 1,50 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 207 | 53,5 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 305 | 55,9 | 1,16 | 0,81 - 1,66 |
| Rural area | 210 | 48,9 | 0,87 | 0,59 - 1,28 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 512 | 50,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 219 | 58,5 | 1,42 | 1,03 - 1,96 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 146 | 40,2 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 525 | 54,7 | 1,57 | 1,08 - 2,28 |
| Lower secondary | 49 | 59,9 | 2,12 | 1,09 - 4,15 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 145 | 49,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 129 | 52,3 | 1,12 | 0,69 - 1,80 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 212 | 52,9 | 1,32 | 0,86 - 2,02 |
| ... - 1000 | 228 | 57,8 | 1,35 | 0,89 - 2,07 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 584 | 53,9 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 45 | 46,8 | 0,67 | 0,36 - 1,24 |
| Economically not active | 76 | 49,2 | 0,79 | 0,49 - 1,29 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 374 | 50,2 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 357 | 55,6 | 1,27 | 0,95 - 1,70 |

* Age 20-59

Table D.6
Leisure time physical activity at least 30 minutes - less than once a week
Total population, age 40-54

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 750 | 60,8 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 290 | 64,4 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 460 | 57,2 | 0,74 | 0,55 - 1,01 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 214 | 60,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 324 | 64,8 | 1,23 | 0,86 - 1,76 |
| Rural area | 208 | 56,0 | 0,84 | 0,57 - 1,23 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 498 | 59,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 252 | 61,8 | 1,06 | 0,78 - 1,45 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 153 | 56,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 487 | 60,5 | 1,13 | 0,78 - 1,64 |
| Lower secondary | 96 | 68,8 | 1,58 | 0,92 - 2,73 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 123 | 57,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 137 | 65,0 | 1,18 | 0,71 - 1,94 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 241 | 59,4 | 1,07 | 0,69 - 1,68 |
| - 1000 | 230 | 63,0 | 1,16 | 0,74 - 1,81 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 599 | 63,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 68 | 62,8 | 0,93 | 0,55 - 1,57 |
| Economically not active | 58 | 24,8 | 0,21 | 0,11 - 0,39 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 356 | 55,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 394 | 65,6 | 1,46 | 1,09 - 1,96 |

* Age 20-59

Table D.7
Leisure time physical activity at least 30 minutes - less than once a week
Total population, age 55-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 469 | 50,7 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 182 | 51,8 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 287 | 49,6 | 0,66 | 0,45 - 0,97 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 129 | 68,0 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 189 | 46,7 | 0,62 | 0,39 - 0,98 |
| Rural area | 149 | 46,7 | 0,60 | 0,37 - 0,97 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 352 | 53,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 117 | 42,2 | 0,60 | 0,39 - 0,93 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 90 | 44,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 220 | 52,7 | 0,58 | 0,35 - 0,97 |
| Lower secondary | 148 | 49,1 | 0,49 | 0,28 - 0,85 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 64 | 51,5 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 91 | 57,8 | 0,70 | 0,36 - 1,36 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 208 | 49,6 | 0,54 | 0,30 - 0,96 |
| ... - 1000 | 93 | 36,4 | 0,37 | 0,19 - 0,72 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 135 | 64,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 16 | 55,0 | 0,71 | 0,24 - 2,06 |
| Economically not active | 44 | 28,5 | 0,40 | 0,20 - 0,82 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 215 | 47,9 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 254 | 52,4 | 1,66 | 1,14 - 2,40 |

* Age 20-59

Table D.8
Leisure time physical activity at least 30 minutes - less than once a week
Tallinn, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 669 | 54,0 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 119 | 30,3 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 207 | 53,5 | 2,06 | 1,30 - 3,29 |
| 40-54 | 214 | 60,1 | 2,70 | 1,70 - 4,31 |
| 55-69 | 129 | 68,0 | 2,70 | 1,61 - 4,52 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 262 | 58,1 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 407 | 49,9 | 0,75 | 0,54 - 1,03 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 376 | 52,0 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 293 | 49,6 | 0,94 | 0,68 - 1,30 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 190 | 46,2 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 407 | 56,5 | 1,22 | 0,85 - 1,74 |
| Lower secondary | 64 | 49,8 | 1,05 | 0,55 - 2,00 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 195 | 44,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 142 | 62,8 | 1,54 | 0,98 - 2,43 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 204 | 54,4 | 1,21 | 0,80 - 1,84 |
| ... - 1000 | 102 | 46,1 | 0,91 | 0,55 - 1,50 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 449 | 58,2 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 27 | 40,7 | 0,58 | 0,26 - 1,32 |
| Economically not active | 60 | 30,2 | 0,53 | 0,30 - 0,97 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 334 | 53,3 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 335 | 48,6 | 1,19 | 0,86 - 1,63 |

* Age 20-59

Table D.9
Leisure time physical activity at least 30 minutes - less than once a week
Other urban areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1019 | 50,9 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 201 | 29,1 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 305 | 55,9 | 2,58 | 1,78 - 3,74 |
| 40-54 | 324 | 64,8 | 3,48 | 2,40 - 5,05 |
| 55-69 | 189 | 46,7 | 1,89 | 1,26 - 2,85 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 388 | 49,1 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 631 | 52,7 | 1,05 | 0,81 - 1,37 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 654 | 50,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 365 | 50,9 | 1,00 | 0,76 - 1,31 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 147 | 39,9 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 697 | 50,8 | 1,07 | 0,74 - 1,55 |
| Lower secondary | 154 | 54,9 | 1,31 | 0,79 - 2,17 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 141 | 49,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 190 | 48,1 | 0,89 | 0,56 - 1,40 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 333 | 51,2 | 1,02 | 0,67 - 1,55 |
| ... - 1000 | 326 | 50,9 | 1,03 | 0,68 - 1,56 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 631 | 59,8 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 59 | 53,6 | 0,89 | 0,51 - 1,56 |
| Economically not active | 123 | 27,4 | 0,44 | 0,28 - 0,70 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 484 | 46,7 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 535 | 55,8 | 1,27 | 0,98 - 1,65 |

* Age 20-59

Table D.10
Leisure time physical activity at least 30 minutes - less than once a week
Rural areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 687 | 47,1 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 120 | 32,6 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 210 | 48,9 | 2,00 | 1,25 - 3,20 |
| 40-54 | 208 | 56,0 | 2,58 | 1,61 - 4,14 |
| 55-69 | 149 | 46,7 | 1,90 | 1,15 - 3,14 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 328 | 47,6 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 359 | 46,7 | 0,87 | 0,64 - 1,19 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 641 | 47,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 46 | 39,0 | 0,84 | 0,45 - 1,56 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 76 | 47,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 385 | 48,2 | 0,82 | 0,49 - 1,37 |
| Lower secondary | 209 | 49,2 | 0,97 | 0,55 - 1,70 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 72 | 47,3 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 96 | 47,4 | 0,77 | 0,41 - 1,46 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 238 | 44,4 | 0,75 | 0,43 - 1,31 |
| ... - 1000 | 252 | 46,6 | 0,85 | 0,49 - 1,49 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 358 | 54,7 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 61 | 46,1 | 0,70 | 0,40 - 1,24 |
| Economically not active | 89 | 39,3 | 0,65 | 0,39 - 1,09 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 325 | 46,9 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 362 | 49,2 | 1,33 | 0,97 - 1,82 |

* Age 20-59

Table E.1
Daily smoking
Total population, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2396 | 30,9 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 440 | 26,8 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 717 | 35,6 | 1,43 | 1,09 - 1,88 |
| 40-54 | 748 | 38,7 | 1,61 | 1,23 - 2,10 |
| 55-69 | 491 | 19,2 | 0,64 | 0,47 - 0,88 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 978 | 43,4 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 1418 | 18,5 | 0,29 | 0,24 - 0,35 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 672 | 32,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1019 | 31,9 | 0,97 | 0,78 - 1,22 |
| Rural area | 685 | 29,5 | 0,95 | 0,74 - 1,22 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1684 | 29,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 712 | 34,6 | 1,25 | 1,02 - 1,52 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 428 | 16,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1494 | 31,8 | 2,28 | 1,71 - 3,04 |
| Lower secondary | 430 | 39,3 | 3,66 | 2,56 - 5,23 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 411 | 26,2 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 430 | 27,9 | 1,04 | 0,76 - 1,43 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 790 | 29,1 | 1,06 | 0,80 - 1,40 |
| ... - 1000 | 687 | 36,2 | 1,59 | 1,19 - 2,10 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1428 | 35,8 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 142 | 49,9 | 1,78 | 1,24 - 2,58 |
| Economically not active | 279 | 33,4 | 0,78 | 0,56 1,09 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 1178 | 30,4 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 1218 | 31,1 | 1,11 | 0,92 - 1,33 |

* Age 20-59

Table E.2
Daily smoking
Men, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 978 | 43,4 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 202 | 37,7 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 297 | 47,2 | 1,33 | 0,93 - 1,91 |
| 40-54 | 290 | 53,6 | 1,72 | 1,19 - 2,47 |
| 55-69 | 189 | 31,1 | 0,73 | 0,48 - 1,1 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 263 | 43,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 381 | 46,4 | 1,20 | 0,87 - 1,65 |
| Rural area | 325 | 41,1 | 1,04 | 0,74 - 1,45 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 708 | 41,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 270 | 49,5 | 1,44 | 1,08 - 1,92 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 142 | 22,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 599 | 44,5 | 2,77 | 1,81 - 4,22 |
| Lower secondary | 229 | 52,7 | 4,30 | 2,62 - 7,04 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 170 | 33,5 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 185 | 39,1 | 1,22 | 0,79 - 1,89 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 325 | 41,9 | 1,34 | 0,91 - 1,99 |
| ... - 1000 | 268 | 50,7 | 2,16 | 1,44 - 3,24 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 616 | 47,8 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 65 | 66,7 | 2,12 | 1,23 - 3,65 |
| Economically not active | 61 | 47,6 | 1,03 | 0,59 - 1,78 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 488 | 42,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 490 | 43,3 | 1,14 | 0,88 - 1,48 |

* Age 20-59

Table E.3
Daily smoking
Woman, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1418 | 18,5 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 238 | 15,9 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 420 | 24,0 | 1,52 | 1,02 - 2,28 |
| 40-54 | 458 | 23,7 | 1,50 | 1,01 - 2,24 |
| 55-69 | 302 | 7,3 | 0,53 | 0,32 - 0,88 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 409 | 20,5 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 638 | 17,4 | 0,80 | 0,59 - 1,1 |
| Rural area | 360 | 17,9 | 0,89 | 0,62 - 1,27 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 976 | 17,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 442 | 19,7 | 1,08 | 0,81 - 1,44 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 286 | 10,0 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 895 | 19,2 | 1,92 | 1,30 - 2,82 |
| Lower secondary | 201 | 26,0 | 3,17 | 1,88 - 5,35 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 241 | 18,9 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 245 | 16,8 | 0,88 | 0,56 - 1,39 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 465 | 16,3 | 0,82 | 0,55 - 1,23 |
| ... - 1000 | 419 | 21,7 | 1,18 | 0,80 - 1,74 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 812 | 23,9 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 77 | 33,0 | 1,52 | 0,91 - 2,54 |
| Economically not active | 218 | 19,2 | 0,67 | 0,44 - 1,01 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 690 | 18,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 728 | 18,9 | 1,07 | 0,82 - 1,4 |

* Age 20-59

Table E.4
Daily smoking
Total population, age 16-24

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Total | 440 | 26,8 | ----- | | |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 202 | 37,7 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 238 | 15,9 | 0,30 | 0,19 | - 0,47 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 118 | 26,7 | 1,00 | | |
| Other urban area | 199 | 29,0 | 1,08 | 0,63 | - 1,85 |
| Rural area | 118 | 25,7 | 0,96 | 0,52 | - 1,77 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 325 | 24,0 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 115 | 35,0 | 1,82 | 1,12 | - 2,95 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 28 | 3,7 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 264 | 26,0 | 7,07 | 1,59 | - 31,4 |
| Lower secondary | 137 | 38,0 | 13,32 | 2,90 | - 61,2 |
| Household income | | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 81 | 23,9 | 1,00 | | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 72 | 32,6 | 1,82 | 0,86 | - 3,84 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 119 | 25,0 | 1,35 | 0,68 | - 2,66 |
| ... - 1000 | 133 | 30,6 | 1,77 | 0,90 | - 3,47 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 125 | 41,7 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 19 | 47,7 | 1,40 | 0,51 | - 3,81 |
| Economically not active | 98 | 22,3 | 0,35 | 0,18 | - 0,68 |
| Study year | | | | | |
| 1988 | 213 | 26,5 | 1,00 | | |
| 2000 | 227 | 27,3 | 1,08 | 0,70 | - 1,68 |

* Age 20-59

Table E.5
Daily smoking
Total population, age 25-39

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 717 | 35,6 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 297 | 47,2 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 420 | 24,0 | 0,36 | 0,26 - 0,49 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 204 | 34,4 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 296 | 38,1 | 1,14 | 0,77 - 1,69 |
| Rural area | 208 | 34,2 | 1,04 | 0,68 - 1,59 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 502 | 33,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 215 | 42,0 | 1,38 | 0,97 - 1,95 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 150 | 16,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 514 | 38,8 | 3,47 | 2,10 - 5,74 |
| Lower secondary | 44 | 47,6 | 6,41 | 2,96 - 13,8 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 141 | 25,7 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 128 | 33,1 | 1,42 | 0,82 - 2,46 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 211 | 32,0 | 1,41 | 0,86 - 2,33 |
| ... - 1000 | 220 | 45,0 | 2,43 | 1,49 - 3,96 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 572 | 35,9 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 43 | 45,6 | 1,35 | 0,70 - 2,61 |
| Economically not active | 74 | 24,6 | 0,73 | 0,40 - 1,33 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 371 | 35,5 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 346 | 35,5 | 1,01 | 0,73 - 1,39 |

* Age 20-59

Table E.6
Daily smoking
Total population, age 40-54

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 748 | 38,7 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 290 | 53,6 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 458 | 23,7 | 0,27 | 0,20 - 0,37 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 214 | 39,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 326 | 39,2 | 0,95 | 0,65 - 1,38 |
| Rural area | 204 | 36,5 | 0,84 | 0,55 - 1,28 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 494 | 38,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 254 | 39,2 | 1,02 | 0,73 - 1,43 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 156 | 25,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 486 | 39,4 | 1,69 | 1,10 - 2,59 |
| Lower secondary | 91 | 48,3 | 2,64 | 1,48 - 4,74 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 122 | 40,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 138 | 33,4 | 0,69 | 0,40 - 1,18 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 232 | 33,6 | 0,66 | 0,41 - 1,07 |
| ... - 1000 | 241 | 43,8 | 0,98 | 0,61 - 1,56 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 595 | 36,8 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 66 | 52,6 | 1,79 | 1,04 - 3,08 |
| Economically not active | 62 | 42,0 | 0,98 | 0,54 - 1,79 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 363 | 37,5 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 385 | 40,1 | 1,14 | 0,83 - 1,57 |

* Age 20-59

Table E.7
Daily smoking
Total population, age 55-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 491 | 19,2 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 189 | 31,1 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 302 | 7,3 | 0,19 | 0,12 - 0,32 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 136 | 24,5 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 198 | 17,6 | 0,65 | 0,35 - 1,19 |
| Rural area | 155 | 18,3 | 0,95 | 0,52 - 1,75 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 363 | 19,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 128 | 19,4 | 1,04 | 0,59 - 1,83 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 94 | 15,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 230 | 18,9 | 1,38 | 0,66 - 2,87 |
| Lower secondary | 158 | 19,0 | 1,82 | 0,86 - 3,86 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 67 | 11,4 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 92 | 10,5 | 0,55 | 0,22 - 1,37 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 228 | 23,4 | 0,98 | 0,46 - 2,09 |
| ... - 1000 | 93 | 20,8 | 1,43 | 0,62 - 3,29 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 136 | 24,2 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 14 | 58,3 | 4,28 | 1,30 - 14,1 |
| Economically not active | 45 | 48,6 | 2,20 | 0,98 - 4,91 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 231 | 18,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 260 | 17,7 | 1,32 | 0,81 - 2,16 |

* Age 20-59

Table E.8
Daily smoking
Tallinn, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 672 | 32,1 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 118 | 26,7 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 204 | 34,4 | 1,27 | 0,76 - 2,11 |
| 40-54 | 214 | 39,8 | 1,60 | 0,97 - 2,64 |
| 55-69 | 136 | 24,5 | 0,70 | 0,38 - 1,26 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 263 | 43,8 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 409 | 20,5 | 0,34 | 0,24 - 0,49 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 375 | 33,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 297 | 30,0 | 1,04 | 0,73 - 1,47 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 197 | 17,9 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 406 | 34,1 | 1,91 | 1,25 - 2,91 |
| Lower secondary | 61 | 38,5 | 3,88 | 1,89 - 7,98 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 194 | 25,3 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 143 | 25,7 | 1,08 | 0,65 - 1,79 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 206 | 34,7 | 1,44 | 0,91 - 2,29 |
| ... - 1000 | 103 | 34,4 | 1,64 | 0,95 - 2,83 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 446 | 36,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 25 | 28,1 | 1,54 | 0,66 - 3,62 |
| Economically not active | 64 | 18,9 | 0,63 | 0,32 - 1,25 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 340 | 31,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 332 | 30,5 | 1,09 | 0,77 - 1,55 |

* Age 20-59

Table E.9
Daily smoking
Other urban areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1019 | 31,9 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 199 | 29,0 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 296 | 38,1 | 1,49 | 0,99 - 2,26 |
| 40-54 | 326 | 39,2 | 1,56 | 1,04 - 2,35 |
| 55-69 | 198 | 17,6 | 0,50 | 0,30 - 0,83 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 381 | 46,4 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 638 | 17,4 | 0,24 | 0,18 - 0,32 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 650 | 29,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 369 | 36,9 | 1,43 | 1,06 - 1,92 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 151 | 15,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 691 | 31,8 | 2,27 | 1,38 - 3,73 |
| Lower secondary | 159 | 37,2 | 4,32 | 2,32 - 8,05 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 138 | 26,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 190 | 29,5 | 1,15 | 0,68 - 1,95 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 339 | 26,7 | 0,96 | 0,59 - 1,56 |
| ... - 1000 | 326 | 39,3 | 1,73 | 1,08 - 2,78 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 623 | 36,9 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 58 | 43,1 | 1,72 | 0,94 - 3,12 |
| Economically not active | 123 | 21,3 | 0,54 | 0,31 - 0,95 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 493 | 29,9 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 526 | 33,1 | 1,25 | 0,94 - 1,68 |

* Age 20-59

Table E.10
Daily smoking
Rural areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 685 | 29,5 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 118 | 25,7 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 208 | 34,2 | 1,62 | 0,97 - 2,72 |
| 40-54 | 204 | 36,5 | 1,70 | 1,01 - 2,85 |
| 55-69 | 155 | 18,3 | 0,83 | 0,47 - 1,49 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 325 | 41,1 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 360 | 17,9 | 0,27 | 0,19 - 0,39 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 641 | 29,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 44 | 36,5 | 1,29 | 0,63 - 2,65 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 76 | 9,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 385 | 30,3 | 5,11 | 2,20 - 11,8 |
| Lower secondary | 208 | 36,5 | 6,96 | 2,89 - 16,7 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 73 | 26,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 95 | 27,1 | 0,79 | 0,38 - 1,65 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 241 | 25,8 | 0,92 | 0,48 - 1,73 |
| ... - 1000 | 250 | 33,5 | 1,24 | 0,67 - 2,32 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 353 | 33,5 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 57 | 52,3 | 1,96 | 1,06 - 3,63 |
| Economically not active | 86 | 42,6 | 1,55 | 0,87 - 2,76 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 330 | 31,4 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 355 | 27,8 | 0,89 | 0,62 - 1,28 |

* Age 20-59

Table F.1
Consumption of strong spirits - once or more a week
Total population, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2366 | 19,9 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 431 | 13,5 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 708 | 20,3 | 1,58 | 1,12 - 2,23 |
| 40-54 | 736 | 23,9 | 1,89 | 1,35 - 2,65 |
| 55-69 | 491 | 20,0 | 1,37 | 0,94 - 1,99 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 1006 | 30,6 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 1360 | 9,2 | 0,21 | 0,17 - 0,27 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 649 | 23,6 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1011 | 19,9 | 0,76 | 0,58 - 0,99 |
| Rural area | 688 | 18,0 | 0,71 | 0,53 - 0,95 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1638 | 18,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 728 | 23,1 | 1,31 | 1,04 - 1,66 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 400 | 18,2 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1471 | 20,3 | 1,12 | 0,82 - 1,54 |
| Lower secondary | 448 | 20,2 | 0,96 | 0,64 - 1,42 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 400 | 24,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 424 | 18,3 | 0,73 | 0,51 - 1,05 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 766 | 19,9 | 0,79 | 0,57 - 1,09 |
| ... - 1000 | 693 | 18,1 | 0,73 | 0,52 - 1,02 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1400 | 22,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 151 | 23,4 | 0,96 | 0,62 - 1,48 |
| Economically not active | 275 | 9,7 | 0,49 | 0,31 0,78 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 1107 | 19,7 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 1259 | 19,7 | 1,11 | 0,89 - 1,38 |

* Age 20-59

Table F.2
Consumption of strong spirits - once or more a week
Men, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1006 | 30,6 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 198 | 19,4 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 305 | 29,6 | 1,60 | 1,05 - 2,44 |
| 40-54 | 299 | 38,5 | 2,35 | 1,56 - 3,56 |
| 55-69 | 204 | 31,8 | 1,66 | 1,06 - 2,61 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 262 | 35,0 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 392 | 31,2 | 0,92 | 0,65 - 1,29 |
| Rural area | 345 | 28,0 | 0,79 | 0,56 - 1,13 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 720 | 28,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 286 | 35,2 | 1,34 | 1,00 - 1,80 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 135 | 29,9 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 615 | 31,0 | 1,11 | 0,74 - 1,66 |
| Lower secondary | 245 | 29,2 | 0,95 | 0,59 - 1,54 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 167 | 38,2 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 192 | 30,7 | 0,91 | 0,58 - 1,43 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 326 | 30,5 | 0,86 | 0,57 - 1,30 |
| ... - 1000 | 288 | 28,2 | 0,79 | 0,52 - 1,21 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 627 | 34,7 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 72 | 36,3 | 0,99 | 0,59 - 1,66 |
| Economically not active | 64 | 10,9 | 0,38 | 0,19 - 0,76 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 498 | 30,2 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 508 | 30,6 | 1,12 | 0,85 - 1,47 |

* Age 20-59

Table F.3
Consumption of strong spirits - once or more a week
Woman, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1360 | 9,2 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 233 | 7,6 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 403 | 11,0 | 1,46 | 0,82 - 2,60 |
| 40-54 | 437 | 9,2 | 1,20 | 0,67 - 2,15 |
| 55-69 | 287 | 8,2 | 0,89 | 0,46 - 1,73 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 387 | 12,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 619 | 8,7 | 0,56 | 0,37 - 0,87 |
| Rural area | 343 | 7,9 | 0,61 | 0,37 - 1,01 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 918 | 8,0 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 442 | 10,9 | 1,26 | 0,85 - 1,87 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 265 | 6,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 856 | 9,7 | 1,15 | 0,70 - 1,89 |
| Lower secondary | 203 | 11,1 | 0,96 | 0,46 - 1,99 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 233 | 11,3 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 232 | 5,9 | 0,45 | 0,23 - 0,88 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 440 | 9,2 | 0,70 | 0,42 - 1,17 |
| ... - 1000 | 405 | 8,0 | 0,65 | 0,38 - 1,09 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 773 | 10,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 79 | 10,5 | 0,89 | 0,39 - 2,02 |
| Economically not active | 211 | 8,5 | 0,61 | 0,33 - 1,14 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 609 | 9,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 751 | 8,8 | 1,08 | 0,74 - 1,58 |

* Age 20-59

Table F.4
Consumption of strong spirits - once or more a week
Total population, age 16-24

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 431 | 13,5 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 198 | 19,4 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 233 | 7,6 | 0,30 | 0,17 - 0,55 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 115 | 18,5 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 195 | 14,1 | 0,68 | 0,36 - 1,29 |
| Rural area | 117 | 9,6 | 0,43 | 0,19 - 0,97 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 315 | 13,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 116 | 13,2 | 1,17 | 0,63 - 2,18 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 26 | 6,0 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 259 | 14,6 | 1,94 | 0,54 - 6,97 |
| Lower secondary | 134 | 11,5 | 1,51 | 0,39 - 5,84 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 77 | 16,9 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 72 | 10,2 | 0,64 | 0,24 - 1,70 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 119 | 16,8 | 1,20 | 0,55 - 2,63 |
| ... - 1000 | 129 | 11,6 | 0,72 | 0,31 - 1,68 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 118 | 23,2 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 18 | 16,2 | 0,74 | 0,19 - 2,85 |
| Economically not active | 97 | 9,1 | 0,28 | 0,11 - 0,72 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 200 | 13,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 231 | 13,7 | 1,02 | 0,58 - 1,78 |

* Age 20-59

Table F.5
Consumption of strong spirits - once or more a week
Total population, age 25-39

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 708 | 20,3 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 305 | 29,6 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 403 | 11,0 | 0,28 | 0,19 - 0,42 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 196 | 23,9 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 297 | 21,4 | 0,74 | 0,47 - 1,17 |
| Rural area | 207 | 16,8 | 0,54 | 0,32 - 0,90 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 490 | 18,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 218 | 24,8 | 1,55 | 1,03 - 2,35 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 137 | 13,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 511 | 21,3 | 1,71 | 0,96 - 3,05 |
| Lower secondary | 50 | 21,5 | 1,70 | 0,72 - 4,05 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 138 | 24,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 127 | 16,4 | 0,53 | 0,28 - 1,00 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 197 | 18,5 | 0,68 | 0,39 - 1,20 |
| ... - 1000 | 228 | 22,3 | 0,81 | 0,47 - 1,40 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 563 | 20,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 47 | 26,3 | 1,24 | 0,58 - 2,66 |
| Economically not active | 72 | 5,3 | 0,68 | 0,29 - 1,58 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 347 | 18,5 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 361 | 22,2 | 1,30 | 0,88 - 1,92 |

* Age 20-59

Table F.6
Consumption of strong spirits - once or more a week
Total population, age 40-54

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 736 | 23,9 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 299 | 38,5 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 437 | 9,2 | 0,16 | 0,11 - 0,24 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 205 | 26,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 327 | 21,6 | 0,69 | 0,44 - 1,10 |
| Rural area | 201 | 25,9 | 0,88 | 0,54 - 1,43 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 473 | 23,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 263 | 24,9 | 1,15 | 0,77 - 1,70 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 147 | 21,2 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 477 | 23,6 | 1,27 | 0,75 - 2,15 |
| Lower secondary | 99 | 29,4 | 1,81 | 0,92 - 3,53 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 119 | 28,7 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 131 | 21,8 | 0,65 | 0,34 - 1,26 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 232 | 24,0 | 0,81 | 0,46 - 1,42 |
| - 1000 | 236 | 21,6 | 0,69 | 0,39 - 1,22 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 582 | 24,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 68 | 22,6 | 0,84 | 0,44 - 1,60 |
| Economically not active | 63 | 11,3 | 0,53 | 0,23 - 1,25 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 338 | 23,3 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 398 | 24,1 | 1,05 | 0,72 - 1,55 |

* Age 20-59

Table F.7
Consumption of strong spirits - once or more a week
Total population, age 55-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 491 | 20,0 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 204 | 31,8 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 287 | 8,2 | 0,16 | 0,09 - 0,28 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 133 | 23,6 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 192 | 21,2 | 1,01 | 0,53 - 1,91 |
| Rural area | 163 | 16,9 | 0,98 | 0,51 - 1,88 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 360 | 15,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 131 | 27,5 | 1,42 | 0,81 - 2,48 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 90 | 31,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 224 | 20,1 | 0,47 | 0,24 - 0,90 |
| Lower secondary | 165 | 14,8 | 0,24 | 0,12 - 0,51 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 66 | 27,9 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 94 | 23,4 | 1,44 | 0,62 - 3,38 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 218 | 19,1 | 0,79 | 0,35 - 1,74 |
| ... - 1000 | 100 | 14,3 | 0,63 | 0,25 - 1,57 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 137 | 22,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 18 | 25,0 | 1,02 | 0,32 - 3,32 |
| Economically not active | 43 | 21,5 | 0,68 | 0,23 - 1,98 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 222 | 22,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 269 | 16,5 | 0,96 | 0,58 - 1,58 |

* Age 20-59

Table F.8
Consumption of strong spirits - once or more a week
Tallinn, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 649 | 23,6 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 115 | 18,5 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 196 | 23,9 | 1,37 | 0,76 - 2,48 |
| 40-54 | 205 | 26,8 | 1,42 | 0,79 - 2,54 |
| 55-69 | 133 | 23,6 | 0,84 | 0,42 - 1,65 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 262 | 35,0 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 387 | 12,1 | 0,26 | 0,18 - 0,39 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 348 | 22,0 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 301 | 26,3 | 1,23 | 0,81 - 1,84 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 180 | 14,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 395 | 25,0 | 1,54 | 0,95 - 2,52 |
| Lower secondary | 66 | 14,7 | 0,94 | 0,40 - 2,19 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 187 | 22,3 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 138 | 22,6 | 0,66 | 0,37 - 1,18 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 195 | 24,0 | 0,80 | 0,47 - 1,36 |
| ... - 1000 | 104 | 24,1 | 0,85 | 0,46 - 1,60 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 428 | 24,1 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 27 | 22,4 | 1,19 | 0,47 - 3,02 |
| Economically not active | 63 | 12,9 | 0,73 | 0,31 - 1,71 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 311 | 22,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 338 | 21,4 | 1,12 | 0,75 - 1,68 |

* Age 20-59

Table F.9
Consumption of strong spirits - once or more a week
Other urban areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1011 | 19,9 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 195 | 14,1 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 297 | 21,4 | 1,63 | 0,97 - 2,75 |
| 40-54 | 327 | 21,6 | 1,59 | 0,94 - 2,69 |
| 55-69 | 192 | 21,2 | 1,43 | 0,80 - 2,57 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 392 | 31,2 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 619 | 8,7 | 0,17 | 0,12 - 0,25 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 634 | 16,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 377 | 22,7 | 1,36 | 0,95 - 1,96 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 145 | 16,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 690 | 19,4 | 0,98 | 0,56 - 1,70 |
| Lower secondary | 154 | 22,7 | 1,17 | 0,59 - 2,33 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 138 | 18,2 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 189 | 15,6 | 0,90 | 0,48 - 1,70 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 332 | 19,9 | 0,93 | 0,52 - 1,64 |
| ... - 1000 | 324 | 19,1 | 1,05 | 0,59 - 1,86 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 618 | 21,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 61 | 16,1 | 0,87 | 0,40 - 1,86 |
| Economically not active | 122 | 7,4 | 0,51 | 0,24 - 1,07 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 468 | 20,2 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 543 | 18,9 | 1,13 | 0,79 - 1,62 |

* Age 20-59

Table F.10
Consumption of strong spirits - once or more a week
Rural areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 688 | 18,0 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 117 | 9,6 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 207 | 16,8 | 2,01 | 0,96 - 4,20 |
| 40-54 | 201 | 25,9 | 3,61 | 1,76 - 7,41 |
| 55-69 | 163 | 16,9 | 2,41 | 1,13 - 5,14 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 345 | 28,0 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 343 | 7,9 | 0,19 | 0,12 - 0,30 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 640 | 18,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 48 | 14,8 | 0,76 | 0,32 - 1,78 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 73 | 18,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 374 | 18,7 | 1,03 | 0,51 - 2,07 |
| Lower secondary | 225 | 18,3 | 0,78 | 0,37 - 1,64 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 71 | 30,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 95 | 16,2 | 0,63 | 0,28 - 1,43 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 235 | 19,1 | 0,68 | 0,33 - 1,37 |
| ... - 1000 | 257 | 14,9 | 0,46 | 0,23 - 0,95 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 349 | 23,7 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 61 | 25,4 | 0,88 | 0,43 - 1,80 |
| Economically not active | 85 | 8,5 | 0,32 | 0,13 - 0,77 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 315 | 16,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 373 | 19,1 | 1,16 | 0,76 - 1,78 |

* Age 20-59

Table G.1
Rate of Body Mass Index - 25 or more
Total population, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2479 | 40,8 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 439 | 7,7 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 743 | 32,6 | 5,14 | 3,54 - 7,44 |
| 40-54 | 780 | 50,4 | 11,17 | 7,74 - 16,10 |
| 55-69 | 517 | 68,1 | 23,67 | 16,10 - 34,80 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 1026 | 42,8 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 1453 | 38,7 | 0,75 | 0,62 - 0,89 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 681 | 39,9 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1051 | 39,2 | 1,10 | 0,88 - 1,36 |
| Rural area | 726 | 43,4 | 1,25 | 0,99 - 1,59 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1746 | 40,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 733 | 41,0 | 1,15 | 0,95 - 1,40 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 429 | 36,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1545 | 40,7 | 1,35 | 1,06 - 1,71 |
| Lower secondary | 456 | 47,2 | 1,70 | 1,24 - 2,32 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 416 | 40,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 443 | 43,8 | 1,47 | 1,08 - 1,99 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 817 | 40,9 | 1,39 | 1,06 - 1,82 |
| ... - 1000 | 718 | 42,4 | 1,35 | 1,02 - 1,78 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1474 | 40,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 153 | 34,7 | 0,79 | 0,55 - 1,14 |
| Economically not active | 289 | 44,4 | 1,11 | 0,82 1,51 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 1228 | 40,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 1251 | 41,6 | 1,10 | 0,92 - 1,31 |

* Age 20-59

Table G.2
Rate of Body Mass Index - 25 or more
Men, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1026 | 42,8 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 201 | 9,0 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 313 | 39,9 | 6,10 | 3,65 - 10,20 |
| 40-54 | 307 | 53,2 | 10,24 | 6,13 - 17,12 |
| 55-69 | 205 | 63,2 | 17,45 | 10,12 - 30,09 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 268 | 44,6 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 399 | 39,4 | 0,90 | 0,64 - 1,26 |
| Rural area | 350 | 45,9 | 1,17 | 0,83 - 1,67 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 742 | 43,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 284 | 40,8 | 0,94 | 0,70 - 1,27 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 142 | 42,9 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 625 | 41,7 | 0,92 | 0,62 - 1,35 |
| Lower secondary | 248 | 42,6 | 1,08 | 0,68 - 1,72 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 173 | 49,9 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 193 | 45,9 | 1,00 | 0,64 - 1,57 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 335 | 42,5 | 0,91 | 0,60 - 1,37 |
| ... - 1000 | 290 | 41,8 | 0,73 | 0,48 - 1,12 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 643 | 46,1 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 74 | 29,4 | 0,49 | 0,29 - 0,83 |
| Economically not active | 65 | 48,5 | 0,81 | 0,44 - 1,48 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 520 | 42,4 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 506 | 43,4 | 1,07 | 0,82 - 1,40 |

* Age 20-59

Table G.3
Rate of Body Mass Index - 25 or more
Woman, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1453 | 38,7 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 238 | 6,4 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 430 | 25,4 | 4,47 | 2,61 - 7,66 |
| 40-54 | 473 | 47,6 | 11,99 | 7,09 - 20,28 |
| 55-69 | 312 | 72,9 | 29,25 | 16,89 - 50,63 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 413 | 35,3 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 652 | 39,1 | 1,26 | 0,95 - 1,68 |
| Rural area | 376 | 41,0 | 1,30 | 0,94 - 1,79 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1004 | 37,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 449 | 41,2 | 1,34 | 1,04 - 1,73 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 287 | 30,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 920 | 39,7 | 1,69 | 1,24 - 2,29 |
| Lower secondary | 208 | 51,8 | 2,37 | 1,53 - 3,65 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 243 | 30,2 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 250 | 41,6 | 2,02 | 1,32 - 3,07 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 482 | 39,4 | 1,96 | 1,35 - 2,84 |
| ... - 1000 | 428 | 42,9 | 2,18 | 1,49 - 3,19 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 831 | 35,1 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 79 | 39,9 | 1,26 | 0,76 - 2,09 |
| Economically not active | 224 | 40,3 | 1,27 | 0,89 - 1,83 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 708 | 37,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 745 | 39,7 | 1,12 | 0,88 - 1,42 |

* Age 20-59

Table G.4
Rate of Body Mass Index - 25 or more
Total population, age 16-24

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 439 | 7,7 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 201 | 9,0 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 238 | 6,4 | 0,69 | 0,35 - 1,37 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 118 | 5,2 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 198 | 8,0 | 1,24 | 0,53 - 2,92 |
| Rural area | 118 | 8,3 | 1,33 | 0,51 - 3,48 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 322 | 7,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 117 | 8,2 | 1,48 | 0,72 - 3,05 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 28 | 9,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 265 | 7,3 | 0,47 | 0,16 - 1,39 |
| Lower secondary | 134 | 11,7 | 0,76 | 0,23 - 2,47 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 81 | 3,3 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 71 | 11,9 | 3,98 | 1,19 - 13,28 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 120 | 5,2 | 1,40 | 0,39 - 5,00 |
| - 1000 | 132 | 10,6 | 3,02 | 0,94 - 9,70 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 124 | 13,8 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 19 | 15,3 | 1,18 | 0,31 - 4,51 |
| Economically not active | 99 | 6,6 | 0,40 | 0,15 - 1,11 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 213 | 8,2 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 226 | 6,9 | 0,90 | 0,45 - 1,78 |

* Age 20-59

Table G.5
Rate of Body Mass Index - 25 or more
Total population, age 25-39

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 439 | 7,7 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 313 | 39,9 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 430 | 25,4 | 0,50 | 0,37 - 0,69 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 207 | 29,6 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 309 | 30,3 | 1,03 | 0,70 - 1,54 |
| Rural area | 218 | 38,2 | 1,46 | 0,97 - 2,22 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 526 | 32,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 217 | 32,9 | 0,97 | 0,68 - 1,37 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 150 | 27,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 532 | 33,6 | 1,49 | 0,97 - 2,28 |
| Lower secondary | 50 | 40,2 | 1,83 | 0,90 - 3,70 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 143 | 29,5 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 132 | 31,1 | 1,23 | 0,72 - 2,12 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 217 | 32,3 | 1,30 | 0,80 - 2,12 |
| ... - 1000 | 233 | 37,2 | 1,64 | 1,02 - 2,65 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 593 | 32,3 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 45 | 26,3 | 0,89 | 0,45 - 1,76 |
| Economically not active | 76 | 44,4 | 1,50 | 0,88 - 2,57 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 384 | 31,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 359 | 34,3 | 1,16 | 0,84 - 1,59 |

* Age 20-59

Table G.6
Rate of Body Mass Index - 25 or more
Total population, age 40-54

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 780 | 50,4 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 307 | 53,2 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 473 | 47,6 | 0,80 | 0,60 - 1,07 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 217 | 50,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 340 | 47,9 | 1,02 | 0,73 - 1,44 |
| Rural area | 219 | 52,2 | 1,22 | 0,84 - 1,79 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 515 | 47,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 265 | 55,7 | 1,45 | 1,07 - 1,95 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 157 | 47,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 507 | 51,3 | 1,43 | 0,99 - 2,05 |
| Lower secondary | 101 | 54,5 | 1,44 | 0,86 - 2,40 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 124 | 45,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 144 | 57,7 | 1,78 | 1,09 - 2,90 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 244 | 53,3 | 1,46 | 0,94 - 2,26 |
| - 1000 | 249 | 47,9 | 1,28 | 0,83 - 1,97 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 615 | 51,1 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 71 | 52,0 | 0,97 | 0,59 - 1,59 |
| Economically not active | 67 | 53,0 | 1,17 | 0,70 - 1,94 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 381 | 50,5 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 399 | 50,2 | 0,97 | 0,73 - 1,29 |

* Age 20-59

Table G.7
Rate of Body Mass Index - 25 or more
Total population, age 55-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 517 | 68,1 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 205 | 63,2 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 312 | 72,9 | 1,20 | 0,82 - 1,75 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 139 | 70,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 204 | 67,0 | 1,30 | 0,81 - 2,07 |
| Rural area | 171 | 70,1 | 1,10 | 0,68 - 1,78 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 383 | 71,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 134 | 61,9 | 0,81 | 0,53 - 1,23 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 94 | 58,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 241 | 65,6 | 1,26 | 0,77 - 2,08 |
| Lower secondary | 171 | 78,1 | 1,97 | 1,14 - 3,41 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 68 | 78,7 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 96 | 70,3 | 0,93 | 0,48 - 1,80 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 236 | 67,8 | 1,23 | 0,68 - 2,20 |
| ... - 1000 | 104 | 69,9 | 0,78 | 0,41 - 1,48 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 142 | 66,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 18 | 25,0 | 0,19 | 0,06 - 0,59 |
| Economically not active | 47 | 60,1 | 1,04 | 0,52 - 2,11 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 250 | 66,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 267 | 70,4 | 1,28 | 0,88 - 1,86 |

* Age 20-59

Table G.8
Rate of Body Mass Index - 25 or more
Tallinn, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 681 | 39,9 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 118 | 5,2 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 207 | 29,6 | 4,93 | 2,34 - 10,40 |
| 40-54 | 217 | 50,1 | 11,67 | 5,61 - 24,28 |
| 55-69 | 139 | 70,8 | 24,16 | 11,20 - 52,13 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 268 | 44,6 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 413 | 35,3 | 0,63 | 0,44 - 0,89 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 378 | 32,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 303 | 42,1 | 2,00 | 1,39 - 2,88 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 194 | 38,9 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 413 | 37,8 | 1,03 | 0,70 - 1,51 |
| Lower secondary | 66 | 37,8 | 2,11 | 0,99 - 4,49 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 195 | 29,9 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 145 | 40,8 | 1,58 | 0,95 - 2,63 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 211 | 41,7 | 1,60 | 1,00 - 2,54 |
| ... - 1000 | 106 | 29,9 | 1,41 | 0,80 - 2,48 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 451 | 38,2 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 27 | 23,5 | 0,73 | 0,29 - 1,83 |
| Economically not active | 65 | 25,6 | 1,26 | 0,67 - 2,37 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 343 | 39,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 338 | 37,8 | 1,05 | 0,74 - 1,50 |

* Age 20-59

Table G.9
Rate of Body Mass Index - 25 or more
Other urban areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1051 | 39,2 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 198 | 8,0 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 309 | 30,3 | 4,41 | 2,53 - 7,68 |
| 40-54 | 340 | 47,9 | 10,19 | 5,92 - 17,51 |
| 55-69 | 204 | 67,0 | 25,28 | 14,13 - 45,22 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 399 | 39,4 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 652 | 39,1 | 0,89 | 0,67 - 1,18 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 672 | 39,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 379 | 38,7 | 1,01 | 0,76 - 1,35 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 153 | 26,2 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 717 | 41,0 | 1,75 | 1,17 - 2,62 |
| Lower secondary | 160 | 43,2 | 1,94 | 1,12 - 3,34 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 141 | 36,7 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 199 | 41,0 | 1,29 | 0,78 - 2,14 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 345 | 38,1 | 1,07 | 0,67 - 1,69 |
| ... - 1000 | 336 | 37,7 | 1,19 | 0,75 - 1,89 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 647 | 39,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 61 | 31,6 | 0,86 | 0,48 - 1,54 |
| Economically not active | 124 | 37,6 | 1,06 | 0,64 - 1,76 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 513 | 39,2 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 538 | 38,7 | 1,10 | 0,84 - 1,46 |

* Age 20-59

Table G.10
Rate of Body Mass Index - 25 or more
Rural areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 726 | 43,4 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 118 | 8,3 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 218 | 38,2 | 6,89 | 3,41 - 13,93 |
| 40-54 | 219 | 52,2 | 12,97 | 6,43 - 26,17 |
| 55-69 | 171 | 70,1 | 22,96 | 11,12 - 47,40 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 350 | 45,9 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 376 | 41,0 | 0,72 | 0,52 - 0,99 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 677 | 43,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 49 | 38,1 | 0,93 | 0,50 - 1,75 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 78 | 39,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 403 | 42,4 | 1,41 | 0,82 - 2,41 |
| Lower secondary | 227 | 45,4 | 1,59 | 0,89 - 2,85 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 74 | 40,7 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 97 | 46,1 | 1,47 | 0,74 - 2,90 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 256 | 45,0 | 1,68 | 0,93 - 3,03 |
| ... - 1000 | 268 | 45,5 | 1,36 | 0,75 - 2,46 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 370 | 43,3 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 63 | 36,2 | 0,74 | 0,41 - 1,34 |
| Economically not active | 94 | 37,8 | 1,01 | 0,59 - 1,73 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 356 | 42,7 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 370 | 44,4 | 1,16 | 0,84 - 1,61 |

* Age 20-59

Table H.1
Measurement of blood cholesterol - never or more than five years ago
Total population, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2457 | 63,8 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 443 | 76,1 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 738 | 68,7 | 0,69 | 0,53 - 0,90 |
| 40-54 | 772 | 62,5 | 0,54 | 0,41 - 0,70 |
| 55-69 | 504 | 48,7 | 0,33 | 0,25 - 0,43 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 1016 | 64,8 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 1441 | 62,9 | 0,93 | 0,78 - 1,10 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 677 | 59,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1044 | 64,6 | 1,22 | 0,99 - 1,49 |
| Rural area | 715 | 67,0 | 1,45 | 1,16 - 1,82 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1737 | 61,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 720 | 68,8 | 1,43 | 1,18 - 1,73 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 424 | 56,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1535 | 63,3 | 1,23 | 0,99 - 1,55 |
| Lower secondary | 452 | 67,3 | 1,58 | 1,18 - 2,13 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 415 | 59,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 444 | 59,2 | 1,07 | 0,81 - 1,42 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 806 | 63,2 | 1,08 | 0,84 - 1,38 |
| ... - 1000 | 708 | 70,1 | 1,33 | 1,02 - 1,72 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1466 | 65,3 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 154 | 71,9 | 1,47 | 1,01 - 2,14 |
| Economically not active | 286 | 65,0 | 0,91 | 0,68 1,21 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 1202 | 62,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 1255 | 65,1 | 1,27 | 1,07 - 1,50 |

* Age 20-59

Table H.2
Measurement of blood cholesterol - never or more than five years ago
Men, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1016 | 64,8 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 203 | 77,6 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 310 | 70,7 | 0,71 | 0,48 - 1,07 |
| 40-54 | 304 | 63,7 | 0,54 | 0,36 - 0,81 |
| 55-69 | 199 | 47,7 | 0,28 | 0,18 - 0,43 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 265 | 57,7 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 397 | 67,1 | 1,23 | 0,88 - 1,72 |
| Rural area | 345 | 66,7 | 1,22 | 0,87 - 1,72 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 734 | 63,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 282 | 67,7 | 1,21 | 0,90 - 1,64 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 137 | 52,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 621 | 63,3 | 1,50 | 1,02 - 2,20 |
| Lower secondary | 249 | 72,1 | 2,26 | 1,43 - 3,59 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 171 | 63,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 193 | 56,9 | 0,74 | 0,47 - 1,15 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 332 | 63,0 | 0,79 | 0,52 - 1,18 |
| ... - 1000 | 286 | 71,8 | 1,24 | 0,80 - 1,90 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 641 | 66,0 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 73 | 72,2 | 1,48 | 0,85 - 2,57 |
| Economically not active | 65 | 68,9 | 1,08 | 0,60 - 1,93 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 510 | 63,5 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 506 | 66,2 | 1,17 | 0,90 - 1,53 |

* Age 20-59

Table H.3
Measurement of blood cholesterol - never or more than five years ago
Woman, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1441 | 62,9 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 240 | 74,7 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 428 | 66,7 | 0,68 | 0,48 - 0,97 |
| 40-54 | 468 | 61,3 | 0,54 | 0,38 - 0,76 |
| 55-69 | 305 | 49,6 | 0,36 | 0,25 - 0,52 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 412 | 60,4 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 647 | 62,2 | 1,21 | 0,94 - 1,57 |
| Rural area | 370 | 67,3 | 1,67 | 1,24 - 2,26 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1003 | 59,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 438 | 70,0 | 1,59 | 1,24 - 2,03 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 287 | 61,2 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 914 | 63,3 | 1,12 | 0,85 - 1,48 |
| Lower secondary | 203 | 62,5 | 1,21 | 0,82 - 1,79 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 244 | 55,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 251 | 61,4 | 1,39 | 0,96 - 2,00 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 474 | 63,4 | 1,32 | 0,96 - 1,82 |
| ... - 1000 | 422 | 68,5 | 1,39 | 1,00 - 1,93 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 825 | 64,5 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 81 | 71,5 | 1,47 | 0,88 - 2,45 |
| Economically not active | 221 | 61,1 | 0,86 | 0,61 - 1,20 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 692 | 60,5 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 749 | 64,1 | 1,34 | 1,08 - 1,67 |

* Age 20-59

Table H.4
Measurement of blood cholesterol - never or more than five years ago
Total population, age 16-24

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 443 | 76,1 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 203 | 77,6 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 240 | 74,7 | 0,88 | 0,57 - 1,37 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 116 | 69,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 201 | 76,6 | 1,25 | 0,75 - 2,11 |
| Rural area | 121 | 79,5 | 1,56 | 0,85 - 2,86 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 327 | 75,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 116 | 78,2 | 1,11 | 0,67 - 1,82 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 28 | 62,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 265 | 72,3 | 2,86 | 1,28 - 6,36 |
| Lower secondary | 138 | 82,4 | 5,83 | 2,35 - 14,50 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 81 | 76,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 73 | 69,7 | 0,86 | 0,42 - 1,77 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 120 | 72,5 | 0,79 | 0,41 - 1,52 |
| ... - 1000 | 134 | 80,5 | 1,19 | 0,61 - 2,32 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 124 | 76,1 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 20 | 72,9 | 0,78 | 0,27 - 2,22 |
| Economically not active | 99 | 77,5 | 1,07 | 0,56 - 2,05 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 212 | 68,7 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 231 | 82,9 | 2,26 | 1,45 - 3,54 |

* Age 20-59

Table H.5
Measurement of blood cholesterol - never or more than five years ago
Total population, age 25-39

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 738 | 68,7 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 310 | 70,7 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 428 | 66,7 | 0,84 | 0,61 - 1,15 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 208 | 70,2 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 304 | 67,1 | 0,81 | 0,55 - 1,18 |
| Rural area | 217 | 69,3 | 0,92 | 0,60 - 1,39 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 522 | 67,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 216 | 70,6 | 1,23 | 0,87 - 1,75 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 148 | 65,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 531 | 69,0 | 1,09 | 0,74 - 1,61 |
| Lower secondary | 49 | 65,0 | 0,98 | 0,49 - 1,97 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 144 | 71,3 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 132 | 69,6 | 1,06 | 0,63 - 1,77 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 214 | 66,7 | 0,92 | 0,58 - 1,46 |
| ... - 1000 | 230 | 70,4 | 1,03 | 0,65 - 1,63 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 591 | 69,3 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 45 | 66,8 | 0,90 | 0,47 - 1,72 |
| Economically not active | 75 | 72,7 | 0,85 | 0,50 - 1,43 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 377 | 68,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 361 | 69,4 | 1,09 | 0,80 - 1,49 |

* Age 20-59

Table H.6
Measurement of blood cholesterol - never or more than five years ago
Total population, age 40-54

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 772 | 62,5 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 304 | 63,7 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 468 | 61,3 | 0,91 | 0,67 - 1,22 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 218 | 55,1 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 337 | 67,3 | 1,68 | 1,18 - 2,38 |
| Rural area | 213 | 64,2 | 1,52 | 1,03 - 2,25 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 513 | 58,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 259 | 71,1 | 1,77 | 1,28 - 2,44 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 154 | 59,3 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 504 | 62,2 | 1,06 | 0,73 - 1,53 |
| Lower secondary | 99 | 70,2 | 1,39 | 0,81 - 2,38 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 121 | 58,1 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 143 | 64,3 | 1,43 | 0,87 - 2,36 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 243 | 61,1 | 1,29 | 0,82 - 2,02 |
| - 1000 | 246 | 65,8 | 1,46 | 0,93 - 2,29 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 608 | 61,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 72 | 75,9 | 1,96 | 1,11 - 3,43 |
| Economically not active | 66 | 59,4 | 0,90 | 0,54 - 1,52 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 373 | 59,5 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 399 | 65,6 | 1,32 | 0,98 - 1,77 |

* Age 20-59

Table H.7
Measurement of blood cholesterol - never or more than five years ago
Total population, age 55-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 504 | 48,7 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 199 | 47,7 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 305 | 49,6 | 1,13 | 0,79 - 1,62 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 135 | 40,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 202 | 47,6 | 1,27 | 0,82 - 1,98 |
| Rural area | 164 | 56,7 | 2,26 | 1,42 - 3,61 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 375 | 45,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 129 | 55,7 | 1,42 | 0,95 - 2,13 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 94 | 37,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 235 | 49,5 | 1,57 | 0,96 - 2,55 |
| Lower secondary | 166 | 53,0 | 1,64 | 0,98 - 2,76 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 69 | 31,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 96 | 30,5 | 0,89 | 0,48 - 1,67 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 229 | 53,3 | 1,25 | 0,73 - 2,15 |
| ... - 1000 | 98 | 66,1 | 2,03 | 1,08 - 3,81 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 143 | 50,3 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 17 | 74,2 | 3,33 | 1,02 - 10,85 |
| Economically not active | 46 | 41,0 | 0,77 | 0,39 - 1,51 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 240 | 51,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 264 | 43,6 | 1,01 | 0,71 - 1,43 |

* Age 20-59

Table H.8
Measurement of blood cholesterol - never or more than five years ago
Tallinn, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 677 | 59,1 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 116 | 69,8 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 208 | 70,2 | 0,94 | 0,57 - 1,55 |
| 40-54 | 218 | 55,1 | 0,47 | 0,29 - 0,76 |
| 55-69 | 135 | 40,8 | 0,28 | 0,17 - 0,48 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 265 | 57,7 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 412 | 60,4 | 0,85 | 0,61 - 1,18 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 377 | 52,4 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 300 | 63,0 | 1,75 | 1,25 - 2,44 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 192 | 48,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 412 | 60,6 | 1,21 | 0,84 - 1,75 |
| Lower secondary | 65 | 43,7 | 1,09 | 0,58 - 2,05 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 194 | 56,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 145 | 51,1 | 1,03 | 0,65 - 1,64 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 207 | 58,9 | 1,10 | 0,72 - 1,68 |
| ... - 1000 | 106 | 67,5 | 1,62 | 0,96 - 2,74 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 452 | 62,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 28 | 51,1 | 0,84 | 0,37 - 1,88 |
| Economically not active | 63 | 48,5 | 1,17 | 0,64 - 2,16 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 338 | 58,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 339 | 59,0 | 1,22 | 0,88 - 1,69 |

* Age 20-59

Table H.9
Measurement of blood cholesterol - never or more than five years ago
Other urban areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1044 | 64,6 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 201 | 76,6 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 304 | 67,1 | 0,61 | 0,41 - 0,91 |
| 40-54 | 337 | 67,3 | 0,63 | 0,43 - 0,94 |
| 55-69 | 202 | 47,6 | 0,29 | 0,19 - 0,44 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 397 | 67,1 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 647 | 62,2 | 0,84 | 0,64 - 1,10 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 674 | 62,2 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 370 | 71,0 | 1,61 | 1,21 - 2,14 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 151 | 45,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 714 | 65,2 | 1,29 | 0,89 - 1,87 |
| Lower secondary | 159 | 55,5 | 1,36 | 0,82 - 2,25 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 142 | 61,2 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 199 | 59,2 | 0,99 | 0,62 - 1,58 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 343 | 64,6 | 0,99 | 0,65 - 1,50 |
| ... - 1000 | 332 | 66,1 | 1,12 | 0,73 - 1,72 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 643 | 65,7 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 60 | 77,7 | 1,52 | 0,82 - 2,82 |
| Economically not active | 124 | 50,2 | 0,86 | 0,54 - 1,35 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 503 | 63,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 541 | 64,1 | 1,28 | 0,98 - 1,66 |

* Age 20-59

Table H.10
Measurement of blood cholesterol - never or more than five years ago
Rural areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 715 | 67,0 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 121 | 79,5 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 217 | 69,3 | 0,54 | 0,32 - 0,92 |
| 40-54 | 213 | 64,2 | 0,44 | 0,26 - 0,75 |
| 55-69 | 164 | 56,7 | 0,38 | 0,22 - 0,66 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 345 | 66,7 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 370 | 67,3 | 1,17 | 0,85 - 1,62 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 667 | 66,3 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 48 | 73,7 | 1,82 | 0,89 - 3,71 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 77 | 60,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 397 | 62,0 | 0,98 | 0,57 - 1,67 |
| Lower secondary | 225 | 74,3 | 1,52 | 0,84 - 2,73 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 73 | 66,9 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 98 | 63,3 | 0,97 | 0,49 - 1,92 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 251 | 66,1 | 0,87 | 0,48 - 1,57 |
| ... - 1000 | 262 | 71,7 | 1,03 | 0,57 - 1,87 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 365 | 69,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 64 | 73,0 | 1,58 | 0,82 - 3,03 |
| Economically not active | 93 | 63,8 | 0,74 | 0,43 - 1,26 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 345 | 63,4 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 370 | 69,3 | 1,30 | 0,94 - 1,81 |

* Age 20-59

Table I.1
Use of seat belt when driving or as a passenger on the front seat - never or sometimes
Total population, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2491 | 14,4 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 445 | 26,2 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 751 | 18,2 | 0,62 | 0,46 - 0,82 |
| 40-54 | 782 | 7,7 | 0,25 | 0,18 - 0,35 |
| 55-69 | 513 | 7,8 | 0,15 | 0,10 - 0,24 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 1037 | 17,3 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 1454 | 11,6 | 0,61 | 0,48 - 0,78 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 682 | 14,9 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1057 | 15,3 | 1,15 | 0,86 - 1,55 |
| Rural area | 731 | 13,7 | 1,02 | 0,73 - 1,41 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1762 | 14,0 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 729 | 15,4 | 0,97 | 0,74 - 1,26 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 431 | 9,2 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1554 | 14,6 | 1,35 | 0,93 - 1,97 |
| Lower secondary | 458 | 13,7 | 1,57 | 0,99 - 2,49 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 420 | 19,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 446 | 15,5 | 1,01 | 0,68 - 1,50 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 818 | 13,0 | 0,81 | 0,56 - 1,15 |
| ... - 1000 | 724 | 13,6 | 0,81 | 0,56 - 1,16 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1489 | 13,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 156 | 15,6 | 1,08 | 0,65 - 1,81 |
| Economically not active | 288 | 9,8 | 0,93 | 0,61 1,42 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 1231 | 13,9 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 1260 | 15,3 | 1,10 | 0,86 - 1,40 |

* Age 20-59

Table I.2
Use of seat belt when driving or as a passenger on the front seat - never or sometimes
Men, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1037 | 17,3 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 207 | 30,0 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 316 | 23,8 | 0,71 | 0,48 - 1,05 |
| 40-54 | 307 | 8,4 | 0,22 | 0,13 - 0,36 |
| 55-69 | 207 | 9,1 | 0,12 | 0,06 - 0,23 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 272 | 17,0 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 403 | 17,7 | 1,20 | 0,78 - 1,85 |
| Rural area | 353 | 17,9 | 1,18 | 0,75 - 1,86 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 752 | 16,9 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 285 | 18,0 | 0,94 | 0,64 - 1,38 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 142 | 13,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 631 | 17,6 | 1,23 | 0,72 - 2,13 |
| Lower secondary | 254 | 13,7 | 1,26 | 0,66 - 2,38 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 175 | 25,4 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 194 | 18,5 | 1,09 | 0,63 - 1,87 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 341 | 15,1 | 0,78 | 0,47 - 1,30 |
| ... - 1000 | 294 | 17,8 | 0,87 | 0,52 - 1,45 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 652 | 16,8 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 73 | 21,9 | 1,22 | 0,61 - 2,44 |
| Economically not active | 66 | 7,6 | 0,67 | 0,31 - 1,45 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 524 | 14,9 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 513 | 20,6 | 1,46 | 1,04 - 2,06 |

* Age 20-59

Table I.3
Use of seat belt when driving or as a passenger on the front seat - never or sometimes
Woman, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1454 | 11,6 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 238 | 22,4 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 435 | 12,7 | 0,53 | 0,35 - 0,81 |
| 40-54 | 475 | 7,0 | 0,27 | 0,17 - 0,44 |
| 55-69 | 306 | 6,5 | 0,19 | 0,10 - 0,35 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 410 | 12,8 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 654 | 13,0 | 1,11 | 0,74 - 1,67 |
| Rural area | 378 | 9,5 | 0,84 | 0,52 - 1,37 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1010 | 11,1 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 444 | 12,8 | 0,99 | 0,68 - 1,44 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 289 | 5,1 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 923 | 11,6 | 1,47 | 0,87 - 2,48 |
| Lower secondary | 204 | 13,8 | 2,03 | 1,04 - 3,97 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 245 | 12,5 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 252 | 12,5 | 0,93 | 0,53 - 1,65 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 477 | 10,9 | 0,83 | 0,50 - 1,38 |
| ... - 1000 | 430 | 9,4 | 0,75 | 0,45 - 1,24 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 837 | 10,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 83 | 9,3 | 0,95 | 0,43 - 2,06 |
| Economically not active | 222 | 12,0 | 1,08 | 0,65 - 1,79 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 707 | 13,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 747 | 10,0 | 0,82 | 0,58 - 1,16 |

* Age 20-59

Table I.4
Use of seat belt when driving or as a passenger on the front seat - never or sometimes
Total population, age 16-24

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 445 | 26,2 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 207 | 30,0 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 238 | 22,4 | 0,62 | 0,41 - 0,96 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 117 | 29,9 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 202 | 25,6 | 0,88 | 0,52 - 1,47 |
| Rural area | 121 | 25,1 | 0,85 | 0,47 - 1,52 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 329 | 26,8 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 116 | 25,2 | 0,81 | 0,49 - 1,34 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 28 | 5,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 269 | 24,7 | 2,88 | 0,84 - 9,91 |
| Lower secondary | 136 | 32,1 | 4,05 | 1,13 - 14,48 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 83 | 37,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 72 | 34,6 | 0,96 | 0,48 - 1,91 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 121 | 21,7 | 0,57 | 0,30 - 1,09 |
| ... - 1000 | 134 | 23,5 | 0,60 | 0,32 - 1,13 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 125 | 25,6 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 20 | 25,0 | 1,04 | 0,34 - 3,16 |
| Economically not active | 99 | 25,0 | 0,93 | 0,48 - 1,80 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 215 | 26,5 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 230 | 26,3 | 1,01 | 0,66 - 1,55 |

* Age 20-59

Table I.5
Use of seat belt when driving or as a passenger on the front seat - never or sometimes
Total population, age 25-39

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 751 | 18,2 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 316 | 23,8 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 435 | 12,7 | 0,46 | 0,31 - 0,68 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 211 | 15,2 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 311 | 20,6 | 1,48 | 0,92 - 2,40 |
| Rural area | 220 | 17,8 | 1,22 | 0,72 - 2,06 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 528 | 17,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 223 | 19,3 | 1,14 | 0,75 - 1,73 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 151 | 15,6 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 539 | 19,3 | 1,35 | 0,80 - 2,28 |
| Lower secondary | 51 | 11,8 | 0,94 | 0,38 - 2,34 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 146 | 13,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 133 | 20,6 | 1,60 | 0,85 - 3,01 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 218 | 19,0 | 1,40 | 0,78 - 2,52 |
| ... - 1000 | 236 | 17,9 | 1,22 | 0,67 - 2,21 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 600 | 17,7 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 47 | 22,4 | 1,04 | 0,47 - 2,32 |
| Economically not active | 76 | 13,1 | 1,27 | 0,66 - 2,47 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 387 | 17,9 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 364 | 18,5 | 1,03 | 0,70 - 1,51 |

* Age 20-59

Table I.6
Use of seat belt when driving or as a passenger on the front seat - never or sometimes
Total population, age 40-54

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 782 | 7,7 | ----- | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 307 | 8,4 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 475 | 7,0 | 0,82 | 0,48 - 1,40 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 217 | 7,3 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 343 | 8,3 | 1,04 | 0,54 - 1,99 |
| Rural area | 218 | 8,3 | 1,13 | 0,56 - 2,29 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 519 | 8,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 263 | 6,1 | 0,62 | 0,34 - 1,15 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 158 | 7,8 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 509 | 8,1 | 1,05 | 0,54 - 2,07 |
| Lower secondary | 101 | 7,8 | 0,69 | 0,23 - 2,07 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 122 | 13,0 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 144 | 6,0 | 0,46 | 0,19 - 1,13 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 245 | 4,8 | 0,37 | 0,17 - 0,81 |
| - 1000 | 252 | 8,1 | 0,61 | 0,30 - 1,24 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 617 | 7,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 71 | 9,7 | 1,41 | 0,61 - 3,30 |
| Economically not active | 67 | 3,6 | 0,61 | 0,18 - 2,03 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 382 | 6,7 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 400 | 9,0 | 1,25 | 0,73 - 2,13 |

* Age 20-59

Table I.7
Use of seat belt when driving or as a passenger on the front seat - never or sometimes
Total population, age 55-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|------|
| Total | 513 | 7,8 | ----- | | |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 207 | 9,1 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 306 | 6,5 | 1,03 | 0,45 - | 2,36 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 137 | 10,8 | 1,00 | | |
| Other urban area | 201 | 8,5 | 1,45 | 0,53 - | 3,97 |
| Rural area | 172 | 5,3 | 0,75 | 0,23 - | 2,40 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 386 | 4,4 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 127 | 13,4 | 1,95 | 0,84 - | 4,51 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 94 | 6,4 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 237 | 8,0 | 1,13 | 0,29 - | 4,32 |
| Lower secondary | 170 | 7,3 | 2,31 | 0,63 - | 8,50 |
| Household income | | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 69 | 16,8 | 1,00 | | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 97 | 4,1 | 1,17 | 0,27 - | 5,15 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 234 | 8,0 | 1,29 | 0,36 - | 4,70 |
| ... - 1000 | 102 | 6,4 | 0,65 | 0,13 - | 3,38 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 147 | 6,0 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 18 | 0,0 | 0,00 | 0,00 - | 0,00 |
| Economically not active | 46 | 1,4 | 0,32 | 0,04 - | 2,66 |
| Study year | | | | | |
| 1988 | 247 | 6,8 | | | |
| 2000 | 266 | 9,4 | 1,31 | 0,58 - | 2,99 |

* Age 20-59

Table I.8
Use of seat belt when driving or as a passenger on the front seat - never or sometimes
Tallinn, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 682 | 14,9 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 117 | 29,9 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 211 | 15,2 | 0,44 | 0,25 - 0,78 |
| 40-54 | 217 | 7,3 | 0,21 | 0,11 - 0,41 |
| 55-69 | 137 | 10,8 | 0,12 | 0,05 - 0,31 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 272 | 17,0 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 410 | 12,8 | 0,69 | 0,43 - 1,11 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 380 | 11,6 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 302 | 17,7 | 1,55 | 0,95 - 2,53 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 197 | 7,4 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 414 | 15,1 | 1,43 | 0,77 - 2,64 |
| Lower secondary | 63 | 21,3 | 2,34 | 0,91 - 6,02 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 198 | 14,8 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 145 | 15,4 | 0,80 | 0,39 - 1,61 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 208 | 13,8 | 0,86 | 0,45 - 1,64 |
| ... - 1000 | 106 | 12,1 | 0,90 | 0,42 - 1,90 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 455 | 11,4 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 27 | 6,2 | 0,94 | 0,26 - 3,39 |
| Economically not active | 64 | 8,5 | 1,52 | 0,65 - 3,53 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 346 | 17,9 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 336 | 8,7 | 0,60 | 0,37 - 0,99 |

* Age 20-59

Table I.9
Use of seat belt when driving or as a passenger on the front seat - never or sometimes
Other urban areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1057 | 15,3 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 202 | 25,6 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 311 | 20,6 | 0,74 | 0,48 - 1,13 |
| 40-54 | 343 | 8,3 | 0,25 | 0,15 - 0,42 |
| 55-69 | 201 | 8,5 | 0,21 | 0,11 - 0,40 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 403 | 17,7 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 654 | 13,0 | 0,63 | 0,44 - 0,90 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 680 | 15,5 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 377 | 13,8 | 0,70 | 0,47 - 1,04 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 152 | 8,5 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 722 | 15,5 | 1,42 | 0,77 - 2,64 |
| Lower secondary | 162 | 12,6 | 1,94 | 0,91 - 4,11 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 143 | 20,7 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 199 | 15,2 | 0,79 | 0,44 - 1,42 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 349 | 11,9 | 0,53 | 0,31 - 0,92 |
| ... - 1000 | 338 | 16,2 | 0,65 | 0,38 - 1,11 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 655 | 15,2 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 62 | 10,0 | 0,62 | 0,23 - 1,63 |
| Economically not active | 125 | 11,0 | 0,99 | 0,53 - 1,82 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 514 | 13,6 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 543 | 17,8 | 1,27 | 0,88 - 1,82 |

* Age 20-59

Table I.10
Use of seat belt when driving or as a passenger on the front seat - never or sometimes
Rural areas, age 16-69

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 731 | 13,7 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 16-24 | 121 | 25,1 | 1,00 | |
| 25-39 | 220 | 17,8 | 0,64 | 0,37 - 1,09 |
| 40-54 | 218 | 8,3 | 0,27 | 0,14 - 0,50 |
| 55-69 | 172 | 5,3 | 0,11 | 0,04 - 0,27 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 353 | 17,9 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 378 | 9,5 | 0,51 | 0,32 - 0,81 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 683 | 13,7 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 48 | 18,5 | 0,97 | 0,36 - 2,63 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 78 | 11,7 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 406 | 13,1 | 1,09 | 0,47 - 2,51 |
| Lower secondary | 230 | 11,0 | 0,91 | 0,36 - 2,27 |
| Household income | | | | |
| 3001 - ... | 73 | 10,3 | 1,00 | |
| 2001 - 3000 | 100 | 18,3 | 2,20 | 0,85 - 5,70 |
| 1001 - 2000 | 256 | 14,3 | 1,51 | 0,63 - 3,63 |
| ... - 1000 | 272 | 10,6 | 1,16 | 0,48 - 2,80 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 373 | 13,9 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 65 | 20,4 | 1,65 | 0,77 - 3,55 |
| Economically not active | 93 | 7,2 | 0,60 | 0,25 - 1,42 |
| Study year | | | | |
| 1988 | 355 | 11,3 | 1,00 | |
| 2000 | 376 | 15,4 | 1,39 | 0,87 - 2,22 |

* Age 20-59

Chapter 12. Health-related behaviour (trends)

Table T.A.1 (prevalence rate)**Main fat used on bread - butter****Total population, age 16-64**

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 | Change 90/92 to 99/00 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------|
| Total | 89,71 | 89,69 | 56,91 | 26,54 | 29,13 | 28,93 | -60,67 |
| Age group | | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 87,48 | 84,10 | 66,78 | 21,37 | 28,32 | 33,00 | -55,13 |
| 25-39 | 91,38 | 90,84 | 52,11 | 23,32 | 25,84 | 24,56 | -65,91 |
| 40-54 | 88,78 | 91,46 | 55,28 | 29,88 | 31,24 | 28,56 | -60,23 |
| 55-69 | 91,19 | 91,59 | 55,85 | 32,96 | 32,28 | 32,23 | -59,14 |
| Gender | | | | | | | |
| Men | 90,45 | 86,95 | 58,72 | 29,20 | 30,65 | 28,50 | -59,12 |
| Women | 88,97 | 92,43 | 55,10 | 23,89 | 27,61 | 29,36 | -62,22 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 89,42 | 87,99 | 55,73 | 27,45 | 29,47 | 24,22 | -61,87 |
| Other urban area | 89,91 | 89,70 | 60,35 | 29,23 | 30,66 | 30,91 | -59,02 |
| Rural area | 86,16 | 95,41 | 52,33 | 21,32 | 26,83 | 29,08 | -62,83 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 89,71 | 89,21 | 49,46 | 18,08 | 22,48 | 24,05 | -66,20 |
| Russian | 88,02 | 90,94 | 74,31 | 50,35 | 45,65 | 39,99 | -46,66 |
| Education** | | | | | | | |
| University | 88,48 | 93,23 | 49,29 | 27,34 | 25,28 | 24,20 | -66,12 |
| Upper secondary | 91,23 | 89,68 | 54,56 | 27,69 | 29,95 | 27,16 | -61,90 |
| Lower secondary | 89,20 | 89,93 | 47,35 | 26,51 | 22,85 | 31,66 | -62,31 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 90,21 | 91,17 | 57,80 | 26,83 | 27,73 | 26,38 | -63,63 |
| Unemployed | . | 63,96 | 61,77 | 30,54 | 35,42 | 28,10 | -14,39' |
| Economically not active | 85,04 | 85,67 | 42,58 | 25,27 | 26,14 | 31,23 | -56,67 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

' Change from 94/96 to 98/00

Table T.A.2 (number of respondents)**Main fat used on bread - butter****Total population, age 16-64**

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 |
|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Total | 1028 | 871 | 1177 | 1362 | 1213 | 1240 |
| Age group | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 80 | 158 | 130 | 251 | 216 | 227 |
| 25-39 | 394 | 338 | 387 | 450 | 386 | 358 |
| 40-54 | 354 | 260 | 426 | 392 | 385 | 398 |
| 55-69 | 200 | 115 | 234 | 269 | 226 | 257 |
| Gender | | | | | | |
| Men | 448 | 408 | 502 | 608 | 517 | 499 |
| Women | 580 | 463 | 675 | 754 | 696 | 741 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 259 | 325 | 394 | 387 | 340 | 337 |
| Other urban area | 416 | 391 | 487 | 507 | 507 | 535 |
| Rural area | 345 | 155 | 294 | 444 | 350 | 363 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 693 | 639 | 811 | 1000 | 861 | 863 |
| Russian | 335 | 232 | 366 | 362 | 352 | 377 |
| Education** | | | | | | |
| University | 190 | 151 | 204 | 208 | 210 | 204 |
| Upper secondary | 515 | 548 | 695 | 789 | 705 | 741 |
| Lower secondary | 268 | 123 | 226 | 254 | 185 | 183 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 826 | 628 | 769 | 704 | 767 | 715 |
| Unemployed | . | 35 | 72 | 121 | 59 | 98 |
| Economically not active | 80 | 121 | 176 | 252 | 135 | 154 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

Table T.B.1 (prevalence rate)
Consumption of fresh vegetables 0-2 days a week
Total population, age 16-64

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 | Change 90/92 to 99/00 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------|
| Total | 71,42 | 68,37 | 65,51 | 56,35 | 61,75 | 59,13 | -9,45 |
| Age group | | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 65,47 | 60,20 | 57,82 | 56,81 | 71,21 | 68,96 | 7,25 |
| 25-39 | 67,34 | 67,58 | 59,00 | 50,46 | 56,41 | 52,59 | -12,96 |
| 40-54 | 77,93 | 71,13 | 69,12 | 56,16 | 61,12 | 55,42 | -16,26 |
| 55-69 | 74,69 | 75,29 | 80,58 | 66,69 | 60,36 | 64,99 | -12,31 |
| Gender | | | | | | | |
| Men | 73,79 | 69,41 | 70,64 | 60,61 | 68,89 | 64,82 | -4,74 |
| Women | 69,06 | 67,34 | 60,38 | 52,09 | 54,61 | 53,45 | -14,17 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 66,15 | 62,32 | 55,64 | 44,11 | 46,42 | 48,92 | -16,57 |
| Other urban area | 69,35 | 71,60 | 66,95 | 58,19 | 67,18 | 60,17 | -6,80 |
| Rural area | 81,30 | 74,36 | 76,79 | 66,40 | 70,58 | 67,41 | -8,84 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 74,42 | 72,71 | 70,66 | 59,49 | 64,74 | 61,22 | -10,59 |
| Russian | 63,54 | 58,00 | 55,18 | 48,25 | 55,07 | 52,99 | -6,74 |
| Education** | | | | | | | |
| University | 59,91 | 61,26 | 58,17 | 42,99 | 52,74 | 47,15 | -10,64 |
| Upper secondary | 70,92 | 69,35 | 65,86 | 54,49 | 62,92 | 58,72 | -9,31 |
| Lower secondary | 85,60 | 80,65 | 84,74 | 68,01 | 65,59 | 65,49 | -17,58 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 73,92 | 70,47 | 64,06 | 53,38 | 61,09 | 54,46 | -14,42 |
| Unemployed | . | 52,08 | 67,83 | 40,50 | 63,49 | 72,12 | 13,64' |
| Economically not active | 59,67 | 48,08 | 62,63 | 62,77 | 58,21 | 50,96 | 0,71 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

' Change from 94/96 to 98/00

Table T.B.2 (number of respondents)
Consumption of fresh vegetables 0-2 days a week
Total population, age 16-64

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 |
|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Total | 1040 | 870 | 1169 | 1402 | 1015 | 1113 |
| Age group | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 77 | 158 | 128 | 260 | 194 | 220 |
| 25-39 | 403 | 336 | 386 | 462 | 340 | 341 |
| 40-54 | 358 | 261 | 426 | 402 | 314 | 344 |
| 55-69 | 202 | 115 | 229 | 278 | 167 | 208 |
| Gender | | | | | | |
| Men | 452 | 408 | 498 | 629 | 412 | 442 |
| Women | 588 | 462 | 671 | 773 | 603 | 671 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 257 | 325 | 392 | 399 | 309 | 315 |
| Other urban area | 427 | 390 | 482 | 522 | 410 | 475 |
| Rural area | 348 | 155 | 293 | 457 | 283 | 319 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 686 | 637 | 805 | 1020 | 705 | 782 |
| Russian | 354 | 233 | 364 | 382 | 310 | 331 |
| Education** | | | | | | |
| University | 194 | 151 | 203 | 213 | 191 | 203 |
| Upper secondary | 520 | 546 | 693 | 812 | 591 | 665 |
| Lower secondary | 270 | 124 | 221 | 261 | 129 | 141 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 836 | 627 | 765 | 715 | 661 | 661 |
| Unemployed | . | 35 | 72 | 126 | 38 | 74 |
| Economically not active | 83 | 121 | 176 | 262 | 108 | 139 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

Table T.C.1 (prevalence rates)
Consumption of fresh fruits 0-2 days a week
Total population, age 16-64

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 | Change 90/92 to 99/00 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------|
| Total | 84,82 | 89,24 | 69,69 | 70,85 | 59,45 | 54,40 | -30,11 |
| Age group | | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 75,25 | 84,74 | 62,38 | 63,58 | 53,88 | 52,22 | -26,95 |
| 25-39 | 83,59 | 86,86 | 65,85 | 65,49 | 56,06 | 47,15 | -33,62 |
| 40-54 | 91,40 | 92,98 | 71,01 | 75,01 | 62,62 | 58,49 | -31,63 |
| 55-69 | 87,48 | 92,57 | 83,57 | 82,33 | 66,96 | 62,85 | -25,12 |
| Gender | | | | | | | |
| Men | 85,54 | 89,36 | 75,71 | 75,18 | 68,55 | 63,08 | -21,63 |
| Women | 84,11 | 89,13 | 63,67 | 66,52 | 50,34 | 45,71 | -38,59 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 87,48 | 86,67 | 62,56 | 60,11 | 48,16 | 47,27 | -39,36 |
| Other urban area | 83,46 | 92,90 | 70,76 | 72,06 | 59,36 | 59,11 | -28,94 |
| Rural area | 87,44 | 79,88 | 76,27 | 79,43 | 71,76 | 55,59 | -19,98 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 85,69 | 90,47 | 70,88 | 71,70 | 60,52 | 50,99 | -32,33 |
| Russian | 80,19 | 85,93 | 68,58 | 68,90 | 56,99 | 63,54 | -22,80 |
| Education** | | | | | | | |
| University | 89,29 | 89,51 | 58,88 | 58,50 | 45,30 | 36,70 | -48,40 |
| Upper secondary | 87,10 | 90,10 | 69,95 | 72,14 | 63,08 | 56,40 | -28,86 |
| Lower secondary | 90,83 | 90,24 | 80,86 | 84,38 | 78,36 | 66,71 | -18,00 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 88,27 | 89,25 | 67,85 | 68,43 | 58,39 | 50,13 | -34,50 |
| Unemployed | . | 65,50 | 71,89 | 58,90 | 64,23 | 76,71 | 5,07' |
| Economically not active | 78,95 | 77,43 | 68,26 | 79,72 | 64,65 | 54,10 | -18,82 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

' Change from 94/96 to 98/00

Table T.C.2 (number of respondents)
Consumption of fresh fruits 0-2 days a week
Total population, age 16-64

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 |
|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Total | 1038 | 865 | 1177 | 1399 | 979 | 1106 |
| Age group | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 78 | 155 | 130 | 261 | 196 | 216 |
| 25-39 | 398 | 336 | 386 | 459 | 336 | 344 |
| 40-54 | 356 | 261 | 428 | 405 | 298 | 348 |
| 55-69 | 206 | 113 | 233 | 274 | 149 | 198 |
| Gender | | | | | | |
| Men | 448 | 407 | 503 | 627 | 397 | 433 |
| Women | 590 | 458 | 674 | 772 | 582 | 673 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 259 | 325 | 393 | 400 | 297 | 311 |
| Other urban area | 425 | 387 | 487 | 519 | 410 | 483 |
| Rural area | 347 | 153 | 295 | 456 | 258 | 308 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 688 | 636 | 813 | 1016 | 691 | 787 |
| Russian | 350 | 229 | 364 | 383 | 288 | 319 |
| Education** | | | | | | |
| University | 194 | 151 | 203 | 214 | 190 | 206 |
| Upper secondary | 515 | 542 | 696 | 808 | 564 | 665 |
| Lower secondary | 272 | 124 | 226 | 261 | 121 | 131 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 831 | 628 | 769 | 716 | 643 | 661 |
| Unemployed | . | 34 | 72 | 127 | 37 | 76 |
| Economically not active | 84 | 118 | 176 | 259 | 102 | 135 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

Table T.D.1 (prevalence rate)**Leisure time physical activity at least 30 minutes - less than once a week****Total population, age 16-64**

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 | Change 92/94 to 99/00 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|--------------------------|
| Total | 53,54 | 50,11 | 49,60 | 47,39 | 53,04 | | -1,61 |
| Age group | | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 33,32 | 32,01 | 39,33 | 34,09 | 27,57 | | -1,83 |
| 25-39 | 62,81 | 60,76 | 49,96 | 50,16 | 55,57 | | -8,92 |
| 40-54 | 57,74 | 56,77 | 61,58 | 55,03 | 65,59 | | 3,06 |
| 55-69 | 55,20 | 42,22 | 40,55 | 45,73 | 58,55 | | 3,43 |
| Gender | | | | | | | |
| Men | 54,39 | 49,15 | 46,97 | 48,30 | 53,71 | | -0,77 |
| Women | 52,68 | 51,08 | 52,23 | 46,48 | 52,37 | | -2,45 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 53,95 | 44,20 | 48,87 | 49,77 | 52,28 | | 1,95 |
| Other urban area | 53,14 | 50,28 | 49,22 | 48,67 | 54,31 | | -0,22 |
| Rural area | 54,62 | 54,56 | 50,16 | 44,81 | 51,02 | | -6,67 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 55,01 | 52,06 | 50,60 | 46,88 | 52,80 | | -3,70 |
| Russian | 47,17 | 45,45 | 48,25 | 48,23 | 51,07 | | 3,34 |
| Education** | | | | | | | |
| University | 57,11 | 48,34 | 49,29 | 43,07 | 54,68 | | -3,85 |
| Upper secondary | 57,31 | 53,43 | 52,82 | 50,99 | 57,77 | | -0,99 |
| Lower secondary | 59,33 | 50,42 | 51,83 | 56,93 | 60,73 | | 3,95 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 60,39 | 57,65 | 58,98 | 54,74 | 60,87 | | -1,22 |
| Unemployed | 16,17 | 54,79 | 41,64 | 43,54 | 52,73 | | -0,08' |
| Economically not active | 38,80 | 48,54 | 44,14 | 34,12 | 41,09 | | -6,07 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

' Change from 94/96 to 98/00

Table T.D.2 (number of respondents)
Leisure time physical activity at least 30 minutes - less than once a week
Total population, age 16-64

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 |
|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Total | 840 | 1064 | 1306 | 1143 | 1225 | |
| Age group | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 157 | 126 | 257 | 213 | 232 | |
| 25-39 | 332 | 364 | 447 | 374 | 357 | |
| 40-54 | 249 | 383 | 379 | 356 | 394 | |
| 55-69 | 102 | 191 | 223 | 200 | 242 | |
| Gender | | | | | | |
| Men | 396 | 449 | 591 | 477 | 498 | |
| Women | 444 | 615 | 715 | 666 | 727 | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 313 | 354 | 373 | 330 | 334 | |
| Other urban area | 376 | 450 | 496 | 476 | 531 | |
| Rural area | 151 | 258 | 416 | 322 | 355 | |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 618 | 742 | 951 | 810 | 861 | |
| Russian | 222 | 322 | 355 | 333 | 364 | |
| Education** | | | | | | |
| University | 150 | 196 | 208 | 201 | 208 | |
| Upper secondary | 527 | 640 | 761 | 670 | 725 | |
| Lower secondary | 116 | 179 | 224 | 162 | 177 | |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 609 | 701 | 682 | 733 | 711 | |
| Unemployed | 34 | 68 | 124 | 51 | 98 | |
| Economically not active | 116 | 159 | 241 | 129 | 149 | |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

Table T.E.1 (prevalence rate)**Daily smoking****Total population, age 16-64**

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 | Change 90/92 to 99/00 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------|
| Total | 33,24 | 29,93 | 35,21 | 33,72 | 34,57 | 35,51 | 3,45 |
| Age group | | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 42,72 | 25,78 | 28,76 | 26,59 | 33,21 | 31,43 | -1,93 |
| 25-39 | 38,01 | 36,41 | 44,81 | 40,39 | 37,02 | 39,06 | 0,83 |
| 40-54 | 27,09 | 32,65 | 34,65 | 36,76 | 39,74 | 40,74 | 10,37 |
| 55-69 | 23,57 | 18,74 | 27,19 | 25,39 | 22,59 | 24,95 | 2,62 |
| Gender | | | | | | | |
| Men | 49,02 | 43,56 | 50,64 | 46,07 | 47,40 | 47,96 | 1,39 |
| Women | 17,47 | 16,30 | 19,78 | 21,37 | 21,73 | 23,05 | 5,51 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 29,66 | 30,13 | 37,03 | 35,44 | 34,43 | 36,89 | 5,76 |
| Other urban area | 33,18 | 30,95 | 34,39 | 31,15 | 34,87 | 37,66 | 4,21 |
| Rural area | 32,41 | 24,77 | 32,76 | 35,18 | 36,44 | 30,67 | 4,97 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 34,31 | 27,10 | 35,78 | 32,81 | 33,21 | 33,04 | 2,42 |
| Russian | 32,18 | 36,30 | 33,73 | 36,34 | 38,18 | 41,58 | 5,65 |
| Education** | | | | | | | |
| University | 19,94 | 25,38 | 34,01 | 18,23 | 20,77 | 18,33 | -3,11 |
| Upper secondary | 32,27 | 32,43 | 35,83 | 36,10 | 36,15 | 38,33 | 4,89 |
| Lower secondary | 47,89 | 35,85 | 41,61 | 46,25 | 47,32 | 41,10 | 2,34 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 32,13 | 32,88 | 37,77 | 36,42 | 37,20 | 38,53 | 5,36 |
| Unemployed | . | 45,19 | 46,59 | 15,45 | 48,57 | 54,29 | 20,41' |
| Economically not active | 39,49 | 25,37 | 30,36 | 45,87 | 25,07 | 38,21 | -0,79 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

' Change from 94/96 to 98/00

Table T.E.2 (number of respondents)**Daily smoking****Total population, age 16-64**

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 |
|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Total | 1027 | 869 | 1171 | 1400 | 1124 | 1150 |
| Age group | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 80 | 156 | 130 | 261 | 187 | 194 |
| 25-39 | 395 | 336 | 386 | 462 | 355 | 327 |
| 40-54 | 347 | 261 | 423 | 401 | 361 | 379 |
| 55-69 | 205 | 116 | 232 | 276 | 221 | 250 |
| Gender | | | | | | |
| Men | 448 | 405 | 500 | 631 | 490 | 478 |
| Women | 579 | 464 | 671 | 769 | 634 | 672 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 252 | 325 | 393 | 398 | 323 | 314 |
| Other urban area | 423 | 392 | 483 | 518 | 467 | 500 |
| Rural area | 344 | 152 | 293 | 459 | 320 | 331 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 690 | 637 | 805 | 1016 | 796 | 802 |
| Russian | 337 | 232 | 366 | 384 | 328 | 348 |
| Education** | | | | | | |
| University | 194 | 150 | 203 | 214 | 195 | 189 |
| Upper secondary | 506 | 547 | 692 | 811 | 654 | 691 |
| Lower secondary | 270 | 124 | 224 | 259 | 179 | 176 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 820 | 626 | 765 | 713 | 717 | 667 |
| Unemployed | . | 35 | 71 | 127 | 53 | 93 |
| Economically not active | 83 | 121 | 177 | 260 | 122 | 137 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

Table T.F.1 (prevalence rate)
Consumption of strong spirits - once or more a week
Total population, age 16-64

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 | Change 90/92 to 99/00 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------|
| Total | 13,05 | 13,56 | 20,62 | 21,79 | 18,87 | 20,46 | 6,36 |
| Age group | | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 12,40 | 12,10 | 14,79 | 15,40 | 13,55 | 13,73 | 1,39 |
| 25-39 | 15,43 | 16,22 | 21,42 | 25,14 | 18,46 | 22,19 | 4,50 |
| 40-54 | 13,72 | 11,04 | 25,76 | 22,48 | 23,30 | 24,14 | 11,34 |
| 55-69 | 8,38 | 15,18 | 17,38 | 22,71 | 18,47 | 19,38 | 7,14 |
| Gender | | | | | | | |
| Men | 22,17 | 20,56 | 30,77 | 34,20 | 29,48 | 31,43 | 9,09 |
| Women | 3,92 | 6,57 | 10,46 | 9,39 | 8,26 | 9,50 | 3,64 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 14,11 | 16,40 | 22,66 | 25,08 | 21,95 | 23,06 | 7,25 |
| Other urban area | 13,86 | 11,63 | 19,23 | 22,53 | 18,64 | 20,37 | 6,76 |
| Rural area | 10,58 | 11,90 | 19,18 | 19,18 | 17,85 | 19,29 | 7,33 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 12,77 | 13,09 | 19,70 | 22,04 | 17,98 | 19,68 | 5,90 |
| Russian | 12,37 | 14,63 | 22,62 | 20,59 | 21,26 | 22,85 | 8,55 |
| Education** | | | | | | | |
| University | 8,43 | 11,53 | 26,75 | 20,45 | 18,07 | 19,80 | 8,96 |
| Upper secondary | 13,49 | 13,32 | 20,92 | 22,27 | 20,79 | 23,12 | 8,55 |
| Lower secondary | 16,69 | 12,74 | 21,16 | 26,84 | 23,54 | 19,62 | 6,87 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 13,39 | 14,00 | 22,13 | 23,93 | 21,83 | 23,25 | 8,84 |
| Unemployed | . | 12,41 | 34,88 | 15,39 | 24,02 | 24,51 | -0,87' |
| Economically not active | 9,63 | 10,27 | 10,04 | 21,92 | 12,40 | 9,29 | 0,89 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

' Change from 94/96 to 98/00

Table T.F.2 (number of respondents)
Consumption of strong spirits - once or more a week
Total population, age 16-64

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 |
|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Total | 1014 | 856 | 1174 | 1397 | 1087 | 1247 |
| Age group | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 78 | 158 | 130 | 259 | 200 | 231 |
| 25-39 | 389 | 332 | 385 | 458 | 347 | 361 |
| 40-54 | 345 | 256 | 427 | 403 | 338 | 398 |
| 55-69 | 202 | 110 | 232 | 277 | 202 | 257 |
| Gender | | | | | | |
| Men | 445 | 402 | 503 | 628 | 488 | 503 |
| Women | 569 | 454 | 671 | 769 | 599 | 744 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 250 | 319 | 391 | 397 | 306 | 337 |
| Other urban area | 412 | 385 | 487 | 516 | 458 | 539 |
| Rural area | 344 | 152 | 294 | 460 | 310 | 366 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 674 | 630 | 810 | 1016 | 747 | 872 |
| Russian | 340 | 226 | 364 | 381 | 340 | 375 |
| Education** | | | | | | |
| University | 187 | 151 | 204 | 214 | 181 | 210 |
| Upper secondary | 506 | 536 | 692 | 807 | 631 | 735 |
| Lower secondary | 267 | 120 | 226 | 261 | 169 | 185 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 813 | 619 | 768 | 711 | 683 | 717 |
| Unemployed | . | 35 | 72 | 127 | 54 | 97 |
| Economically not active | 83 | 119 | 176 | 261 | 121 | 154 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

Table T.G.1 (prevalence rate)**Body Mass Index - 25 or more****Total population, age 16-64**

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 | Change 90/92 to 99/00 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------|
| Total | 50,18 | 40,71 | 38,36 | 39,04 | 37,81 | 39,17 | -6,96 |
| Age group | | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 15,64 | 7,59 | 6,98 | 12,93 | 8,20 | 6,93 | -4,05 |
| 25-39 | 44,75 | 34,89 | 29,30 | 31,16 | 31,14 | 34,26 | -7,11 |
| 40-54 | 67,30 | 55,10 | 54,72 | 53,97 | 50,52 | 50,25 | -10,82 |
| 55-69 | 73,44 | 67,76 | 65,44 | 59,79 | 64,88 | 69,36 | -3,48 |
| Gender | | | | | | | |
| Men | 49,38 | 44,85 | 38,46 | 41,53 | 41,37 | 42,16 | -5,35 |
| Women | 50,98 | 36,57 | 38,26 | 36,55 | 34,25 | 36,17 | -8,56 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 46,41 | 39,90 | 35,25 | 37,20 | 35,56 | 36,82 | -6,97 |
| Other urban area | 51,04 | 40,72 | 39,42 | 36,80 | 37,44 | 37,79 | -8,27 |
| Rural area | 56,19 | 42,63 | 40,99 | 43,42 | 40,18 | 41,37 | -8,64 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 49,86 | 39,89 | 37,91 | 40,62 | 37,70 | 37,64 | -7,21 |
| Russian | 51,00 | 43,00 | 38,99 | 34,32 | 37,78 | 42,05 | -7,09 |
| Education** | | | | | | | |
| University | 46,54 | 50,30 | 36,12 | 42,84 | 36,10 | 43,44 | -8,65 |
| Upper secondary | 57,70 | 44,90 | 43,34 | 43,48 | 41,63 | 43,71 | -8,63 |
| Lower secondary | 50,90 | 48,94 | 42,73 | 45,29 | 51,55 | 45,38 | -1,46 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 53,88 | 44,05 | 40,60 | 40,29 | 40,94 | 40,43 | -8,28 |
| Unemployed | . | 25,32 | 38,35 | 40,58 | 34,33 | 36,32 | -4,14' |
| Economically not active | 53,27 | 23,01 | 37,35 | 37,73 | 37,23 | 49,10 | 5,02 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

' Change from 94/96 to 98/00

Table T.G.2 (number of respondents)**Body Mass Index - 25 or more****Total population, age 16-64**

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 |
|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Total | 1048 | 860 | 1165 | 1397 | 1208 | 1239 |
| Age group | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 79 | 154 | 127 | 258 | 213 | 226 |
| 25-39 | 401 | 333 | 383 | 460 | 384 | 359 |
| 40-54 | 358 | 258 | 425 | 404 | 381 | 399 |
| 55-69 | 210 | 115 | 230 | 275 | 230 | 255 |
| Gender | | | | | | |
| Men | 458 | 405 | 500 | 629 | 511 | 501 |
| Women | 590 | 455 | 665 | 768 | 697 | 738 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 258 | 321 | 389 | 399 | 338 | 337 |
| Other urban area | 431 | 385 | 481 | 521 | 502 | 534 |
| Rural area | 351 | 154 | 293 | 452 | 352 | 363 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 692 | 631 | 804 | 1018 | 862 | 865 |
| Russian | 356 | 229 | 361 | 379 | 346 | 374 |
| Education** | | | | | | |
| University | 193 | 149 | 203 | 213 | 210 | 210 |
| Upper secondary | 522 | 541 | 687 | 811 | 704 | 736 |
| Lower secondary | 276 | 122 | 225 | 257 | 183 | 180 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 840 | 620 | 763 | 712 | 760 | 714 |
| Unemployed | . | 35 | 72 | 127 | 57 | 96 |
| Economically not active | 83 | 118 | 176 | 262 | 135 | 154 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

Table T.H.1 (prevalence rate)**Measurement of blood cholesterol - never or more than five years ago****Total population, age 16-64**

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 | Change 90/92 to 99/00 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------|
| Total | 76,53 | 71,85 | 77,33 | 72,34 | 62,44 | 68,03 | -8,96 |
| Age group | | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 85,43 | 87,37 | 88,87 | 80,57 | 68,68 | 82,91 | -10,60 |
| 25-39 | 78,08 | 73,98 | 77,93 | 79,35 | 68,07 | 69,35 | -7,32 |
| 40-54 | 73,42 | 63,90 | 72,00 | 64,27 | 59,47 | 65,61 | -6,12 |
| 55-69 | 67,92 | 62,41 | 71,03 | 63,69 | 49,63 | 50,90 | -14,90 |
| Gender | | | | | | | |
| Men | 80,03 | 69,52 | 78,59 | 72,10 | 64,56 | 68,18 | -8,40 |
| Women | 73,03 | 74,17 | 76,06 | 72,58 | 60,31 | 67,87 | -9,51 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 73,14 | 69,54 | 72,65 | 66,05 | 59,31 | 63,53 | -9,92 |
| Other urban area | 74,58 | 73,16 | 77,47 | 71,31 | 62,78 | 68,98 | -7,99 |
| Rural area | 77,56 | 73,39 | 82,68 | 79,42 | 65,73 | 71,15 | -7,04 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 78,96 | 73,88 | 80,47 | 73,40 | 60,57 | 65,60 | -13,34 |
| Russian | 73,05 | 67,68 | 69,01 | 69,94 | 67,41 | 73,82 | 0,25 |
| Education** | | | | | | | |
| University | 74,52 | 54,07 | 74,33 | 71,54 | 57,12 | 57,25 | -7,11 |
| Upper secondary | 75,05 | 68,66 | 75,63 | 67,54 | 61,46 | 66,46 | -7,90 |
| Lower secondary | 71,56 | 80,18 | 81,55 | 76,99 | 58,09 | 76,02 | -8,82 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 76,23 | 69,58 | 76,89 | 72,32 | 63,29 | 67,30 | -7,61 |
| Unemployed | . | 47,91 | 76,24 | 64,79 | 63,66 | 72,19 | -2,59' |
| Economically not active | 80,66 | 68,53 | 71,03 | 73,87 | 61,51 | 68,89 | -9,40 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

' Change from 94/96 to 98/00

Table T.H.2 (number of respondents)
Measurement of blood cholesterol - never or more than five years ago
Total population, age 16-64

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 |
|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Total | 985 | 861 | 1125 | 1377 | 1185 | 1243 |
| Age group | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 74 | 155 | 119 | 256 | 212 | 231 |
| 25-39 | 383 | 338 | 373 | 460 | 377 | 361 |
| 40-54 | 335 | 257 | 411 | 390 | 373 | 399 |
| 55-69 | 193 | 111 | 222 | 271 | 223 | 252 |
| Gender | | | | | | |
| Men | 426 | 404 | 473 | 623 | 504 | 501 |
| Women | 559 | 457 | 652 | 754 | 681 | 742 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 249 | 321 | 387 | 394 | 334 | 338 |
| Other urban area | 398 | 388 | 460 | 516 | 494 | 537 |
| Rural area | 330 | 152 | 276 | 444 | 341 | 363 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 636 | 631 | 767 | 999 | 846 | 873 |
| Russian | 349 | 230 | 358 | 378 | 339 | 370 |
| Education** | | | | | | |
| University | 187 | 149 | 202 | 211 | 206 | 209 |
| Upper secondary | 493 | 544 | 662 | 803 | 690 | 739 |
| Lower secondary | 257 | 121 | 211 | 249 | 178 | 181 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 792 | 623 | 738 | 708 | 749 | 717 |
| Unemployed | . | 34 | 67 | 123 | 56 | 98 |
| Economically not active | 78 | 120 | 169 | 255 | 131 | 155 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

Table T.I.1 (prevalence rate)**Use of seat belt when driving or as a passenger on the front seat - never or sometimes****Total population, age 16-64**

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 | Change 90/92 to 99/00 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------|
| Total | 20,36 | 19,62 | 22,91 | 19,43 | 13,89 | 14,98 | -5,56 |
| Age group | | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 37,53 | 33,90 | 35,28 | 37,94 | 26,53 | 26,31 | -9,29 |
| 25-39 | 21,12 | 21,52 | 28,80 | 22,51 | 17,92 | 18,55 | -3,09 |
| 40-54 | 13,08 | 12,69 | 16,99 | 10,64 | 6,74 | 9,04 | -4,99 |
| 55-69 | 10,12 | 10,37 | 7,08 | 5,96 | 3,31 | 4,75 | -6,21 |
| Gender | | | | | | | |
| Men | 22,97 | 24,85 | 28,04 | 22,22 | 15,21 | 19,17 | -6,72 |
| Women | 17,76 | 14,39 | 17,77 | 16,64 | 12,57 | 10,80 | -4,39 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 20,01 | 18,06 | 21,39 | 20,88 | 16,76 | 9,40 | -5,96 |
| Other urban area | 21,71 | 22,58 | 23,06 | 16,55 | 13,85 | 17,22 | -6,61 |
| Rural area | 15,13 | 14,75 | 22,25 | 21,74 | 12,22 | 15,34 | -1,16 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 19,96 | 18,85 | 20,48 | 20,77 | 14,34 | 15,18 | -4,65 |
| Russian | 24,90 | 23,34 | 28,38 | 15,21 | 12,80 | 14,73 | -10,36 |
| Education** | | | | | | | |
| University | 29,27 | 16,29 | 23,40 | 17,19 | 7,96 | 12,63 | -12,48 |
| Upper secondary | 17,25 | 17,19 | 20,93 | 17,77 | 12,59 | 13,55 | -4,15 |
| Lower secondary | 15,93 | 17,46 | 21,85 | 16,88 | 9,46 | 13,85 | -5,05 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 19,09 | 16,47 | 24,48 | 19,92 | 13,29 | 14,13 | -4,07 |
| Unemployed | . | 27,80 | 37,74 | 9,49 | 15,75 | 16,35 | -7,57' |
| Economically not active | 10,11 | 18,64 | 21,64 | 17,57 | 4,77 | 12,83 | -5,58 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

' Change from 94/96 to 98/00

Table T.I.2 (number of respondents)

Use of seat belt when driving or as a passenger on the front seat - never or sometimes
Total population, age 16-64

| | 1990 | 1992 | 1994 | 1996 | 1998 | 2000 |
|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Total | 1032 | 861 | 1162 | 1394 | 1211 | 1248 |
| Age group | | | | | | |
| 16-24 | 78 | 158 | 127 | 258 | 215 | 230 |
| 25-39 | 398 | 335 | 386 | 459 | 387 | 364 |
| 40-54 | 353 | 256 | 422 | 404 | 382 | 400 |
| 55-69 | 203 | 112 | 227 | 273 | 227 | 254 |
| Gender | | | | | | |
| Men | 453 | 403 | 497 | 629 | 515 | 508 |
| Women | 579 | 458 | 665 | 765 | 696 | 740 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 253 | 321 | 389 | 394 | 340 | 335 |
| Other urban area | 419 | 385 | 482 | 517 | 505 | 539 |
| Rural area | 352 | 155 | 290 | 458 | 350 | 369 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 688 | 636 | 806 | 1019 | 863 | 879 |
| Russian | 344 | 225 | 356 | 375 | 348 | 369 |
| Education** | | | | | | |
| University | 191 | 150 | 204 | 214 | 211 | 212 |
| Upper secondary | 516 | 541 | 689 | 808 | 708 | 739 |
| Lower secondary | 270 | 122 | 218 | 258 | 181 | 181 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 829 | 623 | 763 | 715 | 766 | 723 |
| Unemployed | . | 34 | 72 | 125 | 58 | 98 |
| Economically not active | 82 | 119 | 174 | 260 | 134 | 154 |

* Age 20-59

** Age 20-64

Chapter 13. Health care utilisation

Table A.1
Telephone consultation with doctor during last 6 months
The total population, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 3990 | 9,94 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 1996 | 11,40 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 1118 | 10,01 | 0,83 | 0,66 - 1,05 |
| 60-74 | 876 | 7,25 | 0,62 | 0,47 - 0,82 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 1577 | 6,21 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 2413 | 13,67 | 2,39 | 1,89 - 3,02 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 1100 | 7,02 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1662 | 9,68 | 1,59 | 1,21 - 2,10 |
| Rural area | 1228 | 13,03 | 2,12 | 1,60 - 2,82 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 2619 | 11,71 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 1060 | 5,89 | 0,49 | 0,38 - 0,64 |
| Other | 311 | 7,69 | 0,69 | 0,45 - 1,04 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 708 | 13,11 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 2357 | 10,08 | 0,74 | 0,57 - 0,94 |
| Lower secondary | 910 | 7,36 | 0,50 | 0,35 - 0,72 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 980 | 11,77 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 1004 | 8,94 | 0,74 | 0,56 - 0,99 |
| 2 quartile | 840 | 11,20 | 0,81 | 0,58 - 1,13 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 939 | 9,24 | 0,81 | 0,60 - 1,08 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 922 | 11,30 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 920 | 9,59 | 0,86 | 0,64 - 1,15 |
| 2 quartile | 921 | 10,66 | 0,96 | 0,71 - 1,29 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 921 | 8,65 | 0,70 | 0,52 - 0,95 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 2427 | 10,68 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 248 | 6,93 | 0,60 | 0,36 - 0,99 |
| Economically not active | 439 | 13,32 | 1,22 | 0,90 - 1,65 |

* Age 25-59

Table A.2
Telephone consultation with doctor during last 6 months
Men, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1577 | 6,21 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 797 | 6,26 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 450 | 7,96 | 1,23 | 0,79 - 1,93 |
| 60-74 | 330 | 4,01 | 0,65 | 0,35 - 1,19 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | | | | |
| Women | | | | |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 407 | 5,55 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 640 | 4,63 | 0,83 | 0,47 - 1,45 |
| Rural area | 530 | 8,68 | 1,62 | 0,96 - 2,72 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1069 | 7,43 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 369 | 2,91 | 0,44 | 0,24 - 0,80 |
| Other | 139 | 3,71 | 0,57 | 0,24 - 1,33 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 257 | 10,00 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 894 | 5,91 | 0,52 | 0,32 - 0,85 |
| Lower secondary | 421 | 4,80 | 0,37 | 0,20 - 0,70 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 518 | 6,94 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 361 | 4,42 | 0,51 | 0,28 - 0,93 |
| 2 quartile | 237 | 9,70 | 0,80 | 0,38 - 1,69 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 339 | 5,27 | 0,71 | 0,41 - 1,22 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 416 | 7,16 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 363 | 5,68 | 0,77 | 0,43 - 1,36 |
| 2 quartile | 306 | 5,29 | 0,60 | 0,32 - 1,16 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 357 | 6,31 | 0,80 | 0,46 - 1,39 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1015 | 6,77 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 113 | 0,00 | | |
| Economically not active | 119 | 11,24 | 2,05 | 1,13 - 3,74 |

* Age 25-59

Table A.3
Telephone consultation with doctor during last 6 months
Women, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2413 | 13,67 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 1199 | 16,54 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 668 | 12,06 | 0,72 | 0,54 - 0,95 |
| 60-74 | 546 | 10,49 | 0,61 | 0,44 - 0,83 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | | | | |
| Women | | | | |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 693 | 8,49 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1022 | 14,72 | 1,94 | 1,40 - 2,68 |
| Rural area | 698 | 17,38 | 2,32 | 1,66 - 3,24 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1550 | 16,00 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 691 | 8,87 | 0,51 | 0,38 - 0,68 |
| Other | 172 | 11,67 | 0,73 | 0,45 - 1,18 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 451 | 16,22 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1463 | 14,25 | 0,83 | 0,62 - 1,10 |
| Lower secondary | 489 | 9,91 | 0,56 | 0,37 - 0,86 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 462 | 16,61 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 643 | 13,46 | 0,84 | 0,60 - 1,18 |
| 2 quartile | 603 | 12,70 | 0,85 | 0,58 - 1,25 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 600 | 13,21 | 0,87 | 0,61 - 1,22 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 506 | 15,44 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 557 | 13,51 | 0,77 | 0,43 - 1,36 |
| 2 quartile | 615 | 16,02 | 0,60 | 0,32 - 1,16 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 564 | 10,99 | 0,80 | 0,46 - 1,39 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1412 | 14,59 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 135 | 13,86 | 0,85 | 0,51 - 1,43 |
| Economically not active | 320 | 15,40 | 1,05 | 0,74 - 1,50 |

* Age 25-59

Table A.4
Telephone consultation with doctor during last 6 months
The total population, age 25-44

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1996 | 11,40 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 797 | 6,26 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 1199 | 16,54 | 2,83 | 2,05 - 3,91 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 527 | 7,35 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 824 | 11,07 | 1,83 | 1,24 - 2,70 |
| Rural area | 645 | 15,14 | 2,40 | 1,62 - 3,56 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1312 | 13,18 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 530 | 7,83 | 0,55 | 0,39 - 0,78 |
| Other | 154 | 7,70 | 0,65 | 0,37 - 1,17 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 388 | 15,53 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1412 | 10,65 | 0,66 | 0,48 - 0,91 |
| Lower secondary | 193 | 8,68 | 0,52 | 0,28 - 0,94 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 607 | 13,78 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 578 | 9,07 | 0,68 | 0,47 - 0,97 |
| 2 quartile | 198 | 8,39 | 0,63 | 0,38 - 1,05 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 491 | 11,04 | 0,84 | 0,59 - 1,21 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 442 | 13,48 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 425 | 10,91 | 0,81 | 0,54 - 1,22 |
| 2 quartile | 384 | 12,70 | 1,02 | 0,68 - 1,51 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 584 | 9,24 | 0,66 | 0,45 - 0,97 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1579 | 11,79 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 178 | 9,17 | 0,75 | 0,44 - 1,28 |
| Economically not active | 239 | 11,29 | 0,88 | 0,59 - 1,33 |

* Age 25-59

Table A.5
Telephone consultation with doctor during last 6 months
The total population, age 45-59

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1118 | 10,01 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 450 | 7,96 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 668 | 12,06 | 1,63 | 1,08 - 2,48 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 320 | 9,55 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 474 | 8,86 | 1,03 | 0,63 - 1,67 |
| Rural area | 324 | 12,48 | 1,48 | 0,89 - 2,44 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 734 | 12,22 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 301 | 5,19 | 0,41 | 0,24 - 0,69 |
| Other | 83 | 6,38 | 0,51 | 0,22 - 1,21 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 215 | 12,01 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 624 | 10,83 | 0,94 | 0,58 - 1,52 |
| Lower secondary | 277 | 6,51 | 0,52 | 0,27 - 0,99 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 285 | 10,77 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 309 | 6,81 | 0,66 | 0,38 - 1,15 |
| 2 quartile | 150 | 19,61 | 1,47 | 0,82 - 2,64 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 300 | 8,06 | 0,66 | 0,37 - 1,15 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 327 | 9,63 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 258 | 9,70 | 1,02 | 0,60 - 1,74 |
| 2 quartile | 190 | 11,51 | 1,15 | 0,65 - 2,04 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 242 | 7,82 | 0,72 | 0,40 - 1,31 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 848 | 9,03 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 70 | 3,60 | 0,13 | 0,02 - 0,97 |
| Economically not active | 200 | 16,33 | 1,96 | 1,22 - 3,14 |

* Age 25-59

Table A.6
Telephone consultation with doctor during last 6 months
The total population, age 60-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Total | 876 | 7,25 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | | |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 330 | 4,01 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 546 | 10,49 | 2,73 | 1,49 | - 4,99 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 253 | 3,39 | 1,00 | | |
| Other urban area | 364 | 8,19 | 2,34 | 1,16 | - 4,76 |
| Rural area | 259 | 9,94 | 2,90 | 1,40 | - 6,03 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 573 | 8,50 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 229 | 3,28 | 0,44 | 0,22 | - 0,86 |
| Other | 74 | 9,25 | 1,10 | 0,47 | - 2,55 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 105 | 10,11 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 321 | 8,18 | 0,72 | 0,35 | - 1,49 |
| Lower secondary | 440 | 6,02 | 0,51 | 0,25 | - 1,06 |
| Personal income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 88 | 9,41 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 117 | 11,28 | 1,86 | 0,68 | - 5,09 |
| 2 quartile | 492 | 6,11 | 0,96 | 0,38 | - 2,41 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 148 | 7,45 | 1,17 | 0,42 | - 3,30 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 153 | 9,42 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 237 | 7,12 | 0,71 | 0,34 | - 1,47 |
| 2 quartile | 347 | 6,01 | 0,66 | 0,34 | - 1,30 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 95 | 8,59 | 0,98 | 0,42 | - 2,30 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | | | | | |
| Unemployed | | | | | |
| Economically not active | | | | | |

* Age 25-59

Table A.7
Telephone consultation with doctor during last 6 months
Tallinn, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1100 | 7,02 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 527 | 7,35 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 320 | 9,55 | 1,28 | 0,78 - 2,10 |
| 60-74 | 253 | 3,39 | 0,55 | 0,28 - 1,10 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 407 | 5,55 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 693 | 8,49 | 1,54 | 0,93 - 2,55 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 502 | 9,21 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 466 | 5,71 | 0,68 | 0,41 - 1,11 |
| Other | 132 | 3,64 | 0,59 | 0,26 - 1,37 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 290 | 11,21 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 654 | 6,15 | 0,46 | 0,28 - 0,75 |
| Lower secondary | 152 | 4,95 | 0,14 | 0,04 - 0,49 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 379 | 7,79 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 253 | 4,51 | 0,44 | 0,21 - 0,90 |
| 2 quartile | 203 | 12,97 | 1,41 | 0,68 - 2,96 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 181 | 6,99 | 0,79 | 0,40 - 1,55 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 395 | 8,43 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 271 | 6,87 | 0,72 | 0,39 - 1,31 |
| 2 quartile | 194 | 3,91 | 0,48 | 0,22 - 1,05 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 124 | 5,01 | 0,38 | 0,15 - 1,01 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 696 | 7,65 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 58 | 5,80 | 0,21 | 0,03 - 1,52 |
| Economically not active | 93 | 14,12 | 1,85 | 0,93 - 3,66 |

* Age 25-59

Table A.8
Telephone consultation with doctor during last 6 months
Other urban areas, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Total | 1662 | 9,68 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 25-44 | 824 | 11,07 | 1,00 | | |
| 45-59 | 474 | 8,86 | 0,72 | 0,50 | - 1,05 |
| 60-74 | 364 | 8,19 | 0,67 | 0,44 | - 1,02 |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 640 | 4,63 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 1022 | 14,72 | 3,59 | 2,39 | - 5,39 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 1007 | 11,75 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 519 | 5,41 | 0,42 | 0,29 | - 0,63 |
| Other | 136 | 9,35 | 0,80 | 0,44 | - 1,45 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 263 | 10,89 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 1045 | 10,30 | 0,91 | 0,61 | - 1,38 |
| Lower secondary | 349 | 7,99 | 0,57 | 0,31 | - 1,05 |
| Personal income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 360 | 14,83 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 440 | 9,87 | 0,82 | 0,52 | - 1,27 |
| 2 quartile | 375 | 7,78 | 0,60 | 0,36 | - 1,02 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 408 | 8,12 | 0,61 | 0,38 | - 0,99 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 325 | 11,82 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 409 | 8,94 | 0,75 | 0,47 | - 1,20 |
| 2 quartile | 436 | 10,79 | 0,93 | 0,59 | - 1,47 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 396 | 6,27 | 0,48 | 0,29 | - 0,80 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1011 | 10,81 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 128 | 4,33 | 0,49 | 0,23 | - 1,04 |
| Economically not active | 159 | 10,38 | 0,91 | 0,53 | - 1,55 |

* Age 25-59

Table A.9
Telephone consultation with doctor during last 6 months
Rural areas, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1228 | 13,03 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 645 | 15,14 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 324 | 12,48 | 0,81 | 0,54 - 1,20 |
| 60-74 | 259 | 9,94 | 0,63 | 0,40 - 0,99 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 530 | 8,68 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 698 | 17,38 | 2,22 | 1,55 - 3,18 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1110 | 13,02 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 75 | 11,84 | 0,89 | 0,44 - 1,80 |
| Other | 43 | 13,19 | 1,19 | 0,48 - 2,95 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 155 | 18,95 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 658 | 15,14 | 0,68 | 0,43 - 1,07 |
| Lower secondary | 409 | 9,57 | 0,43 | 0,25 - 0,74 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 241 | 15,71 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 311 | 11,95 | 0,63 | 0,38 - 1,02 |
| 2 quartile | 262 | 16,14 | 0,68 | 0,39 - 1,20 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 350 | 11,55 | 0,76 | 0,48 - 1,23 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 202 | 13,83 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 240 | 12,95 | 0,92 | 0,54 - 1,58 |
| 2 quartile | 291 | 15,43 | 0,96 | 0,57 - 1,62 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 401 | 12,10 | 0,75 | 0,45 - 1,22 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 720 | 13,29 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 62 | 8,76 | 0,97 | 0,46 - 2,06 |
| Economically not active | 187 | 15,73 | 1,15 | 0,73 - 1,82 |

* Age 25-59

Table B.1
Visit to doctor during last 6 months
The total population, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|---|------|
| Total | 3989 | 42,40 | ----- | | | |
| Age group | | | | | | |
| 25-44 | 1995 | 36,63 | 1,00 | | | |
| 45-59 | 1118 | 39,30 | 1,14 | 0,98 | - | 1,33 |
| 60-74 | 876 | 56,43 | 2,18 | 1,85 | - | 2,56 |
| Gender | | | | | | |
| Men | 1576 | 36,25 | 1,00 | | | |
| Women | 2413 | 48,55 | 1,70 | 1,49 | - | 1,94 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 1100 | 37,67 | 1,00 | | | |
| Other urban area | 1661 | 43,19 | 1,31 | 1,12 | - | 1,54 |
| Rural area | 1228 | 46,00 | 1,45 | 1,22 | - | 1,72 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 2619 | 41,82 | 1,00 | | | |
| Russian | 1059 | 43,42 | 1,09 | 0,94 | - | 1,27 |
| Other | 311 | 42,42 | 1,08 | 0,85 | - | 1,38 |
| Education | | | | | | |
| University | 708 | 36,26 | 1,00 | | | |
| Upper secondary | 2356 | 42,74 | 1,30 | 1,09 | - | 1,56 |
| Lower secondary | 910 | 44,23 | 1,40 | 1,13 | - | 1,73 |
| Personal income | | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 980 | 42,31 | 1,00 | | | |
| 3 quartile | 1004 | 39,87 | 1,01 | 0,84 | - | 1,21 |
| 2 quartile | 840 | 46,89 | 1,14 | 0,92 | - | 1,42 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 938 | 42,80 | 1,00 | 0,83 | - | 1,21 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 922 | 41,66 | 1,00 | | | |
| 3 quartile | 920 | 44,03 | 1,09 | 0,90 | - | 1,32 |
| 2 quartile | 921 | 44,39 | 1,09 | 0,90 | - | 1,33 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 920 | 43,50 | 0,97 | 0,80 | - | 1,17 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 2426 | 38,48 | 1,00 | | | |
| Unemployed | 248 | 27,04 | 0,59 | 0,44 | - | 0,79 |
| Economically not active | 439 | 37,96 | 1,01 | 0,81 | - | 1,25 |

* Age 25-59

Table B.2
Visit to doctor during last 6 months
Men, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1576 | 36,25 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 796 | 30,58 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 450 | 30,48 | 1,01 | 0,78 - 1,29 |
| 60-74 | 330 | 53,30 | 2,54 | 1,95 - 3,30 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | | | | |
| Women | | | | |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 407 | 33,57 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 639 | 36,07 | 1,15 | 0,88 - 1,51 |
| Rural area | 530 | 38,87 | 1,27 | 0,97 - 1,68 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1069 | 36,36 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 368 | 36,59 | 0,98 | 0,76 - 1,27 |
| Other | 139 | 31,84 | 0,86 | 0,59 - 1,27 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 257 | 30,72 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 893 | 36,11 | 1,21 | 0,89 - 1,64 |
| Lower secondary | 421 | 37,95 | 1,29 | 0,92 - 1,82 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 518 | 38,03 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 361 | 32,73 | 0,80 | 0,59 - 1,07 |
| 2 quartile | 237 | 40,32 | 0,91 | 0,62 - 1,33 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 338 | 36,02 | 0,85 | 0,63 - 1,15 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 416 | 35,80 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 363 | 36,51 | 0,99 | 0,73 - 1,34 |
| 2 quartile | 306 | 39,10 | 1,08 | 0,79 - 1,48 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 356 | 37,59 | 0,92 | 0,68 - 1,25 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1014 | 31,11 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 113 | 20,32 | 0,56 | 0,35 - 0,90 |
| Economically not active | 119 | 29,76 | 1,15 | 0,76 - 1,73 |

* Age 25-59

Table B.3
Visit to doctor during last 6 months
Women, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2413 | 48,55 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 1199 | 42,68 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 668 | 48,13 | 1,23 | 1,02 - 1,49 |
| 60-74 | 546 | 59,55 | 1,98 | 1,61 - 2,43 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | | | | |
| Women | | | | |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 693 | 41,78 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1022 | 50,31 | 1,41 | 1,15 - 1,71 |
| Rural area | 698 | 53,13 | 1,55 | 1,25 - 1,93 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1550 | 47,27 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 691 | 50,26 | 1,16 | 0,96 - 1,39 |
| Other | 172 | 53,01 | 1,26 | 0,92 - 1,74 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 451 | 41,80 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1463 | 49,38 | 1,35 | 1,09 - 1,68 |
| Lower secondary | 489 | 50,50 | 1,46 | 1,10 - 1,94 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 462 | 46,58 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 643 | 47,00 | 1,20 | 0,95 - 1,53 |
| 2 quartile | 603 | 53,46 | 1,34 | 1,03 - 1,75 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 600 | 49,58 | 1,15 | 0,90 - 1,48 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 506 | 47,52 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 557 | 51,55 | 1,17 | 0,91 - 1,49 |
| 2 quartile | 615 | 49,68 | 1,11 | 0,87 - 1,42 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 564 | 49,40 | 1,00 | 0,79 - 1,28 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1412 | 45,85 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 135 | 33,75 | 0,61 | 0,42 - 0,88 |
| Economically not active | 320 | 46,15 | 0,96 | 0,75 - 1,24 |

* Age 25-59

Table B.4
Visit to doctor during last 6 months
The total population, age 25-44

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1995 | 36,63 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 796 | 30,58 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 1199 | 42,68 | 1,71 | 1,41 - 2,06 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 527 | 32,51 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 823 | 37,82 | 1,30 | 1,03 - 1,63 |
| Rural area | 645 | 38,57 | 1,31 | 1,03 - 1,66 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1312 | 36,30 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 529 | 37,59 | 1,10 | 0,89 - 1,36 |
| Other | 154 | 36,27 | 1,05 | 0,74 - 1,48 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 388 | 30,78 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1411 | 37,99 | 1,30 | 1,03 - 1,65 |
| Lower secondary | 193 | 37,95 | 1,27 | 0,88 - 1,84 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 607 | 38,51 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 578 | 36,20 | 0,92 | 0,73 - 1,17 |
| 2 quartile | 198 | 37,52 | 1,02 | 0,73 - 1,42 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 490 | 32,82 | 0,80 | 0,62 - 1,04 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 442 | 38,28 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 425 | 40,14 | 1,12 | 0,85 - 1,48 |
| 2 quartile | 384 | 36,66 | 0,97 | 0,73 - 1,29 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 583 | 34,73 | 0,85 | 0,66 - 1,11 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1578 | 37,95 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 178 | 27,56 | 0,64 | 0,45 - 0,90 |
| Economically not active | 239 | 33,83 | 0,87 | 0,65 - 1,16 |

* Age 25-59

Table B.5
Visit to doctor during last 6 months
The total population, age 45-59

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1118 | 39,30 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 450 | 30,48 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 668 | 48,13 | 2,10 | 1,63 - 2,70 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 320 | 35,23 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 474 | 39,01 | 1,21 | 0,90 - 1,63 |
| Rural area | 324 | 44,15 | 1,53 | 1,10 - 2,11 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 734 | 40,59 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 301 | 34,57 | 0,84 | 0,63 - 1,12 |
| Other | 83 | 36,44 | 0,86 | 0,54 - 1,38 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 215 | 32,86 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 624 | 40,90 | 1,50 | 1,08 - 2,08 |
| Lower secondary | 277 | 40,48 | 1,47 | 1,00 - 2,15 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 285 | 33,21 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 309 | 40,67 | 1,46 | 1,04 - 2,05 |
| 2 quartile | 150 | 52,77 | 1,83 | 1,20 - 2,77 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 300 | 40,19 | 1,34 | 0,95 - 1,89 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 327 | 38,20 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 258 | 40,02 | 1,10 | 0,79 - 1,55 |
| 2 quartile | 190 | 45,21 | 1,28 | 0,89 - 1,85 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 242 | 39,08 | 1,05 | 0,74 - 1,48 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 848 | 39,26 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 70 | 26,26 | 0,47 | 0,27 - 0,84 |
| Economically not active | 200 | 44,08 | 1,23 | 0,88 - 1,71 |

* Age 25-59

Table B.6
Visit to doctor during last 6 months
The total population, age 60-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 876 | 56,43 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 330 | 53,30 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 546 | 59,55 | 1,29 | 0,98 - 1,71 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 253 | 49,83 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 364 | 57,78 | 1,48 | 1,07 - 2,05 |
| Rural area | 259 | 61,45 | 1,71 | 1,20 - 2,44 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 573 | 53,14 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 229 | 64,45 | 1,49 | 1,08 - 2,06 |
| Other | 74 | 60,57 | 1,49 | 0,90 - 2,46 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 105 | 50,12 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 321 | 53,44 | 1,01 | 0,64 - 1,57 |
| Lower secondary | 440 | 59,93 | 1,30 | 0,84 - 2,00 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 88 | 60,01 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 117 | 45,45 | 0,61 | 0,35 - 1,07 |
| 2 quartile | 492 | 56,57 | 0,89 | 0,55 - 1,44 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 148 | 63,74 | 1,16 | 0,67 - 2,02 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 153 | 51,84 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 237 | 55,78 | 1,03 | 0,68 - 1,56 |
| 2 quartile | 347 | 57,20 | 1,16 | 0,78 - 1,72 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 95 | 64,43 | 1,42 | 0,83 - 2,41 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | | | | |
| Unemployed | | | | |
| Economically not active | | | | |

* Age 25-59

Table B.7
Visit to doctor during last 6 months
Tallinn, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Total | 1100 | 37,67 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 25-44 | 527 | 32,51 | 1,00 | | |
| 45-59 | 320 | 35,23 | 1,16 | 0,86 | - 1,55 |
| 60-74 | 253 | 49,83 | 1,92 | 1,41 | - 2,61 |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 407 | 33,57 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 693 | 41,78 | 1,47 | 1,13 | - 1,91 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 502 | 35,34 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 466 | 39,94 | 1,21 | 0,93 | - 1,59 |
| Other | 132 | 34,80 | 1,17 | 0,78 | - 1,76 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 290 | 31,29 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 654 | 38,81 | 1,33 | 0,99 | - 1,80 |
| Lower secondary | 152 | 37,56 | 1,43 | 0,92 | - 2,22 |
| Personal income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 379 | 40,17 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 253 | 34,70 | 0,89 | 0,63 | - 1,25 |
| 2 quartile | 203 | 48,32 | 1,08 | 0,71 | - 1,65 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 181 | 33,69 | 0,73 | 0,49 | - 1,07 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 395 | 41,21 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 271 | 39,16 | 0,97 | 0,70 | - 1,35 |
| 2 quartile | 194 | 30,98 | 0,79 | 0,54 | - 1,16 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 124 | 39,26 | 0,82 | 0,53 | - 1,27 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 696 | 34,48 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 58 | 24,15 | 0,51 | 0,27 | - 0,98 |
| Economically not active | 93 | 36,03 | 0,80 | 0,49 | - 1,28 |

* Age 25-59

Table B.8
Visit to doctor during last 6 months
Other urban areas, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1661 | 43,19 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 823 | 37,82 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 474 | 39,01 | 1,06 | 0,84 - 1,34 |
| 60-74 | 364 | 57,78 | 2,19 | 1,70 - 2,83 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 639 | 36,07 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 1022 | 50,31 | 1,81 | 1,47 - 2,22 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1007 | 41,71 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 518 | 45,85 | 1,23 | 0,99 - 1,54 |
| Other | 136 | 44,25 | 1,16 | 0,80 - 1,69 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 263 | 41,33 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1044 | 42,09 | 1,12 | 0,84 - 1,48 |
| Lower secondary | 349 | 52,28 | 1,39 | 0,97 - 1,99 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 360 | 39,33 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 440 | 40,91 | 1,11 | 0,83 - 1,50 |
| 2 quartile | 375 | 42,10 | 1,01 | 0,72 - 1,41 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 407 | 47,41 | 1,20 | 0,89 - 1,63 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 325 | 40,24 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 409 | 45,66 | 1,13 | 0,83 - 1,53 |
| 2 quartile | 436 | 44,37 | 1,03 | 0,76 - 1,39 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 395 | 42,95 | 0,86 | 0,63 - 1,17 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1010 | 39,07 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 128 | 26,05 | 0,64 | 0,43 - 0,96 |
| Economically not active | 159 | 38,49 | 1,00 | 0,70 - 1,43 |

* Age 25-59

Table B.9
Visit to doctor during last 6 months
Rural areas, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1228 | 46,00 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 645 | 38,57 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 324 | 44,15 | 1,31 | 1,00 - 1,72 |
| 60-74 | 259 | 61,45 | 2,56 | 1,90 - 3,46 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 530 | 38,87 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 698 | 53,13 | 1,85 | 1,46 - 2,34 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1110 | 45,21 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 75 | 42,92 | 1,28 | 0,78 - 2,08 |
| Other | 43 | 38,18 | 1,69 | 0,89 - 3,19 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 155 | 35,70 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 658 | 48,11 | 1,56 | 1,07 - 2,27 |
| Lower secondary | 409 | 43,19 | 1,24 | 0,82 - 1,86 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 241 | 48,18 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 311 | 43,18 | 0,89 | 0,63 - 1,27 |
| 2 quartile | 262 | 55,99 | 1,33 | 0,89 - 2,00 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 350 | 40,87 | 0,79 | 0,55 - 1,12 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 202 | 41,69 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 240 | 45,99 | 1,06 | 0,72 - 1,57 |
| 2 quartile | 291 | 51,69 | 1,31 | 0,89 - 1,91 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 401 | 47,81 | 1,00 | 0,70 - 1,42 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 720 | 41,77 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 62 | 23,37 | 0,51 | 0,28 - 0,93 |
| Economically not active | 187 | 36,88 | 1,02 | 0,72 - 1,44 |

* Age 25-59

Table C.1
Visit to specialist during last 6 months
The total population, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 3990 | 30,74 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 1996 | 28,97 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 1118 | 29,63 | 1,02 | 0,87 - 1,20 |
| 60-74 | 876 | 35,24 | 1,26 | 1,06 - 1,49 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 1577 | 24,93 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 2413 | 36,56 | 1,78 | 1,54 - 2,05 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 1100 | 37,31 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1662 | 29,68 | 0,73 | 0,62 - 0,86 |
| Rural area | 1228 | 26,34 | 0,62 | 0,52 - 0,74 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 2619 | 28,77 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 1060 | 35,03 | 1,34 | 1,15 - 1,56 |
| Other | 311 | 31,91 | 1,16 | 0,90 - 1,50 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 708 | 38,65 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 2357 | 30,54 | 0,76 | 0,64 - 0,91 |
| Lower secondary | 910 | 27,16 | 0,61 | 0,49 - 0,76 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 980 | 33,52 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 1004 | 29,30 | 0,90 | 0,74 - 1,09 |
| 2 quartile | 840 | 31,87 | 0,91 | 0,73 - 1,14 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 939 | 31,77 | 0,88 | 0,72 - 1,07 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 922 | 35,59 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 920 | 31,14 | 0,87 | 0,71 - 1,06 |
| 2 quartile | 921 | 31,05 | 0,85 | 0,69 - 1,04 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 921 | 25,68 | 0,67 | 0,54 - 0,82 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 2427 | 28,94 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 248 | 18,80 | 0,59 | 0,43 - 0,82 |
| Economically not active | 439 | 36,36 | 1,37 | 1,10 - 1,71 |

* Age 25-59

Table C.2
Visit to specialist during last 6 months
Men, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Total | 1577 | 24,93 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 25-44 | 797 | 21,27 | 1,00 | | |
| 45-59 | 450 | 23,42 | 1,12 | 0,85 | - 1,48 |
| 60-74 | 330 | 33,27 | 1,82 | 1,37 | - 2,42 |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | | | | | |
| Women | | | | | |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 407 | 32,12 | 1,00 | | |
| Other urban area | 640 | 22,94 | 0,65 | 0,49 | - 0,86 |
| Rural area | 530 | 22,12 | 0,61 | 0,45 | - 0,82 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 1069 | 23,36 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 369 | 28,85 | 1,34 | 1,02 | - 1,77 |
| Other | 139 | 22,46 | 1,05 | 0,69 | - 1,60 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 257 | 34,91 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 894 | 23,86 | 0,65 | 0,48 | - 0,89 |
| Lower secondary | 421 | 21,71 | 0,53 | 0,37 | - 0,77 |
| Personal income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 518 | 28,52 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 361 | 22,59 | 0,75 | 0,54 | - 1,03 |
| 2 quartile | 237 | 23,85 | 0,57 | 0,37 | - 0,87 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 339 | 28,56 | 0,89 | 0,64 | - 1,22 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 416 | 30,23 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 363 | 23,41 | 0,71 | 0,51 | - 0,99 |
| 2 quartile | 306 | 25,31 | 0,76 | 0,54 | - 1,06 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 357 | 19,96 | 0,60 | 0,43 | - 0,85 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1015 | 21,77 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 113 | 12,84 | 0,56 | 0,32 | - 0,98 |
| Economically not active | 119 | 31,30 | 1,75 | 1,15 | - 2,67 |

* Age 25-59

Table C.3
Visit to specialist during last 6 months
Women, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2413 | 36,56 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 1199 | 36,68 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 668 | 35,85 | 0,98 | 0,80 - 1,19 |
| 60-74 | 546 | 37,21 | 1,04 | 0,84 - 1,28 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | | | | |
| Women | | | | |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 693 | 42,51 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1022 | 36,41 | 0,77 | 0,63 - 0,94 |
| Rural area | 698 | 30,57 | 0,62 | 0,50 - 0,77 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1550 | 34,18 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 691 | 41,20 | 1,34 | 1,11 - 1,61 |
| Other | 172 | 41,37 | 1,24 | 0,89 - 1,72 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 451 | 42,39 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1463 | 37,22 | 0,82 | 0,66 - 1,02 |
| Lower secondary | 489 | 32,62 | 0,66 | 0,49 - 0,88 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 462 | 38,52 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 643 | 36,01 | 1,01 | 0,79 - 1,29 |
| 2 quartile | 603 | 39,89 | 1,11 | 0,84 - 1,46 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 600 | 34,98 | 0,91 | 0,71 - 1,18 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 506 | 40,95 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 557 | 38,87 | 0,97 | 0,76 - 1,25 |
| 2 quartile | 615 | 36,79 | 0,91 | 0,71 - 1,17 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 564 | 31,40 | 0,71 | 0,55 - 0,92 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1412 | 36,10 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 135 | 24,76 | 0,61 | 0,41 - 0,91 |
| Economically not active | 320 | 41,42 | 1,25 | 0,97 - 1,62 |

* Age 25-59

Table C.4
Visit to specialist during last 6 months
The total population, age 25-44

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1996 | 28,97 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 797 | 21,27 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 1199 | 36,68 | 2,13 | 1,73 - 2,62 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 527 | 33,39 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 824 | 28,54 | 0,82 | 0,64 - 1,04 |
| Rural area | 645 | 26,07 | 0,72 | 0,56 - 0,93 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1312 | 27,22 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 530 | 31,96 | 1,24 | 1,00 - 1,55 |
| Other | 154 | 35,65 | 1,38 | 0,96 - 1,99 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 388 | 29,66 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1412 | 29,04 | 0,98 | 0,76 - 1,25 |
| Lower secondary | 193 | 26,50 | 0,87 | 0,59 - 1,30 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 607 | 30,62 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 578 | 26,96 | 0,90 | 0,69 - 1,16 |
| 2 quartile | 198 | 30,66 | 1,04 | 0,73 - 1,47 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 491 | 28,56 | 0,90 | 0,69 - 1,18 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 442 | 32,65 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 425 | 27,32 | 0,81 | 0,60 - 1,09 |
| 2 quartile | 384 | 32,74 | 1,02 | 0,76 - 1,38 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 584 | 25,47 | 0,71 | 0,54 - 0,94 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1579 | 28,37 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 178 | 22,01 | 0,73 | 0,50 - 1,05 |
| Economically not active | 239 | 38,58 | 1,50 | 1,13 - 2,00 |

* Age 25-59

Table C.5
Visit to specialist during last 6 months
The total population, age 45-59

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1118 | 29,63 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 450 | 23,42 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 668 | 35,85 | 1,83 | 1,40 - 2,40 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 320 | 34,29 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 474 | 28,69 | 0,76 | 0,56 - 1,03 |
| Rural area | 324 | 26,40 | 0,67 | 0,48 - 0,94 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 734 | 28,72 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 301 | 34,39 | 1,34 | 1,00 - 1,79 |
| Other | 83 | 19,42 | 0,64 | 0,37 - 1,10 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 215 | 40,68 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 624 | 28,10 | 0,58 | 0,42 - 0,80 |
| Lower secondary | 277 | 23,75 | 0,46 | 0,31 - 0,69 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 285 | 29,50 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 309 | 30,11 | 1,06 | 0,74 - 1,51 |
| 2 quartile | 150 | 34,03 | 1,27 | 0,83 - 1,95 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 300 | 27,44 | 0,88 | 0,61 - 1,26 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 327 | 33,92 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 258 | 28,88 | 0,86 | 0,60 - 1,22 |
| 2 quartile | 190 | 28,81 | 0,80 | 0,54 - 1,17 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 242 | 25,82 | 0,68 | 0,47 - 0,99 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 848 | 29,78 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 70 | 14,03 | 0,32 | 0,16 - 0,66 |
| Economically not active | 200 | 33,06 | 1,20 | 0,85 - 1,69 |

* Age 25-59

Table C.6
Visit to specialist during last 6 months
The total population, age 60-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Total | 876 | 35,24 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | | |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 330 | 33,27 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 546 | 37,21 | 1,20 | 0,90 | - 1,60 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 253 | 47,95 | 1,00 | | |
| Other urban area | 364 | 32,90 | 0,55 | 0,40 | - 0,77 |
| Rural area | 259 | 26,78 | 0,41 | 0,28 | - 0,59 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 573 | 31,61 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 229 | 41,27 | 1,57 | 1,14 | - 2,15 |
| Other | 74 | 40,24 | 1,48 | 0,90 | - 2,44 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 105 | 52,25 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 321 | 36,15 | 0,55 | 0,35 | - 0,87 |
| Lower secondary | 440 | 32,43 | 0,46 | 0,30 | - 0,72 |
| Personal income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 88 | 43,50 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 117 | 32,52 | 0,55 | 0,31 | - 0,98 |
| 2 quartile | 492 | 31,44 | 0,54 | 0,33 | - 0,87 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 148 | 42,70 | 0,68 | 0,40 | - 1,18 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 153 | 42,84 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 237 | 40,66 | 0,94 | 0,62 | - 1,43 |
| 2 quartile | 347 | 30,76 | 0,68 | 0,45 | - 1,01 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 95 | 25,91 | 0,50 | 0,28 | - 0,87 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | | | | | |
| Unemployed | | | | | |
| Economically not active | | | | | |

* Age 25-59

Table C.7
Visit to specialist during last 6 months
Tallinn, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1100 | 37,31 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 527 | 33,39 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 320 | 34,29 | 1,07 | 0,80 - 1,43 |
| 60-74 | 253 | 47,95 | 1,71 | 1,26 - 2,32 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 407 | 32,12 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 693 | 42,51 | 1,60 | 1,23 - 2,07 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 502 | 35,12 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 466 | 38,04 | 1,20 | 0,92 - 1,57 |
| Other | 132 | 34,99 | 1,18 | 0,78 - 1,77 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 290 | 41,57 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 654 | 35,57 | 0,89 | 0,67 - 1,19 |
| Lower secondary | 152 | 41,89 | 0,89 | 0,57 - 1,38 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 379 | 37,59 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 253 | 35,52 | 1,08 | 0,76 - 1,52 |
| 2 quartile | 203 | 41,44 | 1,33 | 0,87 - 2,02 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 181 | 39,14 | 1,13 | 0,77 - 1,65 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 395 | 37,23 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 271 | 37,59 | 1,14 | 0,82 - 1,59 |
| 2 quartile | 194 | 36,55 | 1,10 | 0,76 - 1,60 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 124 | 34,62 | 1,06 | 0,69 - 1,64 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 696 | 33,06 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 58 | 22,46 | 0,74 | 0,40 - 1,36 |
| Economically not active | 93 | 44,40 | 1,59 | 1,01 - 2,52 |

* Age 25-59

Table C.8
Visit to specialist during last 6 months
Other urban areas, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1662 | 29,68 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 824 | 28,54 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 474 | 28,69 | 0,99 | 0,77 - 1,27 |
| 60-74 | 364 | 32,90 | 1,16 | 0,89 - 1,52 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 640 | 22,94 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 1022 | 36,41 | 1,96 | 1,57 - 2,46 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1007 | 28,07 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 519 | 33,28 | 1,26 | 1,00 - 1,60 |
| Other | 136 | 29,70 | 0,97 | 0,64 - 1,45 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 263 | 36,08 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1045 | 29,63 | 0,76 | 0,57 - 1,01 |
| Lower secondary | 349 | 26,00 | 0,64 | 0,44 - 0,94 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 360 | 29,70 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 440 | 28,71 | 0,81 | 0,59 - 1,11 |
| 2 quartile | 375 | 28,97 | 0,85 | 0,60 - 1,21 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 408 | 32,10 | 0,91 | 0,66 - 1,25 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 325 | 34,93 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 409 | 29,35 | 0,77 | 0,56 - 1,06 |
| 2 quartile | 436 | 30,18 | 0,79 | 0,58 - 1,09 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 396 | 26,41 | 0,66 | 0,48 - 0,92 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1011 | 28,82 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 128 | 16,52 | 0,49 | 0,30 - 0,80 |
| Economically not active | 159 | 34,82 | 1,36 | 0,94 - 1,96 |

* Age 25-59

Table C.9
Visit to specialist during last 6 months
Rural areas, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1228 | 26,34 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 645 | 26,07 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 324 | 26,40 | 0,99 | 0,73 - 1,34 |
| 60-74 | 259 | 26,78 | 0,97 | 0,70 - 1,35 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 530 | 22,12 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 698 | 30,57 | 1,65 | 1,27 - 2,14 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1110 | 26,45 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 75 | 23,28 | 0,92 | 0,54 - 1,57 |
| Other | 43 | 17,61 | 1,07 | 0,52 - 2,19 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 155 | 32,79 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 658 | 27,39 | 0,70 | 0,48 - 1,02 |
| Lower secondary | 409 | 25,02 | 0,64 | 0,42 - 0,97 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 241 | 30,09 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 311 | 24,22 | 0,94 | 0,64 - 1,38 |
| 2 quartile | 262 | 29,61 | 0,86 | 0,55 - 1,35 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 350 | 28,09 | 0,82 | 0,56 - 1,21 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 202 | 29,14 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 240 | 26,08 | 0,72 | 0,48 - 1,11 |
| 2 quartile | 291 | 27,22 | 0,83 | 0,55 - 1,24 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 401 | 21,24 | 0,58 | 0,39 - 0,85 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 720 | 25,22 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 62 | 16,65 | 0,70 | 0,36 - 1,36 |
| Economically not active | 187 | 31,27 | 1,44 | 1,00 - 2,08 |

* Age 25-59

Table D.1
Visits to dentist during last 6 months
The total population, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Total | 3990 | 30,96 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 25-44 | 1996 | 34,89 | 1,00 | | |
| 45-59 | 1118 | 29,41 | 0,77 | 0,66 | - 0,91 |
| 60-74 | 876 | 25,85 | 0,63 | 0,53 | - 0,76 |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 1577 | 25,63 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 2413 | 36,29 | 1,66 | 1,45 | - 1,92 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 1100 | 35,33 | 1,00 | | |
| Other urban area | 1662 | 30,59 | 0,84 | 0,72 | - 0,99 |
| Rural area | 1228 | 27,44 | 0,73 | 0,61 | - 0,87 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 2619 | 31,20 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 1060 | 29,34 | 0,93 | 0,80 | - 1,09 |
| Other | 311 | 30,66 | 1,00 | 0,78 | - 1,29 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 708 | 40,80 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 2357 | 32,00 | 0,72 | 0,60 | - 0,85 |
| Lower secondary | 910 | 23,10 | 0,42 | 0,34 | - 0,53 |
| Personal income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 980 | 38,12 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 1004 | 33,07 | 0,76 | 0,63 | - 0,91 |
| 2 quartile | 840 | 27,03 | 0,65 | 0,52 | - 0,81 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 939 | 21,86 | 0,46 | 0,38 | - 0,57 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 922 | 36,81 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 920 | 36,16 | 0,98 | 0,81 | - 1,19 |
| 2 quartile | 921 | 29,29 | 0,70 | 0,57 | - 0,85 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 921 | 20,13 | 0,46 | 0,37 | - 0,57 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 2427 | 35,63 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 248 | 17,66 | 0,44 | 0,32 | - 0,61 |
| Economically not active | 439 | 22,15 | 0,59 | 0,47 | - 0,75 |

* Age 25-59

Table D.2
Visits to dentist during last 6 months
Men, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1577 | 25,63 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 797 | 28,67 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 450 | 23,91 | 0,79 | 0,61 - 1,03 |
| 60-74 | 330 | 22,30 | 0,74 | 0,55 - 1,00 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | | | | |
| Women | | | | |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 407 | 31,39 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 640 | 24,10 | 0,71 | 0,54 - 0,94 |
| Rural area | 530 | 23,08 | 0,70 | 0,52 - 0,94 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1069 | 25,59 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 369 | 24,16 | 0,96 | 0,73 - 1,27 |
| Other | 139 | 24,87 | 1,04 | 0,69 - 1,54 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 257 | 39,24 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 894 | 25,32 | 0,57 | 0,43 - 0,77 |
| Lower secondary | 421 | 19,97 | 0,39 | 0,27 - 0,56 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 518 | 34,80 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 361 | 26,06 | 0,63 | 0,47 - 0,85 |
| 2 quartile | 237 | 16,50 | 0,42 | 0,27 - 0,65 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 339 | 13,48 | 0,28 | 0,20 - 0,40 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 416 | 33,36 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 363 | 30,51 | 0,86 | 0,64 - 1,18 |
| 2 quartile | 306 | 23,39 | 0,60 | 0,43 - 0,84 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 357 | 12,42 | 0,26 | 0,18 - 0,38 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1015 | 30,09 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 113 | 11,35 | 0,32 | 0,18 - 0,57 |
| Economically not active | 119 | 12,49 | 0,33 | 0,18 - 0,58 |

* Age 25-59

Table D.3
Visits to dentist during last 6 months
Women, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|---|------|
| Total | 2413 | 36,29 | ----- | | | |
| Age group | | | | | | |
| 25-44 | 1199 | 41,11 | 1,00 | | | |
| 45-59 | 668 | 34,90 | 0,76 | 0,63 | - | 0,93 |
| 60-74 | 546 | 29,39 | 0,58 | 0,47 | - | 0,73 |
| Gender | | | | | | |
| Men | | | | | | |
| Women | | | | | | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 693 | 39,27 | 1,00 | | | |
| Other urban area | 1022 | 37,08 | 0,93 | 0,76 | - | 1,13 |
| Rural area | 698 | 31,79 | 0,74 | 0,59 | - | 0,92 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 1550 | 36,80 | 1,00 | | | |
| Russian | 691 | 34,52 | 0,92 | 0,76 | - | 1,11 |
| Other | 172 | 36,45 | 0,98 | 0,70 | - | 1,36 |
| Education | | | | | | |
| University | 451 | 42,35 | 1,00 | | | |
| Upper secondary | 1463 | 38,69 | 0,80 | 0,65 | - | 1,00 |
| Lower secondary | 489 | 26,23 | 0,43 | 0,32 | - | 0,59 |
| Personal income | | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 462 | 41,44 | 1,00 | | | |
| 3 quartile | 643 | 40,08 | 0,90 | 0,71 | - | 1,15 |
| 2 quartile | 603 | 37,56 | 0,83 | 0,63 | - | 1,10 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 600 | 30,24 | 0,62 | 0,48 | - | 0,81 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 506 | 40,25 | 1,00 | | | |
| 3 quartile | 557 | 41,80 | 1,09 | 0,85 | - | 1,39 |
| 2 quartile | 615 | 35,19 | 0,79 | 0,61 | - | 1,01 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 564 | 27,84 | 0,61 | 0,47 | - | 0,79 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1412 | 41,17 | 1,00 | | | |
| Unemployed | 135 | 23,96 | 0,53 | 0,36 | - | 0,79 |
| Economically not active | 320 | 31,80 | 0,70 | 0,53 | - | 0,91 |

* Age 25-59

Table D.4
Visits to dentist during last 6 months
The total population, age 25-44

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1996 | 34,89 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 797 | 28,67 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 1199 | 41,11 | 1,73 | 1,43 - 2,10 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 527 | 37,82 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 824 | 33,27 | 0,85 | 0,68 - 1,07 |
| Rural area | 645 | 34,31 | 0,87 | 0,68 - 1,10 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1312 | 35,95 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 530 | 33,17 | 0,89 | 0,72 - 1,10 |
| Other | 154 | 30,81 | 0,85 | 0,60 - 1,22 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 388 | 44,80 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1412 | 33,81 | 0,64 | 0,51 - 0,81 |
| Lower secondary | 193 | 26,31 | 0,42 | 0,29 - 0,63 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 607 | 42,06 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 578 | 32,69 | 0,69 | 0,54 - 0,87 |
| 2 quartile | 198 | 27,81 | 0,69 | 0,49 - 0,97 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 491 | 25,97 | 0,50 | 0,39 - 0,65 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 442 | 42,62 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 425 | 39,33 | 0,87 | 0,66 - 1,15 |
| 2 quartile | 384 | 33,24 | 0,66 | 0,50 - 0,88 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 584 | 23,16 | 0,43 | 0,33 - 0,57 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1579 | 37,63 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 178 | 23,29 | 0,51 | 0,36 - 0,73 |
| Economically not active | 239 | 23,43 | 0,60 | 0,44 - 0,81 |

* Age 25-59

Table D.5
Visits to dentist during last 6 months
The total population, age 45-59

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Total | 1118 | 29,41 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | | |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 450 | 23,91 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 668 | 34,90 | 1,68 | 1,29 | - 2,20 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 320 | 33,56 | 1,00 | | |
| Other urban area | 474 | 30,32 | 0,91 | 0,67 | - 1,24 |
| Rural area | 324 | 24,28 | 0,66 | 0,46 | - 0,93 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 734 | 29,85 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 301 | 28,35 | 0,94 | 0,70 | - 1,26 |
| Other | 83 | 25,74 | 0,81 | 0,49 | - 1,35 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 215 | 36,41 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 624 | 32,02 | 0,86 | 0,62 | - 1,19 |
| Lower secondary | 277 | 20,13 | 0,43 | 0,28 | - 0,65 |
| Personal income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 285 | 36,78 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 309 | 32,31 | 0,81 | 0,58 | - 1,14 |
| 2 quartile | 150 | 27,37 | 0,75 | 0,49 | - 1,15 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 300 | 17,95 | 0,39 | 0,26 | - 0,56 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 327 | 32,76 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 258 | 34,34 | 1,12 | 0,79 | - 1,59 |
| 2 quartile | 190 | 29,66 | 0,94 | 0,64 | - 1,39 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 242 | 19,03 | 0,53 | 0,35 | - 0,78 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 848 | 32,65 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 70 | 9,28 | 0,27 | 0,13 | - 0,57 |
| Economically not active | 200 | 20,24 | 0,59 | 0,41 | - 0,85 |

* Age 25-59

Table D.6
Visits to dentist during last 6 months
The total population, age 60-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 876 | 25,85 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 330 | 22,30 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 546 | 29,39 | 1,46 | 1,06 - 2,02 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 253 | 33,04 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 364 | 26,17 | 0,75 | 0,53 - 1,07 |
| Rural area | 259 | 19,00 | 0,50 | 0,33 - 0,75 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 573 | 24,36 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 229 | 23,72 | 1,05 | 0,74 - 1,50 |
| Other | 74 | 36,31 | 1,83 | 1,09 - 3,07 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 105 | 38,93 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 321 | 28,79 | 0,76 | 0,48 - 1,22 |
| Lower secondary | 440 | 20,95 | 0,46 | 0,29 - 0,74 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 88 | 32,73 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 117 | 34,67 | 1,06 | 0,59 - 1,91 |
| 2 quartile | 492 | 25,24 | 0,62 | 0,37 - 1,02 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 148 | 19,24 | 0,49 | 0,27 - 0,89 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 153 | 31,32 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 237 | 32,70 | 1,01 | 0,65 - 1,57 |
| 2 quartile | 347 | 21,82 | 0,57 | 0,37 - 0,87 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 95 | 16,06 | 0,42 | 0,23 - 0,80 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | | | | |
| Unemployed | | | | |
| Economically not active | | | | |

* Age 25-59

Table D.7
Visits to dentist during last 6 months
Tallinn, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Total | 1100 | 35,33 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 25-44 | 527 | 37,82 | 1,00 | | |
| 45-59 | 320 | 33,56 | 0,81 | 0,61 | - 1,09 |
| 60-74 | 253 | 33,04 | 0,78 | 0,57 | - 1,06 |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 407 | 31,39 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 693 | 39,27 | 1,44 | 1,11 | - 1,88 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 502 | 36,47 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 466 | 31,39 | 0,85 | 0,65 | - 1,11 |
| Other | 132 | 35,33 | 0,93 | 0,62 | - 1,39 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 290 | 43,38 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 654 | 34,02 | 0,70 | 0,52 | - 0,93 |
| Lower secondary | 152 | 23,19 | 0,39 | 0,24 | - 0,62 |
| Personal income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 379 | 41,07 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 253 | 37,63 | 0,83 | 0,59 | - 1,17 |
| 2 quartile | 203 | 30,96 | 0,76 | 0,49 | - 1,16 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 181 | 23,26 | 0,46 | 0,31 | - 0,69 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 395 | 40,52 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 271 | 40,41 | 1,01 | 0,72 | - 1,40 |
| 2 quartile | 194 | 29,98 | 0,63 | 0,43 | - 0,92 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 124 | 21,90 | 0,42 | 0,26 | - 0,67 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 696 | 38,93 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 58 | 20,60 | 0,46 | 0,24 | - 0,88 |
| Economically not active | 93 | 21,02 | 0,55 | 0,33 | - 0,89 |

* Age 25-59

Table D.8
Visits to dentist during last 6 months
Other urban areas, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1662 | 30,59 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 824 | 33,27 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 474 | 30,32 | 0,86 | 0,68 - 1,10 |
| 60-74 | 364 | 26,17 | 0,67 | 0,51 - 0,89 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 640 | 24,10 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 1022 | 37,08 | 1,88 | 1,51 - 2,35 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1007 | 32,44 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 519 | 26,28 | 0,77 | 0,61 - 0,98 |
| Other | 136 | 25,89 | 0,82 | 0,55 - 1,22 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 263 | 39,44 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1045 | 31,40 | 0,72 | 0,54 - 0,96 |
| Lower secondary | 349 | 27,30 | 0,47 | 0,32 - 0,69 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 360 | 34,44 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 440 | 33,26 | 0,79 | 0,59 - 1,06 |
| 2 quartile | 375 | 25,04 | 0,58 | 0,41 - 0,83 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 408 | 23,53 | 0,50 | 0,36 - 0,68 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 325 | 34,85 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 409 | 36,21 | 1,10 | 0,80 - 1,50 |
| 2 quartile | 436 | 28,60 | 0,76 | 0,55 - 1,04 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 396 | 19,60 | 0,52 | 0,37 - 0,72 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1011 | 35,10 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 128 | 18,97 | 0,46 | 0,29 - 0,72 |
| Economically not active | 159 | 19,58 | 0,58 | 0,39 - 0,85 |

* Age 25-59

Table D.9
Visits to dentist during last 6 months
Rural areas, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Total | 1228 | 27,44 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 25-44 | 645 | 34,31 | 1,00 | | |
| 45-59 | 324 | 24,28 | 0,61 | 0,45 | - 0,82 |
| 60-74 | 259 | 19,00 | 0,45 | 0,32 | - 0,63 |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 530 | 23,08 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 698 | 31,79 | 1,54 | 1,19 | - 1,99 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 1110 | 27,17 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 75 | 28,76 | 1,16 | 0,69 | - 1,94 |
| Other | 43 | 19,72 | 1,06 | 0,54 | - 2,11 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 155 | 35,77 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 658 | 30,23 | 0,76 | 0,53 | - 1,10 |
| Lower secondary | 409 | 20,74 | 0,47 | 0,31 | - 0,72 |
| Personal income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 241 | 35,25 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 311 | 26,61 | 0,67 | 0,46 | - 0,97 |
| 2 quartile | 262 | 28,26 | 0,73 | 0,48 | - 1,13 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 350 | 19,58 | 0,46 | 0,31 | - 0,67 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 202 | 33,42 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 240 | 30,83 | 0,83 | 0,55 | - 1,26 |
| 2 quartile | 291 | 29,12 | 0,78 | 0,52 | - 1,16 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 401 | 18,69 | 0,45 | 0,31 | - 0,67 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 720 | 32,79 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 62 | 14,26 | 0,40 | 0,20 | - 0,80 |
| Economically not active | 187 | 25,37 | 0,70 | 0,48 | - 1,02 |

* Age 25-59

Table E.1
Hospitalisation during last year, 1999
The total population, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 3988 | 12,14 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 1995 | 8,83 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 1117 | 12,02 | 1,35 | 1,07 - 1,72 |
| 60-74 | 876 | 18,18 | 2,15 | 1,70 - 2,71 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 1577 | 11,67 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 2411 | 12,61 | 1,15 | 0,94 - 1,40 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 1099 | 12,39 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1661 | 11,88 | 0,99 | 0,78 - 1,26 |
| Rural area | 1228 | 12,51 | 1,08 | 0,83 - 1,39 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 2618 | 11,72 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 1059 | 12,74 | 1,08 | 0,86 - 1,35 |
| Other | 311 | 12,66 | 1,22 | 0,86 - 1,75 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 708 | 10,21 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 2355 | 12,97 | 1,29 | 0,97 - 1,71 |
| Lower secondary | 910 | 13,88 | 1,27 | 0,91 - 1,77 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 979 | 8,23 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 1004 | 11,17 | 1,59 | 1,15 - 2,21 |
| 2 quartile | 840 | 15,92 | 2,23 | 1,58 - 3,13 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 938 | 14,19 | 2,02 | 1,47 - 2,78 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 922 | 8,18 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 919 | 13,62 | 1,65 | 1,20 - 2,25 |
| 2 quartile | 920 | 11,76 | 1,61 | 1,17 - 2,21 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 921 | 14,84 | 2,07 | 1,51 - 2,82 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 2425 | 8,53 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 248 | 9,12 | 1,12 | 0,71 - 1,77 |
| Economically not active | 439 | 20,79 | 2,52 | 1,88 - 3,38 |

* Age 25-59

Table E.2
Hospitalisation during last year, 1999
Men, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|---|------|
| Total | 1577 | 11,67 | ----- | | | |
| Age group | | | | | | |
| 25-44 | 797 | 6,80 | 1,00 | | | |
| 45-59 | 450 | 12,17 | 1,84 | 1,23 | - | 2,73 |
| 60-74 | 330 | 19,76 | 3,25 | 2,20 | - | 4,79 |
| Gender | | | | | | |
| Men | | | | | | |
| Women | | | | | | |
| Place of residence | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 407 | 12,73 | 1,00 | | | |
| Other urban area | 640 | 11,28 | 0,91 | 0,61 | - | 1,37 |
| Rural area | 530 | 11,55 | 0,95 | 0,62 | - | 1,44 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 1069 | 11,09 | 1,00 | | | |
| Russian | 369 | 13,40 | 1,31 | 0,89 | - | 1,91 |
| Other | 139 | 7,93 | 0,80 | 0,43 | - | 1,52 |
| Education | | | | | | |
| University | 257 | 10,62 | 1,00 | | | |
| Upper secondary | 894 | 12,42 | 1,12 | 0,69 | - | 1,80 |
| Lower secondary | 421 | 12,25 | 0,98 | 0,58 | - | 1,65 |
| Personal income | | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 518 | 8,46 | 1,00 | | | |
| 3 quartile | 361 | 11,18 | 1,72 | 1,05 | - | 2,83 |
| 2 quartile | 237 | 14,42 | 1,66 | 0,93 | - | 2,95 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 339 | 15,72 | 2,46 | 1,53 | - | 3,95 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 416 | 6,74 | 1,00 | | | |
| 3 quartile | 363 | 14,49 | 2,46 | 1,45 | - | 4,15 |
| 2 quartile | 306 | 10,24 | 1,70 | 0,96 | - | 3,00 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 357 | 16,74 | 3,30 | 1,96 | - | 5,57 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1015 | 7,29 | 1,00 | | | |
| Unemployed | 113 | 10,57 | 1,35 | 0,67 | - | 2,72 |
| Economically not active | 119 | 22,09 | 3,43 | 2,05 | - | 5,73 |

* Age 25-59

Table E.3
Hospitalisation during last year, 1999
Women, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 2411 | 12,61 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 1198 | 10,86 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 667 | 11,87 | 1,14 | 0,85 - 1,54 |
| 60-74 | 546 | 16,61 | 1,70 | 1,27 - 2,28 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | | | | |
| Women | | | | |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 692 | 12,05 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 1021 | 12,48 | 1,03 | 0,76 - 1,39 |
| Rural area | 698 | 13,46 | 1,16 | 0,84 - 1,59 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1549 | 12,35 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 690 | 12,08 | 0,99 | 0,75 - 1,31 |
| Other | 172 | 17,39 | 1,55 | 1,01 - 2,39 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 451 | 9,81 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1461 | 13,52 | 1,39 | 0,97 - 1,99 |
| Lower secondary | 489 | 15,51 | 1,51 | 0,98 - 2,34 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 461 | 7,99 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 643 | 11,16 | 1,50 | 0,97 - 2,31 |
| 2 quartile | 603 | 17,41 | 2,40 | 1,55 - 3,73 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 599 | 12,65 | 1,79 | 1,17 - 2,75 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 506 | 9,62 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 556 | 12,75 | 1,28 | 0,86 - 1,90 |
| 2 quartile | 614 | 13,29 | 1,49 | 1,02 - 2,19 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 564 | 12,93 | 1,56 | 1,06 - 2,31 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1410 | 9,77 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 135 | 7,68 | 0,99 | 0,55 - 1,81 |
| Economically not active | 320 | 19,50 | 2,20 | 1,54 - 3,12 |

* Age 25-59

Table E.4
Hospitalisation during last year, 1999
The total population, age 25-44

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Total | 1995 | 8,83 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | | |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 797 | 6,80 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 1198 | 10,86 | 1,66 | 1,19 | - 2,31 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 527 | 7,58 | 1,00 | | |
| Other urban area | 823 | 8,27 | 1,07 | 0,72 | - 1,60 |
| Rural area | 645 | 10,49 | 1,41 | 0,94 | - 2,12 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 1312 | 9,11 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 529 | 8,90 | 0,95 | 0,67 | - 1,36 |
| Other | 154 | 6,53 | 0,79 | 0,41 | - 1,50 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 388 | 6,09 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 1411 | 9,09 | 1,52 | 0,97 | - 2,38 |
| Lower secondary | 193 | 13,46 | 2,30 | 1,26 | - 4,19 |
| Personal income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 607 | 4,82 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 578 | 9,85 | 2,08 | 1,29 | - 3,35 |
| 2 quartile | 198 | 10,93 | 3,33 | 1,91 | - 5,79 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 490 | 12,44 | 2,82 | 1,76 | - 4,53 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 442 | 5,45 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 425 | 8,03 | 1,50 | 0,87 | - 2,58 |
| 2 quartile | 383 | 8,45 | 1,78 | 1,04 | - 3,06 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 584 | 13,15 | 2,58 | 1,59 | - 4,18 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1578 | 7,37 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 178 | 9,11 | 1,33 | 0,78 | - 2,28 |
| Economically not active | 239 | 21,66 | 2,84 | 1,93 | - 4,18 |

* Age 25-59

Table E.5
Hospitalisation during last year, 1999
The total population, age 45-59

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1117 | 12,02 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 450 | 12,17 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 667 | 11,87 | 1,00 | 0,69 - 1,46 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 319 | 12,82 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 474 | 12,23 | 0,92 | 0,60 - 1,43 |
| Rural area | 324 | 11,33 | 0,89 | 0,55 - 1,44 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 733 | 10,84 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 301 | 13,59 | 1,30 | 0,86 - 1,97 |
| Other | 83 | 14,67 | 1,63 | 0,86 - 3,10 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 215 | 10,60 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 623 | 11,91 | 1,11 | 0,68 - 1,83 |
| Lower secondary | 277 | 12,40 | 1,19 | 0,67 - 2,11 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 284 | 8,01 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 309 | 12,25 | 1,71 | 0,98 - 2,98 |
| 2 quartile | 150 | 21,57 | 2,64 | 1,41 - 4,93 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 300 | 12,79 | 1,70 | 0,97 - 2,96 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 327 | 7,75 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 257 | 16,92 | 2,05 | 1,21 - 3,47 |
| 2 quartile | 190 | 11,15 | 1,44 | 0,78 - 2,63 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 242 | 15,23 | 1,94 | 1,14 - 3,31 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 847 | 10,25 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 70 | 9,14 | 0,78 | 0,33 - 1,86 |
| Economically not active | 200 | 19,51 | 2,16 | 1,38 - 3,36 |

* Age 25-59

Table E.6
Hospitalisation during last year, 1999
The total population, age 60-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 876 | 18,18 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 330 | 19,76 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 546 | 16,61 | 0,82 | 0,58 - 1,17 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 253 | 20,44 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 364 | 17,89 | 0,96 | 0,63 - 1,47 |
| Rural area | 259 | 17,51 | 0,88 | 0,56 - 1,40 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 573 | 17,44 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 229 | 18,57 | 1,08 | 0,72 - 1,62 |
| Other | 74 | 21,18 | 1,51 | 0,83 - 2,73 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 105 | 17,10 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 321 | 21,16 | 1,18 | 0,66 - 2,11 |
| Lower secondary | 440 | 16,41 | 0,90 | 0,51 - 1,61 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 88 | 14,56 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 117 | 12,23 | 0,64 | 0,29 - 1,38 |
| 2 quartile | 492 | 18,02 | 0,97 | 0,52 - 1,78 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 148 | 18,98 | 1,08 | 0,54 - 2,16 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 153 | 13,56 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 237 | 19,64 | 1,43 | 0,80 - 2,53 |
| 2 quartile | 347 | 18,42 | 1,44 | 0,83 - 2,49 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 95 | 17,38 | 1,24 | 0,61 - 2,54 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | | | | |
| Unemployed | | | | |
| Economically not active | | | | |

* Age 25-59

Table E.7
Hospitalisation during last year, 1999
Tallinn, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1099 | 12,39 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 527 | 7,58 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 319 | 12,82 | 1,66 | 1,05 - 2,62 |
| 60-74 | 253 | 20,44 | 2,57 | 1,64 - 4,02 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 407 | 12,73 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 692 | 12,05 | 1,00 | 0,68 - 1,48 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 501 | 12,12 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 466 | 12,32 | 1,06 | 0,70 - 1,60 |
| Other | 132 | 9,84 | 1,26 | 0,69 - 2,30 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 290 | 11,81 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 653 | 12,54 | 1,08 | 0,69 - 1,70 |
| Lower secondary | 152 | 17,84 | 1,13 | 0,60 - 2,12 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 378 | 10,57 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 253 | 11,91 | 1,27 | 0,73 - 2,21 |
| 2 quartile | 203 | 19,84 | 1,47 | 0,79 - 2,73 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 181 | 18,78 | 2,08 | 1,19 - 3,62 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 395 | 10,69 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 270 | 14,75 | 1,42 | 0,85 - 2,38 |
| 2 quartile | 194 | 11,10 | 1,70 | 0,97 - 2,96 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 124 | 19,92 | 1,94 | 1,03 - 3,64 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 695 | 7,54 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 58 | 12,50 | 1,54 | 0,62 - 3,82 |
| Economically not active | 93 | 22,96 | 3,48 | 1,93 - 6,28 |

* Age 25-59

Table E.8
Hospitalisation during last year, 1999
Other urban areas, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Total | 1661 | 11,88 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 25-44 | 823 | 8,27 | 1,00 | | |
| 45-59 | 474 | 12,23 | 1,43 | 0,99 | - 2,09 |
| 60-74 | 364 | 17,89 | 2,37 | 1,65 | - 3,41 |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 640 | 11,28 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 1021 | 12,48 | 1,14 | 0,83 | - 1,58 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 1007 | 10,97 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 518 | 12,82 | 1,23 | 0,87 | - 1,72 |
| Other | 136 | 13,57 | 1,57 | 0,92 | - 2,67 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 263 | 11,55 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 1044 | 12,82 | 1,01 | 0,64 | - 1,59 |
| Lower secondary | 349 | 12,42 | 0,91 | 0,52 | - 1,56 |
| Personal income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 360 | 7,55 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 440 | 9,51 | 1,57 | 0,91 | - 2,70 |
| 2 quartile | 375 | 13,35 | 2,70 | 1,54 | - 4,71 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 407 | 12,97 | 1,89 | 1,10 | - 3,25 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 325 | 6,04 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 409 | 14,54 | 2,21 | 1,29 | - 3,78 |
| 2 quartile | 435 | 11,06 | 1,70 | 0,98 | - 2,94 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 396 | 12,63 | 2,55 | 1,48 | - 4,41 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1010 | 8,66 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 128 | 9,73 | 1,20 | 0,63 | - 2,28 |
| Economically not active | 159 | 17,92 | 2,10 | 1,28 | - 3,44 |

* Age 25-59

Table E.9
Hospitalisation during last year, 1999
Rural areas, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1228 | 12,51 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 645 | 10,49 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 324 | 11,33 | 1,09 | 0,71 - 1,67 |
| 60-74 | 259 | 17,51 | 1,67 | 1,11 - 2,52 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 530 | 11,55 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 698 | 13,46 | 1,26 | 0,89 - 1,80 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1110 | 12,33 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 75 | 12,98 | 1,19 | 0,61 - 2,34 |
| Other | 43 | 6,46 | 0,86 | 0,30 - 2,50 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 155 | 4,05 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 658 | 14,64 | 3,07 | 1,38 - 6,83 |
| Lower secondary | 409 | 14,04 | 3,28 | 1,43 - 7,51 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 241 | 4,71 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 311 | 10,54 | 2,32 | 1,19 - 4,52 |
| 2 quartile | 262 | 19,23 | 3,05 | 1,51 - 6,18 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 350 | 13,66 | 2,81 | 1,47 - 5,39 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 202 | 7,71 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 240 | 11,66 | 1,29 | 0,66 - 2,52 |
| 2 quartile | 291 | 13,58 | 1,76 | 0,94 - 3,31 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 401 | 18,77 | 2,06 | 1,14 - 3,75 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 720 | 8,87 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 62 | 5,61 | 0,84 | 0,32 - 2,19 |
| Economically not active | 187 | 19,12 | 2,44 | 1,51 - 3,92 |

* Age 25-59

Table F.1
Hospitalisation during last year, 1994
The total population, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|---|------|
| Total | 3864 | 12,12 | ----- | | | |
| Age group | | | | | | |
| 25-44 | 1676 | 10,54 | 1,00 | | | |
| 45-59 | 1203 | 11,92 | 1,20 | 0,95 | - | 1,52 |
| 60-74 | 985 | 15,19 | 1,57 | 1,24 | - | 1,98 |
| Gender | | | | | | |
| Men | 1820 | 11,28 | 1,00 | | | |
| Women | 2044 | 12,97 | 1,12 | 0,92 | - | 1,36 |
| Place of residence | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 1051 | 12,03 | 1,00 | | | |
| Other urban area | 1637 | 13,00 | 1,24 | 0,97 | - | 1,57 |
| Rural area | 1176 | 10,99 | 1,00 | 0,76 | - | 1,30 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | | |
| Estonian | 2524 | 11,46 | 1,00 | | | |
| Russian | 1021 | 12,50 | 1,10 | 0,88 | - | 1,38 |
| Other | 319 | 15,92 | 1,26 | 0,89 | - | 1,77 |
| Education | | | | | | |
| University | 573 | 10,88 | 1,00 | | | |
| Upper secondary | 2078 | 11,12 | 1,31 | 0,96 | - | 1,80 |
| Lower secondary | 1213 | 13,73 | 1,58 | 1,12 | - | 2,23 |
| Personal income | | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 1017 | 7,91 | 1,00 | | | |
| 3 quartile | 891 | 8,86 | 1,04 | 0,76 | - | 1,43 |
| 2 quartile | 900 | 14,82 | 1,72 | 1,24 | - | 2,36 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 907 | 14,90 | 1,79 | 1,32 | - | 2,41 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 1386 | 7,91 | 1,00 | | | |
| 3 quartile | 713 | 12,04 | 1,27 | 0,94 | - | 1,71 |
| 2 quartile | 846 | 9,82 | 1,36 | 1,00 | - | 1,86 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 770 | 16,04 | 1,84 | 1,39 | - | 2,44 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 2201 | 10,02 | 1,00 | | | |
| Unemployed | 224 | 10,94 | 1,24 | 0,80 | - | 1,91 |
| Economically not active | 442 | 19,76 | 1,79 | 1,31 | - | 2,45 |

* Age 25-59

Table F.2
Hospitalisation during last year, 1994
Men, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1820 | 11,28 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 830 | 7,92 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 585 | 11,86 | 1,55 | 1,09 - 2,20 |
| 60-74 | 405 | 16,57 | 2,30 | 1,60 - 3,30 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | | | | |
| Women | | | | |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 512 | 10,84 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 769 | 12,55 | 1,19 | 0,84 - 1,69 |
| Rural area | 539 | 9,81 | 0,90 | 0,60 - 1,34 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1352 | 12,05 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 537 | 12,95 | 1,15 | 0,82 - 1,61 |
| Other | 155 | 19,33 | 1,20 | 0,73 - 1,98 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 264 | 8,63 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 948 | 9,64 | 1,19 | 0,74 - 1,93 |
| Lower secondary | 608 | 12,90 | 1,61 | 0,98 - 2,65 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 658 | 8,24 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 394 | 7,14 | 0,89 | 0,56 - 1,43 |
| 2 quartile | 314 | 15,62 | 1,94 | 1,23 - 3,07 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 359 | 16,10 | 2,00 | 1,32 - 3,01 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 825 | 7,39 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 302 | 10,84 | 1,36 | 0,86 - 2,13 |
| 2 quartile | 299 | 10,10 | 1,68 | 1,05 - 2,69 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 299 | 17,83 | 2,46 | 1,65 - 3,67 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1168 | 8,57 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 119 | 5,77 | 0,78 | 0,37 - 1,66 |
| Economically not active | 123 | 25,64 | 2,85 | 1,74 - 4,67 |

* Age 25-59

Table F.3
Hospitalisation during last year, 1994
Women, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Total | 2044 | 12,97 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 25-44 | 846 | 13,15 | 1,00 | | |
| 45-59 | 618 | 11,99 | 0,98 | 0,71 | - 1,35 |
| 60-74 | 580 | 13,82 | 1,17 | 0,86 | - 1,60 |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | | | | | |
| Women | | | | | |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 539 | 13,21 | 1,00 | | |
| Other urban area | 868 | 13,44 | 1,28 | 0,92 | - 1,78 |
| Rural area | 637 | 12,17 | 1,08 | 0,76 | - 1,55 |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 1172 | 10,87 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 484 | 12,05 | 1,07 | 0,79 | - 1,45 |
| Other | 164 | 12,51 | 1,31 | 0,82 | - 2,10 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 309 | 13,13 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 1130 | 12,60 | 1,40 | 0,92 | - 2,14 |
| Lower secondary | 605 | 14,57 | 1,52 | 0,94 | - 2,45 |
| Personal income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 359 | 7,58 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 497 | 10,58 | 1,13 | 0,72 | - 1,78 |
| 2 quartile | 586 | 14,03 | 1,54 | 0,97 | - 2,43 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 548 | 13,70 | 1,60 | 1,03 | - 2,49 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 561 | 8,44 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 411 | 13,23 | 1,15 | 0,77 | - 1,71 |
| 2 quartile | 547 | 9,53 | 1,10 | 0,72 | - 1,67 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 471 | 14,25 | 1,40 | 0,95 | - 2,07 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1033 | 11,48 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 105 | 16,12 | 1,68 | 0,97 | - 2,89 |
| Economically not active | 319 | 13,87 | 1,38 | 0,92 | - 2,07 |

* Age 25-59

Table F.4
Hospitalisation during last year, 1994
The total population, age 25-44

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1676 | 10,54 | ---- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 830 | 7,92 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 846 | 13,15 | 1,57 | 1,14 - 2,17 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 430 | 11,96 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 699 | 10,60 | 1,15 | 0,77 - 1,71 |
| Rural area | 547 | 9,35 | 0,96 | 0,62 - 1,47 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 1069 | 8,73 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 470 | 12,21 | 1,39 | 0,97 - 1,99 |
| Other | 137 | 19,09 | 1,92 | 1,14 - 3,22 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 319 | 8,59 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 1158 | 10,90 | 1,73 | 1,08 - 2,77 |
| Lower secondary | 199 | 12,33 | 1,72 | 0,91 - 3,25 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 631 | 8,43 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 458 | 11,02 | 1,20 | 0,78 - 1,85 |
| 2 quartile | 197 | 12,06 | 1,36 | 0,80 - 2,32 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 306 | 13,59 | 1,71 | 1,09 - 2,67 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 824 | 8,44 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 351 | 14,69 | 1,54 | 1,02 - 2,32 |
| 2 quartile | 140 | 5,18 | 0,59 | 0,28 - 1,27 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 277 | 14,42 | 1,78 | 1,16 - 2,72 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 1346 | 9,72 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 150 | 12,92 | 1,63 | 0,99 - 2,69 |
| Economically not active | 175 | 19,83 | 1,55 | 0,96 - 2,50 |

* Age 25-59

Table F.5
Hospitalisation during last year, 1994
The total population, age 45-59

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1203 | 11,92 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 585 | 11,86 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 618 | 11,99 | 1,01 | 0,71 - 1,43 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 348 | 13,21 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 481 | 12,19 | 0,93 | 0,61 - 1,40 |
| Rural area | 374 | 10,48 | 0,74 | 0,47 - 1,16 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 813 | 12,10 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 297 | 11,41 | 0,88 | 0,58 - 1,35 |
| Other | 93 | 14,32 | 1,18 | 0,63 - 2,19 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 167 | 8,31 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 594 | 11,43 | 1,42 | 0,78 - 2,60 |
| Lower secondary | 442 | 13,03 | 1,76 | 0,95 - 3,26 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 332 | 10,08 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 321 | 9,65 | 1,01 | 0,61 - 1,70 |
| 2 quartile | 196 | 17,77 | 1,75 | 1,02 - 3,02 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 293 | 13,95 | 1,60 | 0,97 - 2,62 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 471 | 9,94 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 242 | 12,01 | 1,21 | 0,74 - 1,97 |
| 2 quartile | 190 | 11,87 | 1,35 | 0,79 - 2,32 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 239 | 15,16 | 1,63 | 1,02 - 2,60 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 855 | 10,47 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 74 | 8,02 | 0,61 | 0,24 - 1,56 |
| Economically not active | 267 | 19,64 | 1,97 | 1,29 - 3,01 |

* Age 25-59

Table F.6
Hospitalisation during last year, 1994
The total population, age 60-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 985 | 15,19 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | | | | |
| 45-59 | | | | |
| 60-74 | | | | |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 405 | 16,57 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 580 | 13,82 | 0,82 | 0,57 - 1,16 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | 273 | 10,74 | 1,00 | |
| Other urban area | 457 | 18,23 | 1,88 | 1,19 - 2,96 |
| Rural area | 255 | 14,55 | 1,52 | 0,91 - 2,56 |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 642 | 15,57 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 254 | 14,34 | 1,03 | 0,69 - 1,54 |
| Other | 89 | 12,18 | 0,78 | 0,40 - 1,52 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 87 | 18,06 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 326 | 11,14 | 0,64 | 0,34 - 1,22 |
| Lower secondary | 572 | 17,07 | 0,94 | 0,52 - 1,70 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 54 | 4,38 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 112 | 4,06 | 0,63 | 0,18 - 2,17 |
| 2 quartile | 507 | 16,21 | 2,48 | 0,93 - 6,63 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 308 | 18,39 | 2,70 | 1,00 - 7,28 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 91 | 4,55 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 120 | 7,33 | 0,97 | 0,35 - 2,67 |
| 2 quartile | 516 | 15,62 | 2,38 | 1,07 - 5,26 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 254 | 19,98 | 3,08 | 1,36 - 6,96 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | | | | |
| Unemployed | | | | |
| Economically not active | | | | |

* Age 25-59

Table F.7
Hospitalisation during last year, 1994
Tallinn, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Total | 1051 | 12,03 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 25-44 | 430 | 11,96 | 1,00 | | |
| 45-59 | 348 | 13,21 | 1,41 | 0,90 | - 2,20 |
| 60-74 | 273 | 10,74 | 1,10 | 0,67 | - 1,81 |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 512 | 10,84 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 539 | 13,21 | 1,00 | 0,68 | - 1,48 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 519 | 10,15 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 420 | 12,32 | 1,22 | 0,81 | - 1,86 |
| Other | 112 | 13,57 | 1,14 | 0,58 | - 2,26 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 255 | 12,33 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 588 | 11,90 | 1,40 | 0,84 | - 2,32 |
| Lower secondary | 208 | 7,92 | 1,24 | 0,66 | - 2,35 |
| Personal income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 395 | 9,19 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 218 | 12,17 | 0,95 | 0,53 | - 1,71 |
| 2 quartile | 185 | 25,21 | 2,43 | 1,32 | - 4,49 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 181 | 14,21 | 1,73 | 0,97 | - 3,08 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 485 | 8,86 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 165 | 18,42 | 1,22 | 0,68 | - 2,19 |
| 2 quartile | 190 | 16,49 | 1,82 | 1,00 | - 3,32 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 139 | 13,82 | 1,63 | 0,90 | - 2,98 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 615 | 11,54 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 60 | 16,28 | 1,83 | 0,87 | - 3,85 |
| Economically not active | 100 | 17,58 | 1,55 | 0,81 | - 2,96 |

* Age 25-59

Table F.8
Hospitalisation during last year, 1994
Other urban areas, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Total | 1637 | 13,00 | ----- | |
| Age group | | | | |
| 25-44 | 699 | 10,60 | 1,00 | |
| 45-59 | 481 | 12,19 | 1,15 | 0,81 - 1,65 |
| 60-74 | 457 | 18,23 | 1,75 | 1,25 - 2,46 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Men | 769 | 12,55 | 1,00 | |
| Women | 868 | 13,44 | 1,07 | 0,80 - 1,44 |
| Place of residence | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | |
| Estonian | 953 | 12,71 | 1,00 | |
| Russian | 519 | 12,51 | 0,96 | 0,69 - 1,33 |
| Other | 165 | 16,87 | 1,47 | 0,93 - 2,31 |
| Education | | | | |
| University | 211 | 9,12 | 1,00 | |
| Upper secondary | 920 | 11,11 | 1,19 | 0,72 - 1,97 |
| Lower secondary | 506 | 17,11 | 1,90 | 1,11 - 3,26 |
| Personal income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 381 | 6,18 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 381 | 8,52 | 1,27 | 0,75 - 2,16 |
| 2 quartile | 444 | 15,65 | 2,28 | 1,35 - 3,87 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 391 | 17,12 | 2,49 | 1,51 - 4,11 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 548 | 6,96 | 1,00 | |
| 3 quartile | 297 | 12,47 | 1,48 | 0,92 - 2,38 |
| 2 quartile | 419 | 10,61 | 1,76 | 1,09 - 2,85 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 333 | 19,00 | 2,47 | 1,59 - 3,84 |
| Economic activity* | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 903 | 9,23 | 1,00 | |
| Unemployed | 95 | 14,01 | 1,54 | 0,82 - 2,92 |
| Economically not active | 180 | 18,92 | 2,56 | 1,60 - 4,12 |

* Age 25-59

Table F.9
Hospitalisation during last year, 1994
Rural areas, age 25-74

| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | Odds ratio | 95% confid. interval | |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Total | 1176 | 10,99 | ----- | | |
| Age group | | | | | |
| 25-44 | 547 | 9,35 | 1,00 | | |
| 45-59 | 374 | 10,48 | 1,09 | 0,70 | - 1,70 |
| 60-74 | 255 | 14,55 | 1,66 | 1,06 | - 2,61 |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Men | 539 | 9,81 | 1,00 | | |
| Women | 637 | 12,17 | 1,26 | 0,86 | - 1,84 |
| Place of residence | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | | | | |
| Other urban area | | | | | |
| Rural area | | | | | |
| Ethnicity | | | | | |
| Estonian | 1052 | 10,88 | 1,00 | | |
| Russian | 82 | 13,78 | 1,30 | 0,66 | - 2,56 |
| Other | 42 | 13,47 | 0,86 | 0,30 | - 2,50 |
| Education | | | | | |
| University | 107 | 8,34 | 1,00 | | |
| Upper secondary | 570 | 9,48 | 1,48 | 0,68 | - 3,22 |
| Lower secondary | 499 | 12,14 | 1,59 | 0,71 | - 3,59 |
| Personal income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 241 | 6,97 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 292 | 7,62 | 0,93 | 0,50 | - 1,70 |
| 2 quartile | 271 | 9,89 | 0,99 | 0,52 | - 1,89 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 335 | 13,16 | 1,39 | 0,78 | - 2,50 |
| Household adjusted income | | | | | |
| 4 quartile (highest) | 353 | 7,39 | 1,00 | | |
| 3 quartile | 251 | 9,34 | 1,18 | 0,68 | - 2,05 |
| 2 quartile | 237 | 6,22 | 0,71 | 0,37 | - 1,38 |
| 1 quartile (lowest) | 298 | 14,00 | 1,51 | 0,89 | - 2,56 |
| Economic activity* | | | | | |
| Employed/self-employed | 683 | 9,54 | 1,00 | | |
| Unemployed | 69 | 4,48 | 0,45 | 0,14 | - 1,48 |
| Economically not active | 162 | 14,49 | 1,44 | 0,80 | - 2,60 |

* Age 25-59

Chapter 14. Health care utilisation (regional differences)

Table A.1

Proportion of insured persons who have visited the general practitioner during 2000

| | The total population | | | Men | | | Women | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|--------|---------------------------------|------------------|--------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | SPR (total=1) |
| Total | 1319272 | 40,42 | | 584750 | 38,17 | | 734522 | 42,67 | |
| Age group | | | | | | | | | |
| 0-14 | 226373 | 50,33 | 1,25 | 116298 | 49,81 | 1,30 | 110075 | 50,85 | 1,19 |
| 15-24 | 193611 | 38,83 | 0,96 | 95146 | 36,43 | 0,95 | 98465 | 41,23 | 0,97 |
| 25-44 | 344825 | 34,43 | 0,85 | 159062 | 31,24 | 0,82 | 185763 | 37,63 | 0,88 |
| 45-59 | 234071 | 38,05 | 0,94 | 102085 | 35,23 | 0,92 | 131986 | 40,86 | 0,96 |
| 60-74 | 224145 | 41,26 | 1,02 | 87628 | 38,69 | 1,01 | 136517 | 43,82 | 1,03 |
| 75+ | 96247 | 47,98 | 1,19 | 24531 | 48,06 | 1,26 | 71716 | 47,89 | 1,12 |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | 584750 | 38,17 | 0,94 | | | | | | |
| Women | 734522 | 42,67 | 1,06 | | | | | | |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 398747 | 7,41 | 0,18 | 173599 | 6,77 | 0,18 | 225148 | 8,06 | 0,19 |
| Other urban area | 514220 | 55,30 | 1,37 | 223231 | 51,78 | 1,36 | 290989 | 58,82 | 1,38 |
| Rural area | 406305 | 53,53 | 1,32 | 187920 | 50,49 | 1,32 | 218385 | 56,57 | 1,33 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 508535 | 11,35 | 0,28 | 223981 | 10,68 | 0,28 | 284554 | 12,02 | 0,28 |
| Hiiumaa | 10268 | 60,53 | 1,50 | 4811 | 56,94 | 1,49 | 5457 | 64,13 | 1,50 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 173719 | 53,59 | 1,33 | 75708 | 50,13 | 1,31 | 98011 | 57,04 | 1,34 |
| Järvamaa | 36381 | 67,04 | 1,66 | 16365 | 63,41 | 1,66 | 20016 | 70,67 | 1,66 |
| Jõgevamaa | 35615 | 62,08 | 1,54 | 16117 | 58,94 | 1,54 | 19498 | 65,21 | 1,53 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 65547 | 65,06 | 1,61 | 29418 | 62,22 | 1,63 | 36129 | 67,90 | 1,59 |
| Läänemaa | 26950 | 42,66 | 1,06 | 11983 | 38,53 | 1,01 | 14967 | 46,79 | 1,10 |
| Pärnumaa | 90018 | 57,81 | 1,43 | 40470 | 53,63 | 1,40 | 49548 | 61,99 | 1,45 |
| Põlvamaa | 30434 | 58,94 | 1,46 | 13953 | 55,46 | 1,45 | 16481 | 62,41 | 1,46 |
| Raplamaa | 33841 | 55,43 | 1,37 | 15367 | 51,05 | 1,34 | 18474 | 59,81 | 1,40 |
| Saaremaa | 35388 | 63,90 | 1,58 | 16044 | 61,11 | 1,60 | 19344 | 66,68 | 1,56 |
| Tartumaa | 145407 | 62,18 | 1,54 | 63615 | 58,05 | 1,52 | 81792 | 66,32 | 1,55 |
| Valgamaa | 32936 | 45,62 | 1,13 | 14426 | 41,82 | 1,10 | 18510 | 49,43 | 1,16 |
| Viljandimaa | 55949 | 59,50 | 1,47 | 25193 | 56,69 | 1,49 | 30756 | 62,30 | 1,46 |
| Võrumaa | 38188 | 64,90 | 1,61 | 17255 | 62,01 | 1,62 | 20933 | 67,79 | 1,59 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 507597 | 11,28 | 0,28 | 223539 | 10,61 | 0,28 | 284058 | 11,94 | 0,28 |
| Ida-Viru | 173428 | 53,55 | 1,32 | 75565 | 50,10 | 1,31 | 97863 | 57,00 | 1,34 |
| Kagu | 101195 | 56,78 | 1,40 | 45486 | 53,56 | 1,40 | 55709 | 60,00 | 1,41 |
| Lääne | 72583 | 55,54 | 1,37 | 32826 | 52,26 | 1,37 | 39757 | 58,81 | 1,38 |
| Pärnu | 124239 | 57,08 | 1,41 | 56015 | 52,85 | 1,38 | 68224 | 61,32 | 1,44 |
| Rakvere | 102502 | 65,76 | 1,63 | 46059 | 62,62 | 1,64 | 56443 | 68,90 | 1,61 |
| Tartu | 237728 | 61,59 | 1,52 | 105260 | 57,91 | 1,52 | 132468 | 65,27 | 1,53 |

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table A.2
Proportion of insured persons who have visited the general practitioner during 2000

| | Age 0-14 Prevalence | | | Age 15-24 Prevalence | | | Age 25-44 Prevalence | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) |
| Total | | | | | | | | | |
| Gender | 226373 | 50,33 | | 193611 | 38,83 | | 344825 | 34,43 | |
| Men | 116298 | 49,81 | 0,99 | 95146 | 36,43 | 0,94 | 159062 | 31,24 | 0,91 |
| Women | 110075 | 50,85 | 1,01 | 98465 | 41,23 | 1,06 | 185763 | 37,63 | 1,09 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 58080 | 6,34 | 0,13 | 59229 | 7,78 | 0,20 | 114194 | 7,77 | 0,23 |
| Other urban area | 87538 | 68,69 | 1,36 | 75457 | 53,36 | 1,37 | 132535 | 47,62 | 1,38 |
| Rural area | 80755 | 62,25 | 1,24 | 58925 | 51,01 | 1,31 | 98096 | 47,50 | 1,38 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 79097 | 12,45 | 0,25 | 76063 | 11,43 | 0,29 | 144883 | 10,60 | 0,31 |
| Hiiumaa | 2043 | 72,46 | 1,44 | 1456 | 55,22 | 1,42 | 2566 | 52,17 | 1,52 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 27198 | 72,55 | 1,44 | 24568 | 54,55 | 1,40 | 42708 | 45,74 | 1,33 |
| Järvamaa | 7006 | 79,36 | 1,58 | 5333 | 63,89 | 1,65 | 8553 | 59,91 | 1,74 |
| Jõgevamaa | 7240 | 69,81 | 1,39 | 4818 | 60,41 | 1,56 | 8234 | 54,82 | 1,59 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 12771 | 75,73 | 1,50 | 9352 | 63,28 | 1,63 | 16242 | 59,25 | 1,72 |
| Läänemaa | 5093 | 48,80 | 0,97 | 3749 | 41,58 | 1,07 | 6707 | 38,71 | 1,12 |
| Pärnumaa | 16311 | 71,20 | 1,41 | 13036 | 56,17 | 1,45 | 22505 | 49,97 | 1,45 |
| Põlvamaa | 5713 | 69,06 | 1,37 | 4222 | 57,66 | 1,48 | 7109 | 53,48 | 1,55 |
| Raplamaa | 6835 | 63,74 | 1,27 | 4805 | 52,36 | 1,35 | 8258 | 50,73 | 1,47 |
| Saaremaa | 6693 | 74,40 | 1,48 | 4959 | 59,11 | 1,52 | 8784 | 56,96 | 1,65 |
| Tartumaa | 26005 | 74,61 | 1,48 | 23669 | 57,76 | 1,49 | 38715 | 54,12 | 1,57 |
| Valgamaa | 6528 | 58,04 | 1,15 | 4162 | 42,15 | 1,09 | 7622 | 41,90 | 1,22 |
| Viljandimaa | 10597 | 63,04 | 1,25 | 8132 | 56,70 | 1,46 | 12890 | 54,34 | 1,58 |
| Võrumaa | 7223 | 75,63 | 1,50 | 5274 | 57,56 | 1,48 | 9036 | 57,27 | 1,66 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 78941 | 12,37 | 0,25 | 75713 | 11,21 | 0,29 | 144575 | 10,53 | 0,31 |
| Ida-Viru | 27121 | 72,52 | 1,44 | 24499 | 54,50 | 1,40 | 42630 | 45,70 | 1,33 |
| Kagu | 19385 | 67,71 | 1,35 | 13573 | 52,69 | 1,36 | 23687 | 51,11 | 1,48 |
| Lääne | 13821 | 64,56 | 1,28 | 10153 | 52,10 | 1,34 | 18063 | 49,51 | 1,44 |
| Pärnu | 23219 | 68,97 | 1,37 | 17981 | 55,08 | 1,42 | 30876 | 50,10 | 1,45 |
| Rakvere | 19869 | 76,96 | 1,53 | 14917 | 63,54 | 1,64 | 24944 | 59,49 | 1,73 |
| Tartu | 44017 | 71,14 | 1,41 | 36775 | 58,12 | 1,50 | 60050 | 54,36 | 1,58 |

Table A.3
Proportion of insured persons who have visited the general practitioner during 2000

| | Age 45-59 Prevalence | | | Age 60-74 Prevalence | | | Age 75+ Prevalence | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) |
| Total | | | | | | | | | |
| Gender | 234071 | 38,05 | | 224145 | 41,26 | | 96247 | 47,98 | |
| Men | 102085 | 35,23 | 0,93 | 87628 | 38,69 | 0,94 | 24531 | 48,06 | 1,00 |
| Women | 131986 | 40,86 | 1,07 | 136517 | 43,82 | 1,06 | 71716 | 47,89 | 1,00 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 74955 | 6,76 | 0,18 | 66743 | 7,58 | 0,18 | 25546 | 9,93 | 0,21 |
| Other urban area | 91891 | 52,62 | 1,38 | 90204 | 55,67 | 1,35 | 36595 | 63,28 | 1,32 |
| Rural area | 67225 | 52,88 | 1,39 | 67198 | 55,17 | 1,34 | 34106 | 59,49 | 1,24 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 94334 | 10,28 | 0,27 | 82283 | 11,43 | 0,28 | 31875 | 14,70 | 0,31 |
| Hiiumaa | 1890 | 61,18 | 1,61 | 1605 | 62,28 | 1,51 | 708 | 70,49 | 1,47 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 32341 | 49,12 | 1,29 | 35022 | 50,16 | 1,22 | 11882 | 53,36 | 1,11 |
| Järvamaa | 6562 | 64,30 | 1,69 | 6057 | 69,20 | 1,68 | 2870 | 74,12 | 1,54 |
| Jõgevamaa | 6156 | 62,96 | 1,65 | 6119 | 64,70 | 1,57 | 3048 | 67,32 | 1,40 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 11070 | 64,16 | 1,69 | 11090 | 63,72 | 1,54 | 5022 | 70,93 | 1,48 |
| Läänemaa | 4775 | 41,20 | 1,08 | 4588 | 43,73 | 1,06 | 2038 | 47,26 | 0,99 |
| Pärnumaa | 15517 | 55,17 | 1,45 | 15678 | 58,60 | 1,42 | 6971 | 64,52 | 1,34 |
| Põlvamaa | 5211 | 58,90 | 1,55 | 5256 | 57,19 | 1,39 | 2923 | 61,68 | 1,29 |
| Raplamaa | 5944 | 53,98 | 1,42 | 5296 | 57,25 | 1,39 | 2703 | 59,82 | 1,25 |
| Saaremaa | 6079 | 63,80 | 1,68 | 5998 | 67,12 | 1,63 | 2875 | 68,27 | 1,42 |
| Tartumaa | 22944 | 60,89 | 1,60 | 22699 | 64,63 | 1,57 | 11375 | 71,18 | 1,48 |
| Valgamaa | 5471 | 41,38 | 1,09 | 6068 | 45,69 | 1,11 | 3085 | 47,13 | 0,98 |
| Viljandimaa | 9665 | 62,39 | 1,64 | 9618 | 61,11 | 1,48 | 5047 | 66,88 | 1,39 |
| Võrumaa | 6105 | 65,85 | 1,73 | 6739 | 68,00 | 1,65 | 3811 | 75,61 | 1,58 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 94284 | 10,25 | 0,27 | 82251 | 11,42 | 0,28 | 31833 | 14,66 | 0,31 |
| Ida-Viru | 32319 | 49,10 | 1,29 | 34999 | 50,14 | 1,22 | 11860 | 53,28 | 1,11 |
| Kagu | 16748 | 55,69 | 1,46 | 18008 | 57,28 | 1,39 | 9794 | 62,62 | 1,31 |
| Lääne | 12739 | 55,01 | 1,45 | 12186 | 57,74 | 1,40 | 5621 | 60,99 | 1,27 |
| Pärnu | 21483 | 54,81 | 1,44 | 20995 | 58,21 | 1,41 | 9685 | 63,18 | 1,32 |
| Rakvere | 17660 | 64,20 | 1,69 | 17183 | 65,67 | 1,59 | 7929 | 72,09 | 1,50 |
| Tartu | 38838 | 61,64 | 1,62 | 38523 | 63,79 | 1,55 | 19525 | 69,45 | 1,45 |

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table B.1
Proportion of insured persons who have visited the general practitioners at least 4 times during 2000

| | The total population | | | Men | | | Women | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|
| | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) |
| Total | 1319272 | 11,44 | | 584750 | 9,92 | | 734522 | 12,96 | |
| Age group | | | | | | | | | |
| 0-14 | 226373 | 18,00 | 1,57 | 116298 | 17,79 | 1,79 | 110075 | 18,21 | 1,41 |
| 15-24 | 193611 | 6,53 | 0,57 | 95146 | 5,10 | 0,51 | 98465 | 7,96 | 0,61 |
| 25-44 | 344825 | 5,42 | 0,47 | 159062 | 3,93 | 0,40 | 185763 | 6,90 | 0,53 |
| 45-59 | 234071 | 9,98 | 0,87 | 102085 | 7,86 | 0,79 | 131986 | 12,10 | 0,93 |
| 60-74 | 224145 | 16,86 | 1,47 | 87628 | 14,23 | 1,43 | 136517 | 19,49 | 1,50 |
| 75+ | 96247 | 22,85 | 2,00 | 24531 | 21,85 | 2,20 | 71716 | 23,85 | 1,84 |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | 584750 | 9,92 | 0,87 | | | | | | |
| Women | 734522 | 12,96 | 1,13 | | | | | | |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 398747 | 1,76 | 0,15 | 173599 | 1,48 | 0,15 | 225148 | 2,04 | 0,16 |
| Other urban area | 514220 | 15,38 | 1,34 | 223231 | 13,35 | 1,35 | 290989 | 17,42 | 1,34 |
| Rural area | 406305 | 15,65 | 1,37 | 187920 | 13,23 | 1,33 | 218385 | 18,07 | 1,39 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 508535 | 2,89 | 0,25 | 223981 | 2,54 | 0,26 | 284554 | 3,23 | 0,25 |
| Hiiumaa | 10268 | 18,23 | 1,59 | 4811 | 15,59 | 1,57 | 5457 | 20,87 | 1,61 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 173719 | 12,92 | 1,13 | 75708 | 11,17 | 1,13 | 98011 | 14,66 | 1,13 |
| Järvamaa | 36381 | 20,14 | 1,76 | 16365 | 16,76 | 1,69 | 20016 | 23,53 | 1,82 |
| Jõgevamaa | 35615 | 16,11 | 1,41 | 16117 | 13,90 | 1,40 | 19498 | 18,33 | 1,41 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 65547 | 21,51 | 1,88 | 29418 | 18,44 | 1,86 | 36129 | 24,58 | 1,90 |
| Läänemaa | 26950 | 9,69 | 0,85 | 11983 | 7,88 | 0,79 | 14967 | 11,51 | 0,89 |
| Pärnumaa | 90018 | 20,69 | 1,81 | 40470 | 17,44 | 1,76 | 49548 | 23,94 | 1,85 |
| Põlvamaa | 30434 | 18,02 | 1,57 | 13953 | 15,45 | 1,56 | 16481 | 20,58 | 1,59 |
| Raplamaa | 33841 | 16,91 | 1,48 | 15367 | 14,06 | 1,42 | 18474 | 19,77 | 1,53 |
| Saaremaa | 35388 | 17,06 | 1,49 | 16044 | 14,73 | 1,48 | 19344 | 19,38 | 1,50 |
| Tartumaa | 145407 | 16,58 | 1,45 | 63615 | 14,24 | 1,44 | 81792 | 18,91 | 1,46 |
| Valgamaa | 32936 | 11,18 | 0,98 | 14426 | 9,61 | 0,97 | 18510 | 12,75 | 0,98 |
| Viljandimaa | 55949 | 17,19 | 1,50 | 25193 | 14,93 | 1,50 | 30756 | 19,44 | 1,50 |
| Võrumaa | 38188 | 19,45 | 1,70 | 17255 | 17,09 | 1,72 | 20933 | 21,81 | 1,68 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 507597 | 2,88 | 0,25 | 223539 | 2,53 | 0,26 | 284058 | 3,23 | 0,25 |
| Ida-Viru | 173428 | 12,91 | 1,13 | 75565 | 11,17 | 1,13 | 97863 | 14,65 | 1,13 |
| Kagu | 101195 | 16,26 | 1,42 | 45486 | 14,18 | 1,43 | 55709 | 18,35 | 1,42 |
| Lääne | 72583 | 14,45 | 1,26 | 32826 | 12,32 | 1,24 | 39757 | 16,57 | 1,28 |
| Pärnu | 124239 | 19,58 | 1,71 | 56015 | 16,45 | 1,66 | 68224 | 22,71 | 1,75 |
| Rakvere | 102502 | 20,97 | 1,83 | 46059 | 17,82 | 1,80 | 56443 | 24,13 | 1,86 |
| Tartu | 237728 | 16,69 | 1,46 | 105260 | 14,40 | 1,45 | 132468 | 18,99 | 1,47 |

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table B.2
Proportion of insured persons who have visited the general practitioners at least 4 times during 2000

| | | Age 0-14 Prevalence | | | Age 15-24 Prevalence | | | Age 25-44 Prevalence | | |
|------------------------------|--|------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) |
| Total | | 226373 | 18,00 | | 193611 | 6,53 | | 344825 | 5,42 | |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | | 116298 | 17,79 | 0,99 | 95146 | 5,10 | 0,78 | 159062 | 3,93 | 0,73 |
| Women | | 110075 | 18,21 | 1,01 | 98465 | 7,96 | 1,22 | 185763 | 6,90 | 1,27 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | 58080 | 2,10 | 0,12 | 59229 | 1,02 | 0,16 | 114194 | 1,08 | 0,20 |
| Other urban area | | 87538 | 26,80 | 1,49 | 75457 | 8,63 | 1,32 | 132535 | 6,79 | 1,25 |
| Rural area | | 80755 | 20,16 | 1,12 | 58925 | 9,23 | 1,41 | 98096 | 8,56 | 1,58 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | | 79097 | 4,01 | 0,22 | 76063 | 1,77 | 0,27 | 144883 | 1,52 | 0,28 |
| Hiiumaa | | 2043 | 20,79 | 1,15 | 1456 | 9,33 | 1,43 | 2566 | 10,63 | 1,96 |
| Ida-Virumaa | | 27198 | 27,32 | 1,52 | 24568 | 7,65 | 1,17 | 42708 | 4,99 | 0,92 |
| Järvamaa | | 7006 | 28,65 | 1,59 | 5333 | 11,62 | 1,78 | 8553 | 10,78 | 1,99 |
| Jõgevamaa | | 7240 | 19,20 | 1,07 | 4818 | 10,07 | 1,54 | 8234 | 8,37 | 1,55 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | | 12771 | 31,77 | 1,76 | 9352 | 13,76 | 2,11 | 16242 | 11,96 | 2,21 |
| Läänemaa | | 5093 | 13,94 | 0,77 | 3749 | 3,90 | 0,60 | 6707 | 4,76 | 0,88 |
| Pärnumaa | | 16311 | 33,57 | 1,86 | 13036 | 12,29 | 1,88 | 22505 | 10,82 | 2,00 |
| Põlvamaa | | 5713 | 24,25 | 1,35 | 4222 | 11,28 | 1,73 | 7109 | 9,77 | 1,80 |
| Raplamaa | | 6835 | 21,48 | 1,19 | 4805 | 9,20 | 1,41 | 8258 | 9,13 | 1,69 |
| Saaremaa | | 6693 | 24,59 | 1,37 | 4959 | 8,07 | 1,24 | 8784 | 8,05 | 1,49 |
| Tartumaa | | 26005 | 25,92 | 1,44 | 23669 | 9,02 | 1,38 | 38715 | 7,68 | 1,42 |
| Valgamaa | | 6528 | 15,22 | 0,85 | 4162 | 5,76 | 0,88 | 7622 | 6,10 | 1,13 |
| Viljandimaa | | 10597 | 22,25 | 1,24 | 8132 | 10,43 | 1,60 | 12890 | 9,31 | 1,72 |
| Võrumaa | | 7223 | 23,76 | 1,32 | 5274 | 9,12 | 1,40 | 9036 | 10,32 | 1,91 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | | 78941 | 4,00 | 0,22 | 75713 | 1,76 | 0,27 | 144575 | 1,51 | 0,28 |
| Ida-Viru | | 27121 | 27,33 | 1,52 | 24499 | 7,63 | 1,17 | 42630 | 4,99 | 0,92 |
| Kagu | | 19385 | 20,96 | 1,16 | 13573 | 8,67 | 1,33 | 23687 | 8,76 | 1,62 |
| Lääne | | 13821 | 20,00 | 1,11 | 10153 | 6,68 | 1,02 | 18063 | 7,16 | 1,32 |
| Pärnu | | 23219 | 29,95 | 1,66 | 17981 | 11,38 | 1,74 | 30876 | 10,33 | 1,91 |
| Rakvere | | 19869 | 30,59 | 1,70 | 14917 | 12,85 | 1,97 | 24944 | 11,51 | 2,12 |
| Tartu | | 44017 | 24,08 | 1,34 | 36775 | 9,63 | 1,47 | 60050 | 8,17 | 1,51 |

Table B.3
Proportion of insured persons who have visited the general practitioners at least 4 times during 2000

| | | Age 45-59 Prevalence | | | Age 60-74 Prevalence | | | Age 75+ Prevalence | | |
|------------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) |
| Total | | 234071 | 9,98 | | 224145 | 16,86 | | 96247 | 22,85 | |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | | 102085 | 7,86 | 0,79 | 87628 | 14,23 | 0,84 | 24531 | 21,85 | 0,96 |
| Women | | 131986 | 12,10 | 1,21 | 136517 | 19,49 | 1,16 | 71716 | 23,85 | 1,04 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | 74955 | 1,35 | 0,14 | 66743 | 2,75 | 0,16 | 25546 | 4,59 | 0,20 |
| Other urban area | | 91891 | 12,57 | 1,26 | 90204 | 21,83 | 1,29 | 36595 | 30,42 | 1,33 |
| Rural area | | 67225 | 16,10 | 1,61 | 67198 | 24,05 | 1,43 | 34106 | 28,30 | 1,24 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | | 94334 | 2,23 | 0,22 | 82283 | 4,38 | 0,26 | 31875 | 7,02 | 0,31 |
| Hiiumaa | | 1890 | 20,21 | 2,03 | 1605 | 29,19 | 1,73 | 708 | 33,85 | 1,48 |
| Ida-Virumaa | | 32341 | 9,18 | 0,92 | 35022 | 16,51 | 0,98 | 11882 | 22,08 | 0,97 |
| Järvamaa | | 6562 | 18,28 | 1,83 | 6057 | 30,77 | 1,83 | 2870 | 38,18 | 1,67 |
| Jõgevamaa | | 6156 | 17,58 | 1,76 | 6119 | 25,78 | 1,53 | 3048 | 28,59 | 1,25 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | | 11070 | 19,73 | 1,98 | 11090 | 30,04 | 1,78 | 5022 | 38,41 | 1,68 |
| Läänemaa | | 4775 | 10,35 | 1,04 | 4588 | 15,41 | 0,91 | 2038 | 17,51 | 0,77 |
| Pärnumaa | | 15517 | 18,56 | 1,86 | 15678 | 28,61 | 1,70 | 6971 | 35,20 | 1,54 |
| Põlvamaa | | 5211 | 19,66 | 1,97 | 5256 | 25,72 | 1,53 | 2923 | 29,54 | 1,29 |
| Raplamaa | | 5944 | 17,68 | 1,77 | 5296 | 27,19 | 1,61 | 2703 | 29,82 | 1,31 |
| Saaremaa | | 6079 | 17,34 | 1,74 | 5998 | 27,20 | 1,61 | 2875 | 31,77 | 1,39 |
| Tartumaa | | 22944 | 14,44 | 1,45 | 22699 | 25,08 | 1,49 | 11375 | 33,90 | 1,48 |
| Valgamaa | | 5471 | 10,80 | 1,08 | 6068 | 17,99 | 1,07 | 3085 | 19,83 | 0,87 |
| Viljandimaa | | 9665 | 17,22 | 1,73 | 9618 | 26,28 | 1,56 | 5047 | 32,29 | 1,41 |
| Võrumaa | | 6105 | 21,54 | 2,16 | 6739 | 31,41 | 1,86 | 3811 | 37,64 | 1,65 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | | 94284 | 2,23 | 0,22 | 82251 | 4,38 | 0,26 | 31833 | 6,99 | 0,31 |
| Ida-Viru | | 32319 | 9,17 | 0,92 | 34999 | 16,50 | 0,98 | 11860 | 22,03 | 0,96 |
| Kagu | | 16748 | 17,42 | 1,75 | 18008 | 25,14 | 1,49 | 9794 | 29,67 | 1,30 |
| Lääne | | 12739 | 15,12 | 1,52 | 12186 | 23,02 | 1,37 | 5621 | 26,90 | 1,18 |
| Pärnu | | 21483 | 18,30 | 1,83 | 20995 | 28,21 | 1,67 | 9685 | 33,71 | 1,48 |
| Rakvere | | 17660 | 19,18 | 1,92 | 17183 | 30,30 | 1,80 | 7929 | 38,29 | 1,68 |
| Tartu | | 38838 | 15,64 | 1,57 | 38523 | 25,53 | 1,51 | 19525 | 32,64 | 1,43 |

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table C.1
Proportion of insured persons who have visited ambulatory care during 2000

| | The total population | | | Men | | | Women | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|
| | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) |
| Total | 1319272 | 62,36 | | 584750 | 56,74 | | 734522 | 67,97 | |
| Age group | | | | | | | | | |
| 0-14 | 226373 | 64,58 | 1,04 | 116298 | 65,48 | 1,15 | 110075 | 63,67 | 0,94 |
| 15-24 | 193611 | 65,00 | 1,04 | 95146 | 57,77 | 1,02 | 98465 | 72,24 | 1,06 |
| 25-44 | 344825 | 61,97 | 0,99 | 159062 | 51,61 | 0,91 | 185763 | 72,34 | 1,06 |
| 45-59 | 234071 | 62,17 | 1,00 | 102085 | 54,84 | 0,97 | 131986 | 69,49 | 1,02 |
| 60-74 | 224145 | 60,00 | 0,96 | 87628 | 56,65 | 1,00 | 136517 | 63,34 | 0,93 |
| 75+ | 96247 | 57,40 | 0,92 | 24531 | 58,06 | 1,02 | 71716 | 56,73 | 0,83 |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | 584750 | 56,74 | 0,91 | | | | | | |
| Women | 734522 | 67,97 | 1,09 | | | | | | |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 398747 | 74,66 | 1,20 | 173599 | 69,90 | 1,23 | 225148 | 79,42 | 1,17 |
| Other urban area | 514220 | 60,03 | 0,96 | 223231 | 54,24 | 0,96 | 290989 | 65,81 | 0,97 |
| Rural area | 406305 | 54,08 | 0,87 | 187920 | 48,08 | 0,85 | 218385 | 60,08 | 0,88 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 508535 | 72,70 | 1,17 | 223981 | 67,78 | 1,19 | 284554 | 77,62 | 1,14 |
| Hiiumaa | 10268 | 51,75 | 0,83 | 4811 | 44,23 | 0,78 | 5457 | 59,27 | 0,87 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 173719 | 57,19 | 0,92 | 75708 | 51,37 | 0,91 | 98011 | 63,01 | 0,93 |
| Järvamaa | 36381 | 53,63 | 0,86 | 16365 | 46,64 | 0,82 | 20016 | 60,62 | 0,89 |
| Jõgevamaa | 35615 | 55,19 | 0,88 | 16117 | 48,81 | 0,86 | 19498 | 61,56 | 0,91 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 65547 | 54,98 | 0,88 | 29418 | 48,36 | 0,85 | 36129 | 61,61 | 0,91 |
| Läänemaa | 26950 | 57,87 | 0,93 | 11983 | 50,99 | 0,90 | 14967 | 64,75 | 0,95 |
| Pärnumaa | 90018 | 55,93 | 0,90 | 40470 | 50,38 | 0,89 | 49548 | 61,48 | 0,90 |
| Põlvamaa | 30434 | 56,28 | 0,90 | 13953 | 50,70 | 0,89 | 16481 | 61,86 | 0,91 |
| Raplamaa | 33841 | 54,94 | 0,88 | 15367 | 49,16 | 0,87 | 18474 | 60,72 | 0,89 |
| Saaremaa | 35388 | 56,45 | 0,91 | 16044 | 48,95 | 0,86 | 19344 | 63,95 | 0,94 |
| Tartumaa | 145407 | 57,03 | 0,91 | 63615 | 51,45 | 0,91 | 81792 | 62,60 | 0,92 |
| Valgamaa | 32936 | 59,10 | 0,95 | 14426 | 52,65 | 0,93 | 18510 | 65,54 | 0,96 |
| Viljandimaa | 55949 | 56,94 | 0,91 | 25193 | 50,95 | 0,90 | 30756 | 62,94 | 0,93 |
| Võrumaa | 38188 | 51,88 | 0,83 | 17255 | 45,72 | 0,81 | 20933 | 58,04 | 0,85 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 507597 | 72,70 | 1,17 | 223539 | 67,78 | 1,19 | 284058 | 77,62 | 1,14 |
| Ida-Viru | 173428 | 57,18 | 0,92 | 75565 | 51,36 | 0,91 | 97863 | 62,99 | 0,93 |
| Kagu | 101195 | 55,52 | 0,89 | 45486 | 49,40 | 0,87 | 55709 | 61,64 | 0,91 |
| Lääne | 72583 | 56,30 | 0,90 | 32826 | 49,02 | 0,86 | 39757 | 63,59 | 0,94 |
| Pärnu | 124239 | 55,66 | 0,89 | 56015 | 50,05 | 0,88 | 68224 | 61,28 | 0,90 |
| Rakvere | 102502 | 54,59 | 0,88 | 46059 | 47,83 | 0,84 | 56443 | 61,35 | 0,90 |
| Tartu | 237728 | 56,76 | 0,91 | 105260 | 51,01 | 0,90 | 132468 | 62,50 | 0,92 |

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table C.2
Proportion of insured persons who have visited ambulatory care during 2000

| | | Age 0-14 Prevalence | | | Age 15-24 Prevalence | | | Age 25-44 Prevalence | | |
|------------------------------|--|------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) |
| Total | | 226373 | 64,58 | | 193611 | 65,00 | | 344825 | 61,97 | |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | | 116298 | 65,48 | 1,01 | 95146 | 57,77 | 0,89 | 159062 | 51,61 | 0,83 |
| Women | | 110075 | 63,67 | 0,99 | 98465 | 72,24 | 1,11 | 185763 | 72,34 | 1,17 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | 58080 | 85,24 | 1,32 | 59229 | 77,19 | 1,19 | 114194 | 69,42 | 1,12 |
| Other urban area | | 87538 | 62,39 | 0,97 | 75457 | 61,64 | 0,95 | 132535 | 59,76 | 0,96 |
| Rural area | | 80755 | 52,08 | 0,81 | 58925 | 57,73 | 0,89 | 98096 | 56,37 | 0,91 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | | 79097 | 81,59 | 1,26 | 76063 | 75,10 | 1,16 | 144883 | 68,50 | 1,11 |
| Hiiumaa | | 2043 | 35,95 | 0,56 | 1456 | 53,74 | 0,83 | 2566 | 56,99 | 0,92 |
| Ida-Virumaa | | 27198 | 60,43 | 0,94 | 24568 | 58,77 | 0,90 | 42708 | 58,03 | 0,94 |
| Järvamaa | | 7006 | 50,49 | 0,78 | 5333 | 56,95 | 0,88 | 8553 | 56,89 | 0,92 |
| Jõgevamaa | | 7240 | 51,55 | 0,80 | 4818 | 58,60 | 0,90 | 8234 | 57,38 | 0,93 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | | 12771 | 56,53 | 0,88 | 9352 | 60,27 | 0,93 | 16242 | 56,81 | 0,92 |
| Läänemaa | | 5093 | 57,59 | 0,89 | 3749 | 59,89 | 0,92 | 6707 | 59,57 | 0,96 |
| Pärnumaa | | 16311 | 54,31 | 0,84 | 13036 | 57,68 | 0,89 | 22505 | 56,38 | 0,91 |
| Põlvamaa | | 5713 | 50,78 | 0,79 | 4222 | 60,78 | 0,94 | 7109 | 57,46 | 0,93 |
| Raplamaa | | 6835 | 52,24 | 0,81 | 4805 | 58,18 | 0,90 | 8258 | 54,74 | 0,88 |
| Saaremaa | | 6693 | 55,39 | 0,86 | 4959 | 59,23 | 0,91 | 8784 | 57,51 | 0,93 |
| Tartumaa | | 26005 | 58,30 | 0,90 | 23669 | 59,51 | 0,92 | 38715 | 56,82 | 0,92 |
| Valgamaa | | 6528 | 59,19 | 0,92 | 4162 | 60,16 | 0,93 | 7622 | 58,25 | 0,94 |
| Viljandimaa | | 10597 | 53,84 | 0,83 | 8132 | 60,08 | 0,92 | 12890 | 58,33 | 0,94 |
| Võrumaa | | 7223 | 44,67 | 0,69 | 5274 | 52,71 | 0,81 | 9036 | 56,20 | 0,91 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | | 78941 | 81,61 | 1,26 | 75713 | 75,09 | 1,16 | 144575 | 68,49 | 1,11 |
| Ida-Viru | | 27121 | 60,42 | 0,94 | 24499 | 58,74 | 0,90 | 42630 | 58,01 | 0,94 |
| Kagu | | 19385 | 51,33 | 0,79 | 13573 | 57,40 | 0,88 | 23687 | 57,20 | 0,92 |
| Lääne | | 13821 | 53,45 | 0,83 | 10153 | 58,67 | 0,90 | 18063 | 58,19 | 0,94 |
| Pärnu | | 23219 | 53,69 | 0,83 | 17981 | 57,93 | 0,89 | 30876 | 55,93 | 0,90 |
| Rakvere | | 19869 | 54,42 | 0,84 | 14917 | 59,35 | 0,91 | 24944 | 56,97 | 0,92 |
| Tartu | | 44017 | 56,21 | 0,87 | 36775 | 59,55 | 0,92 | 60050 | 57,31 | 0,92 |

Table C.3
Proportion of insured persons who have visited ambulatory care during 2000

| | | Age 45-59 Prevalence | | | Age 60-74 Prevalence | | | Age 75+ Prevalence | | |
|------------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) |
| Total | | 234071 | 62,17 | | 224145 | 60,00 | | 96247 | 57,40 | |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | | 102085 | 54,84 | 0,88 | 87628 | 56,65 | 0,94 | 24531 | 58,06 | 1,01 |
| Women | | 131986 | 69,49 | 1,12 | 136517 | 63,34 | 1,06 | 71716 | 56,73 | 0,99 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | 74955 | 70,27 | 1,13 | 66743 | 73,26 | 1,22 | 25546 | 78,62 | 1,37 |
| Other urban area | | 91891 | 60,28 | 0,97 | 90204 | 57,67 | 0,96 | 36595 | 55,17 | 0,96 |
| Rural area | | 67225 | 55,93 | 0,90 | 67198 | 50,17 | 0,84 | 34106 | 44,31 | 0,77 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | | 94334 | 69,17 | 1,11 | 82283 | 71,13 | 1,19 | 31875 | 74,81 | 1,30 |
| Hiiumaa | | 1890 | 57,99 | 0,93 | 1605 | 53,61 | 0,89 | 708 | 45,40 | 0,79 |
| Ida-Virumaa | | 32341 | 57,41 | 0,92 | 35022 | 53,35 | 0,89 | 11882 | 48,35 | 0,84 |
| Järvamaa | | 6562 | 54,21 | 0,87 | 6057 | 51,46 | 0,86 | 2870 | 43,02 | 0,75 |
| Jõgevamaa | | 6156 | 58,43 | 0,94 | 6119 | 51,92 | 0,87 | 3048 | 45,27 | 0,79 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | | 11070 | 54,35 | 0,87 | 11090 | 48,62 | 0,81 | 5022 | 46,92 | 0,82 |
| Läänemaa | | 4775 | 57,62 | 0,93 | 4588 | 55,72 | 0,93 | 2038 | 51,87 | 0,90 |
| Pärnumaa | | 15517 | 57,49 | 0,92 | 15678 | 55,35 | 0,92 | 6971 | 50,68 | 0,88 |
| Põlvamaa | | 5211 | 60,79 | 0,98 | 5256 | 53,95 | 0,90 | 2923 | 47,76 | 0,83 |
| Raplamaa | | 5944 | 57,30 | 0,92 | 5296 | 54,33 | 0,91 | 2703 | 49,97 | 0,87 |
| Saaremaa | | 6079 | 58,42 | 0,94 | 5998 | 53,31 | 0,89 | 2875 | 49,50 | 0,86 |
| Tartumaa | | 22944 | 57,40 | 0,92 | 22699 | 55,39 | 0,92 | 11375 | 50,69 | 0,88 |
| Valgamaa | | 5471 | 60,86 | 0,98 | 6068 | 57,75 | 0,96 | 3085 | 58,07 | 1,01 |
| Viljandimaa | | 9665 | 59,62 | 0,96 | 9618 | 54,54 | 0,91 | 5047 | 49,57 | 0,86 |
| Võrumaa | | 6105 | 55,97 | 0,90 | 6739 | 49,63 | 0,83 | 3811 | 44,03 | 0,77 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | | 94284 | 69,17 | 1,11 | 82251 | 71,12 | 1,19 | 31833 | 74,82 | 1,30 |
| Ida-Viru | | 32319 | 57,40 | 0,92 | 34999 | 53,35 | 0,89 | 11860 | 48,38 | 0,84 |
| Kagu | | 16748 | 59,02 | 0,95 | 18008 | 53,57 | 0,89 | 9794 | 49,42 | 0,86 |
| Lääne | | 12739 | 58,07 | 0,93 | 12186 | 54,23 | 0,90 | 5621 | 49,80 | 0,87 |
| Pärnu | | 21483 | 57,44 | 0,92 | 20995 | 55,07 | 0,92 | 9685 | 50,49 | 0,88 |
| Rakvere | | 17660 | 54,31 | 0,87 | 17183 | 49,66 | 0,83 | 7929 | 45,49 | 0,79 |
| Tartu | | 38838 | 58,16 | 0,94 | 38523 | 54,65 | 0,91 | 19525 | 49,59 | 0,86 |

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table D.1
Proportion of insured persons who have made at least 5 ambulatory care visits during 2000

| | The total population | | | Men | | | Women | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|
| | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) |
| Total | 1319272 | 18,04 | | 584750 | 13,76 | | 734522 | 22,32 | |
| Age group | | | | | | | | | |
| 0-14 | 226373 | 18,64 | 1,03 | 116298 | 19,35 | 1,41 | 110075 | 17,94 | 0,80 |
| 15-24 | 193611 | 16,14 | 0,89 | 95146 | 9,86 | 0,72 | 98465 | 22,41 | 1,00 |
| 25-44 | 344825 | 15,34 | 0,85 | 159062 | 8,32 | 0,60 | 185763 | 22,36 | 1,00 |
| 45-59 | 234071 | 18,43 | 1,02 | 102085 | 12,63 | 0,92 | 131986 | 24,24 | 1,09 |
| 60-74 | 224145 | 21,83 | 1,21 | 87628 | 18,84 | 1,37 | 136517 | 24,82 | 1,11 |
| 75+ | 96247 | 22,62 | 1,25 | 24531 | 22,55 | 1,64 | 71716 | 22,69 | 1,02 |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | 584750 | 13,76 | 0,76 | | | | | | |
| Women | 734522 | 22,32 | 1,24 | | | | | | |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 398747 | 28,86 | 1,60 | 173599 | 23,86 | 1,73 | 225148 | 33,87 | 1,52 |
| Other urban area | 514220 | 14,49 | 0,80 | 223231 | 10,52 | 0,76 | 290989 | 18,46 | 0,83 |
| Rural area | 406305 | 12,65 | 0,70 | 187920 | 9,01 | 0,66 | 218385 | 16,28 | 0,73 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 508535 | 27,12 | 1,50 | 223981 | 22,08 | 1,61 | 284554 | 32,15 | 1,44 |
| Hiiumaa | 10268 | 10,54 | 0,58 | 4811 | 5,25 | 0,38 | 5457 | 15,82 | 0,71 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 173719 | 11,95 | 0,66 | 75708 | 8,46 | 0,61 | 98011 | 15,44 | 0,69 |
| Järvamaa | 36381 | 11,10 | 0,62 | 16365 | 7,13 | 0,52 | 20016 | 15,07 | 0,68 |
| Jõgevamaa | 35615 | 11,82 | 0,66 | 16117 | 8,42 | 0,61 | 19498 | 15,23 | 0,68 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 65547 | 12,03 | 0,67 | 29418 | 7,86 | 0,57 | 36129 | 16,20 | 0,73 |
| Läänemaa | 26950 | 15,77 | 0,87 | 11983 | 11,38 | 0,83 | 14967 | 20,17 | 0,90 |
| Pärnumaa | 90018 | 13,16 | 0,73 | 40470 | 9,57 | 0,70 | 49548 | 16,76 | 0,75 |
| Põlvamaa | 30434 | 12,69 | 0,70 | 13953 | 9,37 | 0,68 | 16481 | 16,02 | 0,72 |
| Raplamaa | 33841 | 14,24 | 0,79 | 15367 | 10,03 | 0,73 | 18474 | 18,44 | 0,83 |
| Saaremaa | 35388 | 12,80 | 0,71 | 16044 | 8,63 | 0,63 | 19344 | 16,97 | 0,76 |
| Tartumaa | 145407 | 12,93 | 0,72 | 63615 | 9,48 | 0,69 | 81792 | 16,38 | 0,73 |
| Valgamaa | 32936 | 15,34 | 0,85 | 14426 | 10,98 | 0,80 | 18510 | 19,69 | 0,88 |
| Viljandimaa | 55949 | 14,02 | 0,78 | 25193 | 10,20 | 0,74 | 30756 | 17,83 | 0,80 |
| Võrumaa | 38188 | 10,41 | 0,58 | 17255 | 6,91 | 0,50 | 20933 | 13,91 | 0,62 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 507597 | 27,12 | 1,50 | 223539 | 22,09 | 1,61 | 284058 | 32,16 | 1,44 |
| Ida-Viru | 173428 | 11,95 | 0,66 | 75565 | 8,47 | 0,62 | 97863 | 15,43 | 0,69 |
| Kagu | 101195 | 12,71 | 0,70 | 45486 | 8,96 | 0,65 | 55709 | 16,46 | 0,74 |
| Lääne | 72583 | 13,58 | 0,75 | 32826 | 9,14 | 0,66 | 39757 | 18,03 | 0,81 |
| Pärnu | 124239 | 13,47 | 0,75 | 56015 | 9,72 | 0,71 | 68224 | 17,22 | 0,77 |
| Rakvere | 102502 | 11,73 | 0,65 | 46059 | 7,61 | 0,55 | 56443 | 15,84 | 0,71 |
| Tartu | 237728 | 13,03 | 0,72 | 105260 | 9,53 | 0,69 | 132468 | 16,54 | 0,74 |

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table D.2
Proportion of insured persons who have made at least 5 ambulatory care visits during 2000

| | Age 0-14 | | | Age 15-24 | | | Age 25-44 | | |
|------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) |
| Total | | | | | | | | | |
| Gender | 226373 | 18,64 | | 193611 | 16,14 | | 344825 | 15,34 | |
| Men | 116298 | 19,35 | 1,04 | 95146 | 9,86 | 0,61 | 159062 | 8,32 | 0,54 |
| Women | 110075 | 17,94 | 0,96 | 98465 | 22,41 | 1,39 | 185763 | 22,36 | 1,46 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 58080 | 38,81 | 2,08 | 59229 | 25,12 | 1,56 | 114194 | 19,86 | 1,29 |
| Other urban area | 87538 | 12,84 | 0,69 | 75457 | 12,70 | 0,79 | 132535 | 13,55 | 0,88 |
| Rural area | 80755 | 10,25 | 0,55 | 58925 | 11,76 | 0,73 | 98096 | 12,45 | 0,81 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 79097 | 34,89 | 1,87 | 76063 | 23,44 | 1,45 | 144883 | 19,30 | 1,26 |
| Hiiumaa | 2043 | 2,51 | 0,13 | 1456 | 10,54 | 0,65 | 2566 | 11,77 | 0,77 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 27198 | 9,38 | 0,50 | 24568 | 11,58 | 0,72 | 42708 | 11,59 | 0,76 |
| Järvamaa | 7006 | 6,74 | 0,36 | 5333 | 11,95 | 0,74 | 8553 | 12,13 | 0,79 |
| Jõgevamaa | 7240 | 7,14 | 0,38 | 4818 | 11,15 | 0,69 | 8234 | 12,60 | 0,82 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 12771 | 7,93 | 0,43 | 9352 | 13,14 | 0,81 | 16242 | 13,81 | 0,90 |
| Läänemaa | 5093 | 14,47 | 0,78 | 3749 | 12,52 | 0,78 | 6707 | 15,34 | 1,00 |
| Pärnumaa | 16311 | 9,34 | 0,50 | 13036 | 11,26 | 0,70 | 22505 | 12,56 | 0,82 |
| Põlvamaa | 5713 | 8,32 | 0,45 | 4222 | 10,67 | 0,66 | 7109 | 12,24 | 0,80 |
| Raplamaa | 6835 | 10,77 | 0,58 | 4805 | 13,63 | 0,84 | 8258 | 13,17 | 0,86 |
| Saaremaa | 6693 | 8,96 | 0,48 | 4959 | 11,62 | 0,72 | 8784 | 13,20 | 0,86 |
| Tartumaa | 26005 | 12,70 | 0,68 | 23669 | 10,84 | 0,67 | 38715 | 11,81 | 0,77 |
| Valgamaa | 6528 | 13,06 | 0,70 | 4162 | 11,13 | 0,69 | 7622 | 14,12 | 0,92 |
| Viljandimaa | 10597 | 11,91 | 0,64 | 8132 | 12,89 | 0,80 | 12890 | 12,79 | 0,83 |
| Võrumaa | 7223 | 4,37 | 0,23 | 5274 | 10,09 | 0,63 | 9036 | 12,46 | 0,81 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 78941 | 34,90 | 1,87 | 75713 | 23,45 | 1,45 | 144575 | 19,30 | 1,26 |
| Ida-Viru | 27121 | 9,40 | 0,50 | 24499 | 11,58 | 0,72 | 42630 | 11,59 | 0,76 |
| Kagu | 19385 | 8,50 | 0,46 | 13573 | 10,58 | 0,66 | 23687 | 12,93 | 0,84 |
| Lääne | 13821 | 10,12 | 0,54 | 10153 | 11,78 | 0,73 | 18063 | 13,77 | 0,90 |
| Pärnu | 23219 | 9,79 | 0,53 | 17981 | 11,93 | 0,74 | 30876 | 12,73 | 0,83 |
| Rakvere | 19869 | 7,53 | 0,40 | 14917 | 12,75 | 0,79 | 24944 | 13,26 | 0,86 |
| Tartu | 44017 | 11,66 | 0,63 | 36775 | 11,35 | 0,70 | 60050 | 12,16 | 0,79 |

Table D.3
Proportion of insured persons who have made at least 5 ambulatory care visits during 2000

| | Age 45-59 | | | Age 60-74 | | | Age 75+ | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------------|---------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) |
| Total | | | | | | | | | |
| Gender | 234071 | 18,43 | | 224145 | 21,83 | | 96247 | 22,62 | |
| Men | 102085 | 12,63 | 0,69 | 87628 | 18,84 | 0,86 | 24531 | 22,55 | 1,00 |
| Women | 131986 | 24,24 | 1,31 | 136517 | 24,82 | 1,14 | 71716 | 22,69 | 1,00 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 74955 | 25,20 | 1,37 | 66743 | 35,78 | 1,64 | 25546 | 44,34 | 1,96 |
| Other urban area | 91891 | 15,74 | 0,85 | 90204 | 17,24 | 0,79 | 36595 | 17,33 | 0,77 |
| Rural area | 67225 | 14,62 | 0,79 | 67198 | 14,35 | 0,66 | 34106 | 12,34 | 0,55 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 94334 | 24,50 | 1,33 | 82283 | 33,78 | 1,55 | 31875 | 40,76 | 1,80 |
| Hiiumaa | 1890 | 14,90 | 0,81 | 1605 | 13,11 | 0,60 | 708 | 8,56 | 0,38 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 32341 | 13,13 | 0,71 | 35022 | 13,96 | 0,64 | 11882 | 13,41 | 0,59 |
| Järvamaa | 6562 | 12,72 | 0,69 | 6057 | 12,07 | 0,55 | 2870 | 9,75 | 0,43 |
| Jõgevamaa | 6156 | 14,46 | 0,78 | 6119 | 13,53 | 0,62 | 3048 | 11,28 | 0,50 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 11070 | 12,19 | 0,66 | 11090 | 12,19 | 0,56 | 5022 | 12,61 | 0,56 |
| Läänemaa | 4775 | 17,26 | 0,94 | 4588 | 19,12 | 0,88 | 2038 | 16,33 | 0,72 |
| Pärnumaa | 15517 | 15,07 | 0,82 | 15678 | 17,06 | 0,78 | 6971 | 16,24 | 0,72 |
| Põlvamaa | 5211 | 16,90 | 0,92 | 5256 | 15,20 | 0,70 | 2923 | 13,34 | 0,59 |
| Raplamaa | 5944 | 16,71 | 0,91 | 5296 | 17,51 | 0,80 | 2703 | 14,92 | 0,66 |
| Saaremaa | 6079 | 16,14 | 0,88 | 5998 | 14,06 | 0,64 | 2875 | 11,55 | 0,51 |
| Tartumaa | 22944 | 13,86 | 0,75 | 22699 | 15,47 | 0,71 | 11375 | 14,53 | 0,64 |
| Valgamaa | 5471 | 17,31 | 0,94 | 6068 | 19,49 | 0,89 | 3085 | 21,61 | 0,96 |
| Viljandimaa | 9665 | 15,86 | 0,86 | 9618 | 17,26 | 0,79 | 5047 | 14,66 | 0,65 |
| Võrumaa | 6105 | 12,83 | 0,70 | 6739 | 11,54 | 0,53 | 3811 | 9,22 | 0,41 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 94284 | 24,50 | 1,33 | 82251 | 33,77 | 1,55 | 31833 | 40,78 | 1,80 |
| Ida-Viru | 32319 | 13,13 | 0,71 | 34999 | 13,96 | 0,64 | 11860 | 13,43 | 0,59 |
| Kagu | 16748 | 15,55 | 0,84 | 18008 | 15,27 | 0,70 | 9794 | 14,21 | 0,63 |
| Lääne | 12739 | 16,40 | 0,89 | 12186 | 15,82 | 0,72 | 5621 | 12,90 | 0,57 |
| Pärnu | 21483 | 15,53 | 0,84 | 20995 | 17,16 | 0,79 | 9685 | 15,87 | 0,70 |
| Rakvere | 17660 | 12,38 | 0,67 | 17183 | 12,18 | 0,56 | 7929 | 11,52 | 0,51 |
| Tartu | 38838 | 14,47 | 0,78 | 38523 | 15,64 | 0,72 | 19525 | 14,09 | 0,62 |

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table E.1
Proportion of insured persons who have visited the GP or ambulatory care during 2000

| | The total population | | | Men | | | Women | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|
| | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) |
| Total | 1319272 | 76,80 | | 584750 | 72,22 | | 734522 | 81,38 | |
| Age group | | | | | | | | | |
| 0-14 | 226373 | 85,58 | 1,11 | 116298 | 85,42 | 1,18 | 110075 | 85,75 | 1,05 |
| 15-24 | 193611 | 78,89 | 1,03 | 95146 | 73,83 | 1,02 | 98465 | 83,95 | 1,03 |
| 25-44 | 344825 | 73,21 | 0,95 | 159062 | 65,26 | 0,90 | 185763 | 81,16 | 1,00 |
| 45-59 | 234071 | 73,93 | 0,96 | 102085 | 68,18 | 0,94 | 131986 | 79,67 | 0,98 |
| 60-74 | 224145 | 73,96 | 0,96 | 87628 | 70,59 | 0,98 | 136517 | 77,33 | 0,95 |
| 75+ | 96247 | 78,38 | 1,02 | 24531 | 78,05 | 1,08 | 71716 | 78,70 | 0,97 |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | 584750 | 72,22 | 0,94 | | | | | | |
| Women | 734522 | 81,38 | 1,06 | | | | | | |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 398747 | 76,90 | 1,00 | 173599 | 72,31 | 1,00 | 225148 | 81,50 | 1,00 |
| Other urban area | 514220 | 77,30 | 1,01 | 223231 | 72,83 | 1,01 | 290989 | 81,78 | 1,00 |
| Rural area | 406305 | 76,34 | 0,99 | 187920 | 71,65 | 0,99 | 218385 | 81,03 | 1,00 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 508535 | 76,68 | 1,00 | 223981 | 72,07 | 1,00 | 284554 | 81,29 | 1,00 |
| Hiiumaa | 10268 | 76,83 | 1,00 | 4811 | 71,72 | 0,99 | 5457 | 81,94 | 1,01 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 173719 | 74,26 | 0,97 | 75708 | 69,82 | 0,97 | 98011 | 78,70 | 0,97 |
| Järvamaa | 36381 | 78,33 | 1,02 | 16365 | 73,75 | 1,02 | 20016 | 82,90 | 1,02 |
| Jõgevamaa | 35615 | 76,25 | 0,99 | 16117 | 71,53 | 0,99 | 19498 | 80,97 | 0,99 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 65547 | 79,77 | 1,04 | 29418 | 75,60 | 1,05 | 36129 | 83,94 | 1,03 |
| Läänemaa | 26950 | 74,35 | 0,97 | 11983 | 68,58 | 0,95 | 14967 | 80,11 | 0,98 |
| Pärnumaa | 90018 | 77,94 | 1,01 | 40470 | 73,34 | 1,02 | 49548 | 82,55 | 1,01 |
| Põlvamaa | 30434 | 79,43 | 1,03 | 13953 | 74,68 | 1,03 | 16481 | 84,17 | 1,03 |
| Raplamaa | 33841 | 76,59 | 1,00 | 15367 | 71,75 | 0,99 | 18474 | 81,42 | 1,00 |
| Saaremaa | 35388 | 78,38 | 1,02 | 16044 | 73,41 | 1,02 | 19344 | 83,36 | 1,02 |
| Tartumaa | 145407 | 77,24 | 1,01 | 63615 | 72,63 | 1,01 | 81792 | 81,84 | 1,01 |
| Valgamaa | 32936 | 75,76 | 0,99 | 14426 | 70,72 | 0,98 | 18510 | 80,80 | 0,99 |
| Viljandimaa | 55949 | 79,61 | 1,04 | 25193 | 75,53 | 1,05 | 30756 | 83,70 | 1,03 |
| Võrumaa | 38188 | 77,43 | 1,01 | 17255 | 73,44 | 1,02 | 20933 | 81,41 | 1,00 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 507597 | 76,67 | 1,00 | 223539 | 72,06 | 1,00 | 284058 | 81,28 | 1,00 |
| Ida-Viru | 173428 | 74,24 | 0,97 | 75565 | 69,80 | 0,97 | 97863 | 78,67 | 0,97 |
| Kagu | 101195 | 77,46 | 1,01 | 45486 | 72,94 | 1,01 | 55709 | 81,98 | 1,01 |
| Lääne | 72583 | 76,68 | 1,00 | 32826 | 71,42 | 0,99 | 39757 | 81,94 | 1,01 |
| Pärnu | 124239 | 77,55 | 1,01 | 56015 | 72,87 | 1,01 | 68224 | 82,23 | 1,01 |
| Rakvere | 102502 | 79,28 | 1,03 | 46059 | 74,95 | 1,04 | 56443 | 83,61 | 1,03 |
| Tartu | 237728 | 77,70 | 1,01 | 105260 | 73,21 | 1,01 | 132468 | 82,18 | 1,01 |

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table E.2
Proportion of insured persons who have visited the GP or ambulatory care during 2000

| | Age 0-14 Prevalence | | | Age 15-24 Prevalence | | | Age 25-44 Prevalence | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) |
| Total | | | | | | | | | |
| Gender | 226373 | 85,58 | | 193611 | 78,89 | | 344825 | 73,21 | |
| Men | 116298 | 85,42 | 1,00 | 95146 | 73,83 | 0,94 | 159062 | 65,26 | 0,89 |
| Women | 110075 | 85,75 | 1,00 | 98465 | 83,95 | 1,06 | 185763 | 81,16 | 1,11 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 58080 | 87,39 | 1,02 | 59229 | 79,53 | 1,01 | 114194 | 71,77 | 0,98 |
| Other urban area | 87538 | 86,44 | 1,01 | 75457 | 79,01 | 1,00 | 132535 | 74,09 | 1,01 |
| Rural area | 80755 | 83,44 | 0,97 | 58925 | 78,25 | 0,99 | 98096 | 73,64 | 1,01 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 79097 | 86,68 | 1,01 | 76063 | 79,07 | 1,00 | 144883 | 71,96 | 0,98 |
| Hiiumaa | 2043 | 80,26 | 0,94 | 1456 | 76,10 | 0,96 | 2566 | 74,65 | 1,02 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 27198 | 85,19 | 1,00 | 24568 | 77,52 | 0,98 | 42708 | 71,94 | 0,98 |
| Järvamaa | 7006 | 85,94 | 1,00 | 5333 | 79,72 | 1,01 | 8553 | 76,22 | 1,04 |
| Jõgevamaa | 7240 | 81,82 | 0,96 | 4818 | 79,23 | 1,00 | 8234 | 73,34 | 1,00 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 12771 | 89,07 | 1,04 | 9352 | 82,24 | 1,04 | 16242 | 76,81 | 1,05 |
| Läänemaa | 5093 | 81,92 | 0,96 | 3749 | 74,69 | 0,95 | 6707 | 72,25 | 0,99 |
| Pärnumaa | 16311 | 86,05 | 1,01 | 13036 | 79,67 | 1,01 | 22505 | 73,79 | 1,01 |
| Põlvamaa | 5713 | 85,78 | 1,00 | 4222 | 81,43 | 1,03 | 7109 | 76,17 | 1,04 |
| Raplamaa | 6835 | 83,63 | 0,98 | 4805 | 78,11 | 0,99 | 8258 | 72,82 | 0,99 |
| Saaremaa | 6693 | 84,92 | 0,99 | 4959 | 79,97 | 1,01 | 8784 | 75,92 | 1,04 |
| Tartumaa | 26005 | 84,77 | 0,99 | 23669 | 78,62 | 1,00 | 38715 | 73,95 | 1,01 |
| Valgamaa | 6528 | 83,89 | 0,98 | 4162 | 76,09 | 0,96 | 7622 | 72,64 | 0,99 |
| Viljandimaa | 10597 | 85,43 | 1,00 | 8132 | 81,04 | 1,03 | 12890 | 76,95 | 1,05 |
| Võrumaa | 7223 | 83,09 | 0,97 | 5274 | 76,20 | 0,97 | 9036 | 75,51 | 1,03 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 78941 | 86,68 | 1,01 | 75713 | 79,03 | 1,00 | 144575 | 71,95 | 0,98 |
| Ida-Viru | 27121 | 85,17 | 1,00 | 24499 | 77,48 | 0,98 | 42630 | 71,92 | 0,98 |
| Kagu | 19385 | 84,09 | 0,98 | 13573 | 77,69 | 0,98 | 23687 | 74,76 | 1,02 |
| Lääne | 13821 | 83,15 | 0,97 | 10153 | 77,48 | 0,98 | 18063 | 74,39 | 1,02 |
| Pärnu | 23219 | 85,32 | 1,00 | 17981 | 79,29 | 1,01 | 30876 | 73,48 | 1,00 |
| Rakvere | 19869 | 87,95 | 1,03 | 14917 | 81,44 | 1,03 | 24944 | 76,64 | 1,05 |
| Tartu | 44017 | 84,52 | 0,99 | 36775 | 79,36 | 1,01 | 60050 | 74,59 | 1,02 |

Table E.3
Proportion of insured persons who have visited the GP or ambulatory care during 2000

| | Age 45-59 Prevalence | | | Age 60-74 Prevalence | | | Age 75+ Prevalence | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) |
| Total | | | | | | | | | |
| Gender | 234071 | 73,93 | | 224145 | 73,96 | | 96247 | 78,38 | |
| Men | 102085 | 68,18 | 0,92 | 87628 | 70,59 | 0,95 | 24531 | 78,05 | 1,00 |
| Women | 131986 | 79,67 | 1,08 | 136517 | 77,33 | 1,05 | 71716 | 78,70 | 1,00 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 74955 | 72,20 | 0,98 | 66743 | 75,25 | 1,02 | 25546 | 82,08 | 1,05 |
| Other urban area | 91891 | 74,82 | 1,01 | 90204 | 73,53 | 0,99 | 36595 | 78,18 | 1,00 |
| Rural area | 67225 | 74,64 | 1,01 | 67198 | 73,34 | 0,99 | 34106 | 75,94 | 0,97 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 94334 | 72,46 | 0,98 | 82283 | 74,80 | 1,01 | 31875 | 80,99 | 1,03 |
| Hiiumaa | 1890 | 77,41 | 1,05 | 1605 | 75,19 | 1,02 | 708 | 81,13 | 1,04 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 32341 | 71,36 | 0,97 | 35022 | 67,98 | 0,92 | 11882 | 69,17 | 0,88 |
| Järvamaa | 6562 | 74,84 | 1,01 | 6057 | 75,79 | 1,02 | 2870 | 79,33 | 1,01 |
| Jõgevamaa | 6156 | 75,39 | 1,02 | 6119 | 73,84 | 1,00 | 3048 | 74,56 | 0,95 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 11070 | 76,91 | 1,04 | 11090 | 74,85 | 1,01 | 5022 | 81,29 | 1,04 |
| Läänemaa | 4775 | 70,98 | 0,96 | 4588 | 72,94 | 0,99 | 2038 | 74,61 | 0,95 |
| Pärnumaa | 15517 | 75,89 | 1,03 | 15678 | 76,20 | 1,03 | 6971 | 79,63 | 1,02 |
| Põlvamaa | 5211 | 78,48 | 1,06 | 5256 | 76,90 | 1,04 | 2923 | 80,07 | 1,02 |
| Raplamaa | 5944 | 75,16 | 1,02 | 5296 | 75,21 | 1,02 | 2703 | 77,23 | 0,99 |
| Saaremaa | 6079 | 76,84 | 1,04 | 5998 | 75,78 | 1,02 | 2875 | 77,81 | 0,99 |
| Tartumaa | 22944 | 75,02 | 1,01 | 22699 | 75,24 | 1,02 | 11375 | 78,63 | 1,00 |
| Valgamaa | 5471 | 73,26 | 0,99 | 6068 | 74,18 | 1,00 | 3085 | 76,88 | 0,98 |
| Viljandimaa | 9665 | 79,54 | 1,08 | 9618 | 76,11 | 1,03 | 5047 | 80,40 | 1,03 |
| Võrumaa | 6105 | 76,77 | 1,04 | 6739 | 74,95 | 1,01 | 3811 | 80,94 | 1,03 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 94284 | 72,45 | 0,98 | 82251 | 74,80 | 1,01 | 31833 | 81,00 | 1,03 |
| Ida-Viru | 32319 | 71,35 | 0,97 | 34999 | 67,97 | 0,92 | 11860 | 69,12 | 0,88 |
| Kagu | 16748 | 76,17 | 1,03 | 18008 | 75,24 | 1,02 | 9794 | 79,38 | 1,01 |
| Lääne | 12739 | 74,78 | 1,01 | 12186 | 74,63 | 1,01 | 5621 | 77,07 | 0,98 |
| Pärnu | 21483 | 75,68 | 1,02 | 20995 | 75,92 | 1,03 | 9685 | 78,95 | 1,01 |
| Rakvere | 17660 | 76,15 | 1,03 | 17183 | 75,21 | 1,02 | 7929 | 80,57 | 1,03 |
| Tartu | 38838 | 76,25 | 1,03 | 38523 | 75,24 | 1,02 | 19525 | 78,44 | 1,00 |

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table F.1
Proportion of insured persons who have made at least 6 GP or/and ambulatory care visits during 2000

| | The total population | | | Men | | | Women | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|
| | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) |
| Total | 1319272 | 23,14 | | 584750 | 18,33 | | 734522 | 27,96 | |
| Age group | | | | | | | | | |
| 0-14 | 226373 | 27,88 | 1,20 | 116298 | 28,49 | 1,55 | 110075 | 27,27 | 0,98 |
| 15-24 | 193611 | 18,06 | 0,78 | 95146 | 11,37 | 0,62 | 98465 | 24,75 | 0,89 |
| 25-44 | 344825 | 16,77 | 0,72 | 159062 | 9,49 | 0,52 | 185763 | 24,06 | 0,86 |
| 45-59 | 234071 | 22,63 | 0,98 | 102085 | 16,06 | 0,88 | 131986 | 29,19 | 1,04 |
| 60-74 | 224145 | 30,25 | 1,31 | 87628 | 25,89 | 1,41 | 136517 | 34,61 | 1,24 |
| 75+ | 96247 | 34,75 | 1,50 | 24531 | 34,13 | 1,86 | 71716 | 35,36 | 1,26 |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | 584750 | 18,33 | 0,79 | | | | | | |
| Women | 734522 | 27,96 | 1,21 | | | | | | |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 398747 | 24,26 | 1,05 | 173599 | 19,78 | 1,08 | 225148 | 28,75 | 1,03 |
| Other urban area | 514220 | 23,76 | 1,03 | 223231 | 18,80 | 1,03 | 290989 | 28,73 | 1,03 |
| Rural area | 406305 | 21,74 | 0,94 | 187920 | 16,78 | 0,92 | 218385 | 26,70 | 0,95 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 508535 | 23,70 | 1,02 | 223981 | 19,14 | 1,04 | 284554 | 28,27 | 1,01 |
| Hiiumaa | 10268 | 22,14 | 0,96 | 4811 | 16,30 | 0,89 | 5457 | 27,98 | 1,00 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 173719 | 20,12 | 0,87 | 75708 | 15,73 | 0,86 | 98011 | 24,50 | 0,88 |
| Järvamaa | 36381 | 24,53 | 1,06 | 16365 | 18,59 | 1,01 | 20016 | 30,46 | 1,09 |
| Jõgevamaa | 35615 | 22,28 | 0,96 | 16117 | 17,69 | 0,97 | 19498 | 26,86 | 0,96 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 65547 | 26,09 | 1,13 | 29418 | 20,07 | 1,10 | 36129 | 32,11 | 1,15 |
| Läänenmaa | 26950 | 20,12 | 0,87 | 11983 | 14,90 | 0,81 | 14967 | 25,34 | 0,91 |
| Pärnumaa | 90018 | 25,76 | 1,11 | 40470 | 20,28 | 1,11 | 49548 | 31,24 | 1,12 |
| Põlvamaa | 30434 | 23,43 | 1,01 | 13953 | 18,59 | 1,01 | 16481 | 28,28 | 1,01 |
| Raplamaa | 33841 | 24,24 | 1,05 | 15367 | 18,54 | 1,01 | 18474 | 29,93 | 1,07 |
| Saaremaa | 35388 | 23,62 | 1,02 | 16044 | 18,19 | 0,99 | 19344 | 29,05 | 1,04 |
| Tartumaa | 145407 | 23,35 | 1,01 | 63615 | 18,69 | 1,02 | 81792 | 28,00 | 1,00 |
| Valgamaa | 32936 | 21,24 | 0,92 | 14426 | 16,15 | 0,88 | 18510 | 26,32 | 0,94 |
| Viljandimaa | 55949 | 24,26 | 1,05 | 25193 | 19,04 | 1,04 | 30756 | 29,47 | 1,05 |
| Võrumaa | 38188 | 22,59 | 0,98 | 17255 | 17,84 | 0,97 | 20933 | 27,34 | 0,98 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 507597 | 23,70 | 1,02 | 223539 | 19,13 | 1,04 | 284058 | 28,26 | 1,01 |
| Ida-Viru | 173428 | 20,12 | 0,87 | 75565 | 15,74 | 0,86 | 97863 | 24,50 | 0,88 |
| Kagu | 101195 | 22,38 | 0,97 | 45486 | 17,52 | 0,96 | 55709 | 27,23 | 0,97 |
| Lääne | 72583 | 22,09 | 0,95 | 32826 | 16,69 | 0,91 | 39757 | 27,49 | 0,98 |
| Pärnu | 124239 | 25,30 | 1,09 | 56015 | 19,78 | 1,08 | 68224 | 30,82 | 1,10 |
| Rakvere | 102502 | 25,52 | 1,10 | 46059 | 19,52 | 1,07 | 56443 | 31,52 | 1,13 |
| Tartu | 237728 | 23,43 | 1,01 | 105260 | 18,67 | 1,02 | 132468 | 28,20 | 1,01 |

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table F.2
Proportion of insured persons who have made at least 6 GP or/and ambulatory care visits during 2000

| | N | Age 0-14 | | Age 15-24 | | Age 25-44 | |
|------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| | | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) |
| Total | 226373 | 27,88 | | 193611 | 18,06 | 344825 | 16,77 |
| Gender | | | | | | | |
| Men | 116298 | 28,49 | 1,02 | 95146 | 11,37 | 159062 | 9,49 |
| Women | 110075 | 27,27 | 0,98 | 98465 | 24,75 | 185763 | 24,06 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 58080 | 32,31 | 1,16 | 59229 | 20,04 | 114194 | 15,82 |
| Other urban area | 87538 | 30,43 | 1,09 | 75457 | 17,78 | 132535 | 17,27 |
| Rural area | 80755 | 21,94 | 0,79 | 58925 | 16,54 | 98096 | 17,14 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 79097 | 30,53 | 1,09 | 76063 | 19,36 | 144883 | 15,83 |
| Hiiumaa | 2043 | 14,81 | 0,53 | 1456 | 15,66 | 2566 | 17,65 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 27198 | 28,89 | 1,04 | 24568 | 16,22 | 42708 | 14,30 |
| Järvamaa | 7006 | 25,78 | 0,92 | 5333 | 19,17 | 8553 | 19,69 |
| Jõgevamaa | 7240 | 20,00 | 0,72 | 4818 | 17,80 | 8234 | 18,13 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 12771 | 30,12 | 1,08 | 9352 | 22,17 | 16242 | 21,42 |
| Läänemaa | 5093 | 21,04 | 0,75 | 3749 | 13,55 | 6707 | 16,74 |
| Pärnumaa | 16311 | 32,00 | 1,15 | 13036 | 18,24 | 22505 | 18,75 |
| Põlvamaa | 5713 | 22,99 | 0,82 | 4222 | 17,12 | 7109 | 18,20 |
| Raplamaa | 6835 | 23,80 | 0,85 | 4805 | 18,39 | 8258 | 18,61 |
| Saaremaa | 6693 | 25,21 | 0,90 | 4959 | 16,33 | 8784 | 18,33 |
| Tartumaa | 26005 | 28,39 | 1,02 | 23669 | 16,85 | 38715 | 16,87 |
| Valgamaa | 6528 | 21,47 | 0,77 | 4162 | 13,68 | 7622 | 16,77 |
| Viljandimaa | 10597 | 24,88 | 0,89 | 8132 | 18,68 | 12890 | 18,55 |
| Võrumaa | 7223 | 19,35 | 0,69 | 5274 | 15,35 | 9036 | 18,76 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 78941 | 30,51 | 1,09 | 75713 | 19,34 | 144575 | 15,82 |
| Ida-Viru | 27121 | 28,92 | 1,04 | 24499 | 16,21 | 42630 | 14,29 |
| Kagu | 19385 | 21,13 | 0,76 | 13573 | 15,31 | 23687 | 17,91 |
| Lääne | 13821 | 22,19 | 0,80 | 10153 | 15,16 | 18063 | 17,60 |
| Pärnu | 23219 | 29,59 | 1,06 | 17981 | 18,26 | 30876 | 18,70 |
| Rakvere | 19869 | 28,57 | 1,02 | 14917 | 21,04 | 24944 | 20,82 |
| Tartu | 44017 | 26,27 | 0,94 | 36775 | 17,51 | 60050 | 17,47 |

Table F.3
Proportion of insured persons who have made at least 6 GP or/and ambulatory care visits during 2000

| | N | Age 45-59 | | Age 60-74 | | Age 75+ | |
|------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| | | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) |
| Total | 234071 | 22,63 | | 224145 | 30,25 | 96247 | 34,75 |
| Gender | | | | | | | |
| Men | 102085 | 16,06 | 0,71 | 87628 | 25,89 | 24531 | 34,13 |
| Women | 131986 | 29,19 | 1,29 | 136517 | 34,61 | 71716 | 35,36 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 74955 | 21,09 | 0,93 | 66743 | 31,77 | 10546 | 41,08 |
| Other urban area | 91891 | 22,97 | 1,02 | 90204 | 30,07 | 36595 | 35,26 |
| Rural area | 67225 | 23,92 | 1,06 | 67198 | 29,11 | 34106 | 29,70 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 94334 | 21,17 | 0,94 | 82283 | 31,29 | 10875 | 39,54 |
| Hiiumaa | 1890 | 27,83 | 1,23 | 1605 | 33,76 | 708 | 33,70 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 32341 | 18,47 | 0,82 | 35022 | 23,78 | 11882 | 26,20 |
| Järvamaa | 6562 | 24,62 | 1,09 | 6057 | 33,00 | 2870 | 34,58 |
| Jõgevamaa | 6156 | 25,82 | 1,14 | 6119 | 29,84 | 3048 | 29,03 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 11070 | 24,76 | 1,09 | 11090 | 31,35 | 5022 | 36,37 |
| Läänemaa | 4775 | 21,80 | 0,96 | 4588 | 27,09 | 2038 | 26,13 |
| Pärnumaa | 15517 | 25,58 | 1,13 | 15678 | 34,08 | 6971 | 37,48 |
| Põlvamaa | 5211 | 28,27 | 1,25 | 5256 | 30,81 | 2923 | 30,64 |
| Raplamaa | 5944 | 26,60 | 1,18 | 5296 | 34,20 | 2703 | 33,26 |
| Saaremaa | 6079 | 26,83 | 1,19 | 5998 | 31,40 | 2875 | 31,48 |
| Tartumaa | 22944 | 23,53 | 1,04 | 22699 | 30,62 | 11375 | 35,43 |
| Valgamaa | 5471 | 23,58 | 1,04 | 6068 | 29,49 | 3085 | 31,60 |
| Viljandimaa | 9665 | 26,39 | 1,17 | 9618 | 32,82 | 5047 | 34,20 |
| Võrumaa | 6105 | 26,20 | 1,16 | 6739 | 31,73 | 3811 | 33,56 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 94284 | 21,17 | 0,94 | 82251 | 31,29 | 31833 | 39,52 |
| Ida-Viru | 32319 | 18,47 | 0,82 | 34999 | 23,77 | 11860 | 26,20 |
| Kagu | 16748 | 25,99 | 1,15 | 18008 | 30,63 | 9794 | 31,97 |
| Lääne | 12739 | 25,11 | 1,11 | 12186 | 30,10 | 5621 | 29,81 |
| Pärnu | 21483 | 25,85 | 1,14 | 20995 | 34,09 | 9685 | 36,31 |
| Rakvere | 17660 | 24,71 | 1,09 | 17183 | 31,94 | 7929 | 35,66 |
| Tartu | 38838 | 24,61 | 1,09 | 38523 | 31,09 | 19525 | 34,17 |

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table G.1
Proportion of insured persons who have been hospitalised during 2000

| | The total population | | | Men | | | Women | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|
| | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) |
| Total | 1319272 | 14,17 | | 584750 | 12,96 | | 734522 | 15,38 | |
| Age group | | | | | | | | | |
| 0-14 | 226373 | 13,53 | 0,95 | 116298 | 14,42 | 1,11 | 110075 | 12,65 | 0,82 |
| 15-24 | 193611 | 11,08 | 0,78 | 95146 | 7,65 | 0,59 | 98465 | 14,52 | 0,94 |
| 25-44 | 344825 | 12,46 | 0,88 | 159062 | 7,78 | 0,60 | 185763 | 17,14 | 1,11 |
| 45-59 | 234071 | 13,25 | 0,94 | 102085 | 13,46 | 1,04 | 131986 | 13,05 | 0,85 |
| 60-74 | 224145 | 18,39 | 1,30 | 87628 | 20,20 | 1,56 | 136517 | 16,59 | 1,08 |
| 75+ | 96247 | 24,20 | 1,71 | 24531 | 26,17 | 2,02 | 71716 | 22,24 | 1,45 |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | 584750 | 12,96 | 0,91 | | | | | | |
| Women | 734522 | 15,38 | 1,09 | | | | | | |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 398747 | 12,83 | 0,91 | 173599 | 12,06 | 0,93 | 225148 | 13,60 | 0,88 |
| Other urban area | 514220 | 14,64 | 1,03 | 223231 | 13,33 | 1,03 | 290989 | 15,95 | 1,04 |
| Rural area | 406305 | 15,10 | 1,07 | 187920 | 13,44 | 1,04 | 218385 | 16,77 | 1,09 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 508535 | 13,37 | 0,94 | 223981 | 12,45 | 0,96 | 284554 | 14,29 | 0,93 |
| Hiiumaa | 10268 | 14,49 | 1,02 | 4811 | 13,18 | 1,02 | 5457 | 15,81 | 1,03 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 173719 | 16,08 | 1,13 | 75708 | 14,45 | 1,11 | 98011 | 17,72 | 1,15 |
| Järvamaa | 36381 | 14,04 | 0,99 | 16365 | 12,16 | 0,94 | 20016 | 15,92 | 1,03 |
| Jõgevamaa | 35615 | 15,93 | 1,12 | 16117 | 14,17 | 1,09 | 19498 | 17,68 | 1,15 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 65547 | 14,54 | 1,03 | 29418 | 12,50 | 0,96 | 36129 | 16,58 | 1,08 |
| Lääñemaa | 26950 | 16,64 | 1,17 | 11983 | 14,08 | 1,09 | 14967 | 19,19 | 1,25 |
| Pärnumaa | 90018 | 15,61 | 1,10 | 40470 | 14,23 | 1,10 | 49548 | 16,99 | 1,10 |
| Põlvamaa | 30434 | 15,64 | 1,10 | 13953 | 14,50 | 1,12 | 16481 | 16,77 | 1,09 |
| Raplamaa | 33841 | 16,71 | 1,18 | 15367 | 14,33 | 1,11 | 18474 | 19,08 | 1,24 |
| Saaremaa | 35388 | 13,53 | 0,95 | 16044 | 12,17 | 0,94 | 19344 | 14,90 | 0,97 |
| Tartumaa | 145407 | 12,54 | 0,88 | 63615 | 11,70 | 0,90 | 81792 | 13,38 | 0,87 |
| Valgamaa | 32936 | 14,45 | 1,02 | 14426 | 12,91 | 1,00 | 18510 | 15,98 | 1,04 |
| Viljandimaa | 55949 | 14,93 | 1,05 | 25193 | 13,55 | 1,05 | 30756 | 16,30 | 1,06 |
| Võrumaa | 38188 | 13,59 | 0,96 | 17255 | 12,66 | 0,98 | 20933 | 14,51 | 0,94 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 507597 | 13,37 | 0,94 | 223539 | 12,45 | 0,96 | 284058 | 14,29 | 0,93 |
| Ida-Viru | 173428 | 16,08 | 1,13 | 75565 | 14,45 | 1,11 | 97863 | 17,71 | 1,15 |
| Kagu | 101195 | 14,46 | 1,02 | 45486 | 13,31 | 1,03 | 55709 | 15,60 | 1,01 |
| Lääne | 72583 | 14,80 | 1,04 | 32826 | 12,99 | 1,00 | 39757 | 16,61 | 1,08 |
| Pärnu | 124239 | 15,91 | 1,12 | 56015 | 14,26 | 1,10 | 68224 | 17,55 | 1,14 |
| Rakvere | 102502 | 14,35 | 1,01 | 46059 | 12,38 | 0,95 | 56443 | 16,33 | 1,06 |
| Tartu | 237728 | 13,58 | 0,96 | 105260 | 12,56 | 0,97 | 132468 | 14,61 | 0,95 |

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table G.2
Proportion of insured persons who have been hospitalised during 2000

| | | Age 0-14 Prevalence rate (per 100) | | | Age 15-24 Prevalence rate (per 100) | | | Age 25-44 Prevalence rate (per 100) | | |
|------------------------------|--|---|----------------|--------|--|--------|----------------|--|----------------|--|
| | | N | SPR (ref=1) | N | SPR (ref=1) | N | SPR (ref=1) | N | SPR (ref=1) | |
| Total | | 226373 | 13,53 | 193611 | 11,08 | 344825 | 12,46 | | | |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | | 116298 | 14,42 | 1,07 | 95146 | 7,65 | 0,69 | 159062 | 7,78 | |
| Women | | 110075 | 12,65 | 0,93 | 98465 | 14,52 | 1,31 | 185763 | 17,14 | |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | 58080 | 13,03 | 0,96 | 59229 | 9,62 | 0,87 | 114194 | 10,82 | |
| Other urban area | | 87538 | 14,05 | 1,04 | 75457 | 11,56 | 1,04 | 132535 | 13,00 | |
| Rural area | | 80755 | 13,34 | 0,99 | 58925 | 12,21 | 1,10 | 98096 | 13,74 | |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | | 79097 | 13,61 | 1,01 | 76063 | 9,98 | 0,90 | 144883 | 11,30 | |
| Hiiumaa | | 2043 | 9,49 | 0,70 | 1456 | 10,99 | 0,99 | 2566 | 13,73 | |
| Ida-Virumaa | | 27198 | 15,89 | 1,17 | 24568 | 15,16 | 1,37 | 42708 | 14,71 | |
| Järvamaa | | 7006 | 12,35 | 0,91 | 5333 | 10,75 | 0,97 | 8553 | 13,68 | |
| Jõgevamaa | | 7240 | 13,76 | 1,02 | 4818 | 12,90 | 1,16 | 8234 | 14,76 | |
| Lääne-Virumaa | | 12771 | 11,84 | 0,88 | 9352 | 12,73 | 1,15 | 16242 | 13,96 | |
| Läänemaa | | 5093 | 15,88 | 1,17 | 3749 | 13,37 | 1,21 | 6707 | 15,04 | |
| Pärnumaa | | 16311 | 14,22 | 1,05 | 13036 | 12,50 | 1,13 | 22505 | 14,14 | |
| Põlvamaa | | 5713 | 13,64 | 1,01 | 4222 | 12,66 | 1,14 | 7109 | 13,15 | |
| Raplamaa | | 6835 | 13,44 | 0,99 | 4805 | 14,35 | 1,29 | 8258 | 15,10 | |
| Saaremaa | | 6693 | 10,47 | 0,77 | 4959 | 9,04 | 0,82 | 8784 | 12,34 | |
| Tartumaa | | 26005 | 13,98 | 1,03 | 23669 | 8,33 | 0,75 | 38715 | 10,45 | |
| Valgamaa | | 6528 | 12,11 | 0,89 | 4162 | 12,35 | 1,11 | 7622 | 12,33 | |
| Viljandimaa | | 10597 | 11,06 | 0,82 | 8132 | 12,51 | 1,13 | 12890 | 14,50 | |
| Võrumaa | | 7223 | 10,64 | 0,79 | 5274 | 11,26 | 1,02 | 9036 | 12,29 | |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | | 78941 | 13,60 | 1,01 | 75713 | 9,98 | 0,90 | 144575 | 11,29 | |
| Ida-Viru | | 27121 | 15,90 | 1,18 | 24499 | 15,13 | 1,37 | 42630 | 14,71 | |
| Kagu | | 19385 | 12,02 | 0,89 | 13573 | 11,98 | 1,08 | 23687 | 12,54 | |
| Lääne | | 13821 | 12,36 | 0,91 | 10153 | 10,87 | 0,98 | 18063 | 13,52 | |
| Pärnu | | 23219 | 13,99 | 1,03 | 17981 | 13,04 | 1,18 | 30876 | 14,40 | |
| Rakvere | | 19869 | 12,01 | 0,89 | 14917 | 11,98 | 1,08 | 24944 | 13,84 | |
| Tartu | | 44017 | 13,34 | 0,99 | 36775 | 9,70 | 0,87 | 60050 | 11,90 | |

Table G.3
Proportion of insured persons who have been hospitalised during 2000

| | | Age 45-59 Prevalence rate (per 100) | | | Age 60-74 Prevalence rate (per 100) | | | Age 75+ Prevalence rate (per 100) | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|----------------|--------|--|-------|----------------|--|----------------|--|
| | | N | SPR (ref=1) | N | SPR (ref=1) | N | SPR (ref=1) | N | SPR (ref=1) | |
| Total | | 234071 | 13,25 | 224145 | 18,39 | 96247 | 24,20 | | | |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | | 102085 | 13,46 | 1,02 | 87628 | 20,20 | 1,10 | 24531 | 26,17 | |
| Women | | 131986 | 13,05 | 0,98 | 136517 | 16,59 | 0,90 | 71716 | 22,24 | |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | 74955 | 11,03 | 0,83 | 66743 | 16,76 | 0,91 | 25546 | 25,77 | |
| Other urban area | | 91891 | 13,65 | 1,03 | 90204 | 18,96 | 1,03 | 36595 | 24,10 | |
| Rural area | | 67225 | 15,18 | 1,15 | 67198 | 19,28 | 1,05 | 34106 | 23,30 | |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | | 94334 | 11,69 | 0,88 | 82283 | 17,47 | 0,95 | 31875 | 26,03 | |
| Hiiumaa | | 1890 | 15,90 | 1,20 | 1605 | 19,56 | 1,06 | 708 | 24,84 | |
| Ida-Virumaa | | 32341 | 14,73 | 1,11 | 35022 | 19,17 | 1,04 | 11882 | 21,85 | |
| Järvamaa | | 6562 | 14,07 | 1,06 | 6057 | 18,27 | 0,99 | 2870 | 17,91 | |
| Jõgevamaa | | 6156 | 15,93 | 1,20 | 6119 | 20,29 | 1,10 | 3048 | 24,43 | |
| Lääne-Virumaa | | 11070 | 13,79 | 1,04 | 11090 | 18,18 | 0,99 | 5022 | 23,30 | |
| Läänemaa | | 4775 | 14,20 | 1,07 | 4588 | 21,70 | 1,18 | 2038 | 29,61 | |
| Pärnumaa | | 15517 | 14,79 | 1,12 | 15678 | 20,65 | 1,12 | 6971 | 24,19 | |
| Põlvamaa | | 5211 | 17,41 | 1,31 | 5256 | 19,78 | 1,08 | 2923 | 24,80 | |
| Raplamaa | | 5944 | 18,12 | 1,37 | 5296 | 21,44 | 1,17 | 2703 | 23,53 | |
| Saaremaa | | 6079 | 15,16 | 1,14 | 5998 | 18,37 | 1,00 | 2875 | 22,19 | |
| Tartumaa | | 22944 | 10,97 | 0,83 | 22699 | 16,21 | 0,88 | 11375 | 24,38 | |
| Valgamaa | | 5471 | 13,99 | 1,06 | 6068 | 19,74 | 1,07 | 3085 | 24,80 | |
| Viljandimaa | | 9665 | 15,20 | 1,15 | 9618 | 19,43 | 1,06 | 5047 | 22,44 | |
| Võrumaa | | 6105 | 13,80 | 1,04 | 6739 | 18,18 | 0,99 | 3811 | 22,17 | |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | | 94284 | 11,69 | 0,88 | 82251 | 17,46 | 0,95 | 31833 | 26,02 | |
| Ida-Viru | | 32319 | 14,74 | 1,11 | 34999 | 19,17 | 1,04 | 11860 | 21,84 | |
| Kagu | | 16748 | 14,95 | 1,13 | 18008 | 19,11 | 1,04 | 9794 | 23,72 | |
| Lääne | | 12739 | 14,90 | 1,12 | 12186 | 19,77 | 1,07 | 5621 | 25,13 | |
| Pärnu | | 21483 | 15,71 | 1,19 | 20995 | 20,85 | 1,13 | 9685 | 24,00 | |
| Rakvere | | 17660 | 13,89 | 1,05 | 17183 | 18,25 | 0,99 | 7929 | 21,40 | |
| Tartu | | 38838 | 12,84 | 0,97 | 38523 | 17,70 | 0,96 | 19525 | 23,90 | |

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table H.1
Proportion of insured persons who have been hospitalised at least 12 days during 2000

| | The total population | | | Men | | | Women | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|
| | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) |
| Total | 1319272 | 4,41 | | 584750 | 4,57 | | 734522 | 4,24 | |
| Age group | | | | | | | | | |
| 0-14 | 226373 | 2,47 | 0,56 | 116298 | 2,62 | 0,57 | 110075 | 2,31 | 0,55 |
| 15-24 | 193611 | 2,14 | 0,49 | 95146 | 1,53 | 0,33 | 98465 | 2,75 | 0,65 |
| 25-44 | 344825 | 2,72 | 0,62 | 159062 | 2,27 | 0,50 | 185763 | 3,17 | 0,75 |
| 45-59 | 234071 | 4,65 | 1,05 | 102085 | 5,34 | 1,17 | 131986 | 3,95 | 0,93 |
| 60-74 | 224145 | 8,46 | 1,92 | 87628 | 9,66 | 2,11 | 136517 | 7,26 | 1,71 |
| 75+ | 96247 | 12,91 | 2,93 | 24531 | 13,54 | 2,96 | 71716 | 12,28 | 2,89 |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | 584750 | 4,57 | 1,04 | | | | | | |
| Women | 734522 | 4,24 | 0,96 | | | | | | |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 398747 | 3,60 | 0,82 | 173599 | 3,77 | 0,83 | 225148 | 3,42 | 0,81 |
| Other urban area | 514220 | 4,62 | 1,05 | 223231 | 4,76 | 1,04 | 290989 | 4,48 | 1,06 |
| Rural area | 406305 | 4,97 | 1,13 | 187920 | 5,10 | 1,12 | 218385 | 4,84 | 1,14 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 508535 | 3,90 | 0,88 | 223981 | 4,10 | 0,90 | 284554 | 3,70 | 0,87 |
| Hiiumaa | 10268 | 4,38 | 0,99 | 4811 | 4,74 | 1,04 | 5457 | 4,02 | 0,95 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 173719 | 5,56 | 1,26 | 75708 | 5,49 | 1,20 | 98011 | 5,64 | 1,33 |
| Järvamaa | 36381 | 4,89 | 1,11 | 16365 | 4,99 | 1,09 | 20016 | 4,79 | 1,13 |
| Jõgevamaa | 35615 | 5,03 | 1,14 | 16117 | 5,22 | 1,14 | 19498 | 4,85 | 1,14 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 65547 | 4,76 | 1,08 | 29418 | 4,82 | 1,05 | 36129 | 4,70 | 1,11 |
| Lääñemaa | 26950 | 5,98 | 1,36 | 11983 | 5,77 | 1,26 | 14967 | 6,20 | 1,46 |
| Pärnumaa | 90018 | 4,71 | 1,07 | 40470 | 4,85 | 1,06 | 49548 | 4,56 | 1,08 |
| Põlvamaa | 30434 | 5,15 | 1,17 | 13953 | 5,36 | 1,17 | 16481 | 4,94 | 1,16 |
| Raplamaa | 33841 | 5,59 | 1,27 | 15367 | 5,45 | 1,19 | 18474 | 5,73 | 1,35 |
| Saaremaa | 35388 | 4,25 | 0,97 | 16044 | 4,48 | 0,98 | 19344 | 4,02 | 0,95 |
| Tartumaa | 145407 | 3,39 | 0,77 | 63615 | 3,62 | 0,79 | 81792 | 3,16 | 0,74 |
| Valgamaa | 32936 | 4,41 | 1,00 | 14426 | 4,34 | 0,95 | 18510 | 4,47 | 1,05 |
| Viljandimaa | 55949 | 5,09 | 1,16 | 25193 | 5,55 | 1,21 | 30756 | 4,64 | 1,09 |
| Võrumaa | 38188 | 4,45 | 1,01 | 17255 | 4,72 | 1,03 | 20933 | 4,17 | 0,98 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 507597 | 3,90 | 0,88 | 223539 | 4,09 | 0,90 | 284058 | 3,70 | 0,87 |
| Ida-Viru | 173428 | 5,56 | 1,26 | 75565 | 5,49 | 1,20 | 97863 | 5,63 | 1,33 |
| Kagu | 101195 | 4,64 | 1,05 | 45486 | 4,80 | 1,05 | 55709 | 4,47 | 1,05 |
| Lääne | 72583 | 4,90 | 1,11 | 32826 | 4,98 | 1,09 | 39757 | 4,82 | 1,14 |
| Pärnu | 124239 | 4,95 | 1,12 | 56015 | 5,02 | 1,10 | 68224 | 4,88 | 1,15 |
| Rakvere | 102502 | 4,80 | 1,09 | 46059 | 4,88 | 1,07 | 56443 | 4,72 | 1,11 |
| Tartu | 237728 | 4,05 | 0,92 | 105260 | 4,35 | 0,95 | 132468 | 3,74 | 0,88 |

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table H.2
Proportion of insured persons who have been hospitalised at least 12 days during 2000

| | | Age 0-14 Prevalence rate (per 100) | | | Age 15-24 Prevalence rate (per 100) | | | Age 25-44 Prevalence rate (per 100) | | |
|------------------------------|--|---|----------------|--------|--|--------|----------------|--|----------------|------|
| | | N | SPR (ref=1) | N | SPR (ref=1) | N | SPR (ref=1) | N | SPR (ref=1) | |
| Total | | 226373 | 2,47 | 193611 | 2,14 | 344825 | 2,72 | | | |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | | 116298 | 2,62 | 1,06 | 95146 | 1,53 | 0,71 | 159062 | 2,27 | 0,83 |
| Women | | 110075 | 2,31 | 0,94 | 98465 | 2,75 | 1,29 | 185763 | 3,17 | 1,17 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | 58080 | 1,97 | 0,80 | 59229 | 1,55 | 0,72 | 114194 | 2,05 | 0,75 |
| Other urban area | | 87538 | 2,54 | 1,03 | 75457 | 2,40 | 1,12 | 132535 | 2,97 | 1,09 |
| Rural area | | 80755 | 2,73 | 1,11 | 58925 | 2,47 | 1,16 | 98096 | 3,19 | 1,17 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | | 79097 | 2,17 | 0,88 | 76063 | 1,68 | 0,78 | 144883 | 2,22 | 0,82 |
| Hiiumaa | | 2043 | 1,26 | 0,51 | 1456 | 1,46 | 0,68 | 2566 | 2,92 | 1,07 |
| Ida-Virumaa | | 27198 | 3,42 | 1,39 | 24568 | 4,08 | 1,91 | 42708 | 3,98 | 1,46 |
| Järvamaa | | 7006 | 2,66 | 1,08 | 5333 | 2,04 | 0,95 | 8553 | 3,50 | 1,29 |
| Jõgevamaa | | 7240 | 3,06 | 1,24 | 4818 | 2,46 | 1,15 | 8234 | 3,38 | 1,24 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | | 12771 | 2,72 | 1,10 | 9352 | 2,68 | 1,25 | 16242 | 3,18 | 1,17 |
| Läänemaa | | 5093 | 4,44 | 1,80 | 3749 | 3,43 | 1,60 | 6707 | 3,99 | 1,47 |
| Pärnumaa | | 16311 | 2,61 | 1,06 | 13036 | 2,19 | 1,02 | 22505 | 2,85 | 1,05 |
| Põlvamaa | | 5713 | 2,76 | 1,12 | 4222 | 2,22 | 1,04 | 7109 | 3,55 | 1,31 |
| Raplamaa | | 6835 | 2,90 | 1,18 | 4805 | 3,02 | 1,41 | 8258 | 3,64 | 1,34 |
| Saaremaa | | 6693 | 1,96 | 0,80 | 4959 | 1,85 | 0,87 | 8784 | 2,56 | 0,94 |
| Tartumaa | | 26005 | 2,06 | 0,83 | 23669 | 1,47 | 0,69 | 38715 | 1,83 | 0,67 |
| Valgamaa | | 6528 | 1,68 | 0,68 | 4162 | 2,06 | 0,96 | 7622 | 2,96 | 1,09 |
| Viljandimaa | | 10597 | 2,42 | 0,98 | 8132 | 2,10 | 0,98 | 12890 | 3,40 | 1,25 |
| Võrumaa | | 7223 | 1,53 | 0,62 | 5274 | 2,15 | 1,00 | 9036 | 3,14 | 1,15 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | | 78941 | 2,17 | 0,88 | 75713 | 1,68 | 0,79 | 144575 | 2,22 | 0,82 |
| Ida-Viru | | 27121 | 3,41 | 1,38 | 24499 | 4,08 | 1,91 | 42630 | 3,98 | 1,46 |
| Kagu | | 19385 | 1,93 | 0,78 | 13573 | 2,15 | 1,00 | 23687 | 3,20 | 1,17 |
| Lääne | | 13821 | 2,80 | 1,13 | 10153 | 2,36 | 1,10 | 18063 | 3,14 | 1,15 |
| Pärnu | | 23219 | 2,70 | 1,10 | 17981 | 2,40 | 1,12 | 30876 | 3,06 | 1,12 |
| Rakvere | | 19869 | 2,70 | 1,10 | 14917 | 2,42 | 1,13 | 24944 | 3,26 | 1,20 |
| Tartu | | 44017 | 2,32 | 0,94 | 36775 | 1,70 | 0,80 | 60050 | 2,38 | 0,87 |

Table H.3
Proportion of insured persons who have been hospitalised at least 12 days during 2000

| | | Age 45-59 Prevalence rate (per 100) | | | Age 60-74 Prevalence rate (per 100) | | | Age 75+ Prevalence rate (per 100) | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|----------------|--------|--|-------|----------------|--|----------------|------|
| | | N | SPR (ref=1) | N | SPR (ref=1) | N | SPR (ref=1) | N | SPR (ref=1) | |
| Total | | 234071 | 4,65 | 224145 | 8,46 | 96247 | 12,91 | | | |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | | 102085 | 5,34 | 1,15 | 87628 | 9,66 | 1,14 | 24531 | 13,54 | 1,05 |
| Women | | 131986 | 3,95 | 0,85 | 136517 | 7,26 | 0,86 | 71716 | 12,28 | 0,95 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | 74955 | 3,38 | 0,73 | 66743 | 6,96 | 0,82 | 25546 | 13,25 | 1,03 |
| Other urban area | | 91891 | 4,96 | 1,07 | 90204 | 8,80 | 1,04 | 36595 | 12,61 | 0,98 |
| Rural area | | 67225 | 5,58 | 1,20 | 67198 | 9,46 | 1,12 | 34106 | 13,06 | 1,01 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | | 94334 | 3,77 | 0,81 | 82283 | 7,62 | 0,90 | 31875 | 13,74 | 1,06 |
| Hiiumaa | | 1890 | 5,06 | 1,09 | 1605 | 9,03 | 1,07 | 708 | 14,10 | 1,09 |
| Ida-Virumaa | | 32341 | 5,93 | 1,28 | 35022 | 9,69 | 1,15 | 11882 | 11,56 | 0,90 |
| Järvamaa | | 6562 | 5,67 | 1,22 | 6057 | 9,76 | 1,15 | 2870 | 10,26 | 0,80 |
| Jõgevamaa | | 6156 | 5,53 | 1,19 | 6119 | 9,51 | 1,12 | 3048 | 12,25 | 0,95 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | | 11070 | 4,79 | 1,03 | 11090 | 8,84 | 1,05 | 5022 | 13,19 | 1,02 |
| Läänemaa | | 4775 | 5,09 | 1,10 | 4588 | 10,62 | 1,26 | 2038 | 17,64 | 1,37 |
| Pärnumaa | | 15517 | 5,15 | 1,11 | 15678 | 9,35 | 1,11 | 6971 | 12,87 | 1,00 |
| Põlvamaa | | 5211 | 6,09 | 1,31 | 5256 | 9,61 | 1,14 | 2923 | 12,93 | 1,00 |
| Raplamaa | | 5944 | 6,75 | 1,45 | 5296 | 10,55 | 1,25 | 2703 | 12,99 | 1,01 |
| Saaremaa | | 6079 | 5,07 | 1,09 | 5998 | 8,44 | 1,00 | 2875 | 11,93 | 0,92 |
| Tartumaa | | 22944 | 3,41 | 0,73 | 22699 | 6,50 | 0,77 | 11375 | 11,73 | 0,91 |
| Valgamaa | | 5471 | 5,35 | 1,15 | 6068 | 8,32 | 0,98 | 3085 | 12,53 | 0,97 |
| Viljandimaa | | 9665 | 6,09 | 1,31 | 9618 | 9,72 | 1,15 | 5047 | 13,75 | 1,07 |
| Võrumaa | | 6105 | 5,12 | 1,10 | 6739 | 8,44 | 1,00 | 3811 | 13,02 | 1,01 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | | 94284 | 3,77 | 0,81 | 82251 | 7,61 | 0,90 | 31833 | 13,73 | 1,06 |
| Ida-Viru | | 32319 | 5,93 | 1,28 | 34999 | 9,69 | 1,15 | 11860 | 11,54 | 0,89 |
| Kagu | | 16748 | 5,49 | 1,18 | 18008 | 8,72 | 1,03 | 9794 | 12,83 | 0,99 |
| Lääne | | 12739 | 5,08 | 1,09 | 12186 | 9,31 | 1,10 | 5621 | 14,21 | 1,10 |
| Pärnu | | 21483 | 5,61 | 1,21 | 20995 | 9,66 | 1,14 | 9685 | 12,90 | 1,00 |
| Rakvere | | 17660 | 5,10 | 1,10 | 17183 | 9,19 | 1,09 | 7929 | 12,20 | 0,95 |
| Tartu | | 38838 | 4,43 | 0,95 | 38523 | 7,81 | 0,92 | 19525 | 12,31 | 0,95 |

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table I.1
Proportion of insured persons who have used prescription drugs during 2000

| | The total population | | | Men | | | Women | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|
| | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) |
| Total | 1319272 | 44,43 | | 584750 | 37,95 | | 734522 | 50,90 | |
| Age group | | | | | | | | | |
| 0-14 | 226373 | 52,27 | 1,18 | 116298 | 52,05 | 1,37 | 110075 | 52,50 | 1,03 |
| 15-24 | 193611 | 34,45 | 0,78 | 95146 | 23,43 | 0,62 | 98465 | 45,48 | 0,89 |
| 25-44 | 344825 | 35,15 | 0,79 | 159062 | 25,28 | 0,67 | 185763 | 45,02 | 0,88 |
| 45-59 | 234071 | 42,15 | 0,95 | 102085 | 35,72 | 0,94 | 131986 | 48,58 | 0,95 |
| 60-74 | 224145 | 55,79 | 1,26 | 87628 | 50,73 | 1,34 | 136517 | 60,85 | 1,20 |
| 75+ | 96247 | 67,34 | 1,52 | 24531 | 65,37 | 1,72 | 71716 | 69,31 | 1,36 |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | 584750 | 37,95 | 0,85 | | | | | | |
| Women | 734522 | 50,90 | 1,15 | | | | | | |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 398747 | 34,11 | 0,77 | 173599 | 28,57 | 0,75 | 225148 | 39,65 | 0,78 |
| Other urban area | 514220 | 48,74 | 1,10 | 223231 | 41,79 | 1,10 | 290989 | 55,68 | 1,09 |
| Rural area | 406305 | 49,09 | 1,10 | 187920 | 41,93 | 1,10 | 218385 | 56,24 | 1,10 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa ** | 508535 | 36,44 | 0,82 | 223981 | 30,64 | 0,81 | 284554 | 42,25 | 0,83 |
| Hiiumaa | 10268 | 50,44 | 1,14 | 4811 | 42,58 | 1,12 | 5457 | 58,30 | 1,15 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 173719 | 42,24 | 0,95 | 75708 | 36,71 | 0,97 | 98011 | 47,76 | 0,94 |
| Järvamaa | 36381 | 52,77 | 1,19 | 16365 | 45,22 | 1,19 | 20016 | 60,33 | 1,19 |
| Jõgevamaa | 35615 | 51,14 | 1,15 | 16117 | 44,60 | 1,18 | 19498 | 57,68 | 1,13 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 65547 | 54,95 | 1,24 | 29418 | 47,74 | 1,26 | 36129 | 62,16 | 1,22 |
| Läänemaa | 26950 | 48,37 | 1,09 | 11983 | 40,38 | 1,06 | 14967 | 56,37 | 1,11 |
| Pärnumaa | 90018 | 47,05 | 1,06 | 40470 | 39,24 | 1,03 | 49548 | 54,87 | 1,08 |
| Põlvamaa | 30434 | 56,61 | 1,27 | 13953 | 49,79 | 1,31 | 16481 | 63,44 | 1,25 |
| Raplamaa | 33841 | 49,93 | 1,12 | 15367 | 41,82 | 1,10 | 18474 | 58,03 | 1,14 |
| Saaremaa | 35388 | 50,33 | 1,13 | 16044 | 42,59 | 1,12 | 19344 | 58,07 | 1,14 |
| Tartumaa | 145407 | 53,46 | 1,20 | 63615 | 45,68 | 1,20 | 81792 | 61,23 | 1,20 |
| Valgamaa | 32936 | 42,63 | 0,96 | 14426 | 36,67 | 0,97 | 18510 | 48,59 | 0,95 |
| Viljandimaa | 55949 | 51,70 | 1,16 | 25193 | 44,88 | 1,18 | 30756 | 58,51 | 1,15 |
| Võrumaa | 38188 | 53,16 | 1,20 | 17255 | 46,14 | 1,22 | 20933 | 60,19 | 1,18 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju ** | 507597 | 36,42 | 0,82 | 223539 | 30,62 | 0,81 | 284058 | 42,22 | 0,83 |
| Ida-Viru | 173428 | 42,21 | 0,95 | 75565 | 36,69 | 0,97 | 97863 | 47,72 | 0,94 |
| Kagu | 101195 | 50,73 | 1,14 | 45486 | 44,20 | 1,16 | 55709 | 57,25 | 1,12 |
| Lääne | 72583 | 49,61 | 1,12 | 32826 | 41,79 | 1,10 | 39757 | 57,44 | 1,13 |
| Pärnu | 124239 | 47,80 | 1,08 | 56015 | 39,93 | 1,05 | 68224 | 55,68 | 1,09 |
| Rakvere | 102502 | 54,18 | 1,22 | 46059 | 46,82 | 1,23 | 56443 | 61,55 | 1,21 |
| Tartu | 237728 | 52,85 | 1,19 | 105260 | 45,44 | 1,20 | 132468 | 60,26 | 1,18 |

** The use of prescription drugs in Harjumaa is underreported due to missing data.

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table I.2
Proportion of insured persons who have used prescription drugs during 2000

| | | Age 0-14 Prevalence | | | Age 15-24 Prevalence | | | Age 25-44 Prevalence | | |
|------------------------------|--|------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) |
| Total | | 226373 | 52,27 | | 193611 | 34,45 | | 344825 | 35,15 | |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | | 116298 | 52,05 | 1,00 | 95146 | 23,43 | 0,68 | 159062 | 25,28 | 0,72 |
| Women | | 110075 | 52,50 | 1,00 | 98465 | 45,48 | 1,32 | 185763 | 45,02 | 1,28 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | 58080 | 39,21 | 0,75 | 59229 | 26,52 | 0,77 | 114194 | 26,23 | 0,75 |
| Other urban area | | 87538 | 58,45 | 1,12 | 75457 | 37,93 | 1,10 | 132535 | 39,05 | 1,11 |
| Rural area | | 80755 | 55,02 | 1,05 | 58925 | 37,76 | 1,10 | 98096 | 40,12 | 1,14 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa ** | | 79097 | 42,37 | 0,81 | 76063 | 27,94 | 0,81 | 144883 | 28,26 | 0,80 |
| Hiiumaa | | 2043 | 53,50 | 1,02 | 1456 | 36,84 | 1,07 | 2566 | 41,44 | 1,18 |
| Ida-Virumaa | | 27198 | 55,98 | 1,07 | 24568 | 30,19 | 0,88 | 42708 | 30,90 | 0,88 |
| Järvamaa | | 7006 | 61,74 | 1,18 | 5333 | 42,02 | 1,22 | 8553 | 43,42 | 1,24 |
| Jõgevamaa | | 7240 | 60,41 | 1,16 | 4818 | 40,02 | 1,16 | 8234 | 41,18 | 1,17 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | | 12771 | 64,54 | 1,23 | 9352 | 44,79 | 1,30 | 16242 | 46,93 | 1,34 |
| Läänemaa | | 5093 | 56,11 | 1,07 | 3749 | 38,12 | 1,11 | 6707 | 39,84 | 1,13 |
| Pärnumaa | | 16311 | 54,17 | 1,04 | 13036 | 35,46 | 1,03 | 22505 | 36,70 | 1,04 |
| Põlvamaa | | 5713 | 63,20 | 1,21 | 4222 | 43,69 | 1,27 | 7109 | 46,50 | 1,32 |
| Raplamaa | | 6835 | 50,92 | 0,97 | 4805 | 39,27 | 1,14 | 8258 | 42,44 | 1,21 |
| Saaremaa | | 6693 | 56,15 | 1,07 | 4959 | 38,62 | 1,12 | 8784 | 41,08 | 1,17 |
| Tartumaa | | 26005 | 58,82 | 1,13 | 23669 | 44,63 | 1,30 | 38715 | 46,13 | 1,31 |
| Valgamaa | | 6528 | 49,39 | 0,94 | 4162 | 27,74 | 0,81 | 7622 | 32,69 | 0,93 |
| Viljandimaa | | 10597 | 57,55 | 1,10 | 8132 | 40,95 | 1,19 | 12890 | 41,39 | 1,18 |
| Võrumaa | | 7223 | 61,42 | 1,17 | 5274 | 38,78 | 1,13 | 9036 | 44,73 | 1,27 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju ** | | 78941 | 42,36 | 0,81 | 75713 | 27,85 | 0,81 | 144575 | 28,23 | 0,80 |
| Ida-Viru | | 27121 | 55,95 | 1,07 | 24499 | 30,13 | 0,87 | 42630 | 30,85 | 0,88 |
| Kagu | | 19385 | 57,91 | 1,11 | 13573 | 36,66 | 1,06 | 23687 | 41,32 | 1,18 |
| Lääne | | 13821 | 55,71 | 1,07 | 10153 | 38,20 | 1,11 | 18063 | 40,68 | 1,16 |
| Pärnu | | 23219 | 53,16 | 1,02 | 17981 | 36,56 | 1,06 | 30876 | 38,24 | 1,09 |
| Rakvere | | 19869 | 63,49 | 1,21 | 14917 | 43,84 | 1,27 | 24944 | 45,75 | 1,30 |
| Tartu | | 44017 | 58,82 | 1,13 | 36775 | 43,54 | 1,26 | 60050 | 44,51 | 1,27 |

Table I.3
Proportion of insured persons who have used prescription drugs during 2000

| | | Age 45-59 Prevalence | | | Age 60-74 Prevalence | | | Age 75+ Prevalence | | |
|------------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) |
| Total | | 234071 | 42,15 | | 224145 | 55,79 | | 96247 | 67,34 | |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | | 102085 | 35,72 | 0,85 | 87628 | 50,73 | 0,91 | 24531 | 65,37 | 0,97 |
| Women | | 131986 | 48,58 | 1,15 | 136517 | 60,85 | 1,09 | 71716 | 69,31 | 1,03 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | | 74955 | 30,61 | 0,73 | 66743 | 44,86 | 0,80 | 25546 | 58,49 | 0,87 |
| Other urban area | | 91891 | 46,67 | 1,11 | 90204 | 59,50 | 1,07 | 36595 | 70,81 | 1,05 |
| Rural area | | 67225 | 48,78 | 1,16 | 67198 | 61,65 | 1,11 | 34106 | 70,13 | 1,04 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa ** | | 94334 | 33,31 | 0,79 | 82283 | 47,35 | 0,85 | 31875 | 60,43 | 0,90 |
| Hiiumaa | | 1890 | 53,67 | 1,27 | 1605 | 63,62 | 1,14 | 708 | 73,43 | 1,09 |
| Ida-Virumaa | | 32341 | 40,53 | 0,96 | 35022 | 52,72 | 0,95 | 11882 | 62,24 | 0,92 |
| Järvamaa | | 6562 | 50,42 | 1,20 | 6057 | 64,77 | 1,16 | 2870 | 72,90 | 1,08 |
| Jõgevamaa | | 6156 | 50,95 | 1,21 | 6119 | 62,74 | 1,12 | 3048 | 68,21 | 1,01 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | | 11070 | 52,69 | 1,25 | 11090 | 63,39 | 1,14 | 5022 | 74,52 | 1,11 |
| Läänemaa | | 4775 | 46,36 | 1,10 | 4588 | 59,42 | 1,07 | 2038 | 68,60 | 1,02 |
| Pärnumaa | | 15517 | 45,08 | 1,07 | 15678 | 61,76 | 1,11 | 6971 | 71,53 | 1,06 |
| Põlvamaa | | 5211 | 59,16 | 1,40 | 5256 | 68,75 | 1,23 | 2923 | 77,12 | 1,15 |
| Raplamaa | | 5944 | 51,23 | 1,22 | 5296 | 63,15 | 1,13 | 2703 | 70,61 | 1,05 |
| Saaremaa | | 6079 | 50,57 | 1,20 | 5998 | 63,52 | 1,14 | 2875 | 70,51 | 1,05 |
| Tartumaa | | 22944 | 51,52 | 1,22 | 22699 | 63,82 | 1,14 | 11375 | 73,30 | 1,09 |
| Valgamaa | | 5471 | 42,24 | 1,00 | 6068 | 58,00 | 1,04 | 3085 | 67,72 | 1,01 |
| Viljandimaa | | 9665 | 52,00 | 1,23 | 9618 | 64,90 | 1,16 | 5047 | 74,40 | 1,10 |
| Võrumaa | | 6105 | 52,54 | 1,25 | 6739 | 64,74 | 1,16 | 3811 | 75,92 | 1,13 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju ** | | 94284 | 33,30 | 0,79 | 82251 | 47,35 | 0,85 | 31833 | 60,42 | 0,90 |
| Ida-Viru | | 32319 | 40,54 | 0,96 | 34999 | 52,70 | 0,94 | 11860 | 62,20 | 0,92 |
| Kagu | | 16748 | 51,20 | 1,21 | 18008 | 63,58 | 1,14 | 9794 | 73,69 | 1,09 |
| Lääne | | 12739 | 49,47 | 1,17 | 12186 | 62,00 | 1,11 | 5621 | 70,19 | 1,04 |
| Pärnu | | 21483 | 46,76 | 1,11 | 20995 | 62,07 | 1,11 | 9685 | 71,25 | 1,06 |
| Rakvere | | 17660 | 51,84 | 1,23 | 17183 | 63,91 | 1,15 | 7929 | 73,90 | 1,10 |
| Tartu | | 38838 | 51,58 | 1,22 | 38523 | 63,95 | 1,15 | 19525 | 72,76 | 1,08 |

** The use of prescription drugs in Harjumaa is underreported due to missing data.

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table J.1
Proportion of insured persons who have used prescription drugs, with at least 5 prescriptions, during 2000

| | The total population | | | Men | | | Women | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|
| | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) |
| Total | 1319272 | 13,16 | | 584750 | 10,76 | | 734522 | 15,55 | |
| Age group | | | | | | | | | |
| 0-14 | 226373 | 8,44 | 0,64 | 116298 | 8,84 | 0,82 | 110075 | 8,03 | 0,52 |
| 15-24 | 193611 | 5,71 | 0,43 | 95146 | 2,08 | 0,19 | 98465 | 9,34 | 0,60 |
| 25-44 | 344825 | 6,76 | 0,51 | 159062 | 4,17 | 0,39 | 185763 | 9,35 | 0,60 |
| 45-59 | 234071 | 13,73 | 1,04 | 102085 | 10,89 | 1,01 | 131986 | 16,57 | 1,07 |
| 60-74 | 224145 | 27,28 | 2,07 | 87628 | 23,65 | 2,20 | 136517 | 30,91 | 1,99 |
| 75+ | 96247 | 38,52 | 2,93 | 24531 | 36,21 | 3,36 | 71716 | 40,83 | 2,63 |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | 584750 | 10,76 | 0,82 | | | | | | |
| Women | 734522 | 15,55 | 1,18 | | | | | | |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 398747 | 7,30 | 0,56 | 173599 | 6,09 | 0,57 | 225148 | 8,52 | 0,55 |
| Other urban area | 514220 | 15,64 | 1,19 | 223231 | 12,65 | 1,18 | 290989 | 18,63 | 1,20 |
| Rural area | 406305 | 15,79 | 1,20 | 187920 | 12,69 | 1,18 | 218385 | 18,89 | 1,21 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa ** | 508535 | 8,56 | 0,65 | 223981 | 7,14 | 0,66 | 284554 | 9,98 | 0,64 |
| Hiiumaa | 10268 | 18,40 | 1,40 | 4811 | 14,99 | 1,39 | 5457 | 21,81 | 1,40 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 173719 | 11,80 | 0,90 | 75708 | 10,17 | 0,95 | 98011 | 13,42 | 0,86 |
| Järvamaa | 36381 | 17,53 | 1,33 | 16365 | 13,97 | 1,30 | 20016 | 21,10 | 1,36 |
| Jõgevamaa | 35615 | 17,50 | 1,33 | 16117 | 14,60 | 1,36 | 19498 | 20,40 | 1,31 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 65547 | 18,60 | 1,41 | 29418 | 14,71 | 1,37 | 36129 | 22,50 | 1,45 |
| Läänemaa | 26950 | 14,98 | 1,14 | 11983 | 11,46 | 1,06 | 14967 | 18,51 | 1,19 |
| Pärnumaa | 90018 | 15,13 | 1,15 | 40470 | 11,89 | 1,11 | 49548 | 18,36 | 1,18 |
| Põlvamaa | 30434 | 20,03 | 1,52 | 13953 | 16,52 | 1,53 | 16481 | 23,54 | 1,51 |
| Raplamaa | 33841 | 16,69 | 1,27 | 15367 | 12,86 | 1,20 | 18474 | 20,53 | 1,32 |
| Saaremaa | 35388 | 16,32 | 1,24 | 16044 | 12,96 | 1,20 | 19344 | 19,67 | 1,26 |
| Tartumaa | 145407 | 18,43 | 1,40 | 63615 | 14,39 | 1,34 | 81792 | 22,47 | 1,44 |
| Valgamaa | 32936 | 11,83 | 0,90 | 14426 | 9,96 | 0,93 | 18510 | 13,70 | 0,88 |
| Viljandimaa | 55949 | 17,28 | 1,31 | 25193 | 13,92 | 1,29 | 30756 | 20,64 | 1,33 |
| Võrumaa | 38188 | 17,81 | 1,35 | 17255 | 14,65 | 1,36 | 20933 | 20,97 | 1,35 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju ** | 507597 | 8,55 | 0,65 | 223539 | 7,13 | 0,66 | 284058 | 9,96 | 0,64 |
| Ida-Viru | 173428 | 11,79 | 0,90 | 75565 | 10,17 | 0,95 | 97863 | 13,41 | 0,86 |
| Kagu | 101195 | 16,49 | 1,25 | 45486 | 13,70 | 1,27 | 55709 | 19,28 | 1,24 |
| Lääne | 72583 | 16,11 | 1,22 | 32826 | 12,71 | 1,18 | 39757 | 19,52 | 1,25 |
| Pärnu | 124239 | 15,54 | 1,18 | 56015 | 12,16 | 1,13 | 68224 | 18,92 | 1,22 |
| Rakvere | 102502 | 18,22 | 1,38 | 46059 | 14,44 | 1,34 | 56443 | 22,00 | 1,41 |
| Tartu | 237728 | 18,12 | 1,38 | 105260 | 14,33 | 1,33 | 132468 | 21,91 | 1,41 |

** The use of prescription drugs in Harjumaa is underreported due to missing data.

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table J.2
Proportion of insured persons who have used prescription drugs, with at least 5 prescriptions, during 2000

| | Age 0-14 | | | Age 15-24 | | | Age 25-44 | | |
|------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) |
| Total | | | | | | | | | |
| Gender | 226373 | 8,44 | | 193611 | 5,71 | | 344825 | 6,76 | |
| Men | 116298 | 8,84 | 1,05 | 95146 | 2,08 | 0,36 | 159062 | 4,17 | 0,62 |
| Women | 110075 | 8,03 | 0,95 | 98465 | 9,34 | 1,64 | 185763 | 9,35 | 1,38 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 58080 | 3,85 | 0,46 | 59229 | 3,02 | 0,53 | 114194 | 3,62 | 0,53 |
| Other urban area | 87538 | 11,29 | 1,34 | 75457 | 7,25 | 1,27 | 132535 | 8,09 | 1,20 |
| Rural area | 80755 | 8,76 | 1,04 | 58925 | 6,63 | 1,16 | 98096 | 8,59 | 1,27 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa ** | 79097 | 4,86 | 0,58 | 76063 | 3,53 | 0,62 | 144883 | 4,27 | 0,63 |
| Hiiumaa | 2043 | 8,67 | 1,03 | 1456 | 6,33 | 1,11 | 2566 | 9,65 | 1,43 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 27198 | 11,07 | 1,31 | 24568 | 3,33 | 0,58 | 42708 | 4,50 | 0,67 |
| Järvamaa | 7006 | 12,46 | 1,48 | 5333 | 8,06 | 1,41 | 8553 | 10,37 | 1,53 |
| Jõgevamaa | 7240 | 10,72 | 1,27 | 4818 | 7,35 | 1,29 | 8234 | 9,58 | 1,42 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 12771 | 14,23 | 1,69 | 9352 | 8,50 | 1,49 | 16242 | 11,46 | 1,70 |
| Läänemaa | 5093 | 10,75 | 1,27 | 3749 | 6,67 | 1,17 | 6707 | 8,06 | 1,19 |
| Pärnumaa | 16311 | 8,95 | 1,06 | 13036 | 6,46 | 1,13 | 22505 | 7,69 | 1,14 |
| Põlvamaa | 5713 | 10,99 | 1,30 | 4222 | 7,77 | 1,36 | 7109 | 11,15 | 1,65 |
| Raplamaa | 6835 | 8,02 | 0,95 | 4805 | 7,80 | 1,37 | 8258 | 9,40 | 1,39 |
| Saaremaa | 6693 | 8,10 | 0,96 | 4959 | 7,13 | 1,25 | 8784 | 8,91 | 1,32 |
| Tartumaa | 26005 | 10,87 | 1,29 | 23669 | 10,86 | 1,90 | 38715 | 11,06 | 1,64 |
| Valgamaa | 6528 | 5,14 | 0,61 | 4162 | 2,64 | 0,46 | 7622 | 5,40 | 0,80 |
| Viljandimaa | 10597 | 9,56 | 1,13 | 8132 | 7,43 | 1,30 | 12890 | 8,54 | 1,26 |
| Võrumaa | 7223 | 11,02 | 1,31 | 5274 | 5,90 | 1,03 | 9036 | 10,19 | 1,51 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju ** | 78941 | 4,86 | 0,58 | 75713 | 3,49 | 0,61 | 144575 | 4,25 | 0,63 |
| Ida-Viru | 27121 | 11,07 | 1,31 | 24499 | 3,31 | 0,58 | 42630 | 4,50 | 0,67 |
| Kagu | 19385 | 9,01 | 1,07 | 13573 | 5,40 | 0,95 | 23687 | 8,89 | 1,32 |
| Lääne | 13821 | 9,17 | 1,09 | 10153 | 6,87 | 1,20 | 18063 | 8,69 | 1,29 |
| Pärnu | 23219 | 8,66 | 1,03 | 17981 | 6,81 | 1,19 | 30876 | 8,16 | 1,21 |
| Rakvere | 19869 | 13,61 | 1,61 | 14917 | 8,34 | 1,46 | 24944 | 11,06 | 1,64 |
| Tartu | 44017 | 10,55 | 1,25 | 36775 | 9,88 | 1,73 | 60050 | 10,37 | 1,53 |

Table J.3
Proportion of insured persons who have used prescription drugs, with at least 5 prescriptions, during 2000

| | Age 45-59 | | | Age 60-74 | | | Age 75+ | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------------|---------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | Prevalence rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) |
| Total | | | | | | | | | |
| Gender | 234071 | 13,73 | | 224145 | 27,28 | | 96247 | 38,52 | |
| Men | 102085 | 10,89 | 0,79 | 87628 | 23,65 | 0,87 | 24531 | 36,21 | 0,94 |
| Women | 131986 | 16,57 | 1,21 | 136517 | 30,91 | 1,13 | 71716 | 40,83 | 1,06 |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 74955 | 6,79 | 0,49 | 66743 | 15,93 | 0,58 | 25546 | 25,77 | 0,67 |
| Other urban area | 91891 | 16,08 | 1,17 | 90204 | 31,28 | 1,15 | 36595 | 44,21 | 1,15 |
| Rural area | 67225 | 18,23 | 1,33 | 67198 | 33,09 | 1,21 | 34106 | 41,96 | 1,09 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa ** | 94334 | 8,25 | 0,60 | 82283 | 18,35 | 0,67 | 31875 | 28,82 | 0,75 |
| Hiiumaa | 1890 | 23,83 | 1,74 | 1605 | 39,11 | 1,43 | 708 | 49,06 | 1,27 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 32341 | 12,15 | 0,88 | 35022 | 24,85 | 0,91 | 11882 | 35,04 | 0,91 |
| Järvamaa | 6562 | 17,58 | 1,28 | 6057 | 34,90 | 1,28 | 2870 | 45,85 | 1,19 |
| Jõgevamaa | 6156 | 20,91 | 1,52 | 6119 | 36,38 | 1,33 | 3048 | 41,28 | 1,07 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 11070 | 18,57 | 1,35 | 11090 | 35,56 | 1,30 | 5022 | 47,55 | 1,23 |
| Läänenmaa | 4775 | 15,94 | 1,16 | 4588 | 30,26 | 1,11 | 2038 | 39,07 | 1,01 |
| Pärnumaa | 15517 | 15,73 | 1,15 | 15678 | 32,58 | 1,19 | 6971 | 44,20 | 1,15 |
| Põlvamaa | 5211 | 25,81 | 1,88 | 5256 | 40,18 | 1,47 | 2923 | 49,99 | 1,30 |
| Raplamaa | 5944 | 20,01 | 1,46 | 5296 | 34,69 | 1,27 | 2703 | 43,07 | 1,12 |
| Saaremaa | 6079 | 19,85 | 1,45 | 5998 | 34,32 | 1,26 | 2875 | 41,81 | 1,09 |
| Tartumaa | 22944 | 19,56 | 1,43 | 22699 | 35,58 | 1,30 | 11375 | 47,89 | 1,24 |
| Valgamaa | 5471 | 13,83 | 1,01 | 6068 | 28,51 | 1,05 | 3085 | 36,30 | 0,94 |
| Viljandimaa | 9665 | 20,30 | 1,48 | 9618 | 37,35 | 1,37 | 5047 | 45,47 | 1,18 |
| Võrumaa | 6105 | 20,67 | 1,51 | 6739 | 36,45 | 1,34 | 3811 | 47,39 | 1,23 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju ** | 94284 | 8,25 | 0,60 | 82251 | 18,34 | 0,67 | 31833 | 28,79 | 0,75 |
| Ida-Viru | 32319 | 12,14 | 0,88 | 34999 | 24,84 | 0,91 | 11860 | 35,04 | 0,91 |
| Kagu | 16748 | 20,00 | 1,46 | 18008 | 34,82 | 1,28 | 9794 | 44,66 | 1,16 |
| Lääne | 12739 | 18,99 | 1,38 | 12186 | 33,41 | 1,22 | 5621 | 41,83 | 1,09 |
| Pärnu | 21483 | 16,89 | 1,23 | 20995 | 33,09 | 1,21 | 9685 | 43,88 | 1,14 |
| Rakvere | 17660 | 18,21 | 1,33 | 17183 | 35,34 | 1,30 | 7929 | 46,91 | 1,22 |
| Tartu | 38838 | 19,96 | 1,45 | 38523 | 36,19 | 1,33 | 19525 | 46,23 | 1,20 |

** The use of prescription drugs in Harjumaa is underreported due to missing data.

HEALTH CARE UTILISATION (REGIONAL DIFFERENCES)

Table K.1
Proportion of insured persons who have visited dentist under insurance scheme during 2000

| | The total population | | | Men | | | Women | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|------------------|
| | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) | N | Prevalence (per 100) | SPR (total=1) |
| Total | 1319272 | 33,51 | | 584750 | 28,06 | | 734522 | 38,97 | |
| Age group | | | | | | | | | |
| 0-14 | 226373 | 39,47 | 1,18 | 116298 | 37,73 | 1,34 | 110075 | 41,21 | 1,06 |
| 15-24 | 193611 | 35,88 | 1,07 | 95146 | 29,82 | 1,06 | 98465 | 41,95 | 1,08 |
| 25-44 | 344825 | 33,43 | 1,00 | 159062 | 25,57 | 0,91 | 185763 | 41,28 | 1,06 |
| 45-59 | 234071 | 31,07 | 0,93 | 102085 | 24,21 | 0,86 | 131986 | 37,93 | 0,97 |
| 60-74 | 224145 | 32,31 | 0,96 | 87628 | 26,92 | 0,96 | 136517 | 37,71 | 0,97 |
| 75+ | 96247 | 19,96 | 0,60 | 24531 | 20,55 | 0,73 | 71716 | 19,36 | 0,50 |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | 584750 | 28,06 | 0,84 | | | | | | |
| Women | 734522 | 38,97 | 1,16 | | | | | | |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 398747 | 31,92 | 0,95 | 173599 | 27,55 | 0,98 | 225148 | 36,30 | 0,93 |
| Other urban area | 514220 | 35,41 | 1,06 | 223231 | 29,48 | 1,05 | 290989 | 41,35 | 1,06 |
| Rural area | 406305 | 33,10 | 0,99 | 187920 | 27,09 | 0,97 | 218385 | 39,11 | 1,00 |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 508535 | 31,29 | 0,93 | 223981 | 26,72 | 0,95 | 284554 | 35,86 | 0,92 |
| Hiiumaa | 10268 | 31,37 | 0,94 | 4811 | 25,25 | 0,90 | 5457 | 37,50 | 0,96 |
| Ida-Virumaa | 173719 | 32,06 | 0,96 | 75708 | 26,95 | 0,96 | 98011 | 37,18 | 0,95 |
| Järvamaa | 36381 | 36,18 | 1,08 | 16365 | 30,40 | 1,08 | 20016 | 41,96 | 1,08 |
| Jõgevamaa | 35615 | 36,11 | 1,08 | 16117 | 29,20 | 1,04 | 19498 | 43,03 | 1,10 |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 65547 | 35,71 | 1,07 | 29418 | 29,42 | 1,05 | 36129 | 41,99 | 1,08 |
| Läänemaa | 26950 | 33,58 | 1,00 | 11983 | 26,75 | 0,95 | 14967 | 40,40 | 1,04 |
| Pärnumaa | 90018 | 37,19 | 1,11 | 40470 | 30,46 | 1,09 | 49548 | 43,92 | 1,13 |
| Põlvamaa | 30434 | 37,00 | 1,10 | 13953 | 30,27 | 1,08 | 16481 | 43,72 | 1,12 |
| Raplamaa | 33841 | 25,35 | 0,76 | 15367 | 20,09 | 0,72 | 18474 | 30,60 | 0,79 |
| Saaremaa | 35388 | 42,25 | 1,26 | 16044 | 34,87 | 1,24 | 19344 | 49,62 | 1,27 |
| Tartumaa | 145407 | 36,25 | 1,08 | 63615 | 30,28 | 1,08 | 81792 | 42,22 | 1,08 |
| Valgamaa | 32936 | 35,88 | 1,07 | 14426 | 28,88 | 1,03 | 18510 | 42,89 | 1,10 |
| Viljandimaa | 55949 | 37,96 | 1,13 | 25193 | 31,21 | 1,11 | 30756 | 44,71 | 1,15 |
| Võrumaa | 38188 | 35,69 | 1,07 | 17255 | 29,29 | 1,04 | 20933 | 42,10 | 1,08 |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 507597 | 31,29 | 0,93 | 223539 | 26,72 | 0,95 | 284058 | 35,86 | 0,92 |
| Ida-Viru | 173428 | 32,06 | 0,96 | 75565 | 26,94 | 0,96 | 97863 | 37,17 | 0,95 |
| Kagu | 101195 | 36,10 | 1,08 | 45486 | 29,41 | 1,05 | 55709 | 42,79 | 1,10 |
| Lääne | 72583 | 37,47 | 1,12 | 32826 | 30,48 | 1,09 | 39757 | 44,46 | 1,14 |
| Pärnu | 124239 | 33,96 | 1,01 | 56015 | 27,61 | 0,98 | 68224 | 40,30 | 1,03 |
| Rakvere | 102502 | 35,86 | 1,07 | 46059 | 29,76 | 1,06 | 56443 | 41,95 | 1,08 |
| Tartu | 237728 | 36,60 | 1,09 | 105260 | 30,35 | 1,08 | 132468 | 42,85 | 1,10 |

Table K.2
Proportion of insured persons who have visited dentist under insurance scheme during 2000

| | | Age 0-14 Prevalence | | | Age 15-24 Prevalence | | | Age 25-44 Prevalence | | |
|------------------------------|--------|------------------------|----------------|--------|-------------------------|----------------|--------|-------------------------|----------------|--|
| | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | |
| Total | 226373 | 39,47 | | 193611 | 35,88 | | 344825 | 33,43 | | |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | 116298 | 37,73 | 0,96 | 95146 | 29,82 | 0,83 | 159062 | 25,57 | 0,77 | |
| Women | 110075 | 41,21 | 1,04 | 98465 | 41,95 | 1,17 | 185763 | 41,28 | 1,23 | |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 58080 | 41,04 | 1,04 | 59229 | 34,58 | 0,96 | 114194 | 28,07 | 0,84 | |
| Other urban area | 87538 | 38,92 | 0,99 | 75457 | 36,09 | 1,01 | 132535 | 36,41 | 1,09 | |
| Rural area | 80755 | 38,94 | 0,99 | 58925 | 37,18 | 1,04 | 98096 | 35,60 | 1,06 | |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 79097 | 39,07 | 0,99 | 76063 | 33,37 | 0,93 | 144883 | 28,28 | 0,85 | |
| Hiiumaa | 2043 | 34,85 | 0,88 | 1456 | 31,89 | 0,89 | 2566 | 34,40 | 1,03 | |
| Ida-Virumaa | 27198 | 34,49 | 0,87 | 24568 | 32,76 | 0,91 | 42708 | 33,58 | 1,00 | |
| Järvamaa | 7006 | 40,29 | 1,02 | 5333 | 36,35 | 1,01 | 8553 | 38,85 | 1,16 | |
| Jõgevamaa | 7240 | 39,08 | 0,99 | 4818 | 40,95 | 1,14 | 8234 | 38,58 | 1,15 | |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 12771 | 36,80 | 0,93 | 9352 | 38,26 | 1,07 | 16242 | 41,39 | 1,24 | |
| Läänemaa | 5093 | 31,12 | 0,79 | 3749 | 33,89 | 0,94 | 6707 | 38,30 | 1,15 | |
| Pärnumaa | 16311 | 37,96 | 0,96 | 13036 | 37,39 | 1,04 | 22505 | 40,73 | 1,22 | |
| Põlvamaa | 5713 | 42,97 | 1,09 | 4222 | 43,69 | 1,22 | 7109 | 38,31 | 1,15 | |
| Raplamaa | 6835 | 34,50 | 0,87 | 4805 | 32,76 | 0,91 | 8258 | 21,35 | 0,64 | |
| Saaremaa | 6693 | 48,21 | 1,22 | 4959 | 44,89 | 1,25 | 8784 | 48,08 | 1,44 | |
| Tartumaa | 26005 | 44,88 | 1,14 | 23669 | 40,13 | 1,12 | 38715 | 35,36 | 1,06 | |
| Valgamaa | 6528 | 40,24 | 1,02 | 4162 | 41,76 | 1,16 | 7622 | 39,94 | 1,19 | |
| Viljandimaa | 10597 | 44,95 | 1,14 | 8132 | 38,50 | 1,07 | 12890 | 40,25 | 1,20 | |
| Võrumaa | 7223 | 43,98 | 1,11 | 5274 | 41,49 | 1,16 | 9036 | 37,66 | 1,13 | |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 78941 | 39,05 | 0,99 | 75713 | 33,38 | 0,93 | 144575 | 28,27 | 0,85 | |
| Ida-Viru | 27121 | 34,45 | 0,87 | 24499 | 32,75 | 0,91 | 42630 | 33,59 | 1,00 | |
| Kagu | 19385 | 42,37 | 1,07 | 13573 | 42,17 | 1,18 | 23687 | 38,54 | 1,15 | |
| Lääne | 13821 | 39,99 | 1,01 | 10153 | 38,94 | 1,09 | 18063 | 42,50 | 1,27 | |
| Pärnu | 23219 | 36,91 | 0,94 | 17981 | 36,18 | 1,01 | 30876 | 35,47 | 1,06 | |
| Rakvere | 19869 | 38,06 | 0,96 | 14917 | 37,42 | 1,04 | 24944 | 40,49 | 1,21 | |
| Tartu | 44017 | 44,01 | 1,12 | 36775 | 39,83 | 1,11 | 60050 | 36,88 | 1,10 | |

Table K.3
Proportion of insured persons who have visited dentist under insurance scheme during 2000

| | | Age 45-59 Prevalence | | | Age 60-74 Prevalence | | | Age 75+ Prevalence | | |
|------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|----------------|--------|-------------------------|----------------|-------|-----------------------|----------------|--|
| | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | N | rate (per 100) | SPR (ref=1) | |
| Total | 234071 | 31,07 | | 224145 | 32,31 | | 96247 | 19,96 | | |
| Gender | | | | | | | | | | |
| Men | 102085 | 24,21 | 0,78 | 87628 | 26,92 | 0,83 | 24531 | 20,55 | 1,03 | |
| Women | 131986 | 37,93 | 1,22 | 136517 | 37,71 | 1,17 | 71716 | 19,36 | 0,97 | |
| Urban/rural residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tallinn | 74955 | 27,56 | 0,89 | 66743 | 33,40 | 1,03 | 25546 | 25,11 | 1,26 | |
| Other urban area | 91891 | 34,32 | 1,10 | 90204 | 34,99 | 1,08 | 36595 | 22,10 | 1,11 | |
| Rural area | 67225 | 30,72 | 0,99 | 67198 | 27,81 | 0,86 | 34106 | 13,76 | 0,69 | |
| County of residence | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harjumaa | 94334 | 27,73 | 0,89 | 82283 | 32,70 | 1,01 | 31875 | 23,68 | 1,19 | |
| Hiiumaa | 1890 | 30,44 | 0,98 | 1605 | 28,79 | 0,89 | 708 | 13,95 | 0,70 | |
| Ida-Virumaa | 32341 | 31,59 | 1,02 | 35022 | 31,53 | 0,98 | 11882 | 17,85 | 0,89 | |
| Järvamaa | 6562 | 35,92 | 1,16 | 6057 | 33,37 | 1,03 | 2870 | 17,69 | 0,89 | |
| Jõgevamaa | 6156 | 34,86 | 1,12 | 6119 | 31,87 | 0,99 | 3048 | 17,52 | 0,88 | |
| Lääne-Virumaa | 11070 | 34,62 | 1,11 | 11090 | 29,99 | 0,93 | 5022 | 16,65 | 0,83 | |
| Läänemaa | 4775 | 34,21 | 1,10 | 4588 | 32,19 | 1,00 | 2038 | 18,81 | 0,94 | |
| Pärnumaa | 15517 | 37,12 | 1,19 | 15678 | 35,28 | 1,09 | 6971 | 21,98 | 1,10 | |
| Põlvamaa | 5211 | 35,14 | 1,13 | 5256 | 31,39 | 0,97 | 2923 | 15,42 | 0,77 | |
| Raplamaa | 5944 | 18,97 | 0,61 | 5296 | 26,51 | 0,82 | 2703 | 14,30 | 0,72 | |
| Saaremaa | 6079 | 40,98 | 1,32 | 5998 | 33,36 | 1,03 | 2875 | 15,92 | 0,80 | |
| Tartumaa | 22944 | 31,82 | 1,02 | 22699 | 34,82 | 1,08 | 11375 | 21,35 | 1,07 | |
| Valgamaa | 5471 | 33,15 | 1,07 | 6068 | 28,62 | 0,89 | 3085 | 15,57 | 0,78 | |
| Viljandimaa | 9665 | 37,16 | 1,20 | 9618 | 33,07 | 1,02 | 5047 | 18,79 | 0,94 | |
| Võrumaa | 6105 | 32,62 | 1,05 | 6739 | 28,72 | 0,89 | 3811 | 13,62 | 0,68 | |
| Region of insurance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harju | 94284 | 27,73 | 0,89 | 82251 | 32,70 | 1,01 | 31833 | 23,67 | 1,19 | |
| Ida-Viru | 32319 | 31,57 | 1,02 | 34999 | 31,53 | 0,98 | 11860 | 17,87 | 0,90 | |
| Kagu | 16748 | 33,57 | 1,08 | 18008 | 29,46 | 0,91 | 9794 | 14,68 | 0,74 | |
| Lääne | 12739 | 36,87 | 1,19 | 12186 | 32,31 | 1,00 | 5621 | 16,75 | 0,84 | |
| Pärnu | 21483 | 32,06 | 1,03 | 20995 | 33,06 | 1,02 | 9685 | 19,85 | 0,99 | |
| Rakvere | 17660 | 35,11 | 1,13 | 17183 | 31,19 | 0,97 | 7929 | 16,98 | 0,85 | |
| Tartu | 38838 | 33,64 | 1,08 | 38523 | 33,93 | 1,05 | 19525 | 20,11 | 1,01 | |

